

Input-Output:

getchar() & putchar():

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a;
    printf("Enter your message here: ");
    a=getchar();
    printf("Your message is here: ");
    putchar(a);
    return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./ioProg
Enter your message here: kim
Your message is here: kpi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./ioProg
Enter your message here: Amrita
Your message is here: Api@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ sudo nano ioProg.c
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $
```

Use of scanf and printf:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char str[10];
    printf("Enter your message here: ");
    scanf("%s",&str);
    printf("Your message is here: %s",str);
    return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./ioProg1
Enter your message here: Amrita
Your message is here: Amritapi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ sudo nano ioProg1.c
```

Use of fgets() and puts():

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char name[50];
    printf("Enter your name: ");
    fgets(name,10,stdin); //reads string from user
    printf("Your name is: ");
    puts(name); //displays string
    return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./ioProg2
Enter your name: amrita
Your name is: amrita

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ sudo nano ioProg2.c
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./ioProg2
Enter your name: Amrita Mukherjee
Your name is: Amrita Mu → more than 10 char
```

File input output: Created a text file in E drive and store a number in it that is 100.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int number;
    FILE *fptr;
    fptr = fopen("E:\\program.txt","w");
    if(fptr == NULL)
    {
        printf("Error!");
        exit(1);
    }
    printf("Enter number which will be stored in program.txt file: ");
    scanf("%d",&number);
    fprintf(fptr,"%d",number);
    fclose(fptr);
    return 0;
}

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./file1
Enter number which will be stored in program.txt file: 100
```

Read the number already stored in it that is 100.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int number;
    FILE *fptr;
    if ((fptr = fopen("E:\\program.txt", "r")) == NULL)
    {
        printf("Error! opening file");
        exit(1);
    }
    fscanf(fptr, "%d", &number);
    printf("Value of n=%d", number);
    fclose(fptr);
    return 0;
}
```

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator \$./file2
Value of n=100pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator \$ sudo nano file2.c

If we change the location from E drive to D drive then it produce error.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    int number;
    FILE *fptr;
    if ((fptr = fopen("D:\\program.txt", "r")) == NULL)
    {
        printf("Error! opening file");
        exit(1);
    }
    fscanf(fptr, "%d", &number);
    printf("Value of n=%d", number);
    fclose(fptr);
    return 0;
}
```

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator \$./file2
Error! opening filepi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator \$ sudo nano file2.c

Preprocessor:

Predefined macros:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
printf("File :%s\n", __FILE__ ); //Show current file name
printf("Date :%s\n", __DATE__ ); // show date
printf("Time :%s\n", __TIME__ ); //show time
printf("Line :%d\n", __LINE__ ); //show no. of line present here
printf("ANSI :%d\n", __STDC__ ); //Return 1 if compiler compile with ansi standard
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./prep1
File :prep1.c
Date :Jan 31 2021
Time :15:34:51
Line :7
ANSI :1
```

Preprocessor Operators:

Continuation and stringize(#) operator:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define testing_for_pre_processor_operator(x, y) \
printf("#x " and " #y " : Successfully!\n");
int main()
{
testing_for_pre_processor_operator(Compile,run);
return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./prep2
Compile and run : Successfully!
```

Token pasting operator:


```
#include <stdio.h>
#define tokenpaste(p)\
printf ("token" #p " = %d", token##p) //use of continuation(\) and stringize operator(#)
int main()
{
int token1 = 4;
tokenpaste(1);
return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./prep3
token1 = 4pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ sudo nano prep3.c
```

Defined operator:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#if !defined (NAME)
#define NAME "Amrita Mukherjee"
#endif
int main()
{
printf("Your name is: %s\t", NAME);
return 0;
}
```


```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./prep4
Your name is: Amrita Mukherjee pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ sudo nano prep4.c
```



Parameterized Macros:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define SQUARE(x) (x*x)
int main()
{
printf("Square of 10 is %d\n", SQUARE(10));
return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./prep5
Square of 10 is 100
```




Type casting: Here int first converted into float and then complete the operation and give float type data.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int result=550,total_number=10;
float avg;
avg=result/total_number;
printf("The average value is: %f",avg);

return 0;
}
```


```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./type
The average value is: 55.000000pi@raspberrypi:~
```



Integer promotion:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a=20;
    char b='b',c='c'; //ASCII value of b=98,c=99
    int result;
    result=a+b+c;
    printf("The result of addition is= %d",result);
    return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./type1
The result of addition is= 217pi@raspberrypi:
```




Arithmetic conversion: Here conversion will be like this:

Char→int→float→double..and represent result as double. Cause double has highest place in hierarchy among all of them.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    char a='A'; //ASCII value of A=65
    int b=20;
    float c=23.65;
    double addition;
    addition=a+b+c;
    printf("The result of this addition is: %lf",addition);
    return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./type2
The result of this addition is: 108.650002pi@r
```



Error handling:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<errno.h>
extern int errno;
int main()
{
    FILE *filepointer;
    int error;
    filepointer=fopen("Error_test.txt","rb");
    if (filepointer==NULL)
    {
        error=errno;
        fprintf(stderr,"Value of error: %d\n",errno);
        perror("Print if there is error: ");
        fprintf(stderr,"Print error if there is problem in opening file: %s\n",strerror(error));
    }
    else
    {
        fclose(filepointer);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./error
Value of error: 2
Print if there is error: : No such file or directory
Print error if there is problem in opening file: No such file or directory
```

Divide by zero error:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h> //it contains exit()function..
int main()
{
    int vajjo=45,vajok=3,vagfol;
    if(vajok==0)
    {
        fprintf(stderr,"Division by zero is not possible as it produce infinite. \n");
        exit(-1);
    }
    else
    {
        vagfol=vajjo/vajok;
        fprintf(stderr,"Result of this division is as follows: %d\t",vagfol);
        exit(0);
    }
}
```

```
pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./error2
Result of this division is as follows: 15
```

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h> //it contains exit()function..
int main()
{
    int vajjo=45,vajok=0,vagfol;
    if(vajok==0)
    {
        fprintf(stderr,"Division by zero is not possible as it produce infinite. \n");
        exit(-1);
    }
    else
    {
        vagfol=vajjo/vajok;
        fprintf(stderr,"Result of this division is as follows: %d\t",vagfol);
        exit(0);
    }
}

```

```

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./error2
Division by zero is not possible as it produce infinite.

```

Program exit() status:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h> //it contains exit()function..
int main()
{
    int vajjo=45,vajok=3,vagfol;
    if(vajok==0)
    {
        fprintf(stderr,"Division by zero is not possible as it produce infinite. \n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    else
    {
        vagfol=vajjo/vajok;
        fprintf(stderr,"Result of this division is as follows: %d\t",vagfol);
        exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
    }
}

```

```

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./error3
Result of this division is as follows: 15

```

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h> //it contains exit()function..
int main()
{
    int vajjo=45,vajok=0,vagfol;
    if(vajok==0)
    {
        fprintf(stderr,"Division by zero is not possible as it produce infinite. \n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    else
    {
        vagfol=vajjo/vajok;
        fprintf(stderr,"Result of this division is as follows: %d\t",vagfol);
        exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
    }
}

```

```

pi@raspberrypi:~/Amrita_C/operator $ ./error3
Division by zero is not possible as it produce infinite.

```