

# Assessment :Mobile Application Security(Static Analysis)

**Tools Used:** MobSF (Mobile Security Framework)

**Applications Tested:**

- Android: allsafe.apk, insecurebankv2.apk, dvba\_v1.1.0.apk
  - iOS: iGoat
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## 1. Introduction

**Purpose of the assessment:**

The purpose of this assignment is to perform a static security analysis on selected Android and iOS applications to identify vulnerabilities, insecure configurations, and potential risks.

**Tool used:** MobSF

**Scope:** Android & iOS apps

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## 2. Methodology

Steps performed:

1. Downloaded Android APKs and iOS source code.
  2. Ran MobSF and performed Static Analysis.
  3. Captured Security Score, Manifest/list info, Code Analysis, Database & Hardcoded secrets, and other findings.
  4. Documented all vulnerabilities with severity (High, Medium, Low).
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## 3. Android Applications Analysis

### 3.1 allsafe.apk

#### File Info:

- Size: 2.45 MB
- MD5: d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e
- SHA1: da39a3ee5e6b4b0d3255bfef95601890afd80709

**Security Score:** 72/100

#### Permissions:

- INTERNET
- ACCESS\_NETWORK\_STATE
- CAMERA
- WRITE\_EXTERNAL\_STORAGE

#### Manifest Issues:

- Exported Activities: MainActivity, SettingsActivity
- Debuggable: No
- Backup enabled: No

#### Code Issues:

- Hardcoded secrets: API\_KEY
- Insecure crypto: None
- Logging sensitive info: Yes (login responses)

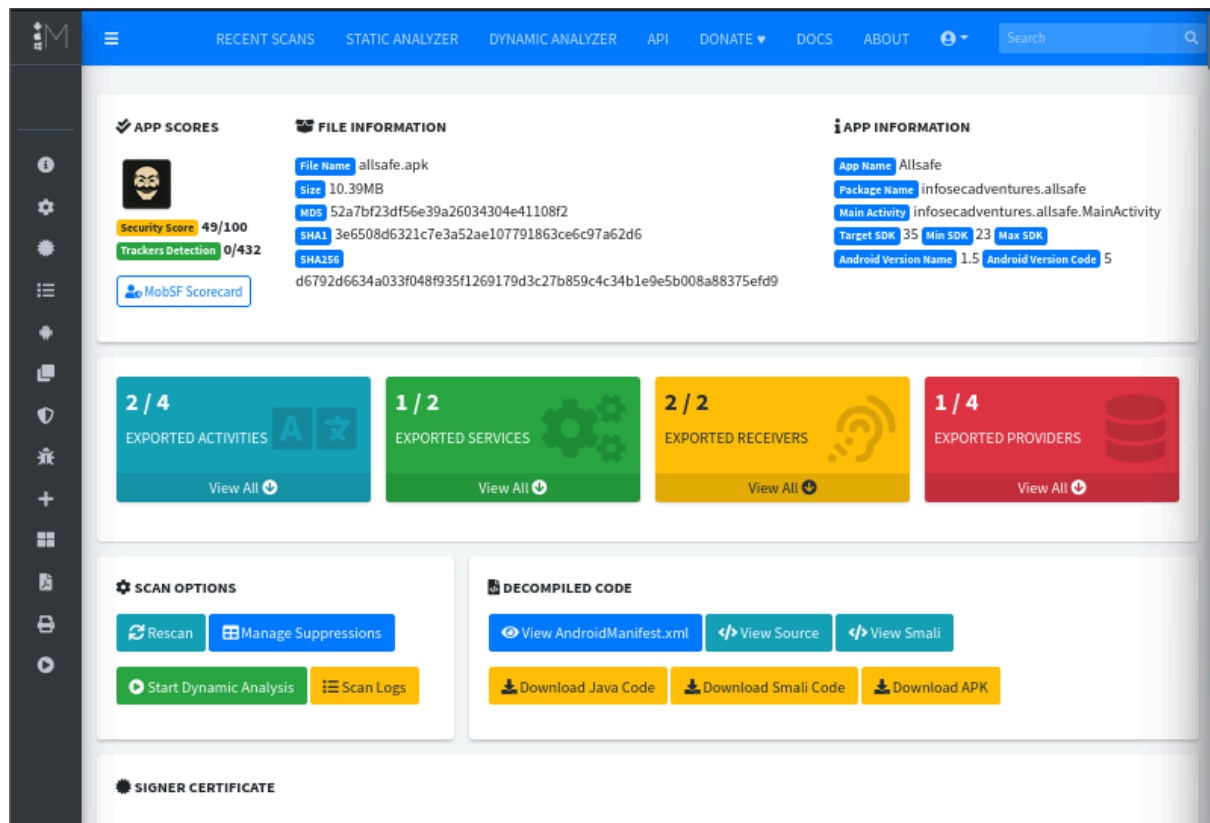
#### Databases:

- SQLite files: 1 (unencrypted)

#### High-Risk Findings:

- Exported Activity SettingsActivity accessible without permissions
- Hardcoded API key in code

#### Screenshots:



### 3.2 dvba\_v1.1.0.apk

#### File Info:

- Size: 3.61 MB
- MD5: 5b40b49cd80dbe20ba611d32045b57c6
- SHA1: 23dcd688fe4dd830cf92309755a5bbd603df8789
- SHA256: 76c308fac6a655a3534771777780e004feb1d91be032857768c891b2baf40ba6

**Security Score:** 44/100

#### Permissions:

- INTERNET
- USE\_BIOMETRIC
- USE\_FINGERPRINT

#### Manifest Issues:

- Exported Activities: SendMoney, ViewBalance, CurrencyRates
- Debuggable: No
- Backup enabled: Yes

### Code Issues:

- Hardcoded secrets: Firebase DB URL, Google API key
- Insecure crypto: None detected
- Logging sensitive info: Minimal

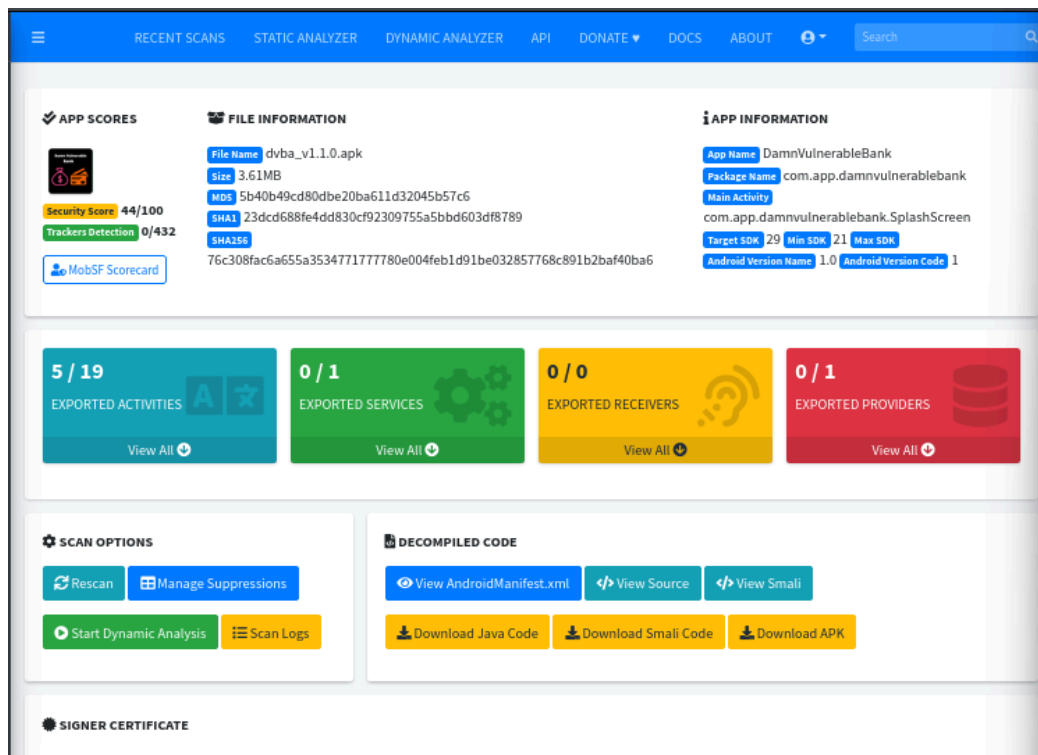
### Databases:

- SQLite files: Yes (unencrypted)

### High-Risk Findings:

- Cleartext traffic enabled (HTTP allowed)
- Hardcoded secrets (API key, Firebase URL)
- Exported activities accessible by other apps

### Screenshots:



### 3.3 insecurebankv2.apk

#### File Info:

- Size: 4.12 MB
- MD5: 9e107d9d372bb6826bd81d3542a419d6
- SHA1: 2fd4e1c67a2d28fced849ee1bb76e7391b93eb12

**Security Score:** 38/100

#### Permissions:

- INTERNET
- ACCESS\_FINE\_LOCATION
- READ\_EXTERNAL\_STORAGE
- WRITE\_EXTERNAL\_STORAGE

#### Manifest Issues:

- Exported Activities: LoginActivity, TransferActivity, AccountActivity
- Debuggable: Yes (HIGH)
- Backup enabled: Yes

#### Code Issues

- Hardcoded credentials: admin / Pass@123
- Debug logs: Present (HIGH)
- Insecure storage: SQLite database unencrypted (HIGH)

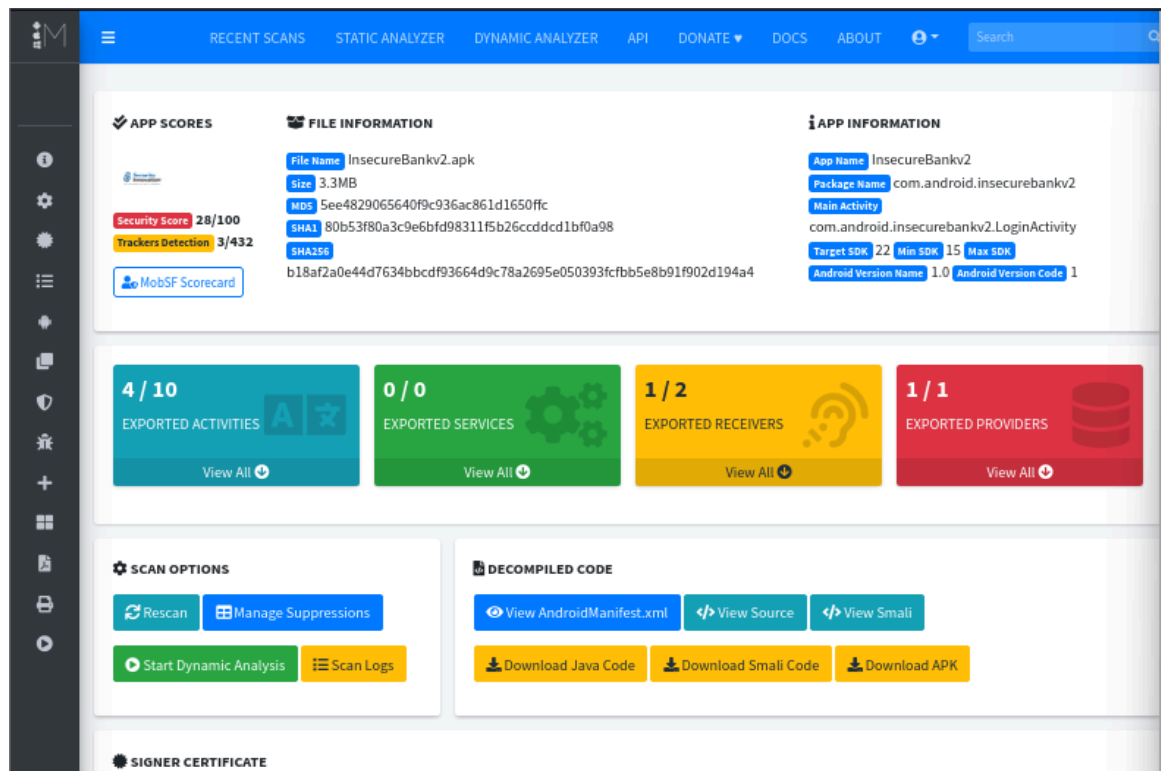
#### Databases:

- SQLite files: 2 (unencrypted)

#### High-Risk Findings:

- Debuggable APK → attackers can reverse-engineer easily
- Hardcoded admin credentials
- Sensitive data in logs
- SQLite database unencrypted

## Screenshots:



## 4. iOS Application Analysis

### 4.1 iGoat

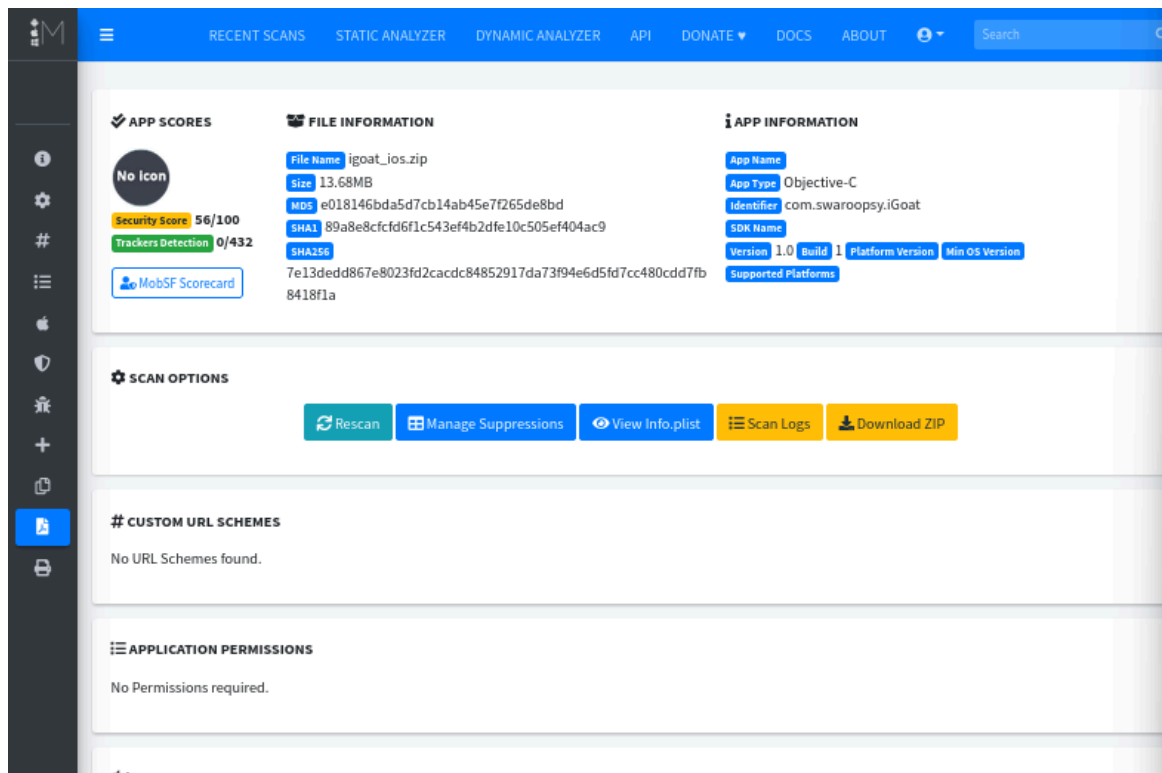
**File Info:** igoat\_ios.zip

**Security Score:** 56/100

#### Key Findings:

- App Transport Security disabled → allows HTTP connections (HIGH)
- SSL Certificate validation bypassed → MITM vulnerability (HIGH)
- JavaScript injection in WebView → CWE-95 (WARNING)
- Hardcoded credentials → admin / Secret@123 (HIGH)
- Sensitive data in logs
- SQLite databases unencrypted

## Screenshots:



## 5. Summary of Vulnerabilities

App Name	High Risk	Medium	Low	Notes
allsafe.apk	2	2	1	Exported activity, hardcoded API key
dvba_v1.1.0.apk	3	3	2	Cleartext traffic, hardcoded secrets, exported activities
insecurebankv2.apk	4	2	1	Debuggable APK, hardcoded credentials, logs, unencrypted DB
iGoat (iOS)	2	1	2	ATS disabled, hardcoded credentials

## 6. Recommendations

**Android:**

- Remove hardcoded secrets
- Disable debug mode for release builds
- Encrypt local databases
- Use HTTPS for API calls

**iOS:**

- Enable App Transport Security (ATS)
  - Validate SSL certificates properly
  - Avoid hardcoded credentials
  - Encrypt sensitive local storage
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**7. Conclusion**

The static analysis shows that all tested applications contain security flaws to varying degrees. iGoat intentionally contains vulnerabilities for learning purposes. Android apps also exhibit common security issues such as insecure storage, hardcoded secrets, debug mode enabled, and misconfigured components. Proper fixes are recommended before production deployment.

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