AKH Dar es Salaam Caesarean Sections Classified according to the WHO Robson Classification System - Post-intervention group

Group	Description	Number of CS in group ¹	Number of women in group ²	Group Size (%) ³	Group CS rate (%) ⁴	WHO (Robson) recommended CS rate	Absolute group contribution to overall CS rate (%) ⁵	Relative contribution of group to overall CS rate (%) ⁶
1	Nulliparous women with a single cephalic pregnancy, ≥37 weeks gestation in spontaneous labour	31	126	11.4	24.6	<10%	2.8	5.1
2	Nulliparous women with a single cephalic pregnancy, ≥37 weeks gestation who had labour induced or were delivered by CS before labour	57	87	7.9	65.5	20-35%	5.1	9.5
3	Multiparous women without a previous CS, with a single cephalic pregnancy, ≥37 weeks gestation in spontaneous labour	13	287	25.9	4.5	No higher than 3%	1.2	2.2
4	Multiparous women without a previous CS, with a single cephalic pregnancy, ≥37 weeks gestation who had labour induced or were delivered by CS before labour	46	106	9.6	43.4	Rarely >15%	4.2	7.6
5	All multiparous women with at least one previous CS, with a single cephalic pregnancy, ≥37 weeks gestation	273	289	26.1	94.5	50-60%	24.7	45.3
6	All nulliparous women with a single breech pregnancy	19	20	1.8	95	80-100%	1.7	3.2
7	All multiparous women with a single breech pregnancy including women with previous CS(s)	73	75	6.8	97.3	80-100%	6.6	12.1
8	All women with multiple pregnancies including women with previous CS(s)	37	44	4	84.1	60%	3.3	6.1
9	All women with a single pregnancy with a transverse or oblique lie, including women with previous CS(s)	2	3	0.3	66.7	100%	0.2	0.3
10	All women with a single cephalic pregnancy < 37 weeks gestation, including women with previous CS(s)	52	70	6.3	74.3	Around 30%	4.7	8.6

Groups for which no data is displayed on the table (if any) had 0 deliveries falling under them

 $^{^{1}}$ Total number of CS = 603

² Total number of deliveries = 1107

 $^{^{3}}$ Group size (%) = n of women in the group / total N women delivered in the hospital x 100

 $^{^{4}}$ Group CS rate (%) = n of CS in the group / total N of women in the group x 100

 $^{^{5}}$ Absolute contribution (%) = n of CS in the group / total N of women delivered in the hospital x 100

 $^{^{6}}$ Relative contribution (%) = n of CS in the group / total N of CS in the hospital x 100