

Project: Data Science Healthcare - Persistency of a drug

Data science Virtual Internship FATIMA EZZAHRA AMRAOUI 16-November-2021

Agenda

Problem Description

EDA

Model Recommendations

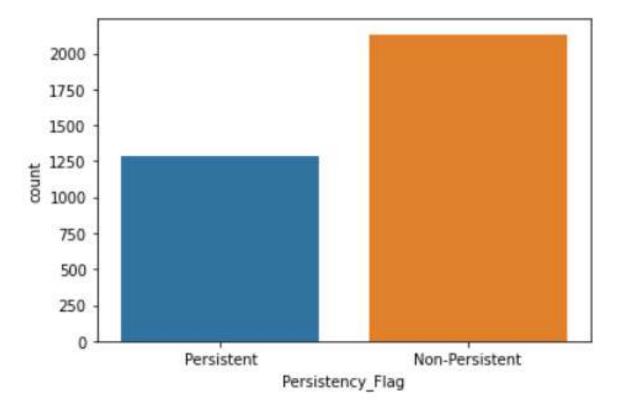
Problem Description

• One of the challenge for all Pharmaceutical companies of is to understand the persistency of drug as per the physician prescription.

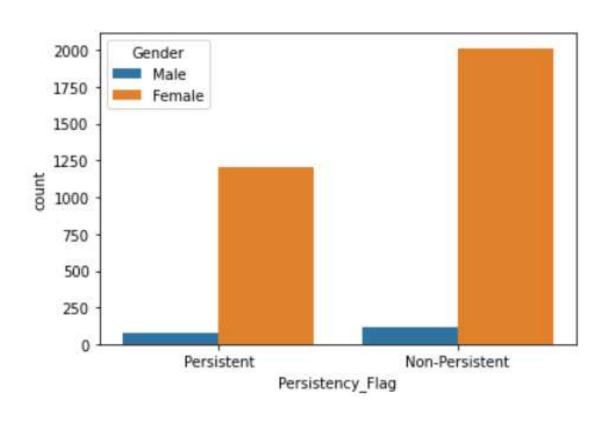
 The purpose of this work is to build a classifier for the given dataset to predict whether a patient is persistent or not.

Categorical var: 67 (including target var)

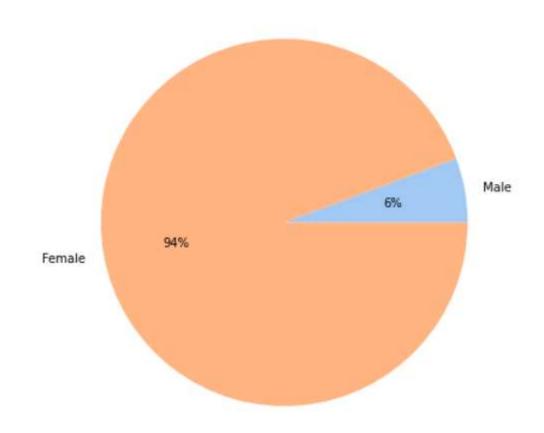
• Continious var : 2



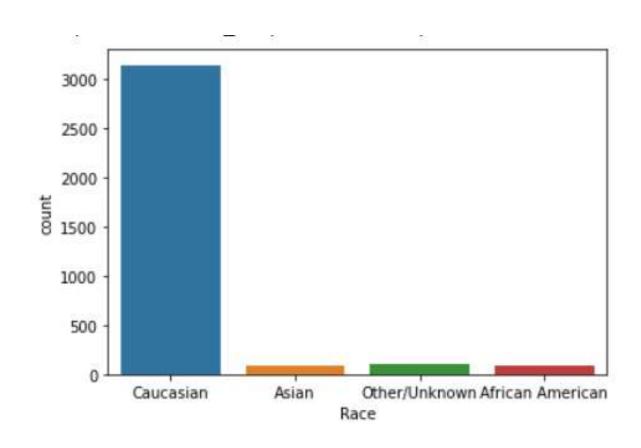
 Non-persistent class is higher than persistent one (unbalanced classes)



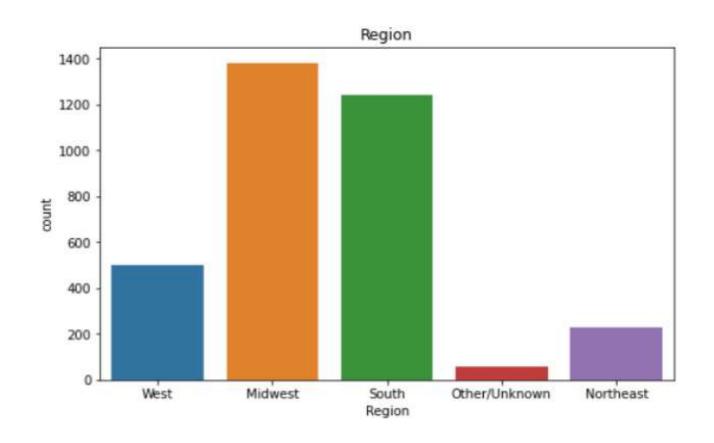
 the dominated gender in our data is female



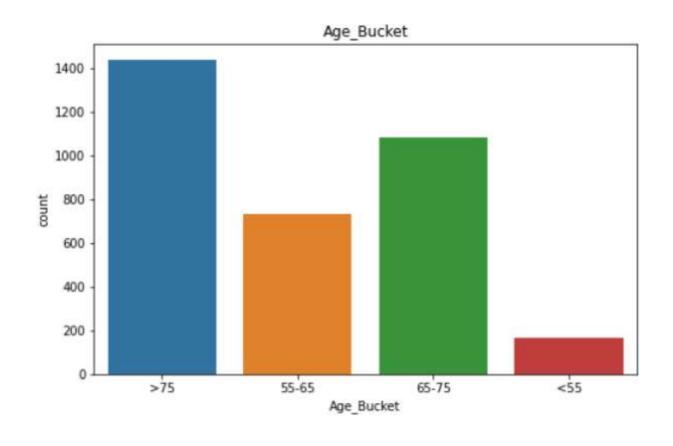
 Here we see that the dominated gender in our data is female with a percentage of 94% from the totality of the data when males are presenting only 6% of data.



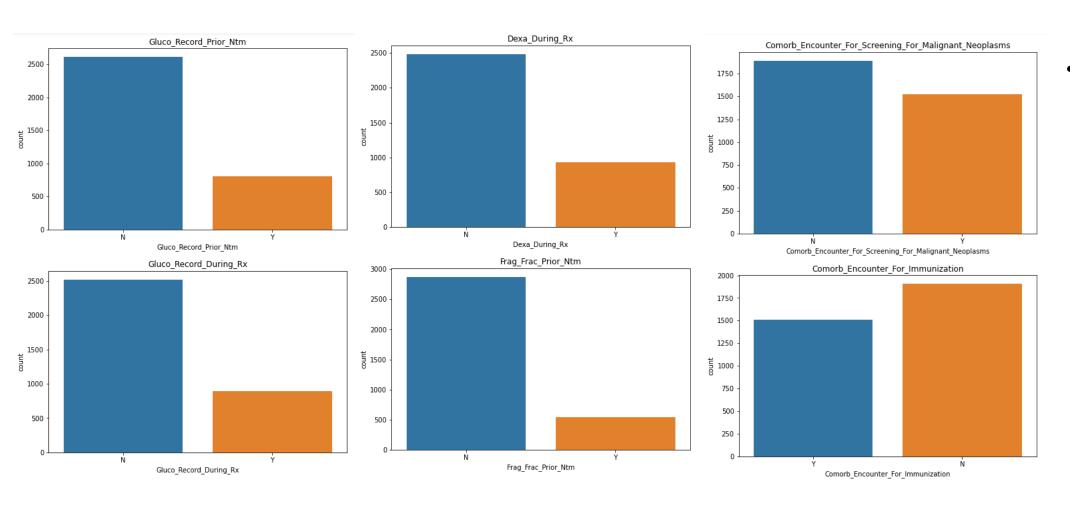
 The majority of patients have a Caucasian race.



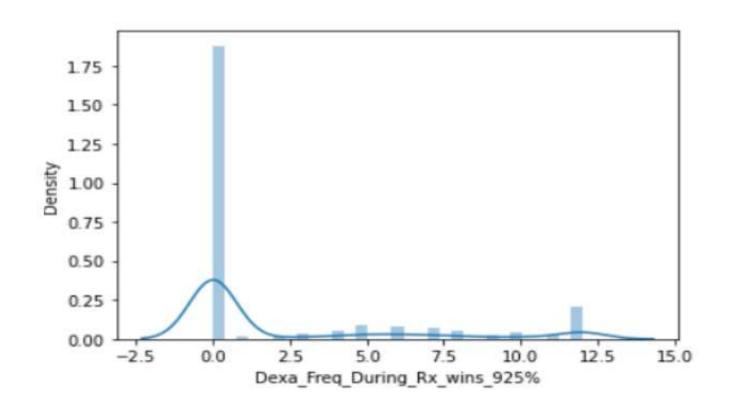
 Here we can see the diversity of regions where Midwest and south region are the most Presented.



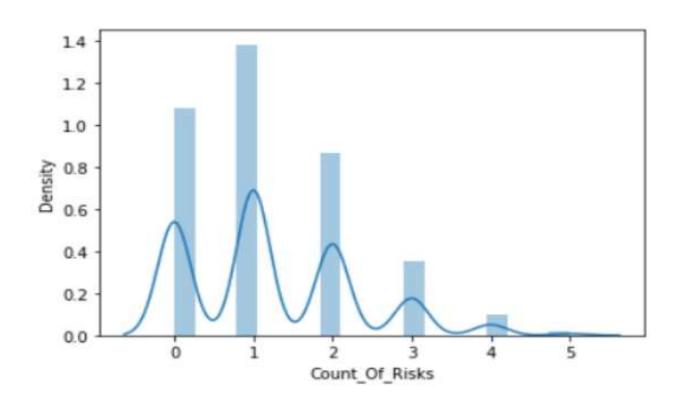
• the dataset is more focused on people who have more Than 55



Most of the rest of categorical variables involve two values which are N (no) and Y(yes) where N value occur more than Y (with some exceptions of course)



 most of the values are presenting 0, this is due to winsorization technique that we've applied in order to handle the large number of outliers that we had at the beginning.



we have 5 values
 where 1, 0 and 2 are
 the most presented.
 And the distribution
 doesn't seem to be
 normal and it's
 positively skewed.



Bivariate analysis: Categorical vs categorical

<u>Chi</u>

squared test:

Null hypothesis: there is no relationship between the categorical variables.

Alternative hypothesis: there is a relationship between categorical variables.

 After selecting all the categorical variables and gathering them in a list, I ran the chi squared test that will enable us to select only the variables correlated to the target variable

```
#from 65 variables we get only 46 which are dependent of target variable len(important_var)
```

```
from scipy import stats
y = df['Persistency Flag']
important_var = []
for i in cat list:
  contingency_table = pd.crosstab(df[i], y)
  print(contingency table, "\n\n")
  chi2_stat,p_val,dof,ex = stats.chi2_contingency(contingency_table)
  print("CHI-SQUARE TEST VALUES")
  print("Chi Square Value : ",chi2 stat)
  print("Degree of Freedom : ",dof)
  print("P Value : ", p_val, "\n")
  if (p val <= 0.05) :
   important_var.append(i)
    print(i, " has an impact on persistency flag \n\n")
  else:
    print(i, " doesn't affect persistency flag \n\n")
```

```
Persistency_Flag Non-Persistent Persistent
Gender
Female 2015 1208
Male 116 77
```

```
CHI-SQUARE TEST VALUES
Chi Square Value : 0.35575982921459065
Degree of Freedom : 1
P Value : 0.5508706006957192

Gender doesn't affect persistency flag
```

Bivariate analysis : Categorical vs ContiniousZ score test :

Null Hypothesis: There is no statistically difference between our variable(continuous) values for Various Class **Alternate Hypothesis:** There is difference between Observed values for Various Class

• Based on the Z score results we get that both of the continuous variables have an impact on the persistency flag.

```
from statsmodels.stats import weightstats as stests
y = df['Persistency Flag']
important var num = []
for i in num var:
  ztest, pval = stests.ztest(y, df[i], alternative='two-sided')
  print("Z Test Value is ",ztest)
  print("P Value is ",pval)
  if (pval <= 0.05):
   important var num.append(i)
    print(i, " can be a good predictor to persistency flag \n\n")
  else:
    print(i, " doesn't affect persistency flag \n\n")
Z Test Value is -26.189732657966882
P Value is 3.478806353132994e-151
Dexa_Freq_During_Rx can be a good predictor to persistency flag
Z Test Value is -42.41495396358258
P Value is 0.0
Count Of Risks can be a good predictor to persistency flag
```



In total we keep only 49 independent variables instead of 67

df_new = df[selected_var]

df new.shape

```
(3416, 48)
['Region',
'Ntm Speciality',
'Ntm Specialist Flag',
'Ntm_Speciality_Bucket',
'Gluco Record During Rx',
'Dexa_During_Rx',
'Frag Frac During Rx',
'Risk Segment During Rx',
'Tscore_Bucket_During_Rx',
'Change_T_Score',
'Change Risk Segment',
'Adherent Flag'.
'Idn Indicator'.
'Injectable_Experience_During_Rx',
'Comorb Encounter For Screening For Malignant Neoplasms',
'Comorb_Encounter_For_Immunization',
'Comorb Encntr For General Exam W O Complaint, Susp Or Reprtd Dx',
```

```
'Comorb_Vitamin_D_Deficiency',
'Comorb Other Joint Disorder Not Elsewhere Classified',
'Comorb_Encntr_For_Oth_Sp_Exam_W_O_Complaint_Suspected_Or_Reprtd_Dx',
'Comorb Long Term Current Drug Therapy',
'Comorb Dorsalgia',
'Comorb Personal History Of Other Diseases And Conditions',
'Comorb_Other_Disorders_Of_Bone_Density_And_Structure',
'Comorb_Disorders_of_lipoprotein_metabolism_and_other_lipidemias',
'Comorb_Osteoporosis_without_current_pathological_fracture',
'Comorb_Personal_history_of_malignant_neoplasm',
'Comorb_Gastro_esophageal_reflux_disease',
'Concom_Cholesterol_And_Triglyceride_Regulating_Preparations',
'Concom_Narcotics',
'Concom_Systemic_Corticosteroids_Plain',
'Concom Anti Depressants And Mood Stabilisers',
'Concom_Fluoroguinolones',
'Concom_Cephalosporins',
'Concom Macrolides And Similar Types',
'Concom Broad Spectrum Penicillins',
'Concom Anaesthetics General',
'Concom_Viral_Vaccines',
'Risk_Rheumatoid_Arthritis',
'Risk_Untreated_Chronic_Hypogonadism',
'Risk Smoking Tobacco',
'Risk_Chronic_Malnutrition_Or_Malabsorption',
'Risk_Vitamin_D_Insufficiency',
'Risk_Poor_Health_Frailty',
'Risk Excessive Thinness',
'Risk Immobilization',
'Dexa Freq During Rx',
'Count Of Risks'l
```

Model Recommendation

- Apply a technique to balance the Target variable classes (such as smooth function).
- Use algorithmes which can control overfitting(L1 & L2 regularization...) since our data is small such as:
 - -Logistic Regression
 - -XGBOOST...
- We can also try other classifier : SVC,RFC...

Thank You

