Neural Networks: Representation

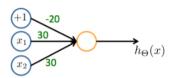
TOTAL POINTS 5

1. Which of the following statements are true? Check all that apply.

1 point

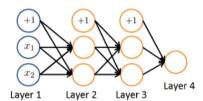
- ightharpoonup Any logical function over binary-valued (0 or 1) inputs x_1 and x_2 can be (approximately) represented using some neural network.
- A two layer (one input layer, one output layer; no hidden layer) neural network can represent the
 XOR function
- The activation values of the hidden units in a neural network, with the sigmoid activation function applied at every layer, are always in the range (0, 1).
- 2. Consider the following neural network which takes two binary-valued inputs $x_1,x_2\in\{0,1\}$ and outputs $h_\Theta(x)$. Which of the following logical functions does it (approximately) compute?

1 point



- OR
- O AND
- NAND (meaning "NOT AND")
- O XOR (exclusive OR)
- 3. Consider the neural network given below. Which of the following equations correctly computes the activation $a_1^{(3)}$? Note: g(z) is the sigmoid activation function.

1 point



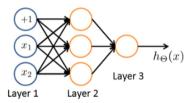
$$\bullet \ \ a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1,0}^{(2)}a_0^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,1}^{(2)}a_1^{(2)} + \Theta_{1,2}^{(2)}a_2^{(2)})$$

$$\bigcirc \ \ a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1.0}^{(1)}a_0^{(1)} + \Theta_{1.1}^{(1)}a_1^{(1)} + \Theta_{1.2}^{(1)}a_2^{(1)})$$

$$\bigcirc \ \ a_1^{(3)} = g(\Theta_{1.0}^{(1)}a_0^{(2)} + \Theta_{1.1}^{(1)}a_1^{(2)} + \Theta_{1.2}^{(1)}a_2^{(2)})$$

- \bigcirc The activation $a_1^{(3)}$ is not present in this network.
- 4. You have the following neural network:

1 point

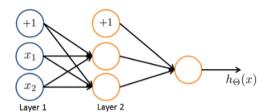


ionowing octave code.

```
% Thetal is Theta with superscript "(1)" from lecture
% ie, the matrix of parameters for the mapping from layer 1 (input) to layer 2
% Thetal has size 3x3
% Assume 'sigmoid' is a built-in function to compute 1 / (1 + exp(-z))
a2 = zeros (3, 1);
for i = 1:3
    for j = 1:3
        a2(i) = a2(i) + x(j) * Thetal(i, j);
end
a2(i) = sigmoid (a2(i));
end
```

You want to have a vectorized implementation of this (i.e., one that does not use for loops). Which of the following implementations correctly compute $a^{(2)}$? Check all that apply.

- a2 = sigmoid (Theta1 * x);
- a2 = sigmoid (x * Theta1);
- a2 = sigmoid (Theta2 * x);
- z = sigmoid(x); a2 = Theta1 * z;
- 5. You are using the neural network pictured below and have learned the parameters $\Theta^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 & 1.9 \\ 1 & 1.2 & 2.7 \end{bmatrix} \text{ (used to compute } a^{(2)} \text{) and } \Theta^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -0.2 & -1.7 \end{bmatrix} \text{ (used to compute } a^{(3)} \text{) as a function of } a^{(2)} \text{). Suppose you swap the parameters for the first hidden layer between its two units so } \Theta^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1.2 & 2.7 \\ 1 & 0.5 & 1.9 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and also swap the output layer so } \Theta^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1.7 & -0.2 \end{bmatrix}.$ How will this change the value of the output $h_{\Theta}(x)$?



- It will stay the same.
- It will increase.
- O It will decrease
- Insufficient information to tell: it may increase or decrease.
- I, Amrit Kumar, understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in permanent failure of this course or deactivation of my Coursera account.

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3 P P

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