

Mean Value Theorem

Introduction

Dylan: I don't know about this theorem...it seems pretty *mean*...

Julia: No no, they mean *mean* as in average!

Dylan: Oh, so were looking at the average value of a function?

James: Not quite, actually the **mean value theorem** states the following: If f is continuous on $[a, b]$ and differentiable on (a, b) , then there exists at least one value c in (a, b) such that

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$

Dylan and Julia: Maybe we should do an example...that looks pretty confusing...

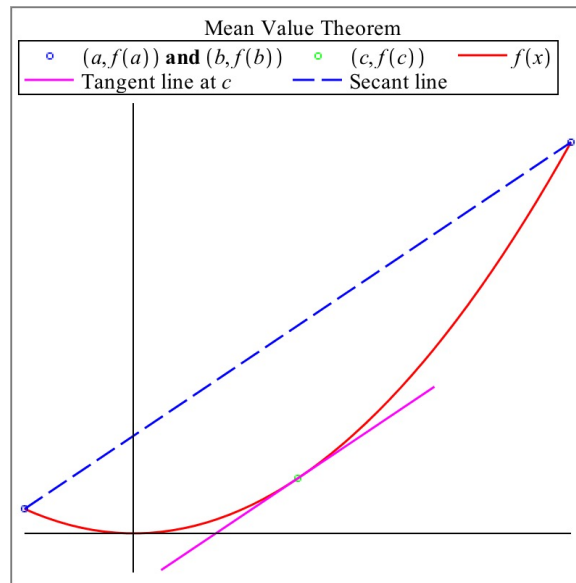
ALTOGETHER: Let's dive in!

Guided Example

Take a look at the following graph illustrating the Mean Value Theorem:

Learning outcomes:

Mean Value Theorem



Question 1 What do you notice about the tangent line at c with respect to the secant line from a to b ?

Multiple Choice:

- (a) They are parallel. ✓
- (b) The slope of the tangent line is half that of the secant line.
- (c) The tangent line is perpendicular to the secant line.
- (d) The tangent line intersects the secant line.

What does this mean the derivative of $f(x)$ is at c ?

Multiple Choice:

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$
- (b) $\frac{a - b}{f(a) - f(b)}$
- (c) $\frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$ ✓
- (d) $\frac{2a}{b}$

Mean Value Theorem

If $f'(x)$ was zero for all points in the interval, what could always be said about $f(x)$ on that interval?

Multiple Choice:

- (a) $f(x)$ is positive at all points on the interval.
 - (b) $f(x)$ is negative at all points on the interval.
 - (c) $f(x)$ is a constant on the interval. ✓
 - (d) $f(x)$ does not exist on the interval.
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Question 2 Use $f(x) = \sin(2x)$ on the interval $[0, 2\pi]$ for the following questions.

Graph $f(x)$

Graph of

What values for c satisfy the mean value theorem?

Select All Correct Answers:

- (a) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ ✓
 - (b) 1
 - (c) $\frac{3\pi}{5}$
 - (d) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ ✓
 - (e) $\frac{5\pi}{4}$ ✓
 - (f) 0
 - (g) π
 - (h) $\frac{7\pi}{4}$ ✓
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On Your Own

Graph of $|x^2 - x - 2|$

Let $f(x) = |x^2 - x - 2|$.

Question 3 Examine the graph, does the Mean Value Theorem apply to f on the interval $[a, b] = [0, 3]$?

Multiple Choice:

- (a) Yes ✓
- (b) No

If the theorem does apply, for what value of x is the theorem satisfied?

☐

Question 4

Graph of $1/x$

Consider $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.

Over which of the following regions does the Mean Value Theorem not apply?

Select All Correct Answers:

- (a) $[1, 2]$
- (b) $(0, 4]$
- (c) $[-1, 1]$ ✓
- (d) $[0, 2]$ ✓
- (e) $[-5, 0)$

Apply the Mean Value Theorem from $[1, 4]$, determining what points experience the same instantaneous change as the entire interval. ☐

Question 5 Seeing a police officer on the side of the road, your friend Tom slows down to 35 mph. However, once the officer pulls over someone else for speeding, Tom speeds up to 70 mph. Half an hour and 35 miles later, Tom checks his navigation app and sees another police officer is up ahead, slowing himself down to the legal 35 mph. However, the police officer still pulls Tom over, saying he had been radioed by the first officer right when Tom passed, so he could prove that Tom was going 70 mph at some point in the last half hour. Tom is furious about the clearly faulty reasoning of the police officer.

Thanks to the Mean Value Theorem, you know the police officer is in the right. Using $g(x)$ as a function of position to time, explain to Tom why the officer had a valid reason to ticket him.

Free Response:

Talking to Tom, you find out that he accelerated to 70 mph in only 5 seconds after passing the officer. Prove that at some point, Tom had an acceleration of over $25,000 \text{ mi/h}^2$.

Free Response:

In Summary

Definition 1. The **Mean Value Theorem** states that for any function f , if f is continuous on $[a, b]$ and differentiable on (a, b) , then there exists at least one value c such that

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$

This means that there is a point c such that the secant line from a, b has the same slope as the tangent line at c . It's important to note that this means if $f'(x) = 0$ for all x on (a, b) , then f is constant on (a, b) .