Amro Elbahrawy
410221760
COMP 6481
Assignment 1

Part 1:
(a) influt: the imput text (string) P, t, (char)
out Put: encrypted text (string)

for loop (i=0 to length of P) {

C = P[i] +(k+i)(mod 3)

Print C

b) input: ( (string), k (char)
output: original text p

P= C[i] - (k+i) (mods)

Print P

c) Time complexity is O(n) for both algorithms.

d) space complexity is also och

```
(22)
Infut: Array of integers As int X
outputs two ints, suma, sumL
int sama, sum
 for loop(i=0, (< A.length(), i++)}
       3(x C [1] A) 31
        add ALII to SUMGI 3
      if (AEi] < x) {
add AEi] to Suml }
  Print suma, sum L
 a) time complexity is O(n)
 b) space complexity is also O(n)
  because of array storage.
 @3) Input = Sorted array A, int X
output = SumG, SumL
current = middle index
        Unile(A [current] = x){
         carrient = Floor (current + (A-length /2))
       If (A Ecurrent ) > X) {
         loop ( ) = 0 , Accurrent ) {
          add A[i] to sum L, continue if Aci] = X
          100P (K=corrent; K< Alongth) {
           add ACK) to Sum G
```

G3 cont. Ise is (Accurrent) < x) { loop( i=0; i < current +1) {
add A[i] to sum L 100P (j=(Gurrent+1); j < A. length) {
add A [i] fo Sum Go continue it equal Print sumG, sum Ls a) it would be O(nlog(n)) in the worst case, because we are Searching and summing. The search can take log(n) in the werst case b) space complexity is GCn)

Q4) imput: Array of ints A output: A madified if (Alength is odd) mid = Sloor (Alength/2) else mid = (length/2) for (inti=0; i < mid-1) { temp = A[i]; A[i] A = Ei]A Aci+1] = temp; if (Alength is odd) Mid+4; Lor(i = mid; i < Alength -1) { A [ [ 4 ] = A [ 7] A A [ (4 ] ]; return A; b) Time complexity is O(n) because both loops traverse only half of the gray e) space complexity is O(n) since the array and 2 more constants are required to store data.