

## INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING CENTRAL CAMPUS, PULCHOWK

COMPUTER NETWORK

**LAB** #8

# VLAN Configuration, Forwarding Packets within VLAN and Routing packets between VLANs

**Submitted BY:**AMRIT PRASAD PHUYAL
Roll: PULL074BEX004

Submitted To: SHARAD KUMAR GHIMIRE Department of Electronics and Computer Engineering

### **Table of Contents**

1	Title	1			
2	Objective				
3	Requirement				
4	Procedure	1			
5	Exercises:	2			
	5.1 Question -1	2			
	5.2 Question -2	2			
	5.3 Question -3	2			
	5.4 Question -4	3			
	5.5 Question -5	3			
	5.5.1 Activities A	3			
	5.5.2 Activities B	13			
	5.5.3 Activities C	18			
	5.5.4 Activities D	25			
6	Conclusion	29			

### **List of Outputs**

Activi	Activities A						
A.2: Testing connectivity before configuring VLAN							
1	Ping from PC0 to PC1	4					
2	Ping from PC0 to PC2	4					
3	Ping from PC0 to PC3	5					
4	Ping from PC1 to PC2	5					
5	Ping from PC1 to PC3	5					
6	Ping from PC2 to PC3	5					
A.3 : C	reating VLAN						
7	Create VLAN in switch 0	6					
8	Create VLAN in switch 1	6					
A.4 : A	ssigning Interfaces to VLAN						
9	Assigning Interfaces to VLAN in Switch 1	6					
10	Assigning Interfaces to VLAN in Switch 0	6					
	esting connectivity after configuring VLAN						
11	Ping from PC0 to PC1	7					
12	Ping from PC0 to PC2	7					
13	Ping from PC0 to PC3	7 7					
14	Ping from PC1 to PC2						
15	Ping from PC1 to PC3	8					
16	Ping from PC2 to PC3	8					
A.8 : T	esting connectivity after interconnecting extra interface Between Switches						
17	Ping from PC0 to PC1	9					
18	Ping from PC0 to PC2	9					
19	Ping from PC0 to PC3	9					
20	Ping from PC1 to PC2	9					
21	Ping from PC1 to PC3	9					
22	Ping from PC2 to PC3	10					
A.12 : '	Testing connectivity after interconnecting 2 additional interface Between Switches						
23	Ping from PC0 to PC1	11					
24	8	11					
25		11					
26	0	11					
27	0	11					
28	Ping from PC2 to PC3	12					

Activi	Activities B					
A.1 : Configuring Trunk port in both switches						
29	Configure Fa 0/20 for trunk in switch 0	13				
30	Configure Fa 0/20 for trunk in switch 1	13				
B.2 : Te	esting connectivity after Configuring Trunk for Fa 0/20					
31	Ping from PC0 to PC1	13				
32	Ping from PC0 to PC2	14				
33	Ping from PC0 to PC3	14				
34	Ping from PC1 to PC2	14				
35	Ping from PC1 to PC3	14				
36	Ping from PC2 to PC3	15				
B.6 : Te	esting connectivity after connecting Switch 2					
37	Ping from PC0 to PC1	15				
38	Ping from PC0 to PC2	16				
39	Ping from PC0 to PC3	16				
40	Ping from PC1 to PC2	16				
41	Ping from PC1 to PC3	16				
42	Ping from PC2 to PC3	17				
Activi						
C 1 : To	esting connectivity after changing subnet mask to 255.255.255.192					
43	Ping from PC0 to PC1	19				
44	Ping from PC0 to PC2	19				
45	Ping from PC0 to PC3	19				
46	Ping from PC1 to PC2	19				
47	Ping from PC1 to PC3	20				
48	Ping from PC2 to PC3	20				
49	Assigning IP to interface 0/0 in Router 0	22				
50	Assigning IP to interface 0/1 in Router 0	22				
C.5 : To	esting connectivity after connecting Router 0					
51	Ping from PC0 to PC1	22				
52	Ping from PC0 to PC2	23				
53	Ping from PC0 to PC3	23				
54	Ping from PC1 to PC2	23				
55	Ping from PC1 to PC3	23				
56	Ping from PC2 to PC3	24				
<u> </u>	Co. D					
Activi	ties D					
57	Resetting all interface in Router 0	25				

58 59	Configuring Trunk port to Fa 0/21								
D.3: Testing connectivity after connecting Router 0 with sub interfaces									
60	Ping from PC0 to PC1	27							
61	Ping from PC0 to PC2	27							
62	Ping from PC0 to PC3	27							
63	Ping from PC1 to PC2	27							
64	Ping from PC1 to PC3	28							
65	Ping from PC2 to PC3	28							

### **List of Figures**

Activities A				
1	Network topology Lab 8A	4		
2	Network topology Lab 8A after interconnecting additional interface between Switch0 and Switch 1	8		
3	Network topology Lab 8A after interconnecting 2 additional interface between Switch0	O		
	and Switch 1	10		
Activi	ities B			
4	Network topology Lab 8B after configuring Trunk port	13		
5	Network topology Lab 8B after connecting Switch 2	15		
Activi	ities C			
6	Changing Subnet for Lab 8c in PC0 to 255.255.255.192 or /26	18		
7	Network topology Lab 8C	18		
8	Changing Changing Default gateway of PC0 to 200.1.1.1	20		
9 10	Changing Changing Default gateway of PC0 to 200.1.1.65	21 22		
10	replieng owner with reader in Zao ee T.			
Activi	ities D			
11	Network topology Lab 8D after removing all connection	25		
12	Network topology Lab 8D Connection after Trunk configuration	26		

### 1 Title

VLAN Configuration, Forwarding Packets within VLAN and Routing packets between VLANs

### 2 Objective

- To be familiar with VLAN and its use
- To create VLANs and deliver packets between computers that are within the same VLAN
- To route packets between computers at different VLANs

### 3 Requirement

• Network simulation tool: Packet Tracer

### 4 Procedure

With the help of Cisco Packet Tracer we simulated VLANs. we also explored the packet forwarding within VLAN and Routing them between VLANs.

### 5 Exercises:

### 5.1 Question -1

### What is VLAN? Explain its importance in networking.

Answer:

VLAN (Virtual LAN) divides broadcast domain in devices like Switch. In other terms its a technique to create a sub network of devices situated physically on different LANs.

The needs of VLAN in networking are as follows:

- Improve security as it limits access to devices and users.
- Improved manageability as it has feature to group devices and user with similar requirement or function
- Reduces overall IT cost as it eliminated the need of actual physical hardware and wires.

### 5.2 Question -2

### How VLAN can be configured? Explain each step in detail.

VLAN can be Configures in two steps:

### • Creating VLANs

```
Switch> enable
Switch# configure terminal
Switch(config)# vlan vlan_ID
Switch(config-vlan)# name Vlan_2
Switch(config-vlan)# end
Switch#
```

#### Assigning an Interface to Particular Vlan

```
Switch> enable
Switch# configure terminal
Switch(config)#interface FastEthernet0/11
Switch(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch(config-if)#end
Switch#
```

#### 5.3 Question -3

### How packets can be forwarded between computers within same VLAN but connected at different switches? Explain.

Answer:

Concept Trunk can be implemented if two devices on same VLAN but different Switches has to communicate. In trunk mode Trunking protocols include VLAN information in each frame transmitting through it. The receiving end forwards the packets to destination after deframing the VLAN info. This has been implemented and tested starting from **Activity B.1**.

Another Simpler method is to simply add extra interface corresponding to particular VLAN .This has been implemented and tested in **Activity A.7** 

### 5.4 Question -4

### How packets can be routed between computers at different VLANs? Explain.

Answer:

An Router can provide a viable solution to our problem as its primary task is to route the packets between different network or sub network like VLAN. Router can be connected in two ways . One is to separately connects interfaces connecting belonging to VLANs and other is to use trunk and sub interface technique to achieve similar functionality using single interface. These are Implemented in  $\boldsymbol{Activity}\;\boldsymbol{C}$  and  $\boldsymbol{D}$ 

Another Simpler method is to introduce 3<sup>rd</sup> Switch that simply connects the interfaces belonging to different VLAN.For this to work they must belong to same subnet.This has been implemented and tested in **Activity B.6** 

### 5.5 Question -5

Note down the results of each and step of above exercise also explain with reason.

#### 5.5.1 Activities A

A. Create the network topology as shown in figure 1 below and perform the following activities:

- 1. Connect the computers and switches as followings:
  - Connect PC0 and PC1 to interfaces FastEthernet 0/1 and FastEthernet 0/11 of switch0 respectively
  - Connect PC2 and PC3 to interfaces FastEthernet 0/1 and FastEthernet 0/11 of switch1 respectively
  - Connect interfaces FastEthernet 0/10 of Switch0 with FastEthernet 0/10 of Switch1
  - Assign IP address and subnet mask of computers as:
    - PC0: 200.1.1.2/24
    - PC1: 200.1.1.66/24
    - PC2: 200.1.1.3/24
    - PC3: 200.1.1.67/24

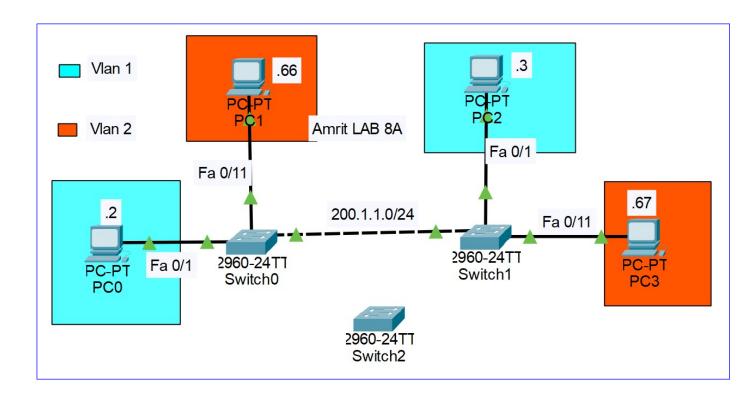


Figure 1: Network topology Lab 8A

### 2. Observe the result by testing the connectivity between each computers

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=8ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 8ms, Average = 2ms</pre>
```

Output 1: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 2: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms
```

Output 3: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 4: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 5: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 6: Ping from PC2 to PC3

#### 3. Create the VLAN 2 in both switches i.e. Switch0 and Switch1

```
Switch0>enable
Switch0#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch0(config)#vlan 2
Switch0(config-vlan)#name Vlan_2
Switch0(config-vlan)#end
Switch0#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Output 7: Create VLAN in switch 0

```
Switch1>enable
Switch1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch1(config)#vlan 2
Switch1(config-vlan)#name Vlan_2
Switch1(config-vlan)#end
Switch1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Output 8: Create VLAN in switch 1

### 4. Assign interfaces FastEthernet 0/11, 0/12, 0/13, 0/14 of both switches to VLAN 2

```
Switch1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/11
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#exit
Switch1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/12
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#exit
Switch1(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/13
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#exit
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch1(config-if)#end
Switch1#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
```

Output 9: Assigning Interfaces to VLAN in Switch 1

```
Switch0>enable
Switch0#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch0(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/11
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#exit
Switch0(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/12
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#exit
Switch0(config)#interface FastEthernet 0/13
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#exit
Switch0(config-if)#exit
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#switchport access vlan 2
Switch0(config-if)#configured from console by console
```

Output 10: Assigning Interfaces to VLAN in Switch 0

### 5. Observe the result by testing the connectivity between each computers

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 11: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 12: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 13: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 14: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 15: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 16: Ping from PC2 to PC3

- 6. Does the ping from PC1 to PC3 succeed? State reason.
- 7. Connect interface FastEthernet 0/12 of Switch0 with FastEthernet 0/12 of Switch1

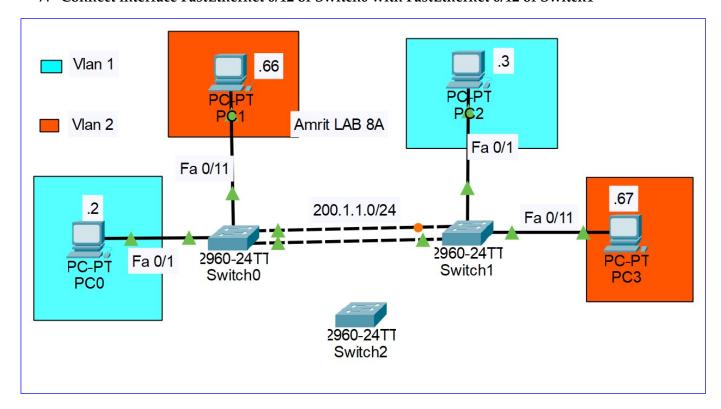


Figure 2: Network topology Lab 8A after interconnecting additional interface between Switch0 and Switch 1

8. Observe the result by testing the connectivity between each computers

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 17: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 1ms</pre>
```

Output 18: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 19: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 20: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 21: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 22: Ping from PC2 to PC3

- 9. Does the ping from PC1 to PC3 succeed? State reason.
- 10. Does the ping from PC0 to PC1 succeed? State reason.
- 11. Now connect interface FastEthernet 0/9 of Switch1 with FastEthernet 0/9 of Switch2 and FastEthernet 0/13 of Switch1 with FastEthernet 0/13 of Switch2

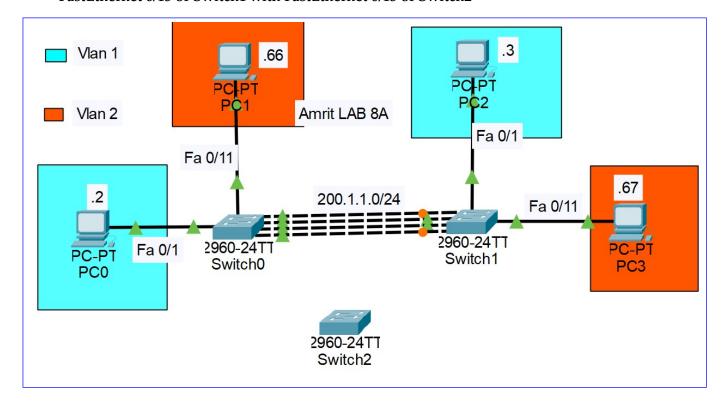


Figure 3: Network topology Lab 8A after interconnecting 2 additional interface between Switch0 and Switch 1

12. Observe the result by testing the connectivity between each computers

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 23: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 1ms</pre>
```

Output 24: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 25: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 26: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 27: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 28: Ping from PC2 to PC3

13. Does the ping from PC0 to PC1 succeed? State reason.

#### 5.5.2 Activities B

- B. From the above network topology remove all links between switches, and perform the followings:
  - 1. Configure interfaces FastEthernet0/20 of both switches Switch0 and Switch1 as Trunk port and establish connection between two switches using these ports

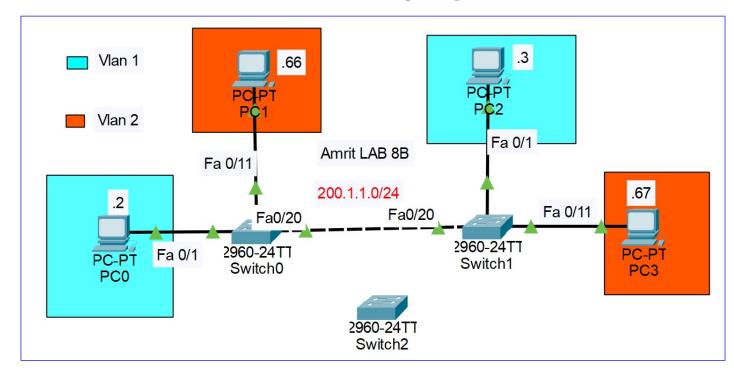


Figure 4: Network topology Lab 8B after configuring Trunk port

```
Switch0>enable

Switch0#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Switch0(config)#interface FastEthernet0/20
Switch0(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
```

Output 29: Configure Fa 0/20 for trunk in switch 0

```
Switch1>enable

Switch1#configure terminal

Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Switch1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/20

Switch1(config-if)#switchport mode trunk
```

Output 30: Configure Fa 0/20 for trunk in switch 1

2. Observe the result by testing the connectivity between each computers

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
```

```
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 31: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 32: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67
Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 33: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 34: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
```

```
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = Oms
```

Output 35: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 36: Ping from PC2 to PC3

- 3. Does the ping from PC0 to PC1 succeed? State reason
- 4. Does the ping from PC0 to PC2 succeed? State reason
- 5. Does the ping from PC1 to PC3 succeed? State reason
- 6. Interconnect two VLANs using another switch as: Connect interface FastEthernet0/9 of Switch1 with FastEthernet0/9 of Switch2 and FastEthernet0/13 of Switch1 with FastEthernet0/13 of Switch2 and repeat from ii to v

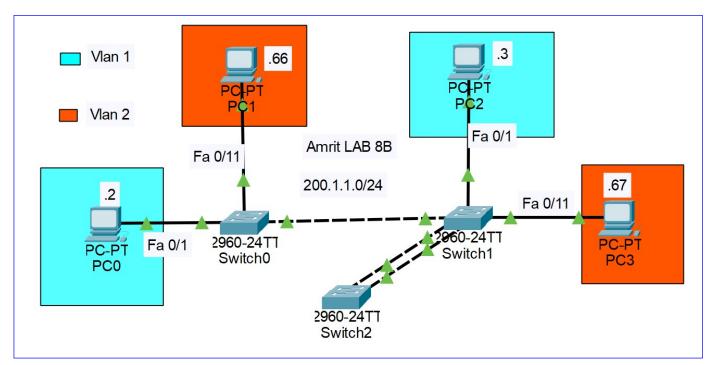


Figure 5: Network topology Lab 8B after connecting Switch 2

(a) Observe the result by testing the connectivity between each computers

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 37: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = Oms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = Oms</pre>
```

Output 38: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms</pre>
```

Output 39: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = Oms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = Oms</pre>
```

Output 40: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67
Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 41: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 42: Ping from PC2 to PC3

- (b) Does the ping from PC0 to PC1 succeed? State reason
- (c) Does the ping from PC0 to PC2 succeed? State reason
- (d) Does the ping from PC1 to PC3 succeed? State reason
- 7. Compare the current configuration with above

#### 5.5.3 Activities C

C. From the above condition of question no. 2, change the subnet mask to 255.255.255.192, and perform the followings:

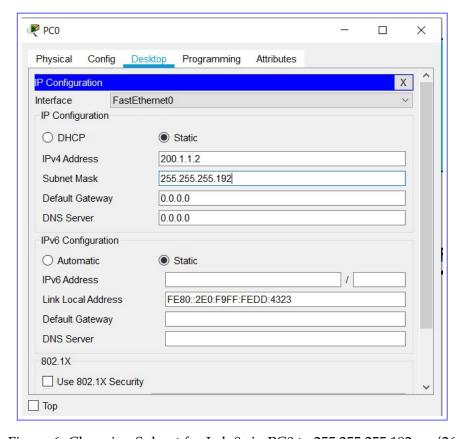


Figure 6: Changing Subnet for Lab 8c in PC0 to 255.255.255.192 or  $\sqrt{26}$ 

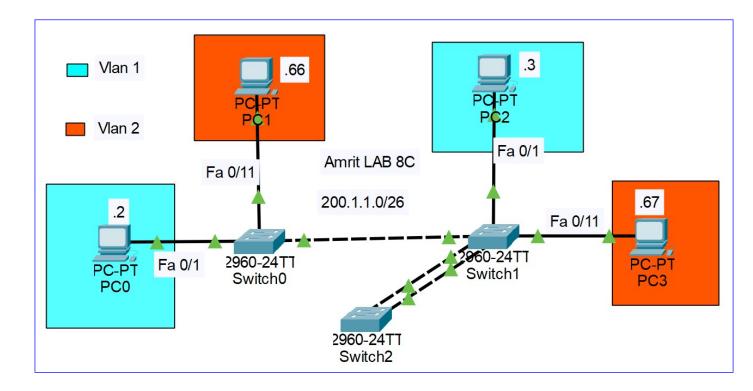


Figure 7: Network topology Lab 8C

1. Test the connectivity from each computer to another computer. Does ping succeed in all cases? State reason

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 43: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 1ms</pre>
```

Output 44: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 45: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 46: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 47: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),
```

Output 48: Ping from PC2 to PC3

2. Now the different computers became on different networks, so routing is necessary to forward packets between networks. For this set default gateway of PC0 and PC2 as 200.1.1.1. Similarly the default gateway of PC1 and PC3 as 200.1.1.65.

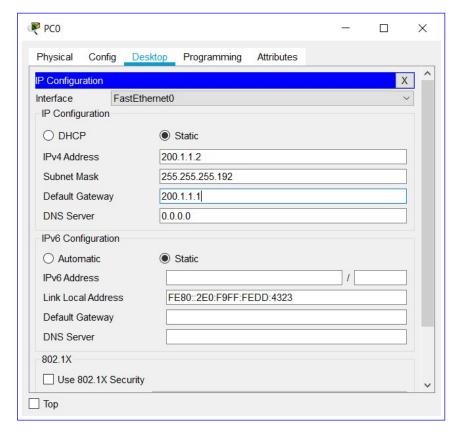


Figure 8: Changing Changing Default gateway of PC0 to 200.1.1.1

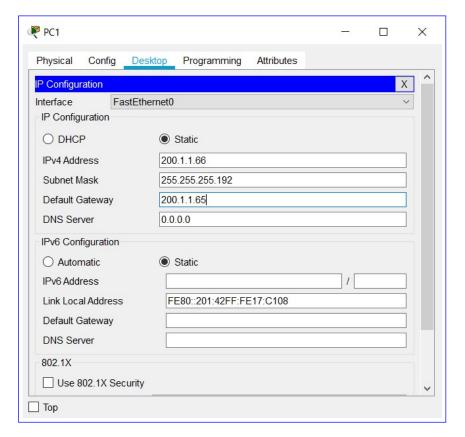


Figure 9: Changing Changing Default gateway of PC0 to 200.1.1.65

- 3. Replace Switch2 with a router as Router0 as shown in Figure2 below.
- 4. Connect interface FastEthernet0/8 of Switch1 to GigabitEthernet0/0 of Router0 having IP Address of 200.1.1.1/26, similarly connect interface FastEthernet0/14 of Switch1 to GigabitEthernet0/1 of Router0 having IP Address of 200.1.1.65/26

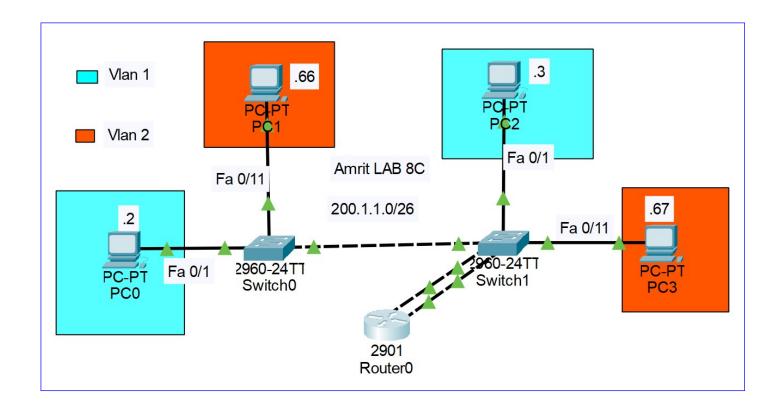


Figure 10: Replacing Switch with Router in Lab 8C

```
Router*>enable
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.1.1.1 255.255.255.192
Router(config-if)#no shutdown

%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up

%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to up
```

Output 49: Assigning IP to interface 0/0 in Router 0

```
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet0/1
Router(config-if)#ip address 200.1.1.65 255.255.255.192
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface GigabitEthernet0/1, changed
state to up
```

Output 50: Assigning IP to interface 0/1 in Router 0

5. Again test the connectivity from each computer to another computer. Does ping succeed in all cases? State reason

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 51: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = Oms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = Oms</pre>
```

Output 52: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms</pre>
```

Output 53: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 54: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128</pre>
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 55: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 56: Ping from PC2 to PC3

#### 5.5.4 Activities D

D. There are still more than one connections from switch to router. Remove all links between Switch1 and Router0. Also reset the IP addresses of all interfaces of router and perform the followings:

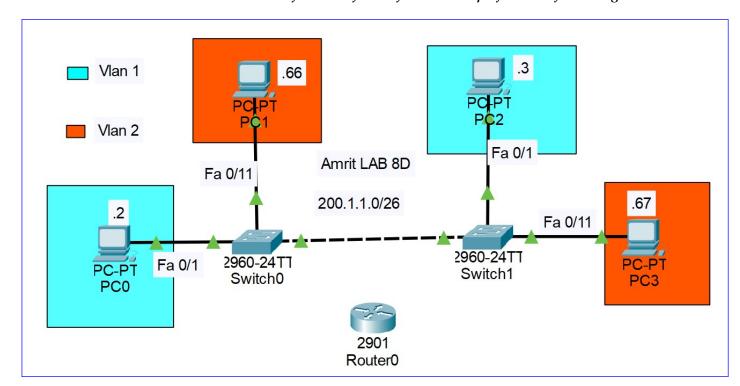


Figure 11: Network topology Lab 8D after removing all connection

```
Router > enable
Router # configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.

Router (config) # interface GigabitEthernet0/0
Router (config) # interface GigabitEthernet0/0
Router (config-if) # no ip address 200.1.1.1 255.255.255.192
Router (config-if) # shutdown
Router (config-if) #
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0, changed state to administratively down

Router (config-if) # exit
Router (config-if) # exit
Router (config-if) # no ip address 200.1.1.65 255.255.255.192
Router (config-if) # shutdown
Router (config-if) # shutdown
Router (config-if) # Shutdown
Router (config-if) # Moderneto CigabitEthernet0/1, changed state to administratively down
```

Output 57: Resetting all interface in Router 0

1. Configure interfaces FastEthernet0/21 of Switch1 as Trunk port and establish connection to the GigabitEthernet0/0 interface of Router0

```
Switch1 >enable
Switch1#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands , one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Switch1(config)#interface FastEthernet0/21
```

### Switch1(config -if)#switchport mode trunk

Output 58: Configuring Trunk port to Fa 0/21

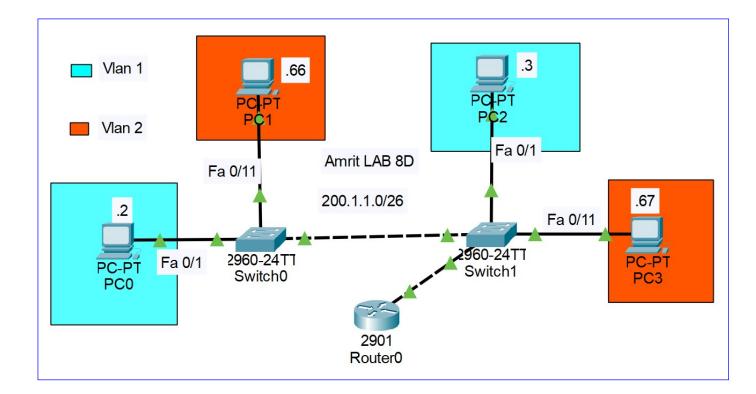


Figure 12: Network topology Lab 8D Connection after Trunk configuration

### 2. Now configure sub-interfaces as:

```
Router0>
Router0>enable
Router0#
Router0(#config t
Router0(config)#
Router0(config)#interface gigabitethernet 0/0.1
Router0(config-subif)#
Router0(config-subif)#encapsulation dot1Q [VLAN ID i.e. 1 or 2]
Router0(config-subif)#
Router0(config-subif)#ip address 200.1.1.1 255.255.255.192
```

Similarly configure another sub-interface as GigabitEthernet0/0.2 on same physical interface for another VLAN with IP address of 200.1.1.65/26. And finally activate this physical interface by using no shutdown command.

```
Router > enable
Router # config terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router (config) # interface GigabitEthernet 0/0.1
Router (config - subif) # encapsulation dot1Q 1
Router (config - subif) # ip address 200.1.1.1 255.255.255.192
Router (config - subif) # exit
Router (config) # interface GigabitEthernet 0/0.2
Router (config - subif) # encapsulation dot1Q 2
Router (config - subif) # ip address 200.1.1.65 255.255.255.192
```

```
Router(config-subif)#exit
Router(config)#interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#no shutdown
Router(config-if)#exit
Router(config)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface GigabitEthernet0/0.2, changed state to up
```

Output 59: Configuring Sub-interfaces 0/0.1 and 0/0.2 and activate

3. Again test the connectivity from each computer to another computer. Does ping succeed in all cases? State reason

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.66

Pinging 200.1.1.66 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.66: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.66:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 60: Ping from PC0 to PC1

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 61: Ping from PC0 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 1ms
```

Output 62: Ping from PC0 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.3

Pinging 200.1.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:
```

```
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.3:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms
```

Output 63: Ping from PC1 to PC2

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 64: Ping from PC1 to PC3

```
C:\>ping 200.1.1.67

Pinging 200.1.1.67 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=128
Reply from 200.1.1.67: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=128

Ping statistics for 200.1.1.67:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Output 65: Ping from PC2 to PC3

4. Compare this configuration with previous (i.e. in question no 3).

### 6 Conclusion