

# User Guide

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File main.m finds the inverse solution to “the gravitational inverse problem of obtaining the shape of a frontier  $z(w)$  between two media of different densities” [1]. It is the example of an ill-posed non-linear problem from [2]. Considering discrete data with continuous parameter case, authors of [1] use the following back propagation where they have used  $z(w)$  with two iterations  $k$ -th and  $(k + 1)$ -th but without discretizing the  $w$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{z}_{k+1}(w) = z_0 + \int dw' \sum_i \sum_j C_{p_0}(w, w') G_k^i(w') (S^{-1})^{ij} [d_0^j - g^j(\hat{\mathbf{z}}_k) \\ + \int dw'' G_k^j(w'') \cdot [\hat{z}_k(w'') - z_0(w'')] \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

where they introduce the concept of using integration operator due to continuous parameter. We are coding the above equation(1). The covariance matrix of the above equation is defined by

$$C_p(w, w') = \sigma^2 \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(w - w')^2}{\Delta^2}\right] \quad (2)$$

and

$$G_k^i(w) = \frac{2(H - z_k(w))}{(x^i - w)^2 + [H - z_k(w)]^2} \quad (3)$$

This is the derivative of  $g(x^i, w, z_k(w))$  at the point  $z_k$ . Note that here  $\mathbf{G}^T$  in the continuous setting is the more general adjoint  $G^*$ . That adjoint  $G^*$  is defined by  $\langle Gr, t \rangle = \langle t, G^*g \rangle$  for all  $r, t$  in a Hilbert space[1]. In our code we have coded the above equation(1) and plot it.

In my code, I have considered the following inputs and output.

**Inputs:**

$n$  : Total number of data

$d$  : Data file

$\sigma$  : Prior uncertainty which is changeable and is the reason of having different priori covariance.  $K$  : Number of iteration that we want. This is also changeable.

**Output:**

$z_{hat}$  : Frontier

## References

- [1] A. Tarantola, B. Valette. *Generalized Nonlinear Inverse Problems Solved Using the Least Squares Criterion*. Institut de Physique du Globe de Paris, 75005 Paris, France. Reviews of Geophysics and Space Physics, Vol. 20, No. 2, pages 219 – 232; May 1982.
- [2] A. Tikhonov, V. Arsenine. *Methodes de resolution de problemes mal poses*. Editions MIR, moscow, 1976.