

# **A Couple More Practice Problems**

## **Concepts of Programming Languages**

# S-Combinator

$$\{x : \tau_1, y : \tau_2\} \vdash \lambda z^{\top}. xz(yz) : \top \rightarrow \top$$

Determine types  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$  such that the above judgment is derivable in STLC, then given the derivation. Are there multiple choices for  $\tau_1$  and  $\tau_2$ ? If so, give another choice and justify your answer

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \bullet : \top}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : \tau \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma \vdash \lambda x^\tau. e : \tau \rightarrow \tau'}$$

$$\frac{(x : \tau) \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash x : \tau}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash e_1 : \tau \rightarrow \tau' \quad \Gamma \vdash e_2 : \tau}{\Gamma \vdash e_1 e_2 : \tau'}$$

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$$\frac{e_1 \rightarrow e'_1}{e_1 e_2 \rightarrow e'_1 e_2} \quad \frac{}{(\lambda x . e) e' \rightarrow [e'/x]e}$$

small-step call-by-name

# CBN vs. CBV (Part 2)

Let  $e^k$  be the untyped  $\lambda$ -calculus expression

$$\overbrace{(\lambda x . x) \dots (\lambda x . x)}^{k \text{ times}}$$

How many steps does it take to evaluate  $e^k$  using CBN and CBV? What is its value?

Using this expression, determine an expression that takes 500 steps to evaluate using CBN and 104 steps to evaluate using CBV