Start coding or generate with AI.

support vector machine - used for classification and regression problem

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

df=pd.read_csv('survey lung cancer.csv')

Generate code with df

df CHRONIC DISEASE ALCOHOL GENDER AGE SMOKING YELLOW FINGERS ANXIETY PEER PRESSURE FATIGUE ALLERGY WHEEZING CONSUMING M M F M F ... M M M 309 rows × 16 columns

INSPECTION

Next steps:

	GENDER	AGE	SMOKING	YELLOW_FINGERS	ANXIETY	PEER_PRESSURE	CHRONIC DISEASE	FATIGUE	ALLERGY	WHEEZING	ALCOHOL CONSUMING
0	М	69	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
1	М	74	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1
2	F	59	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	1
3	М	63	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	2
4	F	63	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1

New interactive sheet

df.tail()

56 70	1 2	1	1	2	2	2	1 2	1 2	2
70	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
58	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	
67	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	
62	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	

Start coding or generate with AI.

df.s	ample()											
	GENDER	AGE	SMOKING	YELLOW_FINGERS	ANXIETY	PEER_PRESSURE	CHRONIC DISEASE	FATIGUE	ALLERGY	WHEEZING	ALCOHOL CONSUMING	CI
60	М	70	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	

	AGE	SMOKING	YELLOW_FINGERS	ANXIETY	PEER_PRESSURE	CHRONIC DISEASE	FATIGUE	ALLERGY	WH
count	309.000000	309.000000	309.000000	309.000000	309.000000	309.000000	309.000000	309.000000	309
mean	62.673139	1.563107	1.569579	1.498382	1.501618	1.504854	1.673139	1.556634	1
std	8.210301	0.496806	0.495938	0.500808	0.500808	0.500787	0.469827	0.497588	0
min	21.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1
25%	57.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1
50%	62.000000	2.000000	2.000000	1.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2
75%	69.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2
max	87.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2

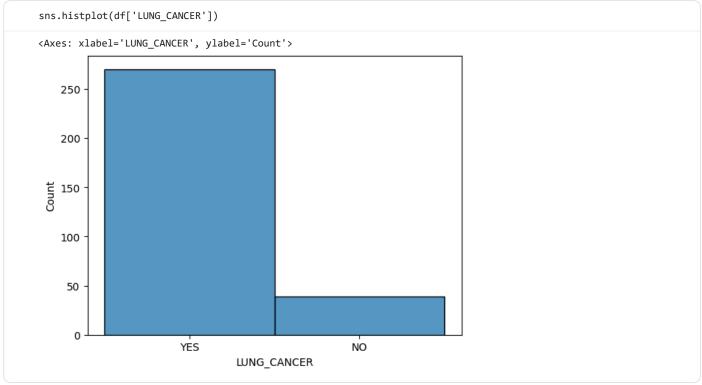
```
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 309 entries, 0 to 308
Data columns (total 16 columns):
 # Column
                          Non-Null Count Dtype
                           -----
0
    GENDER
                           309 non-null
                                          object
    AGE
                           309 non-null
 1
                                          int64
 2
    SMOKING
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
 3
    YELLOW_FINGERS
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
 4
    ANXIETY
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
 5
    PEER_PRESSURE
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
    CHRONIC DISEASE
                           309 non-null
 6
                                          int64
 7
    FATIGUE
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
 8
    ALLERGY
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
    WHEEZING
 9
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
 10 ALCOHOL CONSUMING
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
                           309 non-null
 11 COUGHING
                                          int64
 12 SHORTNESS OF BREATH
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
 13 SWALLOWING DIFFICULTY 309 non-null
                                          int64
 14 CHEST PAIN
                           309 non-null
                                          int64
                           309 non-null
 15 LUNG_CANCER
                                          object
dtypes: int64(14), object(2)
```

memory usage: 38.8+ KB

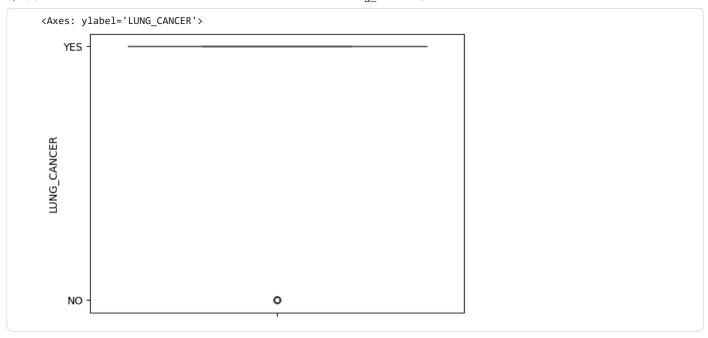
df.isnull().sum() 0 **GENDER** 0 AGE SMOKING 0 YELLOW_FINGERS 0 **ANXIETY** 0 PEER_PRESSURE CHRONIC DISEASE 0 **FATIGUE** 0 **ALLERGY** 0 WHEEZING 0 ALCOHOL CONSUMING COUGHING **SHORTNESS OF BREATH** 0 **SWALLOWING DIFFICULTY** 0 **CHEST PAIN** LUNG_CANCER dtype: int64

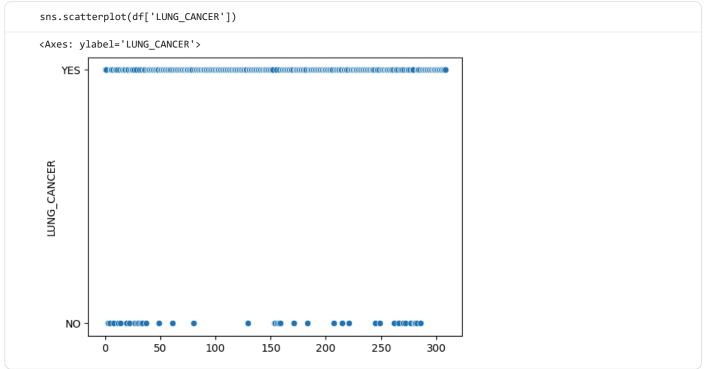
df.nunique()





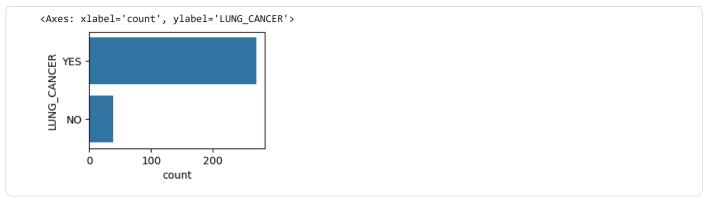
```
sns.boxplot(df['LUNG_CANCER'])
```

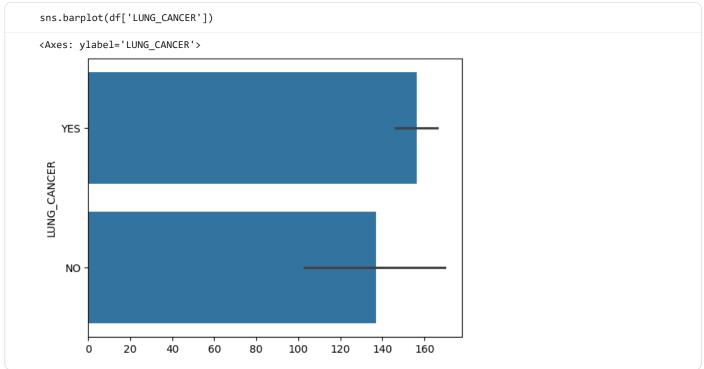


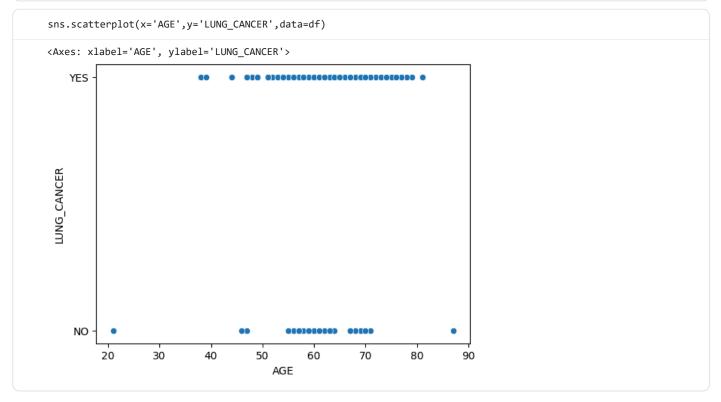


UNIVARIENT ANALYSIS

```
plt.figure(figsize=(3,2))
sns.countplot(df['LUNG_CANCER'])
```







Y ENCODING

```
df.head()
                                                                      CHRONIC
                                                                                                             ALCOHOL
       GENDER AGE SMOKING YELLOW_FINGERS ANXIETY PEER_PRESSURE
                                                                               FATIGUE ALLERGY WHEEZING
                                                                                                                      COL
                                                                      DISEASE
                                                                                                           CONSUMING
    0
                69
                          1
                                           2
                                                    2
                                                                   1
                                                                            1
                                                                                     2
                                                                                                        2
                                                                                                                   2
            M
                                                                                              1
                74
                          2
                                           1
                                                                   1
                                                                            2
                                                                                     2
                                                                                              2
                                                                                                                   1
    2
            F
                59
                          1
                                                    1
                                                                   2
                                                                            1
                                                                                     2
                                                                                              1
                                                                                                        2
                                           1
                                                                                                                   1
    3
                63
                          2
                                           2
                                                    2
                                                                   1
                                                                            1
                                                                                              1
                                                                                                        1
                                                                                                                   2
            M
                                                                                     1
                                           2
            Generate code with df
Next steps: (
                                    New interactive sheet
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
df['GENDER']=le.fit_transform(df['GENDER'])
df['LUNG_CANCER']=le.fit_transform(df['LUNG_CANCER'])
```

G	SENDER	AGE	SMOKING	YELLOW_FINGERS	ANXIETY	PEER_PRESSURE	CHRONIC DISEASE	FATIGUE	ALLERGY	WHEEZING	ALCOH CONSUM
0	1	69	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	2	
1	1	74	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	
2	0	59	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	
3	1	63	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	
4	0	63	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	
304	0	56	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	
305	1	70	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	
306	1	58	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	
307	1	67	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	1	
308	1	62	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	
309 row	s × 16 c	olumr	ıs								

BREAK X AND Y

```
x=df.drop('LUNG_CANCER',axis=1)
y=df['LUNG_CANCER']
```

TRAIN TEST SPLIT

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
```

STANDARD SCALER

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc=StandardScaler()
x_train=sc.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test=sc.fit_transform(x_test)
```

MODEL

```
from sklearn.svm import SVC
model=SVC()
model.fit(x_train,y_train)

v SVC (i) ?
SVC()
```

SCORE

```
model.score(x_train,y_train)*100,model.score(x_test,y_test)*100
(94.73684210526315, 93.54838709677419)
```

CONFUSION MATRIX

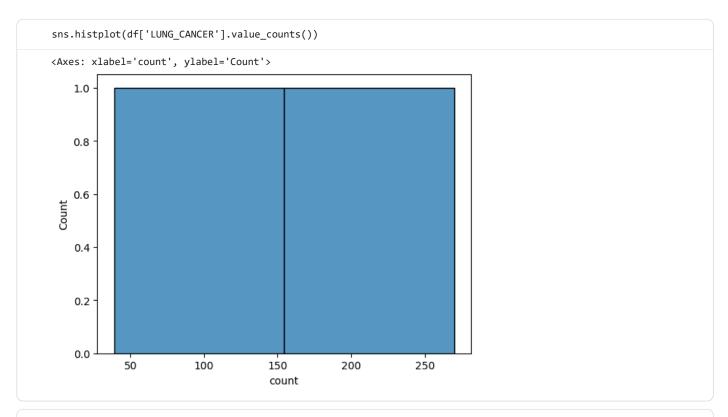
```
y_pred=model.predict(x_test)
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification_report(y_test,model.predict(x_test)))
                         recall f1-score support
             precision
          0
                  0.25
                            0.50
                                      0.33
                                                   2
                  0.98
                            0.95
                                      0.97
                                                  60
                                      0.94
   accuracy
                                                  62
                  0.62
                            0.72
  macro avg
                                      0.65
                                                  62
weighted avg
                  0.96
                            0.94
                                      0.95
                                                  62
```

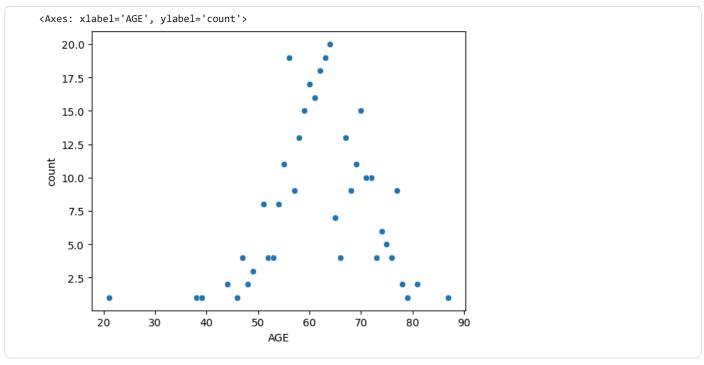
accuracy

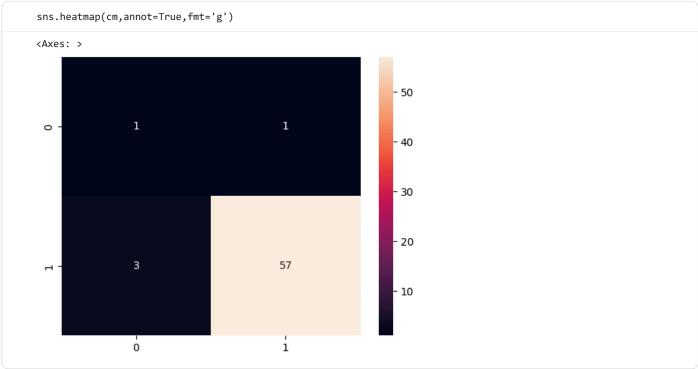
```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,classification_report
print("Accuracy:",accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred))
print ("\nclassification_report:\n",classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
Accuracy: 0.9354838709677419
classification_report:
              precision
                            recall f1-score
                                               support
           0
                   0.25
                             0.50
                                       0.33
                                                    2
                   0.98
                             0.95
                                       0.97
                                                   60
                                       0.94
   accuracy
                                                   62
  macro avg
                   0.62
                             0.72
                                       0.65
                                                   62
weighted avg
                   0.96
                             0.94
                                       0.95
                                                   62
```

BIVARIENT



sns.scatterplot(df['AGE'].value_counts())





```
sns.df([x='LUNG_CANCER',y='AGE'])

File "/tmp/ipython-input-1099646399.py", line 1
    sns.df([x='LUNG_CANCER',y='AGE'])

SyntaxError: invalid syntax. Maybe you meant '==' or ':=' instead of '='?

Next steps: Explain error
```

```
df.corr()*100
```

	GENDER	AGE	SMOKING	YELLOW_FINGERS	ANXIETY	PEER_PRESSURE	CHRONIC DISEASE	FATI
GENDER	100.000000	2.130644	3.627685	-21.295946	-15.212660	-27.556432	-20.460564	-8.356
AGE	2.130644	100.000000	-8.447456	0.520487	5.317036	1.868514	-1.264213	1.261
SMOKING	3.627685	-8.447456	100.000000	-1.458487	16.026698	-4.282232	-14.152231	-2.957
YELLOW_FINGERS	-21.295946	0.520487	-1.458487	100.000000	56.582929	32.308324	4.112218	-11.805
ANXIETY	-15.212660	5.317036	16.026698	56.582929	100.000000	21.684122	-0.967782	-18.853
PEER_PRESSURE	-27.556432	1.868514	-4.282232	32.308324	21.684122	100.000000	4.851481	7.814
CHBONIC								