

# Holy City Audio Forum

Former Home of SpinCAD Designer

Skip to content

Search...

Advanced search

[ Moderator Control Panel ]

## 2P SVP fixed coefficients

Post a reply

Search this topic...

3 posts • Page **1** of **1**

- [Edit post](#) (./posting.php?mode=edit&f=42&p=2421)
- [Delete post](#) (./posting.php?mode=delete&f=42&p=2421)
- [Report this post](#) (./report.php?f=42&p=2421)
- [Information](#) (./mcp.php?i=main&mode=post\_details&f=42&p=2421&sid=d6d1dcc4501596550704606791e62b4c)
- [Reply with quote](#) (./posting.php?mode=quote&f=42&p=2421)

### 2P SVP fixed coefficients (#p2421)

by **Digital Larry** » Thu Jun 11, 2015 7:46 pm

<http://www.musicdsp.com/> (<http://www.musicdsp.com/>)

Code :

```
cutoff = cutoff freq in Hz
fs = sampling frequency //(e.g. 44100Hz)
f = 2 sin (pi * cutoff / fs) //[approximately]
q = resonance/bandwidth [0 < q <= 1]  most res: q=1, less: q=0
low = lowpass output
high = highpass output
band = bandpass output
notch = notch output
```

```
scale = q
```

```
low=high=band=0;
```

```
//--beginloop
low = low + f * band;
high = scale * input - low - q*band;
band = f * high + band;
notch = high + low;
//--endloop
```

From the control panel for the 2P SVF fixed block

```
public double getFreq() {
    return f0;
}

public void setFreq(double f) {
    f0 = f;
    setCoefficients();
}

public void setQ(double value) {
    q0 = value;
    setCoefficients();
}

public double getQ() {
    return q0;
}

public void setCoefficients() {
    q1 = 1.0/q0;
    fZ = Math.sin(2 * Math.PI * f0/getSamplerate());
}
```

Top

- [Edit post](#) (./posting.php?mode=edit&f=42&p=2422)
- [Delete post](#) (./posting.php?mode=delete&f=42&p=2422)
- [Report this post](#) (./report.php?f=42&p=2422)
- [Information](#) (./mcp.php?i=main&mode=post\_details&f=42&p=2422&sid=d6d1dcc4501596550704606791e62b4c)
- [Reply with quote](#) (./posting.php?mode=quote&f=42&p=2422)

### Re: 2P SVP fixed coefficients (#p2422)

by **Digital Larry** » Thu Jun 11, 2015 7:49 pm

DSP reference shows:

$f = 2 \sin(\pi * \text{cutoff} / f_s)$  // [approximately]

SpinCAD:

`fZ = Math.sin(2 * Math.PI * f0/getSamplerate());`

Ah so the **two** is in a different place. I need a tie breaker!

Top

- [Edit post](#) (./posting.php?mode=edit&f=42&p=2423)
- [Delete post](#) (./posting.php?mode=delete&f=42&p=2423)
- [Report this post](#) (./report.php?f=42&p=2423)
- [Information](#) (./mcp.php?i=main&mode=post\_details&f=42&p=2423&sid=d6d1dcc4501596550704606791e62b4c)
- [Reply with quote](#) (./posting.php?mode=quote&f=42&p=2423)

### Re: 2P SVP fixed coefficients (#p2423)

by **Digital Larry** » Thu Jun 11, 2015 7:54 pm

Also from musicdsp.org:

```
// simple frequency tuning with error towards nyquist
// F is the filter's center frequency, and Fs is the sampling rate
F1 = 2*pi*F/Fs

// ideal tuning:
F1 = 2 * sin( pi * F / Fs )
```

I think this is just an approximation for low frequencies, since for  $x$  close to 0,  $x$  is about  $\sin(x)$ .

Many things point back to Hal Chamberlain (I still have his [Musical Applications of Microprocessors](#) around here somewhere):

[http://www.earlevel.com/main/2003/03/02 ... le-filter/](http://www.earlevel.com/main/2003/03/02...le-filter/) (<http://www.earlevel.com/main/2003/03/02/the-digital-state-variable-filter/>)

I'm guessing that the expression should be:

$F1 = 2 * \sin(\pi * F / F_s)$

rather than what's in there now:

$F1 = \sin(2 * \pi * F / F_s)$

Somebody else give me their opinion. This has obviously been in there for a long time so I have not been thinking about that recently.

Top

Display posts from previous: All posts | Sort by Post time | Ascending | Go

Post a reply

3 posts • Page 1 of 1

[Return to Developer's Corner](#)

Jump to: Developer's Corner | Go

Quick-mod tools: Lock topic | Go

### Who is online

Users browsing this forum: **Digital Larry** and 0 guests

Powered by phpBB® Forum Software © phpBB Group

[Administration Control Panel](#)