## Introduction to Sage

SageMath is a computer algebra system which uses python, throughout these labs sage cells will be used for certain problems. This lab introduces you to the basics of using SageMath via Sage Cells.

## Introduction

If you ever want to use a sage cell when one is not provided, or would like to experiment with Sage Cells, you can follow this link.

\_ SAGE \_

## **Functions**

To define a function you use the notation in the following sage cell:

 $f(x)=x^5+3*x+4$ 

Question 1 What output did you get from evaluating the sage cell?

Multiple Choice:

- (a) None ✓
- (b)  $f(x) = x^5 + 3x + 4$
- (c)  $x^5 + 3x + 4$

**Feedback (attempt):** All we did was define a function, to see the function definition type f(x).

Evaluate the function at x = 3 by typing f(3) in the sage cell, what did you get? 256

 $Learning\ outcomes:$ 

Author(s)

See link at https://sagecell.sagemath.org/

<b>Hint:</b> In sage, you type pi for $\pi$ . for multiplication!	Remember to use the carrot $\wedge$ for powers and $^{*}$
	SAGE
variables you must define your va	on, or want to define a function of multiple ariables before using them, as in the following all defines the equation $4x + y = 1$ , and then
	SAGE
var('x y') eqn=4*x+y==1 solve(eqn,y)	
Overtion 2 There the same call of	
	bove, what can you say about "=" vs "=="?
Multiple Choice:	
Multiple Choice:  (a) "=" is used for assignment	and "==" is used to signify equality $\checkmark$
Multiple Choice:  (a) "=" is used for assignment	
Multiple Choice:  (a) "=" is used for assignment (b) "=" is used to signify equal	and "==" is used to signify equality ✓ lity and "==" is used for assignment  you need to include the * operator, go back and
Multiple Choice:  (a) "=" is used for assignment (b) "=" is used to signify equal Feedback (attempt): Note that take out the * to see how Sage Does  The solve command is also show.	and "==" is used to signify equality \( \square \) lity and "==" is used for assignment  you need to include the * operator, go back and error messages and debugging.  In above, it's fairly intuitive to use, the thing
Multiple Choice:  (a) "=" is used for assignment (b) "=" is used to signify equal Feedback (attempt): Note that take out the * to see how Sage Does  The solve command is also show you want to solve is the first parameter.	and "==" is used to signify equality \(  \)  lity and "==" is used for assignment  you need to include the * operator, go back and error messages and debugging.  In above, it's fairly intuitive to use, the thing
Multiple Choice:  (a) "=" is used for assignment (b) "=" is used to signify equal Feedback (attempt): Note that take out the * to see how Sage Does  The solve command is also show you want to solve is the first parameter.	and "==" is used to signify equality $\checkmark$ lity and "==" is used for assignment you need to include the * operator, go back and error messages and debugging.  In above, it's fairly intuitive to use, the thing meter and what you're solving for is the second mand, find the roots for $f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 2$

## Getting Help

If you ever get stuck trying to use a command, there is built in documentation
(as well as Google). Type the command followed directly by "?" to get extensive
documentation on how to use it with examples. Try this for the solve command
in the following cell.
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