

Volatility Trading using Machine Learning

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Problem Statement

- Predict the volatility of the S&P 500 index
- Compare predicted volatility levels over a specified time horizon with market implied volatility and select a portfolio of options + index to capture movements in the premium

Benchmark: GARCH (1,1)

- Use GARCH(1,1) estimates of realized volatility
- Backtest trading strategy as benchmark return


ML Application for Volatility Prediction


- Multiple neural networks (e.g., Jordan Neural Network) demonstrate superiority to GARCH(1,1) models

Trading Strategy

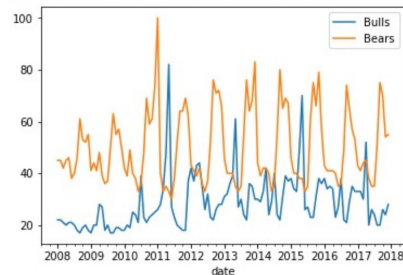
- Trade S&P options based on forecast volatility
- Ex: Expected premium contraction, short option and delta-hedge with daily rebalancing

- Technical/Price data
- Source: Bloomberg
- Usage: Technical Indicators based on OHLC Data.

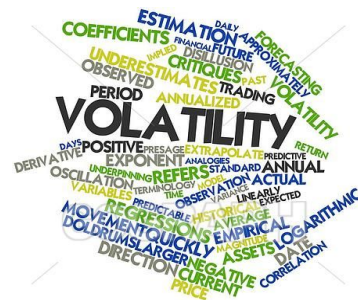
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- Google Trends
- Source: Google Trends API
 - Usage: Word count occurrence in searches

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- Implied Volatility
- Source: Option Metrics
 - Usage: Trading Backtester

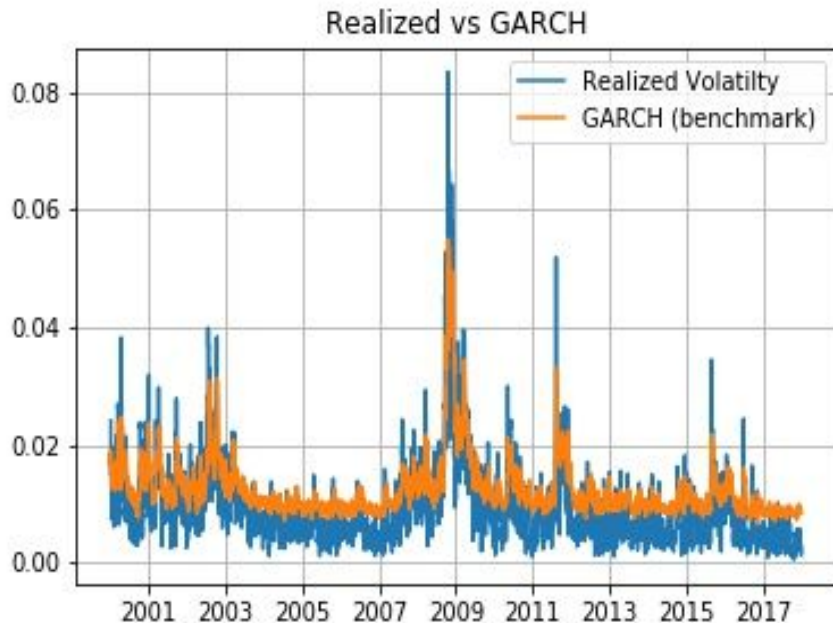
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- News Headlines
- Source: Scraping
 - Usage: NLP



Historical Volatility	Implied Volatility
<p>Look back in time to show where volatility has been in the past.</p> <p>*****</p>	<p>Traders view of expected future volatility based on current option prices.</p> <p>*****</p>
Shows expected trading range of market	Indicator of the current sentiment of the market



Benchmark



- Volatility has various characteristics:
 - Clustering
 - Asymmetry
 - Regimes Behaviour
 - Long-Term Memory
- GARCH(1,1) model is parsimonious and captures the clustering pretty well. However the asymmetric and regimes behaviour isn't described desirably. The decay of the coefficient on older lags also leads to a loss of long-term memory.
- Neural Networks and other ML algorithms have the ability to capture the missing aspects. They are particularly flexible as information apart from price returns can also be incorporated.