BANK OF SAIT ARTICLE

Written by: Amritpal Singh

Introduction:

SAIT Bank is a trusted financial institution dedicated to providing secure, innovative, and customer-focused banking solutions, including savings, loans, and digital transaction services.

Mission Statement

To design and maintain a reliable, efficient, secure database system to serve all banking operations in handling customer data, financial transactions, and business processes for optimal service delivery, regulatory compliance, and decision-making.

OBJECTIVES:

- **1.Centralized Data Management:** Ensure all customers, account, and transaction data are stored in a unified and easily accessible system to avoid redundancy and maintain data integrity.
- **2.Enhance Transaction Accuracy and Security:** Automate the recording and tracking of deposits, withdrawals, and transfers while safeguarding sensitive data against unauthorized access.
- **3.Improve Operational Efficiency**: Automate routine tasks such as account management, transaction recording, and loan processing to minimize errors and save time.
- **4.Enable Data-Driven Decision-Making**: Use the database to generate insights through analytics, such as identifying trends in customer behavior, evaluating loan performance, and optimizing branch operations for strategic growth.

BUSINESS TRANSACTION RULES:

- A transaction must be fully completed or fully rolled back if any part fails.
- Transactions must maintain data integrity and follow banking constraints
- An account must exist and be active before any transaction can be made.
- Transactions should expire if not completed within a certain time
- Transactions above a certain limit must trigger an automatic security check.
- Transactions should be processed in real time for customer satisfaction.

Data Dictionary

PRELIMINARY LIST OF TABLES:

- •BRANCH
- Accounts
- Customers
- Bankers
- Loan
- Borrowers
- Transactions
- Loan Payments
- Credit Cards

FINAL LIST OF TABLES:

- •BRANCH
- Accounts
- Customers
- •Employees
- •Loan
- Transactions
- Credit cards

1.Branches

Branches	
Branchid	int
BranchName	Char
BranchAddress	Varchar
Asset	decimal

2.Account:

Account	
AccountId	int
AccountBalance	Decimal
AccountType	varchar

3.Employee:

Emoloyee	
Employeeld	int
Employee Name	varchar
Job title	varchar
Address	text
Emailld	varchar
HireDate	date

4.Transaction:

Transaction		
TransactionId	int	
TransactionType	varchar	
TransactionMethod	varchar	
TransactionDate	date	
Amount	decimal	

5.Loans:

Loans	
LoanID	int
IssuedAmount	Decimal
RemainingAmount	decimal

6. Customer:

Customer	
CustomerId	int
CustomerName	varchar
DateOfBirth	Date
MobileNumber	Varchar
Proofid	varchar

7. Credit Card

Credit Card	
CreditCardId	int
ExpiryDate	date
CardLimit	decimal

Explanation:

1. Branches Table

- BranchID (int): Unique identifier for each bank branch.
- BranchName (char): Name of the branch.
- BranchAddress (varchar): Physical location of the branch.
- Asset (decimal): Total financial assets held by the branch.

2. Account Table

- AccountID (int): Unique identifier for a bank account.
- AccountBalance (decimal): Current balance available in the account.
- AccountType (varchar): Type of account (e.g., savings, checking).

3. Employee Table

- EmployeeID (int): Unique identifier for each employee.
- EmployeeName (varchar): Full name of the employee.
- JobTitle (varchar): Role or designation of the employee in the bank (e.g., manager, teller).
- Address (text): Residential address of the employee.
- EmailID (varchar): Contact email address of the employee.
- HireDate (date): Date the employee was hired.

4. Transaction Table

- TransactionID (int): Unique identifier for each transaction.
- TransactionType (varchar): Type of transaction (e.g., deposit, withdrawal).
- TransactionMethod (varchar): Mode of transaction (e.g., online, cash).
- TransactionDate (date): Date the transaction was made.
- Amount (decimal): Monetary value involved in the transaction.

5. Loans Table

- LoanID (int): Unique identifier for each loan issued.
- IssuedAmount (decimal): Total amount issued for the loan.
- RemainingAmount (decimal): Balance left to be paid for the loan.

6. Customer Table

- CustomerID (int): Unique identifier for each customer.
- CustomerName (varchar): Full name of the customer.
- DateOfBirth (date): Customer's date of birth.
- MobileNumber (varchar): Contact phone number of the customer.
- ProofID (varchar): Identity proof submitted by the customer (e.g., driver's license).

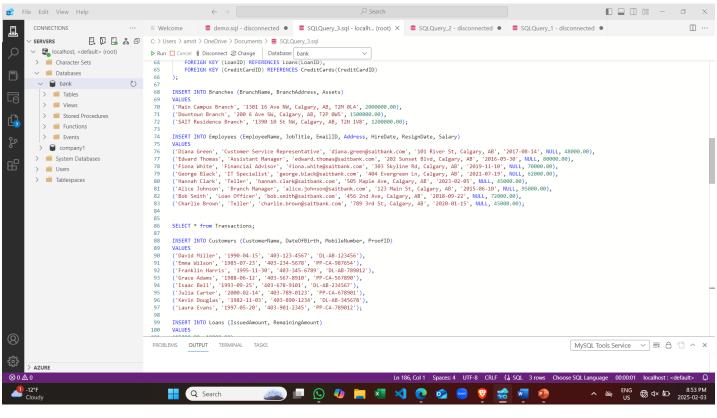
7. Credit Card Table

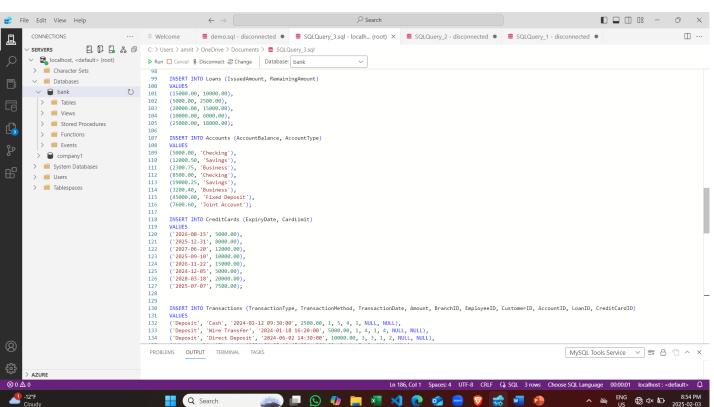
- CreditCardID (int): Unique identifier for each credit card.
- ExpiryDate (date): Expiration date of the credit card.
- CardLimit (decimal): Maximum spending limit of the credit card.

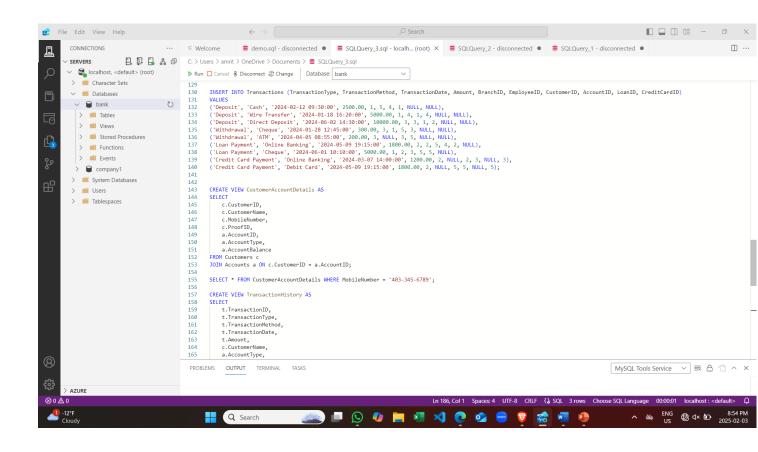
RELATIONSHIPS:

Relationship	Parent table	Child Table	Relationship Type
One Branch to Many Transactions	Branches	Transactions	One-to-Many (1:N)
One Employee to Many Transactions	Employees	Transactions	One-to-Many (1:N)
One Customer to Many Transactions	Customers	Transactions	One-to-Many (1:N)
One Account to Many Transactions	Accounts	Transactions	One-to-Many (1:N)
One Loan to Many Transactions	Loans	Transactions	One-to-Many (1:N)
One Credit Card to Many Transactions	Credit Cards	Transactions	One-to-Many (1:N)

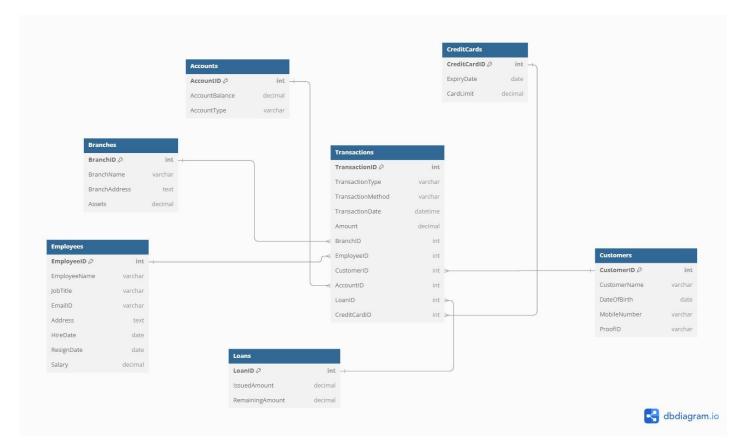
Designing database:







Entity Relationship Diagram



Conclusion:

This project focused on building a secure and efficient database system for banking operations. It ensures centralized data management, improves transaction accuracy, and automates routine tasks like account management and loan processing. The system supports real-time transactions, protects data, and follows banking rules to maintain integrity. With a well-structured table design, it helps the bank manage branches, accounts, customers, loans, and transactions efficiently while enabling better decision-making and growth.