Département Informatique, ENS Paris Saclay

TP 8 : Input/Output Redirection and Pipes

1 Review

In order to run shell commands on C, we use the <code>execlp</code> command. Download "execlp" to see how this function works.

- Add the following line after the execlp command. printf("Execlp successfully executed!\n"); What do you observe? Why does it happen? Check the manual to see if you can figure out.
- Use fork in order to correct this code. Hint: you will also need to use wait.
- Now, finally, write into the file "pingReader.txt" the input from the execlp. Hint: Use the dup2 command you saw in class.

2 Shady files

Download the file https://amritasuresh.github.io/teaching/TP8/obsf from the shell into an empty directory and run it. Two (empty) files should have appeared in your current directory. Delete them using only the command line.

Note: how are files identified in general?

3 Wrong program

Consider closed_pipe.c. The son is supposed to print the characters sent to him by the parent. Explain the error you see, and correct the program

4 Pipes and code replacement

- 1. Last week, we used exit signals to communicate between parent and child processes. Modify the code for simple.c from last week to use pipes instead.
- 2. Write a program (in C) that downloads the archive bootstrap.tar.gz (which can be found in https://amritasuresh.github.io/teaching/bootstrap.tar.gz), and unzips it without creating a temporary file. In other words, we want the command curl <url> | tar xz in C. The curl and tar programs will be called by execlp.

5 Buffered and Unbuffered output

Download the file buffered.c. What do you expect the output to be when you have a look? What is the actual output. Can you explain the discrepancy?

6 The function of Hénon

We will calculate the orbit of a dynamic system of dimension 2. The function of Hénon is described by the system

$$H_{a,b} = \begin{cases} x_{n+1} = a - by_n - x_n^2 \\ y_{n+1} = x_n. \end{cases}$$

We will use one process to calculate the sequence $(x_n)_n$ and another process to calculate the sequence $(y_n)_n$. The processes will exchange their data via one (or more) pipe (s).

- 1. First, in order to avoid having to set up a synchronization between the processes, we can use pauses sleep(1).
- 2. How to set up synchronization by signals?

Subsequently, we will also create a process dedicated to the exit: this process must write lines in the form 0.3415 1.2451 where the first number is x_n and the second y_n in a file henon.dat.

We can plot the function with the command gnuplot henon.p after having downloaded the script "hennon.p". The file henon.dat must be in the same folder as henon.p.

Observe the graph you get for values a = 1.4 et b = -0.3.