

# Package ‘amritaPackage’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Quasi-bootstrap association tests

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**Description** Provides quasi-bootstrap p-values for provided and user-provided tests.

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package.R’‘bootstrap\_fn.R’‘burden\_statistic\_fn.R’‘C\_fn.R’‘kernel\_statistic\_fn.R’‘kinship\_fn.R’‘mb\_statistic\_fn.R’‘p\_hat\_fn.R’‘quadratic\_kernel\_statistic\_fn.R’‘r\_hat\_fn.R’‘weight\_fn.R’

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amritaPackage-package    *The amritaPackage Package*

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## Description

Quasi-bootstrap association tests.

## Details

Package:    amritaPackage  
 Type:        Package  
 Version:    0.01-1  
 Date:        2013-10-19  
 Depends:    R (>= 2.10.0), kinship2, matrixcalc  
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Provides quasi-bootstrap p-values for provided and user-provided tests.

## Author(s)

Amrita Ray <amray@stanford.edu>

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bootstrap\_fn                      *Quasi-Bootstrap*

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## Description

Compute quasi-bootstrap pvalues for association statistics

## Usage

```
bootstrap_fn(N_bootstrap_reps, genotype, ped_object,
             test_statistic_fns, ...)
```

## Arguments

N\_bootstrap\_reps    is the number of bootstrap replications

genotype            is the genotype matrix

ped\_object          is the user input pedigree data

test\_statistic\_fns   is a list of test statistics. This includes the default list of three statistics (Burden, Kernel and Madsen-Browning), and any user specified statistic.

map\_object          is the user input mapfile of the markers

**Details**

This function returns a list of the observed statistics, number of bootstrap replications and the quasi-bootstrap pvalues. The quasi-bootstrap method can be applied to any genetic data with design (case control, pedigree) to compute association statistics and corresponding pvalues. The idea is to bootstrap from the decorrelated genotype matrix to circumvent the problem that subjects' genotypes at any marker may be correlated.

**Author(s)**

Ray and Gong

**Examples**

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
test_statistic_fns = list(
  burden = burden_statistic_fn,
  kernel = kernel_statistic_fn,
  mb = mb_statistic_fn)
print(bootstrap_fn(100, genotype, ped_object, test_statistic_fns, map_object))
```

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|                     |                                     |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| burden_statistic_fn | <i>Multi-locus Burden statistic</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function returns the multi-locus burden statistic

**Usage**

```
burden_statistic_fn(genotype, ped_object, Psi, p_hat,
  r_hat, map_object)
```

**Arguments**

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| genotype   | is the genotype matrix  |
| ped_object | is the user input pedigree data   |
| Psi        | is the matrix of twice kinship coefficients between a pair of individuals |
| p_hat      | is the vector of estimated minor allele frequency per marker              |
| r_hat      | is the matrix of estimated inter-marker correlation coefficients          |
| map_object | is the user input mapfile of the markers                                  |

**Burden**

pvalue

**Author(s)**

Ray and Gong

## Examples

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
Psi = 2*kinship_fn(ped_object)
p_hat = p_hat_fn(genotype)
r_hat=r_hat_fn(genotype)
print(burden_statistic_fn(genotype,ped_object, Psi, p_hat, r_hat, map_object))
```

---

C\_fn

*Denominator term for two default statistics: Multi-locus Burden and Linear Kernel.*

---

## Description

This function returns the value of  $c_s$  term that is part of the denominator for Burden and Kernel statistics.

## Usage

```
C_fn(map_object, p_hat, r_hat)
```

## Arguments

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| map_object | is the user input map file of all the markers where markers are rows and 4 columns: marker name, chromosome, base pair, user-specified weights. Internal weights as function of estimated minor allele frequency will be used if user has not specified weights. |
| p_hat      | is the estimated minor allele frequency per marker   |
| r_hat      | is the estimated inter-marker correlation coefficient matrix   |

## Author(s)

Ray and Gong

## Examples

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
p_hat = p_hat_fn(genotype)
r_hat=r_hat_fn(genotype)
print(C_fn(map_object,p_hat,r_hat))
```

---

kernel\_statistic\_fn     *Linear Kernel statistic*


---

**Description**

Computes linear kernel statistic and degrees of freedom

**Usage**

```
kernel_statistic_fn(genotype, ped_object, Psi, p_hat,
                    r_hat, map_object)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| genotype   | is the genotype matrix with individuals as rows and columns with marker genotypes as number of minor alleles.  |
| ped_object | is the user input pedigree data, where rows are individuals, and 6 columns as pedigree id, individual id, father id, mother id, gender, and affection status |
| Psi        | is the matrix of twice kinship coefficients between a pair of individuals  |
| p_hat      | is the vector of estimated minor allele frequency per marker   |
| r_hat      | is the matrix of estimated inter-marker correlation coefficients   |
| map_object | is the user input mapfile of the markers   |

**Details**

This function returns the linear Kernel statistic (Schaid et al.)

**Kernel**

Linear

**Author(s)**

Ray and Gong

**References**

Schaid (2013)- Ask Alice

**Examples**

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
Psi = 2*kinship_fn(ped_object)
p_hat = p_hat_fn(genotype)
r_hat=r_hat_fn(genotype)
print(kernel_statistic_fn(genotype,ped_object, Psi, p_hat, r_hat, map_object))
```

---

|            |                       |
|------------|-----------------------|
| kinship_fn | <i>Kinship matrix</i> |
|------------|-----------------------|

---

### Description

This function returns a matrix of the kinship coefficients of a pair of individuals

### Usage

```
kinship_fn(ped_object)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| ped_object | is the user input pedigree file. This file has individuals as rows, and 6 columns: family id, individual id, father id, mother id, gender, and affection status (0 = unaffected, 1 = affected, NA = missing). |
|------------|---|

### Examples

```
data(example_data)
kinship_object=kinship_fn(ped_object)
head(kinship_object)
```

---

|                 |                                  |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|
| mb_statistic_fn | <i>Madsen-Browning statistic</i> |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|

---

### Description

This function returns the multi-locus burden statistic

### Usage

```
mb_statistic_fn(genotype, ped_object, Psi, p_hat, r_hat,
  map_object)
```

### Arguments

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| genotype   | is the genotype matrix  |
| ped_object | is the user input pedigree data   |
| Psi        | is the matrix of twice kinship coefficients between a pair of individuals |
| p_hat      | is the vector of estimated minor allele frequency per marker              |
| r_hat      | is the matrix of estimated inter-marker correlation coefficients          |
| map_object | is the user input mapfile of the markers                                  |

### Author(s)

Ray and Gail

## References

Madsen and Browning (2009) "A Groupwise Association Test for Rare Mutations Using a Weighted Sum Statistic" PLoS Genet 5(2): e1000384

## Examples

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
Psi = 2*kinship_fn(ped_object)
p_hat = p_hat_fn(genotype)
r_hat=r_hat_fn(genotype)
print(mb_statistic_fn(genotype,ped_object, Psi, p_hat, r_hat, map_object))
```

---

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| p_hat_fn | <i>Minor allele frequency estimate</i> |
|----------|--|

---

## Description

This function returns the estimate of minor allele frequency for each marker.

## Usage

```
p_hat_fn(genotype, epsilon = 1e-04)
```

## Arguments

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| Genotype | is the user input genotype data with rows as individuals and columns as markers with number of minor alleles.   |
| epsilon  | is a small quantity, if the estimate is less or equal to 0 the function returns epsilon; if the estimate is greater or equal to 1 the function returns 1-epsilon. |

## Examples

```
data(example_data)
genotype=geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
p_hat_fn(genotype,epsilon)
```

---

|                               |                                   |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| quadratic_kernel_statistic_fn | <i>Quadratic Kernel statistic</i> |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|

---

## Description

Computes linear kernel statistic and degrees of freedom

## Usage

```
quadratic_kernel_statistic_fn(genotype, ped_object, Psi,
p_hat, r_hat, map_object)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| genotype   | is the genotype matrix with individuals as rows and columns with marker genotypes as number of minor alleles.  |
| ped_object | is the user input pedigree data, where rows are individuals, and 6 columns as pedigree id, individual id, father id, mother id, gender, and affection status |
| Psi        | is the matrix of twice kinship coefficients between a pair of individuals  |
| p_hat      | is the vector of estimated minor allele frequency per marker   |
| r_hat      | is the matrix of estimated inter-marker correlation coefficients   |
| map_object | is the user input mapfile of the markers   |

**Details**

This function returns the linear Kernel statistic (Schaid et al.)

**Kernel**

Linear

**Author(s)**

Ray and Gong

**References**

Schaid (2013)- Ask Alice

**Examples**

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
Psi = 2*kinship_fn(ped_object)
p_hat = p_hat_fn(genotype)
r_hat=r_hat_fn(genotype)
print(kernel_statistic_fn(genotype,ped_object, Psi, p_hat, r_hat, map_object))
```

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r\_hat\_fn

*Marker correlation*


---

**Description**

This function returns estimate of inter-marker correlation matrix.

**Usage**

```
r_hat_fn(genotype, epsilon = 1e-04)
```

**Arguments**

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| Genotype | is the user input genotype matrix.  |
| epsilon  | is a small quantity that is added or or subtracted from genotype depending on the number of minor alleles per marker. This adjustment #' is done so the genotypic variance at a marker is non-zero. |



**Examples**

```
data(example_data)
genotype=geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
print(r_hat_fn(genotype,epsilon))
```

---

|           |                |
|-----------|----------------|
| weight_fn | <i>Weights</i> |
|-----------|----------------|

---

**Description**

This function assigns weights per marker. Weight = user specified weight in the map file, else function of estimated minor allele frequency  $\hat{p}(1-\hat{p})^{-0.5}$

**Usage**

```
weight_fn(map_object, p_hat)
```

**Arguments**

|            |  |
|------------|--|
| map_object | Data frame of marker information that user inputs. This file has markers as rows and columns as name, chromosome, base pairs, user-specified weights. Internal weights as function of sample minor allele frequency will be used if user does not specify weights. |
| p_hat      | Estimate of minor allele frequency from the input genotype file.   |

**Examples**

```
data(example_data)
genotype = geno_object[,2:ncol(geno_object)]
p_hat = p_hat_fn(genotype)
print(weight_fn(map_object, p_hat))
```

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