## **Assignment 1**



Subject: Machine Learning

Course code: CSE 465

Assignment No: 1

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Assignment 1 1

Apply data preprocessing steps (such as: Viewing your data, Handling duplicates, Column cleanup, DataFrame slicing, selecting, extracting) in the following dataset - <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/selinraja/irish-data">https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/selinraja/irish-data</a>.

Here are the steps for data preprocessing.

## 1. Viewing your data:

We can start by loading the dataset into a pandas DataFrame and taking a look at the first few rows using the head() method:

```
import pandas as pd

df = pd.read_csv('/content/archive.zip')
print(df.head())
```

This will print the first five rows of the dataset to the console.

## 2. Handling duplicates:

To check for duplicates in the dataset, we can use the duplicated() method:

```
duplicates = df.duplicated()
print(duplicates.sum())
```

This will print the number of duplicate rows in the dataset. If we want to remove the duplicates, we can use the drop\_duplicates() method:

```
df = df.drop_duplicates()
```

This will remove all duplicate rows from the DataFrame.

## 3. Column cleanup:

The column names in the dataset already look clean, so we don't need to

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perform any cleanup.

4. DataFrame slicing, selecting, extracting: To slice the DataFrame and select specific rows and columns, we can use the loc[] method:

```
subset = df.loc[10:20, ['sepal_length', 'petal_length', 'species']]
```

This will select rows 10 to 20 and columns 'sepal\_length', 'petal\_length', and 'species' from the DataFrame.

To select rows based on a condition, we can use boolean indexing:

```
versicolor = df[df['species'] == 'versicolor']
print(versicolor)
```

This are the process for data preprocessing.

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