

```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pylab as pylab
import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [2]: #Data Prepration
import re
```

```
In [3]: sentences = """We are about to study the idea of a computational process.
Computational processes are abstract beings that inhabit computers.
As they evolve, processes manipulate other abstract things called data.
The evolution of a process is directed by a pattern of rules
called a program. People create programs to direct processes. In effect,
we conjure the spirits of the computer with our spells."""
```

### Clean Data

```
In [4]: # remove special characters
sentences = re.sub('[^A-Za-z0-9]+', ' ', sentences)

# remove 1 letter words
sentences = re.sub(r'(?:\w{1})\w{2,}', ' ', sentences).strip()

# lower all characters
sentences = sentences.lower()
```

### Vocabulary

```
In [5]: words = sentences.split()
vocab = set(words)
```

```
In [6]: vocab_size = len(vocab)
embed_dim = 10
context_size = 2
```

### Implementation

```
In [7]: word_to_ix = {word: i for i, word in enumerate(vocab)}
ix_to_word = {i: word for i, word in enumerate(vocab)}
```

### Data bags

```
In [8]: # data - [(context), target]

data = []
for i in range(2, len(words) - 2):
    context = [words[i - 2], words[i - 1], words[i + 1], words[i + 2]]
    target = words[i]
    data.append((context, target))
print(data[:5])
```

```
[(['we', 'are', 'to', 'study'], 'about'), (['are', 'about', 'study', 'the'], 't  
o'), (['about', 'to', 'the', 'idea'], 'study'), (['to', 'study', 'idea', 'of'],  
'the'), (['study', 'the', 'of', 'computational'], 'idea')]
```

Embeddings

```
In [9]: embeddings = np.random.random_sample((vocab_size, embed_dim))
```

Linear Model

```
In [10]: def linear(m, theta):  
         w = theta  
         return m.dot(w)
```

Log softmax + NLLloss = Cross Entropy

```
In [11]: def log_softmax(x):  
         e_x = np.exp(x - np.max(x))  
         return np.log(e_x / e_x.sum())
```

```
In [12]: def NLLLoss(logs, targets):  
         out = logs[range(len(targets)), targets]  
         return -out.sum()/len(out)
```

```
In [13]: def log_softmax_crossentropy_with_logits(logits, target):  
  
         out = np.zeros_like(logits)  
         out[np.arange(len(logits)), target] = 1  
  
         softmax = np.exp(logits) / np.exp(logits).sum(axis=-1, keepdims=True)  
  
         return (- out + softmax) / logits.shape[0]
```

Forward function

```
In [14]: def forward(context_idxs, theta):  
         m = embeddings[context_idxs].reshape(1, -1)  
         n = linear(m, theta)  
         o = log_softmax(n)  
  
         return m, n, o
```

Backward function

```
In [15]: def backward(preds, theta, target_idxs):  
         m, n, o = preds  
  
         dlog = log_softmax_crossentropy_with_logits(n, target_idxs)  
         dw = m.T.dot(dlog)  
  
         return dw
```

Optimize function

```
In [16]: def optimize(theta, grad, lr=0.03):  
         theta -= grad * lr
```

```
return theta
```

## Training

```
In [17]: #Generate training data
```

```
theta = np.random.uniform(-1, 1, (2 * context_size * embed_dim, vocab_size))
```

```
In [18]: epoch_losses = {}
```

```
for epoch in range(80):

    losses = []

    for context, target in data:
        context_idxs = np.array([word_to_ix[w] for w in context])
        preds = forward(context_idxs, theta)

        target_idxs = np.array([word_to_ix[target]])
        loss = NLLLoss(preds[-1], target_idxs)

        losses.append(loss)

    grad = backward(preds, theta, target_idxs)
    theta = optimize(theta, grad, lr=0.03)

    epoch_losses[epoch] = losses
```

## Analyze

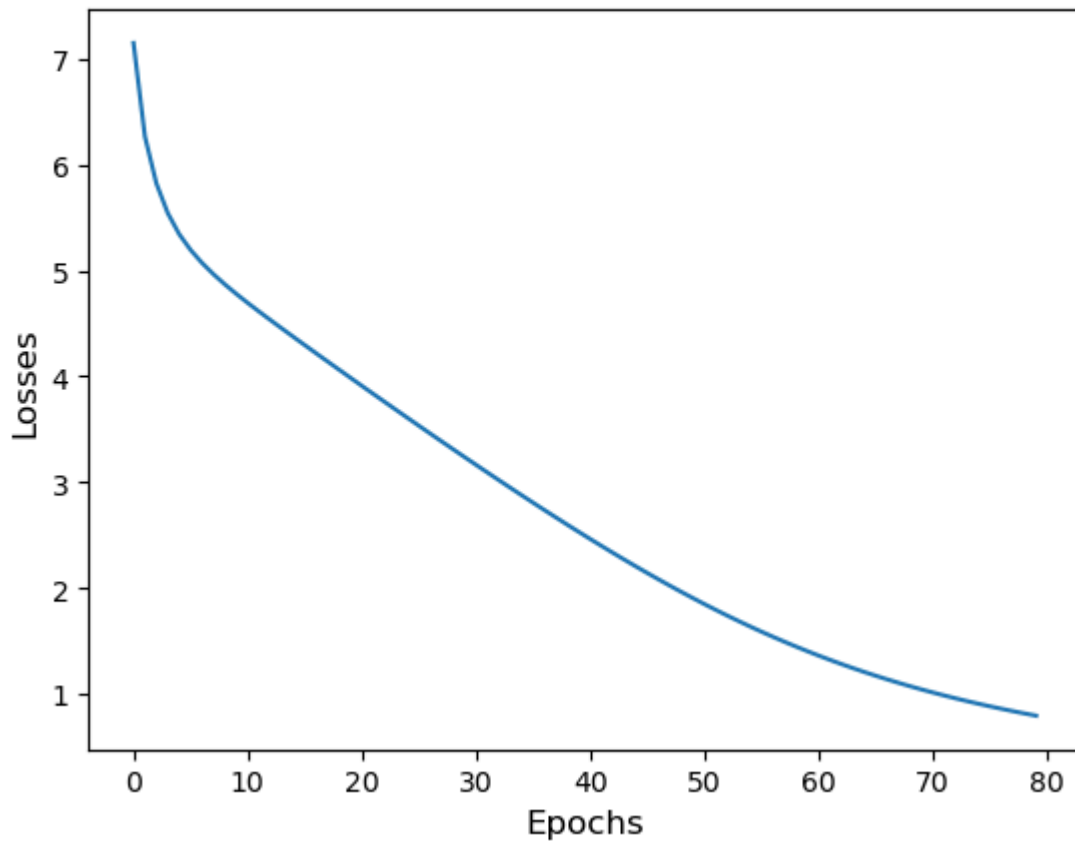
### Plot loss/epoch

```
In [19]: ix = np.arange(0,80)
```

```
fig = plt.figure()
fig.suptitle('Epoch/Losses', fontsize=20)
plt.plot(ix,[epoch_losses[i][0] for i in ix])
plt.xlabel('Epochs', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Losses', fontsize=12)
```

```
Out[19]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Losses')
```

# Epoch/Losses



Predict function

```
In [20]: def predict(words):  
        context_idx = np.array([word_to_ix[w] for w in words])  
        preds = forward(context_idx, theta)  
        word = ix_to_word[np.argmax(preds[-1])]  
  
        return word
```

```
In [21]: # (['we', 'are', 'to', 'study'], 'about')  
        predict(['we', 'are', 'to', 'study'])
```

Out[21]: 'about'

Accuracy

```
In [22]: def accuracy():  
        wrong = 0  
  
        for context, target in data:  
            if(predict(context) != target):  
                wrong += 1  
  
        return (1 - (wrong / len(data)))
```

```
In [23]: accuracy()
```

Out[23]: 1.0

```
In [24]: predict(['processes', 'manipulate', 'things', 'study'])
```

```
Out[24]: 'other'
```