

Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Classwork No:	05
Topic:	OOP (Instance method and overloading)
Number of Tasks:	5

Classwork Part

Task 1

Design the **Student** class in such a way so that the following code provides the expected output.

Hint:

- Write the constructor with an appropriate default value for arguments.
- Write the dailyEffort() method with appropriate arguments.
- Write the printDetails() method. You can follow the printing suggestions below:
 - ☐ If hour <= 2 print 'Suggestion: Should give more effort!'
 - ☐ Else if hour <= 4 print 'Suggestion: Keep up the good work!'
 - ☐ Else print 'Suggestion: Excellent! Now motivate others.'

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Driver Code	Output
# Write your code here. harry = Student('Harry Potter', 123) harry.dailyEffort(3) harry.printDetails() print('==========') john = Student("John Wick", 456, "BBA") john.dailyEffort(2) john.printDetails() print('========') naruto = Student("Naruto Uzumaki", 777,	Name: Harry Potter ID: 123 Department: CSE Daily Effort: 3 hour(s) Suggestion: Keep up the good work! ====================================
"Ninja") naruto.dailyEffort(6) naruto.printDetails()	Name: Naruto Uzumaki ID: 777 Department: Ninja Daily Effort: 6 hour(s) Suggestion: Excellent! Now motivate others.

<u>Task 2</u>
Write the Farmer class with the required constructor, methods to get the following output.

Driver Code	Output
f1 = Farmer()	Welcome to your farm!
print("")	
f1.addCrops('Rice', "Jute", "Cinnamon")	3 crop(s) added.
print("")	No fish added.
f1.addFishes()	
print("")	1 crop(s) added.
f1.addCrops('Mustard')	You have 4 crop(s):
print("")	Rice, Jute, Cinnamon, Mustard
f1.showGoods()	You don't have any fish(s).
print("")	
f2 = Farmer("Korim Mia")	Welcome to your farm, Korim Mia!
print("")	2 fish(s) added.
f2.addFishes('Pangash', 'Magur')	
print("")	2 crop(s) added.
f2.addCrops("Wheat", "Potato")	3 fish(s) added.
print("")	
f2.addFishes("Koi", "Tuna", "Sardine")	You have 2 crop(s):
print("")	Wheat, Potato
f2.showGoods()	You have 5 fish(s):
print("")	Pangash, Magur, Koi, Tuna, Sardine
f3 = Farmer (2865127000)	Welcome to your farm. Your farm ID
print("")	is 2865127000!
f3.addCrops()	We seem (a) added
print("")	No crop(s) added.
f3.addFishes("Katla")	1 fish(s) added.
print("")	
f3.showGoods()	You don't have any crop(s).
print("")	You have 1 fish(s): Katla

Using the **TaxiLagbe** app, users can share a single taxi with multiple people.

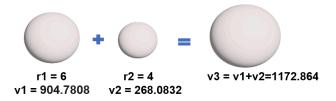
Implement the design of the **TaxiLagbe** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code:

- **[Hint:** 1. Each taxi can carry a maximum of 4 passengers
- 2. The addPassenger() method takes the last name of the passenger and ticket fare for that person in an underscore ()-separated string.]

Driver Code Output # Write your code here Dear Walker! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Dear Wood! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. taxi1 = TaxiLagbe('1010-01', 'Dhaka') Dear Matt! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. print('----') Dear Wilson! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. taxi1.addPassenger('Walker 100', Trip info for Taxi number: 1010-01 'Wood 200', 'Matt 100') This taxi can only cover the Dhaka taxi1.addPassenger('Wilson 105') area. print('----') Total passengers: 4 Passenger lists: taxi1.printDetails() Walker, Wood, Matt, Wilson print('----') Total collected fare: 505 Taka taxi1.addPassenger('Karen 200') _____ Taxi Full! No more passengers can be print('----') added. taxi1.printDetails() print('----') Trip info for Taxi number: 1010-01 This taxi can only cover the Dhaka taxi2 = TaxiLagbe('1010-02', 'Khulna') area. taxi2.addPassenger('Ronald 115', 'Parker 215') Total passengers: 4 print('----') Passenger lists: taxi2.printDetails() Walker, Wood, Matt, Wilson Total collected fare: 505 Taka _____ Dear Ronald! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Dear Parker! Welcome to TaxiLagbe. Trip info for Taxi number: 1010-02 This taxi can only cover the Khulna area. Total passengers: 2 Passenger lists: Ronald, Parker Total collected fare: 330 Taka

Design the **Sphere** class such that the following output is produced. **Hints:**

- Volume of the sphere = $\frac{4}{3} * \pi * r^3$, where r = radius of the sphere and $\pi = 3.1416$.
- Merging spheres together conserves the total volume. The volume of the bigger sphere can be calculated by adding the volume of the spheres being merged. [see pictures for details]. Pay attention to how the object is updated.
- When spheres of different colors are merged together then the merged sphere will have 'Mixed Color' instead of one particular color.
- Your code should work for any number of Sphere objects passed to the merge sphere() method.
- The default value of the radius r is 1.



```
#Write your code here
                                           Output:
sphere1 = Sphere("Sphere 1")
                                           Sphere ID: Sphere 1
print("1**********")
                                           Color: White
sphere1.printDetails()
                                           Volume: 4.1888
print("2**********")
sphere2 = Sphere("Sphere 2", 3)
print("3**********")
                                           Sphere ID: Sphere 2
                                           Color: White
sphere2.printDetails()
print("4**********")
                                           Volume: 113.09759999999999
sphere3 = Sphere("Sphere 3", 2)
print("5**********")
                                           Sphere ID: Sphere 3
sphere3.printDetails()
                                           Color: White
sphere3.merge sphere(sphere1,sphere2)
                                           Volume: 33.5104
                                           6******
print("7*********")
sphere3.printDetails()
                                           Spheres are being merged
sphere4 = Sphere("Sphere 4", 5, "Purple")
                                           Sphere ID: Sphere 3
print("9**********")
                                           Color: White
sphere4.merge sphere(sphere3)
                                           Volume: 150.7968
```

1	class ABC:
2	<pre>definit(self):</pre>
3	self.x = 3
4	self.y = 7
5	self.sum = 0
6	<pre>def methodA(self, x):</pre>
7	self.y = x + self.sum + self.x
8	self.sum = x + self.y
9	z = ABC()
10	z.sum = self.sum + self.y
11	self.methodB(z)
12	<pre>print(self.x, self.y, self.sum)</pre>
13	<pre>def methodB(self, a):</pre>
14	y = 3
15	a.x = self.x + self.sum
16	self.sum = a.x + a.y + y
17	<pre>print(a.x, a.y, a.sum)</pre>

Write the output of the		
following code:		
a = ABC()		
a.methodA(5)		

Homework Part

Homework No:	05	
Topic:	Instance method and overloading	
Submission Type:	Hard Copy	
Resources:	1. Class lectures 2. BuX lectures a. English:	

Task 1

Design the **Student** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code. Use constructor overloading and method overloading where necessary. *Hint:*

- A student having cgpa>=3.5 and credit>10 is eligible for scholarship.
 - A student having cgpa >=3.7 is eligible for Merit based scholarship
 - A student with cgpa>=3.5 but <3.7 is eligible for Need-based scholarship.

Driver Code	Given Output
<pre>print('') std1 = Student("Alif", 3.99, 12) print('') std1.checkScholarshipEligibility() print('') std1.showDetails() print('') std2 = Student("Mim", 3.4) std3 = Student("Henry", 3.5, 15, "BBA") print('') std2.checkScholarshipEligibility() print('') std3.checkScholarshipEligibility() print('') std2.showDetails() print('') std3.showDetails()</pre>	Alif is eligible for Merit-based scholarship. Name: Alif Department: CSE CGPA: 3.99 Number of Credits: 12 Scholarship Status: Merit-based scholarship Mim is not eligible for scholarship. Henry is eligible for Need-based scholarship. Name: Mim Department: CSE CGPA: 3.4 Number of Credits: 9

```
print('----')
                                    Scholarship Status: No scholarship
std4 = Student("Bob", 4.0, 6, "CSE")
                                    Name: Henry
print('----')
                                    Department: BBA
std4.checkScholarshipEligibility()
                                    CGPA: 3.5
                                    Number of Credits: 15
print('----')
                                    Scholarship Status: Need-based
std4.showDetails()
                                    scholarship
                                    Bob is not eligible for scholarship.
                                    -----
                                    Name: Bob
                                    Department: CSE
                                    CGPA: 4.0
                                    Number of Credits: 6
                                    Scholarship Status: No scholarship
```

Design the **Foodie** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code. You can follow the notes below:

- 1. Your code should work for any number of strings passed to order() method.
- 2. Total spent by a foodie is calculated by adding the total prices of all the ordered foods and the waiter's tips (if any).
- 3. Global variable 'menu' can be accessed directly from inside the class.

Driver Code	Output
<pre>Driver Code menu = {'Chicken Lollipop':15,'Beef Nugget':20,'Americano':180,'Red Velvet':150,'Prawn Tempura':80,'Saute Veg':200} f1 = Foodie('Frodo') print(f1.show_orders()) print('1') f1.order('Chicken Lollipop-3','Beef Nugget-6','Americano-1') print('2') print(f1.show orders())</pre>	Frodo has 0 item(s) in the cart. Items: [] Total spent: 0. 1 Ordered - Chicken Lollipop, quantity - 3, price (per Unit) - 15. Total price - 45 Ordered - Beef Nugget, quantity - 6, price (per Unit) - 20. Total price - 120 Ordered - Americano, quantity - 1, price (per Unit) - 180. Total price - 180
print('1.show_Orders()' print('3') f1.order('Red Velvet-1')	2 Frodo has 3 item(s) in the cart. Items: ['Chicken Lollipop', 'Beef

```
print('4----')
                                   Nugget', 'Americano']
                                   Total spent: 345.
f1.pay tips(20)
                                   3-----
print('5----')
                                   Ordered - Red Velvet, quantity - 1, price
print(f1.show_orders())
                                   (per Unit) - 150.
f2 = Foodie('Bilbo')
                                   Total price - 150
print('6----')
                                   4-----
f2.order('Prawn Tempura-6','Saute Veg-1')
                                   Gives 20/- tips to the waiter.
print('7----')
                                   5-----
                                   Frodo has 4 item(s) in the cart.
f2.pay tips()
                                   Items: ['Chicken Lollipop', 'Beef
print('8-----')
                                   Nugget', 'Americano', 'Red Velvet']
print(f2.show orders())
                                   Total spent: 515.
                                   6-----
                                   Ordered - Prawn Tempura, quantity - 6,
                                   price (per Unit) - 80.
                                   Total price - 480
                                   Ordered - Saute Veg, quantity - 1, price
                                   (per Unit) - 200.
                                   Total price - 200
                                   7-----
                                   No tips to the waiter.
                                   8-----
                                   Bilbo has 2 item(s) in the cart.
                                   Items: ['Prawn Tempura', 'Saute Veg']
                                   Total spent: 680.
```

Design the **Department** class with the necessary properties so that the given output is produced for the provided driver code.

Hints:

- 1. Your code should work for any number of integers passed to the add_students() method. The method will calculate the average number of students if the number of integers passed is equal to the number of classes.
- 2. Your code should work for any number of Department objects passed to the merge Department() method.
- 3. The average students of the mega department in the merge_Department() method are calculated in this way -

Total students of mega department= mega department average * mega department sections + department 1 average * department 1 sections + department 2 average * department 2 sections + department 3 average * department 3 sections +

Average students of mega department = (Total students of mega department / mega department sections)

Driver Code	Output
d1 = Department()	The ChE Department has 5 sections.
print('1')	The MME Department has 5 sections.
d2 = Department('MME Department')	2
print('2')	The NCE Department has 8 sections.
d3 = Department('NCE Department', 8)	3
print('3')	The ChE Department has an average of
d1.add_students(12, 23, 12, 34, 21)	20.4 students in each section.
print('4')	The MME Department doesn't have 3
d2.add_students(40, 30, 21)	sections.
print('5')	5
d3.add students(12, 34, 41, 17, 30, 22, 32,	The NCE Department has an average of
51)	29.88 students in each section.
print('6')	6 The Engineering Department has 10
mega = Department('Engineering Department',	sections.
10)	7
print('7')	The Engineering Department has an
mega.add students(21,30,40,36,10,32,27,51,45,	average of 30.7 students in each
	section.
15) print('8')	8 ChE Department is merged to
	Engineering Department.
<pre>print(mega.merge_Department(d1, d2))</pre>	MME Department is merged to
print('9')	Engineering Department.
<pre>print (mega.merge_Department(d3))</pre>	Now the Engineering Department has an
	average of 40.9 students in each
	section.
	NCE Department is merged to
	Engineering Department.

Now the Engineering Department has an average of 64.8 students in each section.

Task 4

Design the **Shopidify** class such that users can create 2 types of account guest_accounts and user_accounts to shop from the online e-commerce site.

Now create the methods and constructors using overloading concepts to facilitate the online shopping procedure.

Use constructor overloading for handling the guest_accounts and user_accounts.

[You are not allowed to change the driver code.]

Tester Code	Output
<pre># Test the Shopidify class guest_account = Shopidify() print("lxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</pre>	Welcome to Shopidify 1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

- Goku Action Figure: 2x - Dumbbells-5kg: 2x
9xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Write the **Author** class with the required methods to give the following outputs as shown.

# Write your code here	=======================================
# Do not change the following lines of code. a1 = Author() print("====================================	A book can not be added without author name ===================================
<pre>print("======="") a2.printDetail() a2.addBook("Ireena", "Science Fiction") print("========"") a2.printDetail() print("========"")</pre>	Number of Book(s): 3 Author Name: Humayun Ahmed Science Fiction: Onnobhubon, Ireena Horror: Megher Upor Bari ===============

1	class La	ab4:
2	def	init(self):
3		self.x = 3
4		self.y = 2
5		self.sum = 5
6	def	<pre>methodA(self, x):</pre>
7		self.y = self.sum + self.x - x
8		self.sum = x - self.y
9		d = Lab4()
10		d.sum = self.sum + self.methodB(d)
11		<pre>print(self.x, self.y, self.sum)</pre>
12		return d
13	def	<pre>methodB(self, t, z = 4):</pre>
14		y = 2
15		t.x = self.x + self.sum
16		y = y + t.x - t.y
17		self.sum = t.x + t.y + y - z
18		if z == 4:
19		return y
20		<pre>print(t.x, t.y, self.sum)</pre>
21		p = t.methodA(y)
22		<pre>print(t.x, self.y, p.sum)</pre>

obj = Lab4()	Output:		
obj2 = obj.methodA(4)			
obj.methodB(obj2, 10)			

```
class Test4:
2
       def init (self):
           self.sum, self.y = 0, 0
       def methodA(self):
           x, y = 0, 0
           msg = [0]
6
           msg[0] = 5
8
           y = y + self.methodB(msg[0])
           x = y + self.methodB(msg, msg[0])
10
           self.sum = x + y + msg[0]
11
           print(x, y, self.sum)
       def methodB(self, *args):
12
13
           if len(args) == 1:
14
               mg1 = args[0]
15
                x, y = 0, 0
16
                y = y + mg1
17
                x = x + 33 + mg1
                self.sum = self.sum + x + y
18
19
                self.y = mg1 + x + 2
20
               print(x, y, self.sum)
21
                return y
22
           else:
23
               mg2, mg1 = args
24
                x = 0
25
                self.y = self.y + mg2[0]
26
                x = x + 33 + mg1
27
                self.sum = self.sum + x + self.y
28
                mg2[0] = self.y + mg1
29
                mg1 = mg1 + x + 2
30
                print(x, self.y, self.sum)
31
                return self.sum
```

t3 = Test4()	x	У	sum
t3.methodA()			