Deploying a React Project (Vite) to GitHub + Git Branching Guide

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1 Deploying a React Project (Vite) to GitHub + Git Branching Guide

This guide explains how to:

- 1. Set up a React project using Vite.
- 2. Deploy the project to GitHub Pages.
- 3. Understand the difference between HashRouter and BrowserRouter.
- 4. Use Git and GitHub effectively, including branches and commits.

1.1 1. Setting up a Vite React Project

Vite is a fast build tool for modern web projects. It helps you scaffold and develop React apps faster than Create React App (CRA).

1.1.1 Steps:

```
npm create vite@latest
```

• Choose **React** and **JavaScript** when prompted.

Then:

```
cd your-project-name
npm install
```

Vite provides instant reload, faster dev server, and smaller build size.

1.2 2. Preparing for GitHub Pages Deployment

To make the project work when hosted on GitHub Pages, some configuration is needed.

1.2.1 Step 1: Update vite.config.js

```
import { defineConfig } from "vite";
import react from "@vitejs/plugin-react";

export default defineConfig({
   plugins: [react()],
   base: "/your-repo-name/", // Replace with your GitHub repo name
});
```

Why this is needed: GitHub Pages serves the site from a subfolder (https://username.github.io/repo-Setting the base makes Vite use correct asset paths.

1.3 3. Choosing the Right Router: HashRouter vs. BrowserRouter

In React Router (v6), there are two main types of routers:

1.3.1 BrowserRouter

- Uses the HTML5 history API
- Clean URLs like /login
- Requires server-side support (e.g. Node, Express)

1.3.2 HashRouter

- Uses hash-based URLs like /#/login
- Works on static hosts like GitHub Pages
- No server configuration needed

For GitHub Pages, always use HashRouter.

1.3.3 Example:

```
import { HashRouter } from "react-router-dom";

<HashRouter>
     <App />
     </HashRouter>;
```

1.4 4. Install Deployment Tool

```
npm install --save-dev gh-pages
```

This package allows you to push your production build to a gh-pages branch, which GitHub Pages uses for hosting.

1.4.1 Add to package.json:

```
"scripts": {
   "dev": "vite",
   "build": "vite build",
   "preview": "vite preview",
   "predeploy": "npm run build",
   "deploy": "gh-pages -d dist"
}
```

1.5 5. First Push to GitHub

1.5.1 Steps:

- 1. Create a repo on GitHub (e.g., fresh-cart-ecommerce)
- 2. In your terminal:

```
git init
git remote add origin https://github.com/your-username/your-repo-name.git
git add .
git commit -m "initial commit"
git push -u origin main
```

Why this is needed: This sets up the local project to track a remote GitHub repo.

1.6 6. Deploy to GitHub Pages

After setting up the deploy script:

```
npm run deploy
```

This builds the project and pushes the dist/ folder to the gh-pages branch automatically.

Then go to GitHub > Settings > Pages > and choose the gh-pages branch as the source.

1.7 7. Making Changes and Committing

1.7.1 A. Pushing to main branch:

```
git add .
git commit -m "Describe what was updated or fixed"
git push origin main
```

1.7.2 B. Working on a separate feature branch:

```
git checkout -b feature/login
```

This creates a new branch for login functionality.

```
git add .
git commit -m "Finish login flow"
git push origin feature/login
```

Why use branches?

- Safer development without breaking main
- Easy to manage features or bug fixes
- Encouraged in collaborative teams

To merge back into main, create a Pull Request on GitHub or use:

```
git checkout main
git merge feature/login
```

1.8 8. Summary of Useful Git Commands

Purpose	Command
Initialize Git repo	git init
Add remote repo	git remote add origin <url></url>
Add all changes	git add .
Commit with message	git commit -m "message"
Push to main	git push origin main
Create new branch	git checkout -b feature/branch-name
Push branch	git push origin feature/branch-name

1.9 Conclusion

This guide helps you:

- Set up a modern Vite + React project
- Use the correct router for static hosting
- Deploy with GitHub Pages
- Work efficiently with Git branches and commits

Conclusion

Keep your code organized, documented, and version-controlled for easier development and collaboration.