

TO LEAD OR NOT TO LEAD?: CHOOSING THE OPTIMAL PRICING MODEL AT ZILLOW NEW CONSTRUCTION

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[Link: Github](#)

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I. Project Overview

❖ Goal:

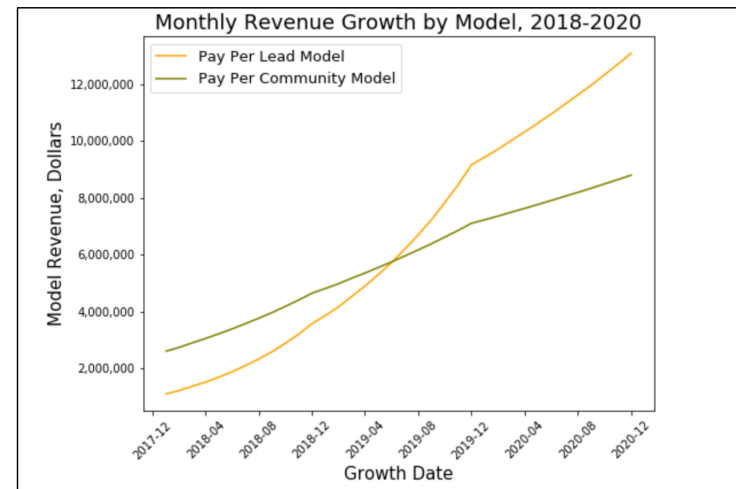
Select Optimal Pricing Model for New Construction listings based on long-term revenue opportunity

❖ Potential Interested Parties:

- ❖ Zillow Group Data Science Team
- ❖ Zillow Group Sales leadership
- ❖ Zillow Group Marketing leadership

❖ Outcome:

Analyze long term revenue growth from January 2018 to December 2020 for **Pay Per Lead** and **Pay Per Community** pricing model and assess feasibility



II. Data & Process Overview

❖ Data:

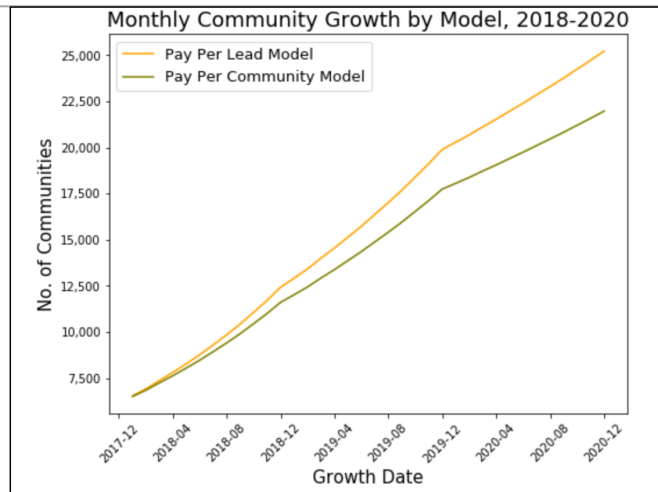
- ❖ Sources: Decision Science, Sales, Marketing Research, Financial Planning & Analysis
- ❖ Data spans over 36 months from January 2018 till December 2020
- ❖ Market Research Data was interesting but was found to be insufficient for comparative analysis

❖ Process:

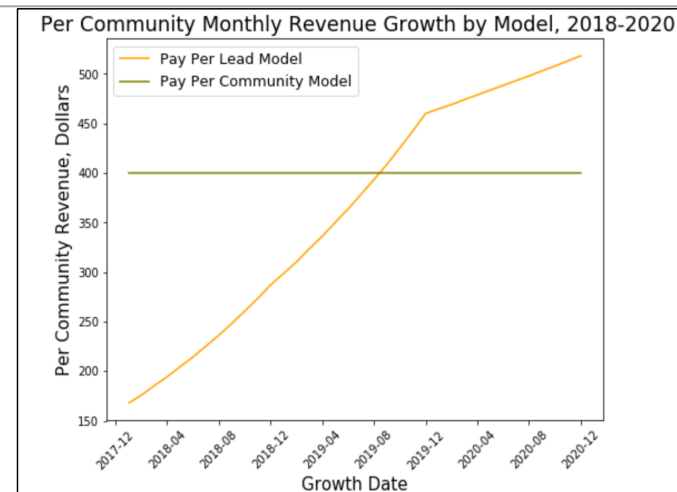
1. 3 Key Metrics selected for each model:
 - i. Monthly Community Growth
 - ii. Per Community Monthly Revenue Growth
 - iii. Monthly Overall Revenue Growth
2. Data generated based on percentage growth rates Month over Month, and cleaned in Python
3. Time Series Analysis of Key Metrics for **Pay Per Lead** vs **Pay Per Community** pricing models

- **6174** New Construction communities advertising on Zillow in Jan 2018
- Zillow delivers **4 Leads/Community/Month** on average to customers
 - o **Leads/Community/Month** expected to grow:
 - o 2018: 5% MoM growth every month
 - o 2019: 4% MoM growth every month
 - o 2020: 1% MoM growth every month
- For **Pay Per Lead** Pricing Model
 - o Pricing: \$40/Lead
 - o Zillow Advertising Community Growth expected
 - o 2018: 6% MoM growth every month
 - o 2019: 4% MoM growth every month
 - o 2020: 2% MoM growth every month
- For **Pay Per Community** Model
 - o Pricing: \$400/Community/Month
 - o Zillow Advertising Community Growth = 90% of Pay/Lead (Higher cancellation rate)
 - o 2018: 5.4% MoM growth every month
 - o 2019: 3.6% MoM growth every month
 - o 2020: 1.8% MoM growth every month

III. Analysis: 1



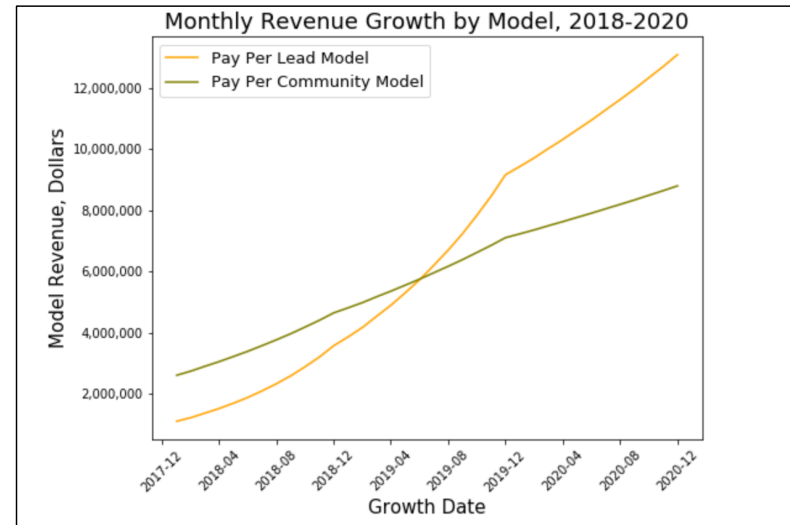
- ❖ In December 2020 after MoM growth:
 - ❖ **Pay Per Lead** Pricing Model would result in **25,225** communities
 - ❖ **Pay Per Community** Pricing Model would result in **21,976** communities



- ❖ In December 2020 after MoM growth:
 - ❖ **Pay Per Lead** Pricing Model would yield on average **\$518** in revenue per community per month
 - ❖ **Pay Per Community** Pricing Model would still yield **\$400** in revenue per community per month

Analysis: 2

- ❖ In December 2020 after MoM growth:
 - ❖ **Pay Per Lead** Pricing Model would yield **\$13,076,372** in overall revenue
 - ❖ **Pay Per Community** Pricing Model would yield **\$8,790,313** in overall revenue
 - ❖ Pay Per Lead Model would yield **1.5 times** revenue of Pay Per Community Model
- ❖ Stark Contrast from baseline revenue in January 2018 (Pay Per Community Revenue = 2.5 times Pay Per Lead Revenue)
- ❖ Zillow should select the **Pay Per Lead** Pricing Model to generate more revenue
 - ❖ Consistent with prioritizing long-term revenue growth despite losing revenue until mid-2019
 - ❖ More Listings = More Leads
 - ❖ More Profitability assuming similar operating expenses



But is it really that simple?

❖ Strategically, Pay Per Lead Model:

- ❖ Better for: Booming Economy -> More Leads generated -> More Overall Revenue
- ❖ "On-Demand" service: Customer pays only for what they get while still advertising whole catalog
- ❖ 'Riskier' source of revenue but potential for greater profits

❖ Pay Per Community Model

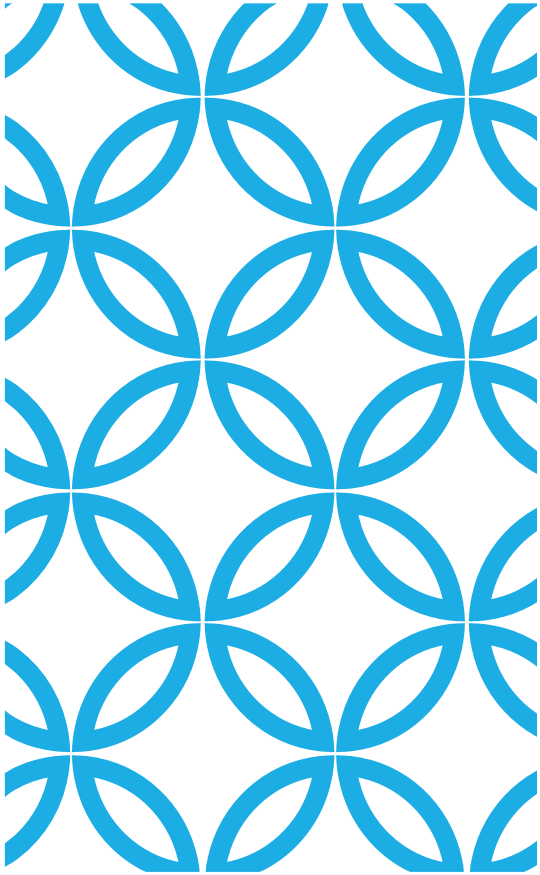
- ❖ Better for: Relatively Slower Economy -> Less Leads -> More Revenue from flat rate listings
- ❖ "Subscription" service: Customer ends up paying for whole catalog despite transacting with few hot properties
- ❖ Possible missed revenue opportunities but a 'Safer' and 'Steadier' source during turbulence

❖ Fixed Rate Pricing Model: UNREALISTIC!

- ❖ Real Estate property costs vary tremendously and fluctuate variably across regions
- ❖ Cannot charge customer same price per lead or per community in
Beverly Hills, LA and Bountiful, UT
- ❖ Solution: Variable rate model proportional to real estate costs across different communities

IV. Take-Aways

- ❖ **Pay Per Lead Pricing Model** works better in the long term to generate more revenue if the Leads keep growing consistently
- ❖ **Variable Rate Pricing Model** based on community location is more practical and feasible
 - ❖ Datasets of real estate features across different regions where customers are situated will help determine an appropriate pricing range
 - ❖ Using this data, a multiplicative factor that scales according to property costs can be derived to automate the process of setting a variable price range per region. A regression model can be built using the features of houses and locations of existing communities to predict the ideal price rate per lead of listings of communities in new locations
- ❖ **Selecting an Optimal Pricing Model** not as simple as which model makes you more money
 - ❖ Datasets having details of communities advertised by individual builders on Zillow or number of builders will help substantiate the expenses they are willing to pay Zillow at a granular level
 - ❖ This will help to set a threshold or a practical/reasonable pricing strategy and control customer churn by not overcharging them while working towards maximizing revenue/profits
 - ❖ A classifier can then be used to predict if a customer will churn or not based on a rate change in pricing model
 - ❖ A/B Testing can also help determine which factors in the model matter the most to customers and test if a change will positively or negatively impact customer experience before pushing it to production



THANK YOU