lab-07-simpsons.Rmd

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Packages

library(tidyverse)
library(mosaicData)

Exercises

1.

?Whickham

Your answer: The data is observational as the description states that is based on age, smoking, and mortality, which are all observable events and not produced via experiments 2.

nrow(Whickham)

[1] 1314

Your answer; there are 1314 observation, as we know evry row is an observation 3.

names (Whickham)

[1] "outcome" "smoker" "age"

Your answer:

there are 3 variables "outcome", smoker and "age"

unique(Whickham\$outcome)

[1] Alive Dead
Levels: Alive Dead

Your answer: Using the unique() function on the 3 variables we could see that "outcome" only takes Alive or Dead value, which makes it categorical non-ordinal. "smoker" only takes Yes or No, which also makes it categorical non-ordinal. Age is numerical continuous data.

unique(Whickham\$outcome)

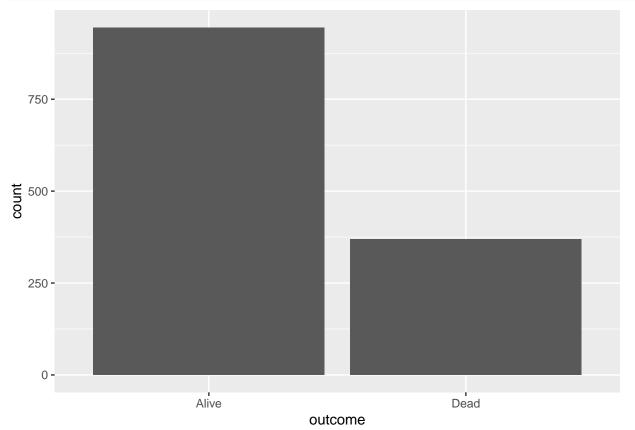
[1] Alive Dead
Levels: Alive Dead
unique(Whickham\$smoker)

[1] Yes No
Levels: No Yes
unique(Whickham\$age)

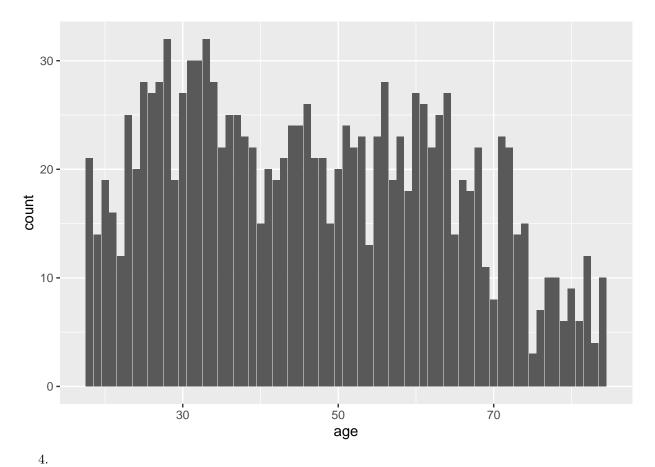
[1] 23 18 71 67 64 38 45 76 28 27 34 20 72 48 66 30 33 68 61 43 47 22 39 80 59

```
## [26] 56 62 51 32 60 37 36 50 55 73 52 25 53 31 54 69 79 75 21 29 24 26 49 84 40 ## [51] 44 74 46 35 77 57 42 81 19 63 78 83 82 70 58 41 65
```

```
ggplot(Whickham, aes(x = outcome)) +
geom_bar()
```



ggplot(Whickham, aes(x = age)) +
geom_bar()



Knit, commit, and push to github.

5.

Whickham %>% count(smoker, outcome)

smoker outcome ## 1 No Alive 502 ## 2 No Dead 230 ## 3 Yes Alive 443 ## 4 Yes Dead 139 6. 7.

Knit, commit, and push to github.