

Agenda

- The NiFi journey at at Renault
- Best practices for running NiFi in production
- Lessons learnt at Renault
- Questions & answers



The NiFi journey at Renault



About Us

The Datalake Squad:

 A passionate Team who work really hard to deliver solutions and services and empower Data Initiatives at Renault

Datalake Platform Metrics:

450

Connected Users

30

Data Initiatives and use cases

8000

Daily Queries

3500

Service Requests 300TB

Efficient Storage

Datalake Squad Activities

Platform Design

Deploy and Automate

Capture and Analyze
Raw Logs and Machine
Data

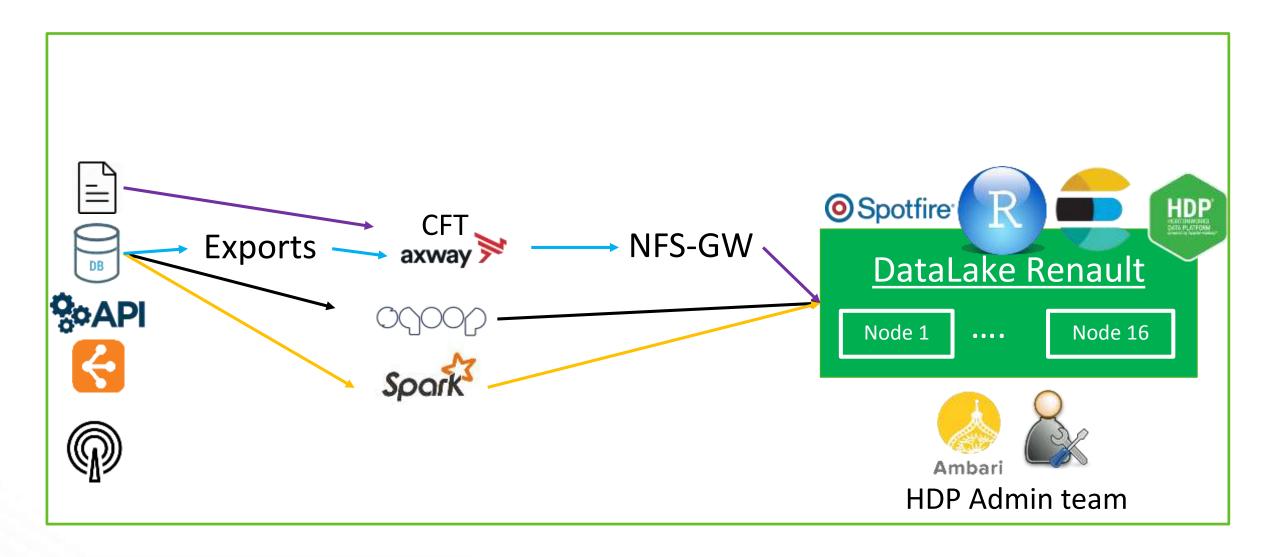
Improve Reliability Speed Operations

Monitor and React





Data Lake at Renault – the beginning of the story



June 2016

- 10 Users
- Requests by emails, 1 Admin
- Manual provisioning

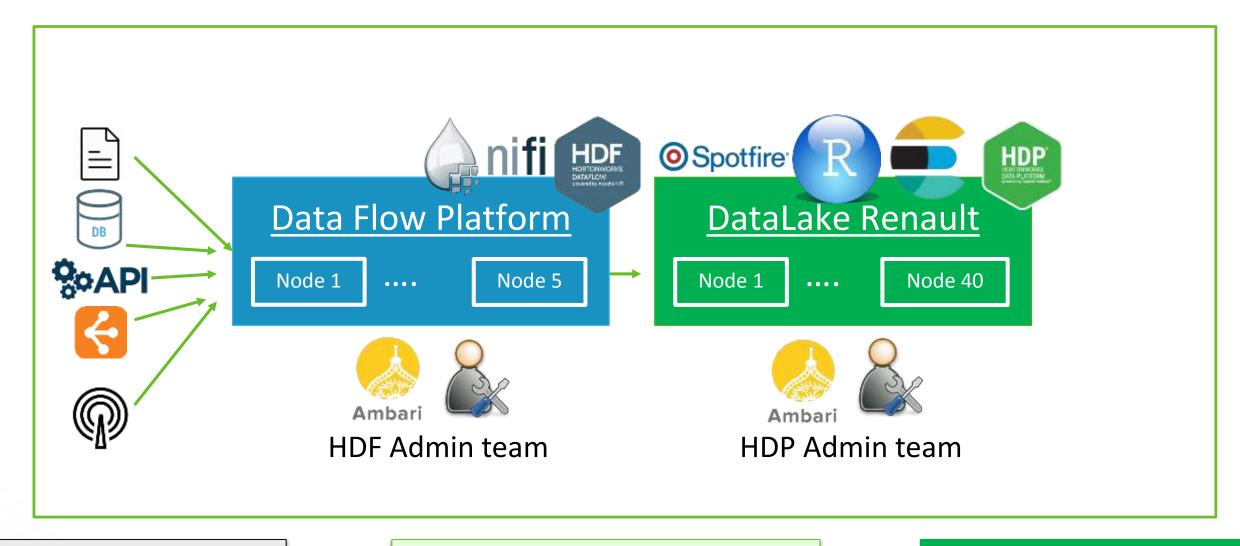




Big Data Ingestion



HDF came in (Q1 2017)



2016

- 10 Users
- Requests by emails, 1 Admin
- Manual provisioning



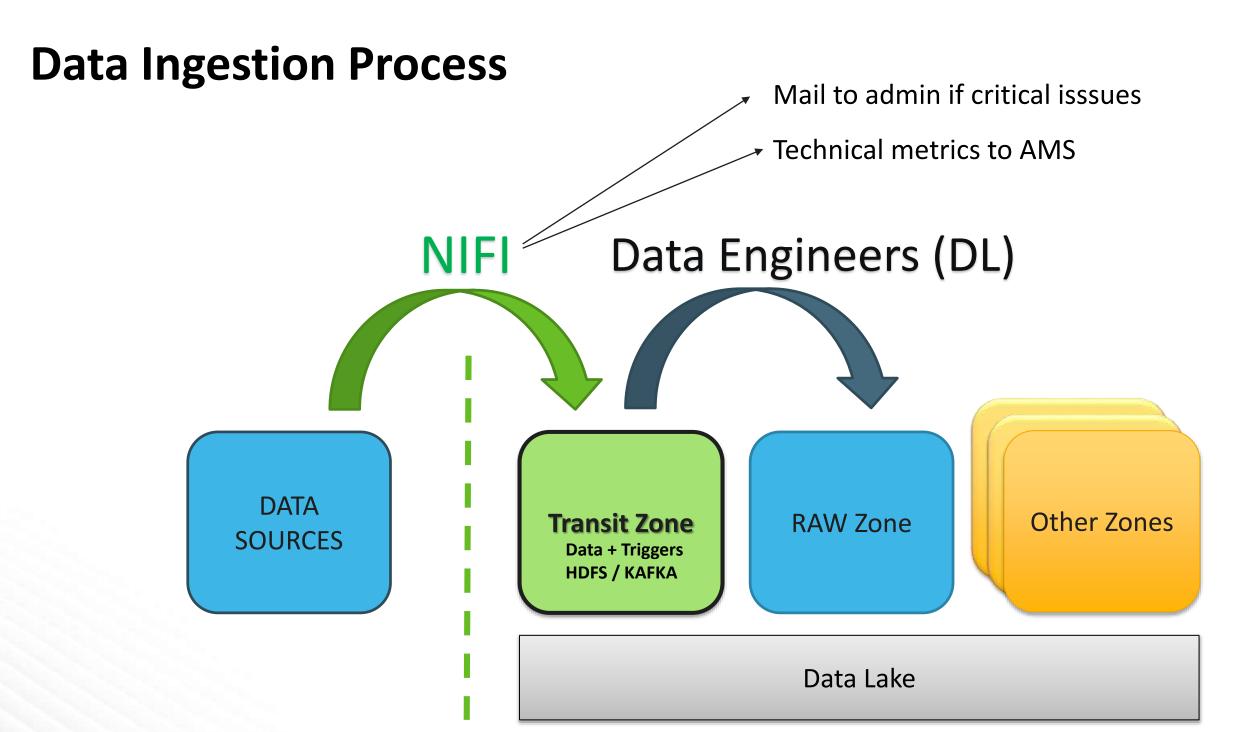
2017

- 200 users
- Jira portal, Admins/devops
- NiFi, Automation (Jenkins for HDP)



Today

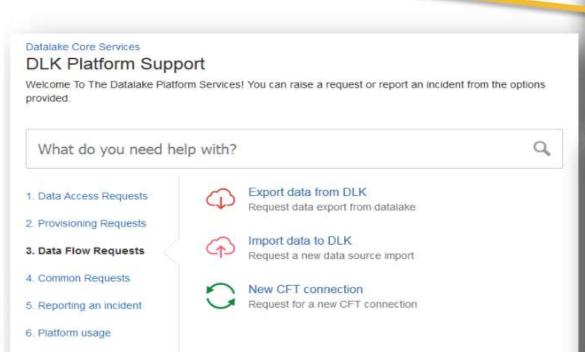
- 300 500 active users
- 7000 query per day
- 40 data source in production



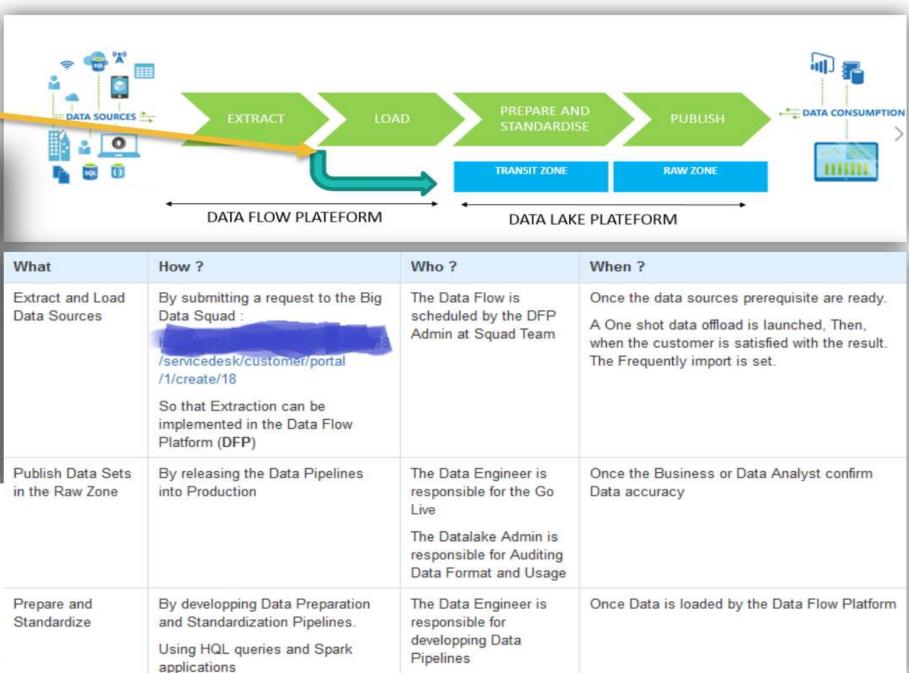


Data ingestion workflow

NIFI •



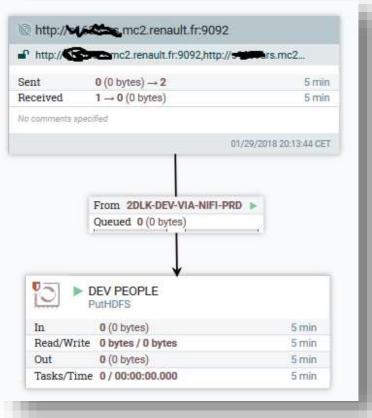
7. Logins and Accounts



Dev to prod testing

Dev ■ 1,122,274 (940.37 MB) € 20:22:44 CET project-1 ● 0 ■ 0 D 0 ■ 2 A 6 5 1 0 (0 byses) - 0 Read/Write 0 bytes / 0 bytes 5 min $1 \rightarrow 0 (0 \text{ bytes})$ Résultats dans HDFS: /tmp/devp/\$(DESTINATION) From vers DLK Queued 0 (D bytes) project-2 DE 2DLK-DEV-VIA-... Queued 60 (540 bytes) From vers DLK ● 0 ● 0 ► 0 ■ 2 A 1 = 0 直2 Ouesed 0 (0 bytes) 5 min From vers DLK Queued 0 (0 bytes) ● 0 ● 0 ▶ 1 ■ 2 A 1 1 0 5 min Read/Write 0 bytes / 0 bytes 1 → 0 (0 bytes)





/tmp/devp/\${DESTINATION}



S2S



NiFi Value for Renault

90% of data ingestion since 2016

One Platform for all data sources: Files, DBs, API, Brokers, etc.
Offload CFT

100 active data flows, + 2000 processors in production,.

Accelerate time to insights, use case development and improve monitoring and governance

Also used **export data** from Data Lake

to other

systems/sites/Cloud

cases connected plants, package tracking, IoT

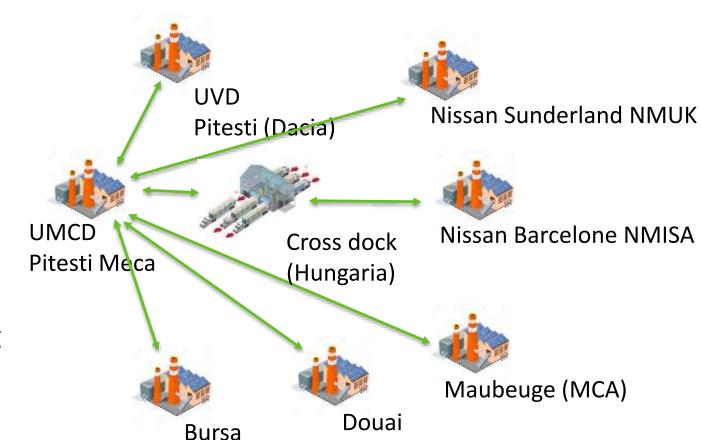


Packaging Traceability



Packaging Traceability

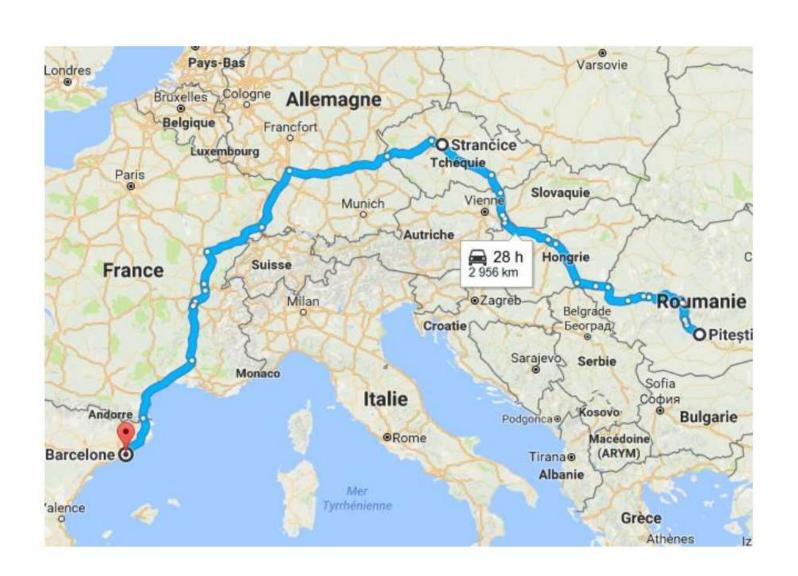
- POC: 2500 Packages running in the Loop
 - 1 package lost = 800 € (= IPhone)
- If the solution is generalized: 600k package
- 2016 Status
 - 400 K€ packaging re-investment due to packaging losses
- 2017 Status
 - 100 K€ cardboard in January
- Test Expectations:
 - Reduce cardboard costs and packaging losses
 - Test LoRa technology in an industrial context and Renault activities
 - Validate operational added Value of LoRa technology





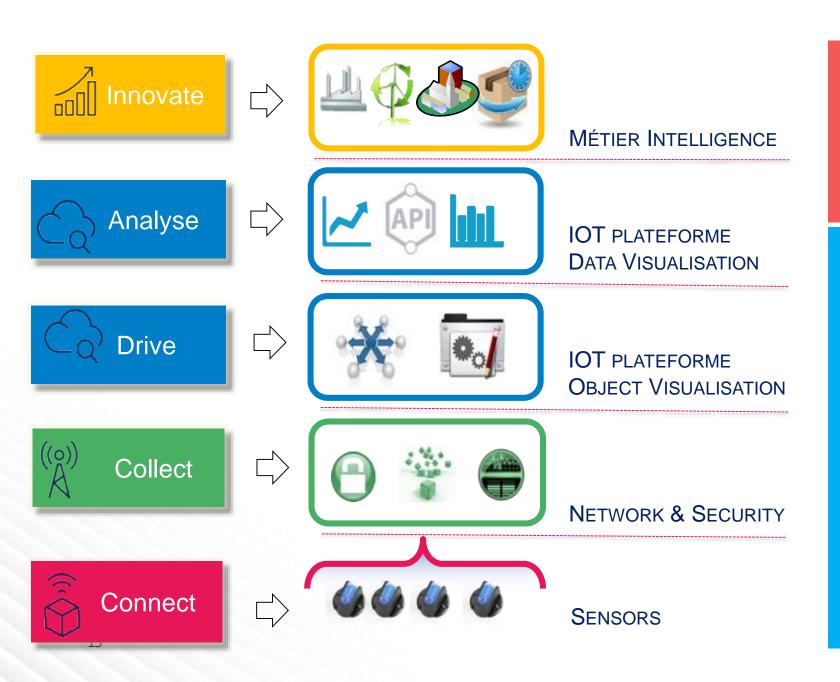
Example flow

- Pitesti -> Barcelona (full)
 - 3 transports/week
 - 1 truck each time
 - Lead Time : 6 days
- NMUK -> Pitesti (Empty)
 - once a week
 - 1 truck each time
 - Lead Time : 6 days
 - Cross Dock in Strančice (Tchek Rep.)





Use case scope



Not in Scope of Objenious offer S1 2018 S2 2018 WTB Manual Treatment Renault IT (DLK + DFP + IS integration integration)

+ Analytics)

Objenious

+ Analytics)

Telecom

Sensor

2017

Manual

Treatment

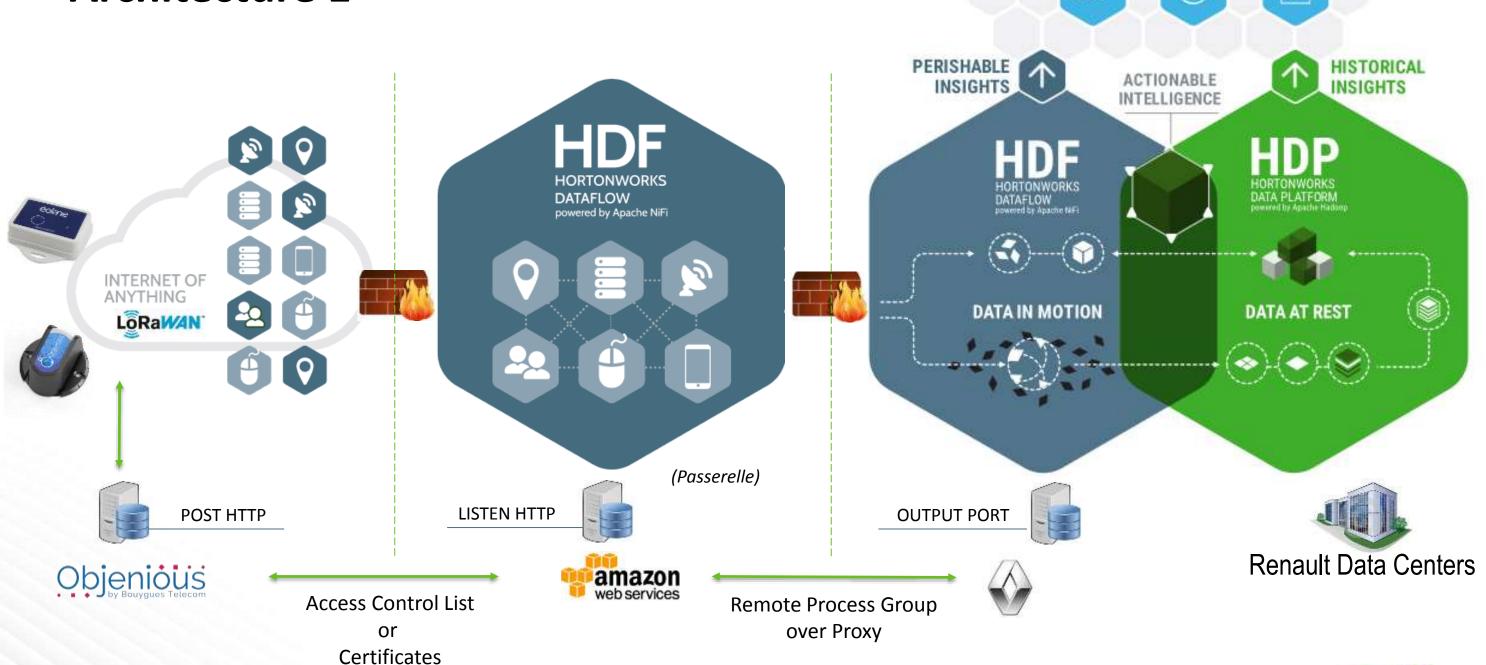
Objenious

(DLK +

DFP)

Objenious

Architecture 1

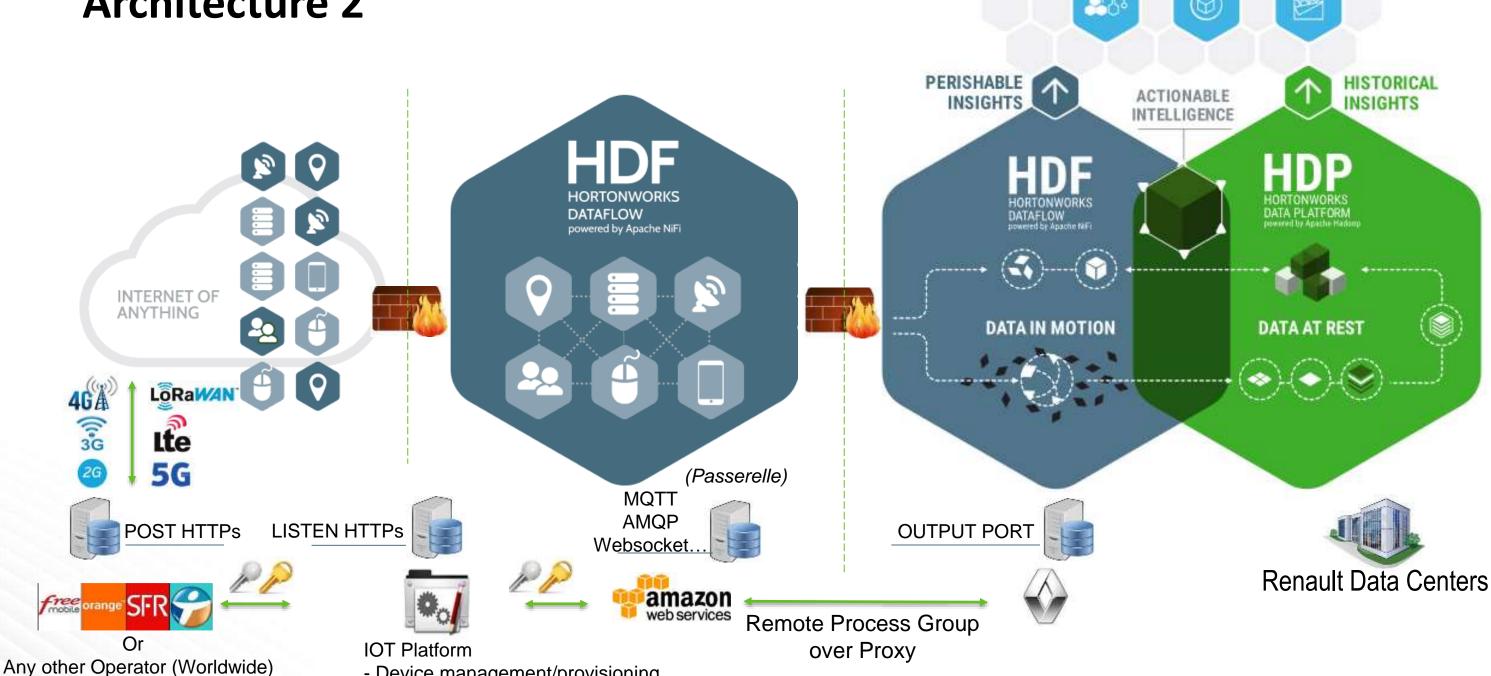




MODERN DATA APPLICATIONS



Architecture 2



- Device management/provisioning

- Network & Security



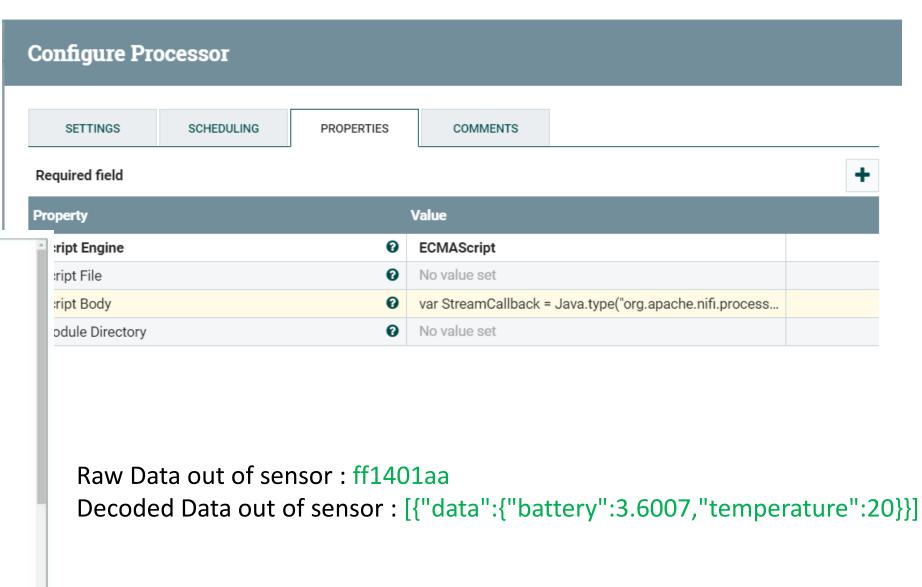
MODERN DATA APPLICATIONS



Reduce cloud communication cost by 50%

Tag Data Decoding with NiFi ExecuteScript Processor

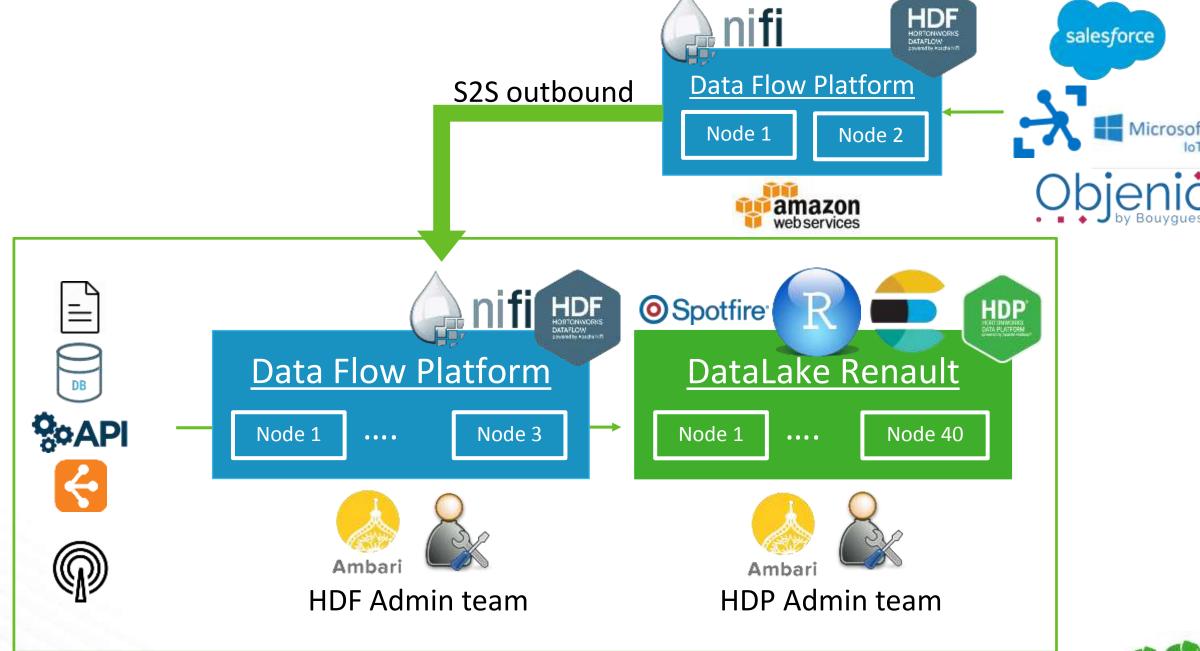




CANCEL

APPLY

Architecture + Cloud ingestion



Connected plants

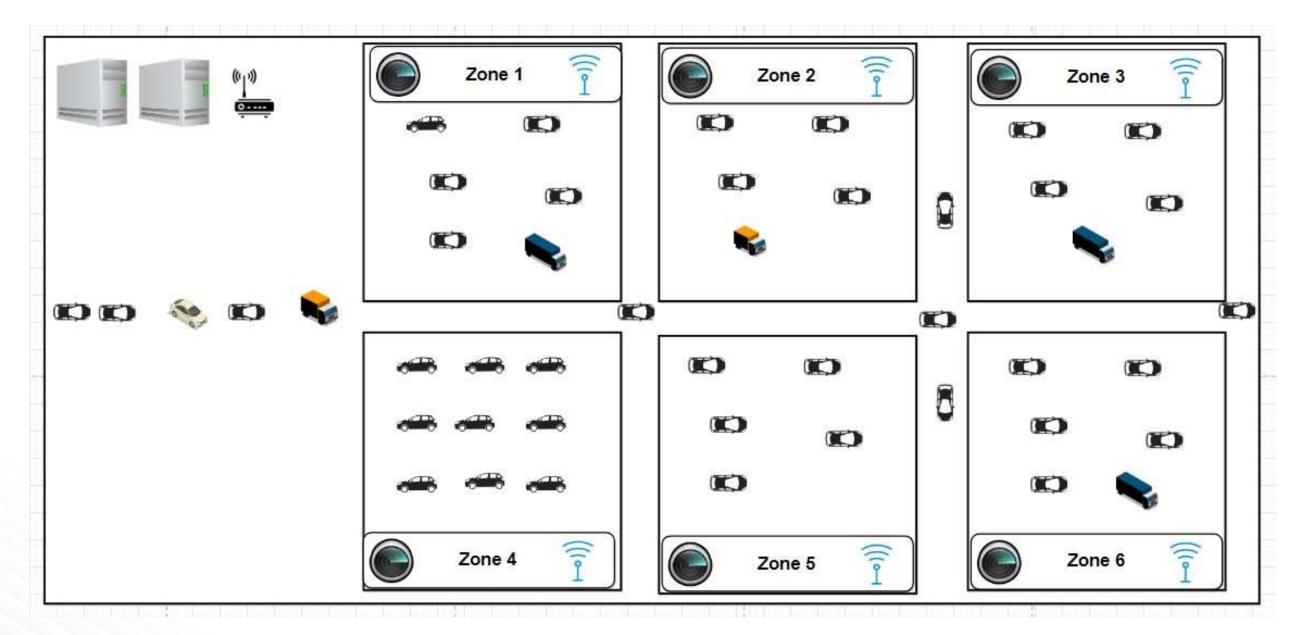


Connected plants

DATA IN MOTION DATA AT REST **Facility Level** Plant Level Corporate Level **OPCUA** Collect, processing, Aggregation server ingestion Source 1 Source 2 S2S (http, security, JMS, Kafka, MQTT, HDFS, Hive, Solr, OPCUA WebSocket, * HA) Hbase, etc Source 3 PC UA HDF**
HORTONWORKS
DATAFISM
DAT Other sources / MiNiFi protocols Operations **Data Access** MQTT FTP Data Management



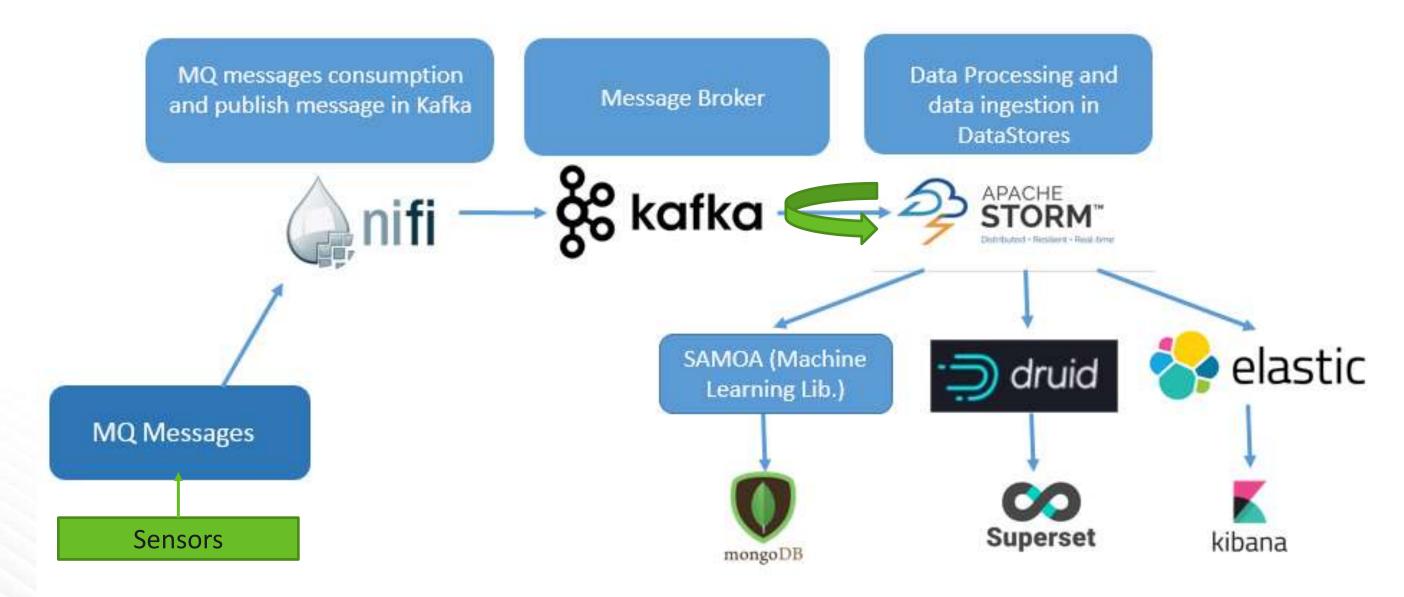
Overview of Plant Assembly Factory UC







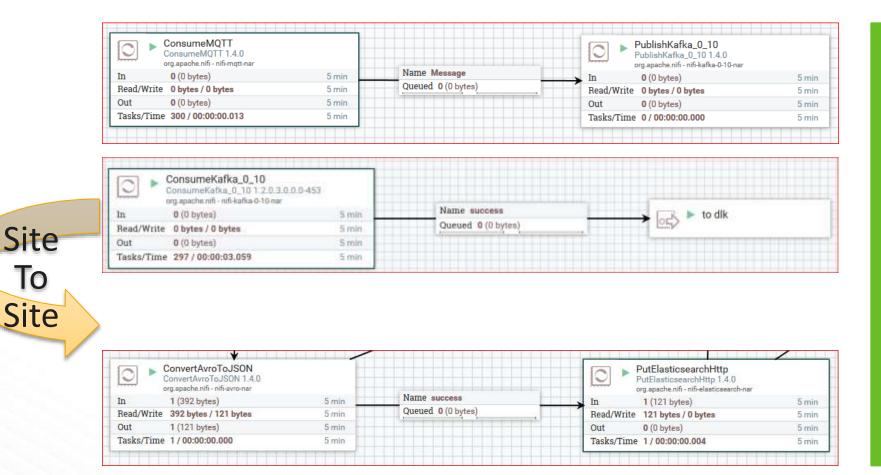
Full HDF use case (NiFi, Kafka and Storm)







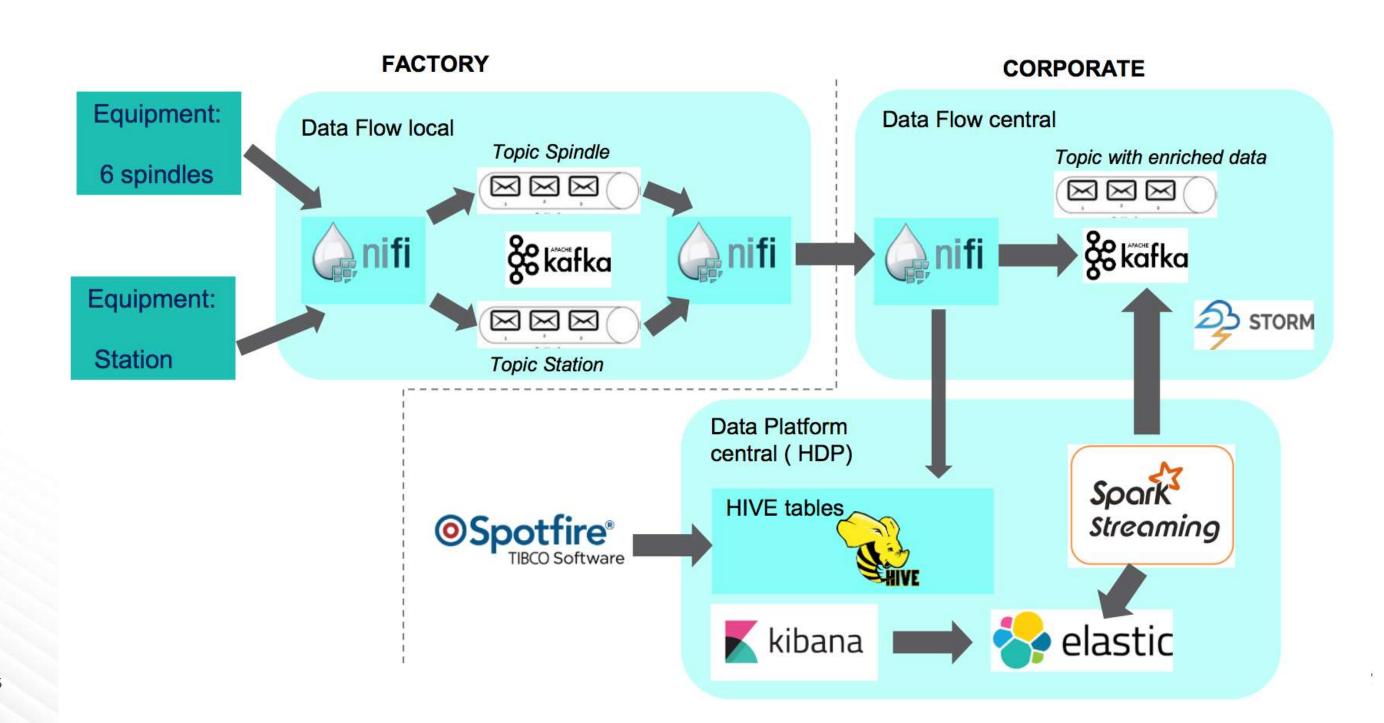
Connected plants



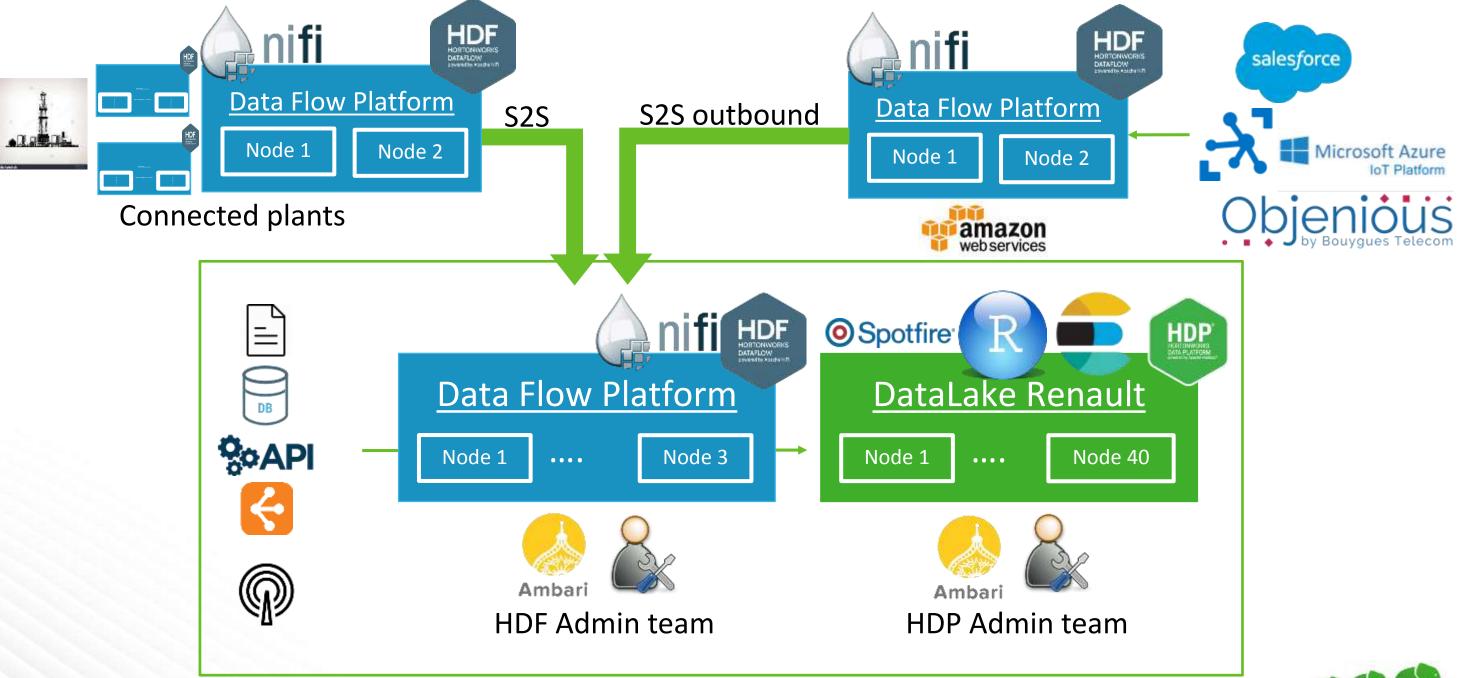
Demo with MQTTool from Hand to Data Lake! Handy, MQTT Broker, NiFi ConsumeMQTT to Kafka, NIFI consume Kafka to ElasticSearch and Hive...



Screwing tools valladolid data analysis



Architecture + Connected plants





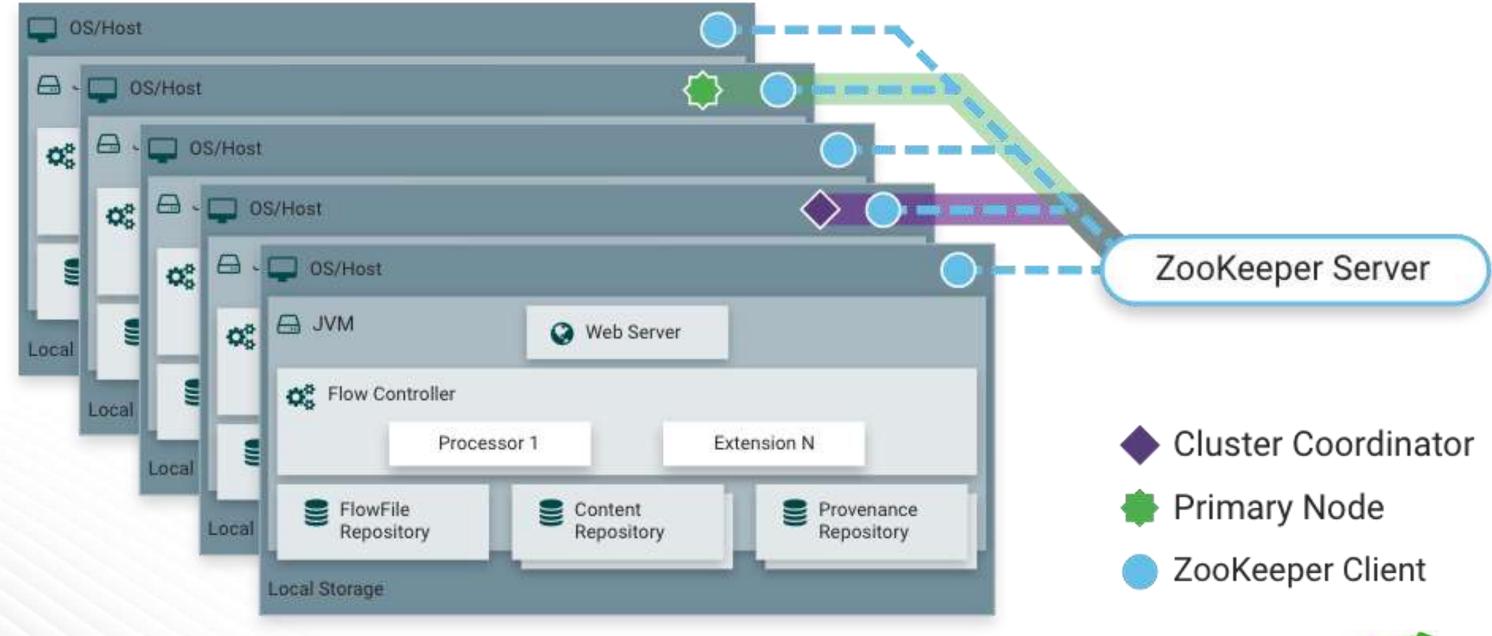
Best practices for running NiFi in production



Architecture & sizing



Typical NiFi Production Cluster Logical View



Sizing considerations

- There are baselines for NiFi sizing but NiFi is like a "programming language" !!
- NiFi resources usage depends on used processors but it's always IO intensive
 - Use different disks / volumes for the three repositories : flow file, content & provenance
 - For content repository, it's recommended to have multiple mount points
 - For content and provenance repositories, SSD can provide the best performances
 - Heap sizing depends on the use case and used processors
 - Depending on the workload, we can scale vertically or horizontally
- Default settings are only for getting started. Tune based on your use case.
 - Thread pool size : Maximum Timer Driven Thread Count
 - Timeouts: nifi.cluster.node.connection/read.timeout, nifi.zookeeper.connect/session.timeout
 - Pluggable modules: WAL Provenance Repository

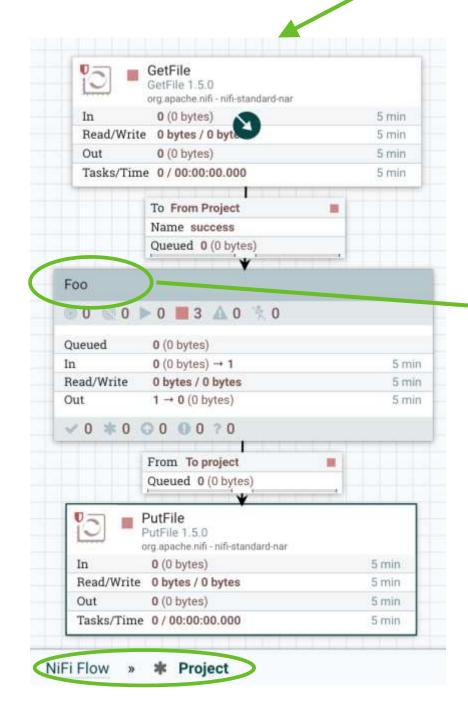


Development & deployment

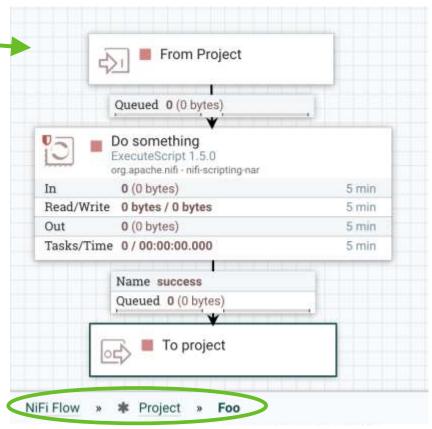


Let's consider a simple data flow

```
Public class Project {
 private int foo(int x) {
         //do something with x -> y
         return y;
  public static void main(String [] args) {
     //some code
     try {
           BufferedReader bufferRead = new
           BufferedReader ...:
           String data =bufferRead.readLine(
           data = foo(data);
           System.out.println(data);
      } catch ...
```







Flow development = software development



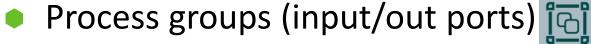
Programing language

- Integrated Development Environment
- Algorithm, code, instructions
- Functions (arguments, results)
- Libraries

Apache NiFi

- Apache NiFi UI
- Flows, processors, funnels











Templates





General guideline

Principle

- Use separate environments
- No flows at root level: use a PG per department, BL, project, etc
- Break your flow into process groups
- Use a naming convention, use comments (labels, comments)
- Use variable when possible
- Organize your projects into three PGs: ingestion, test & monitoring

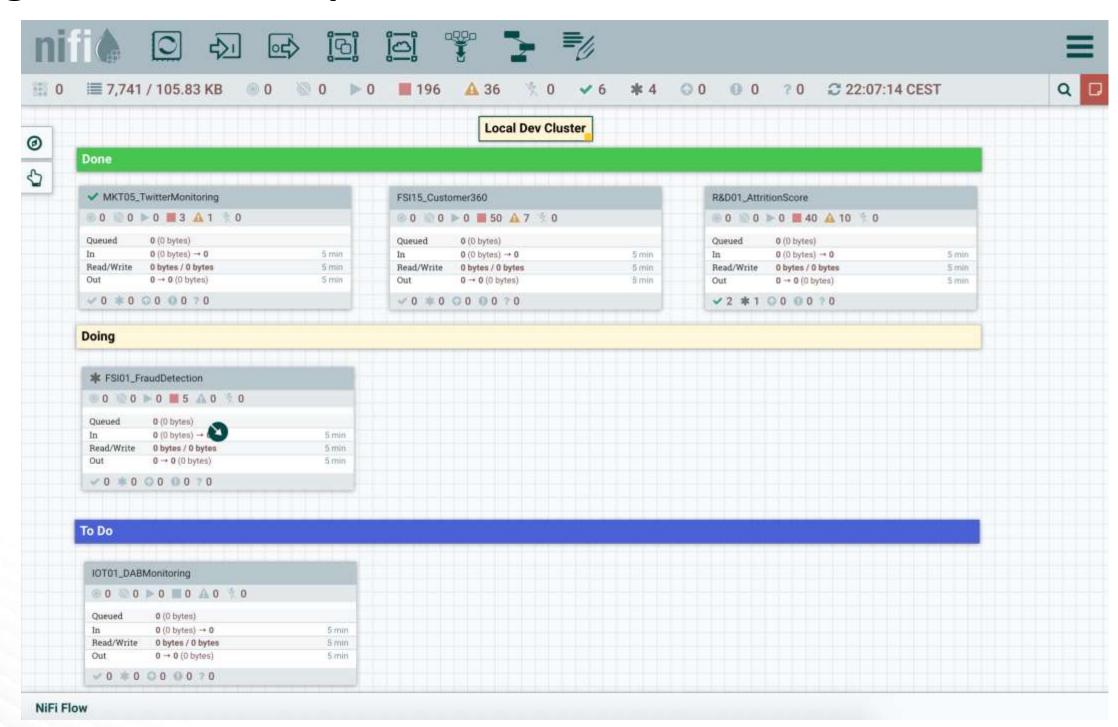
Benefits

- Performance, security and SLA
- Easy to secure, everything in NiFi is attached to a PG, heritage
- Easy to test, update & version
- Very useful for development/monitoring.
 Ideally use unique names
- Promotion (dev > test > prod), update
- NiFi can generate data for TDD (Test Driven Dev), can collect/parse logs for BAM (Business App Monitoring)

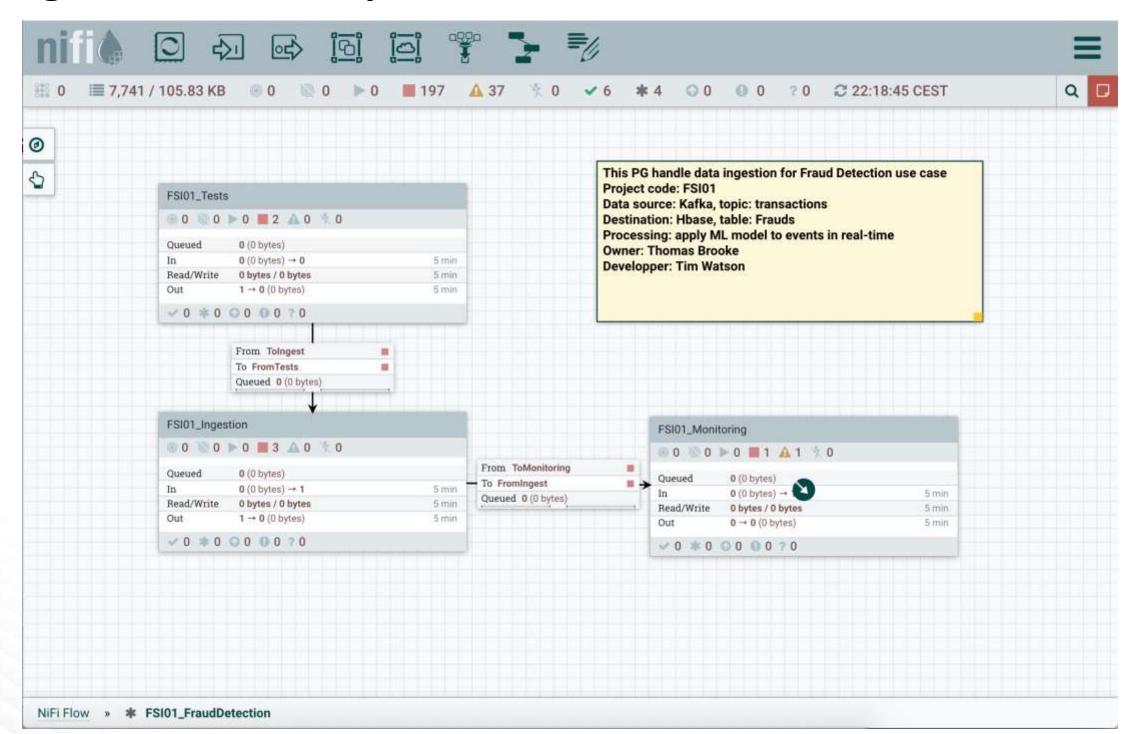




NiFi organization example



NiFi organization example



Know & use NiFi Design Patterns

Fan IN/OUT
List & Fetch

Attributes
promotion
Extract, Update Attribute

Throttling
ControlRate, expiration

Funneling
RPG, RouteOnAttribute

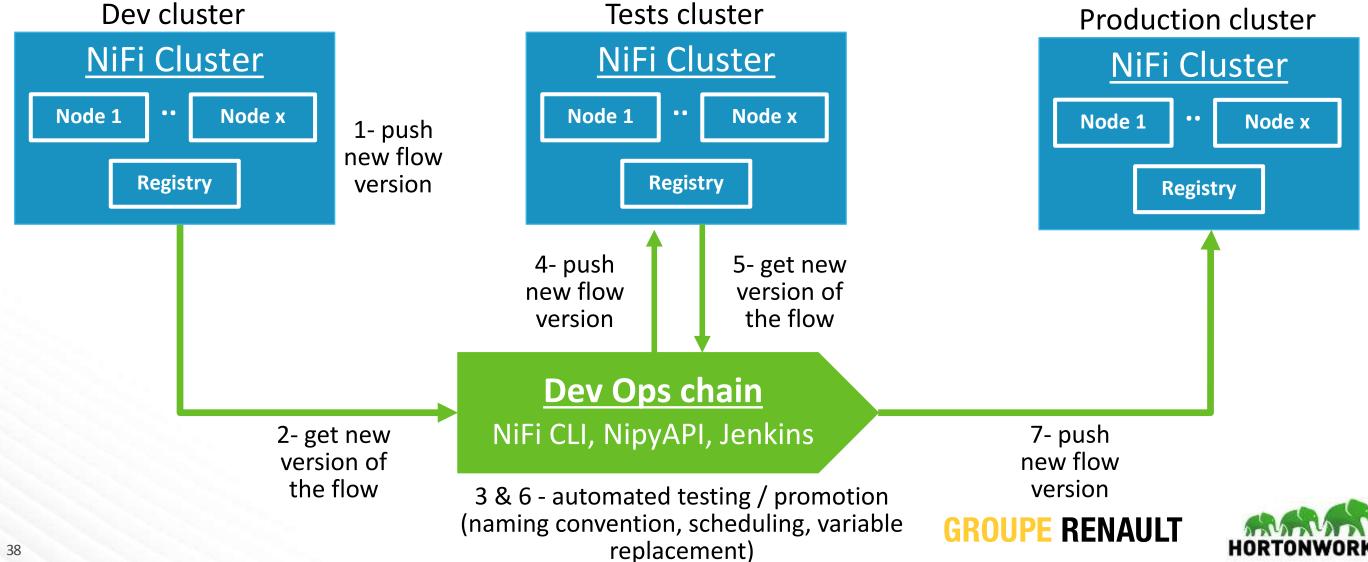
Error loops
Relations, Counters

<u>etc</u>



FDLC: Flow Development LifeCycle





Monitoring

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NiFi Monitoring

Service monitoring

- Is NiFi service running correctly?
- Monitor global system metrics such as threads, JVM, disk, etc
- Monitor global flow metrics such as number of flow files sent, received or queued, processors stopped, etc
- Solutions
 - NiFi UI
 - Reporting tasks
 - Ambari
 - Grafana

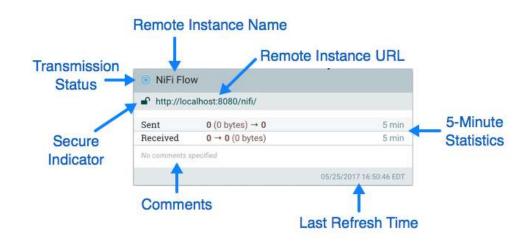
Applications (Flow) monitoring

- Are a particular flow running correctly?
- Monitor per application (flow, PG, processor) metrics such as number of flow files, data size, queues, back pressure, etc
- Solution
 - S2S Reporting tasks
 - Custom flow developments (integrate monitoring and reporting in the application logic)



NiFi UI for service monitoring





NiFi Summary

C Last updated: 17:45:24 UTC



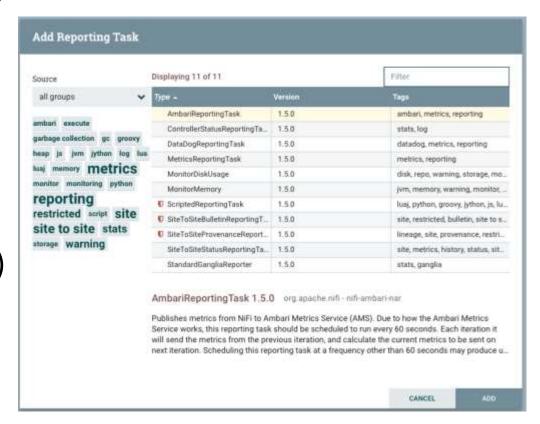
Status History Status History C Last updated: 22:48:13 UTC Bytes Written (5 ... b0a3b095-5408-38b8-b0dd-7b31babb2e04 76.29 MB -Group Id 66.76 MB -50380170-a353-47ad-8b01-14f3ac4b4551 Name 57.22 MB -Twitter Garden Host 47,68 MB -Type GetTwitter 38.15 MB -Start 28 61 MB -07/28/2016 19:13:47.262 19.07 MB -End 07/28/2016 22:47:51.162 9.54 MB -NiFi 0.00 bytes Min / Max / Mean 0.00 bytes / 76.78 MB / 35.89 MB 79.85 MB -Nodes Min / Max / Mean 0.00 bytes / 76.78 MB / 35.89 MB 0.00 bytes v nifi-04:8080

system diagnostics

Z X

Tools available for service monitoring

- Bootstrap notifier: send notification when the NiFi starts, stops or died unexpectedly
 - Email/HTTP notification services
- Use reporting tasks: export metrics to your monitoring solution
 - AmbariReportingTask (global, process group)
 - MonitorDiskUsage (Flowfile, content, provenance repositories)
 - MonitorMemory
- Also, monitor inactivity
 - NiFi has a built-in MonitorActivity processor
 - To be used with the S2SBulletinReportingTask
 - You can use InvokeHTTP to call the reporting Rest API







How to achieve granular monitoring?

Monitoring Driven Development (MDD)

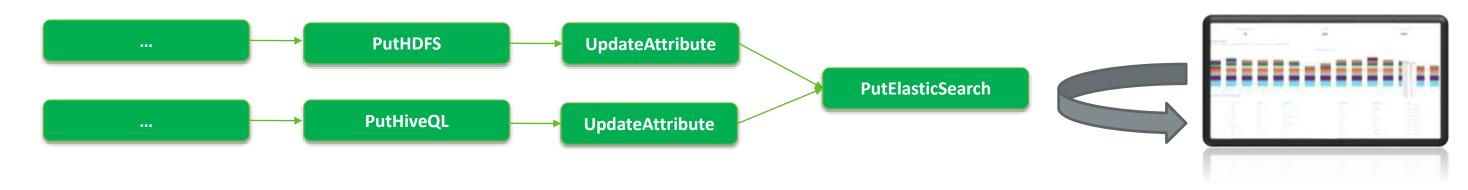
- Integrate your monitoring logic in the flow design
 - Count data (lines, tables, events, etc)
 - Extract business metadata from data (table names, project name, source directory, etc)
- Handle different types of errors (connection, format, schema, etc)
- Send extracted KPI to brokers, dashboards, API, files, etc

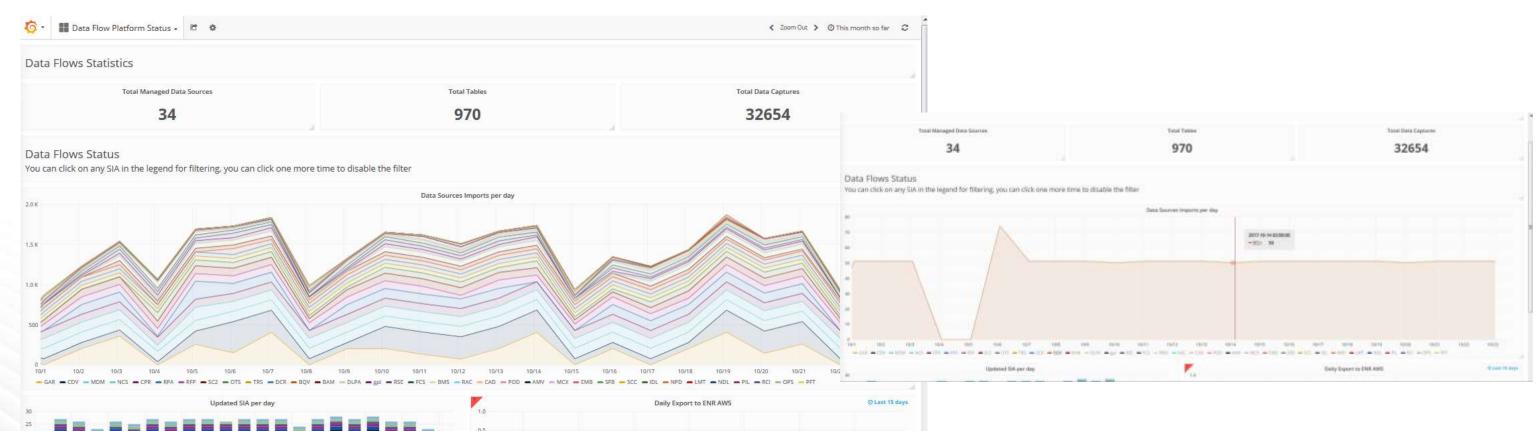
S2S reporting tasks

- NIFInception: NiFi can export metrics to to another cluster or to itself
- Bulletins provide information on errors
- Status provide metrics on usage
- These reports become data and we can use the power of NiFi to extract our KPI
- Naming convention is key



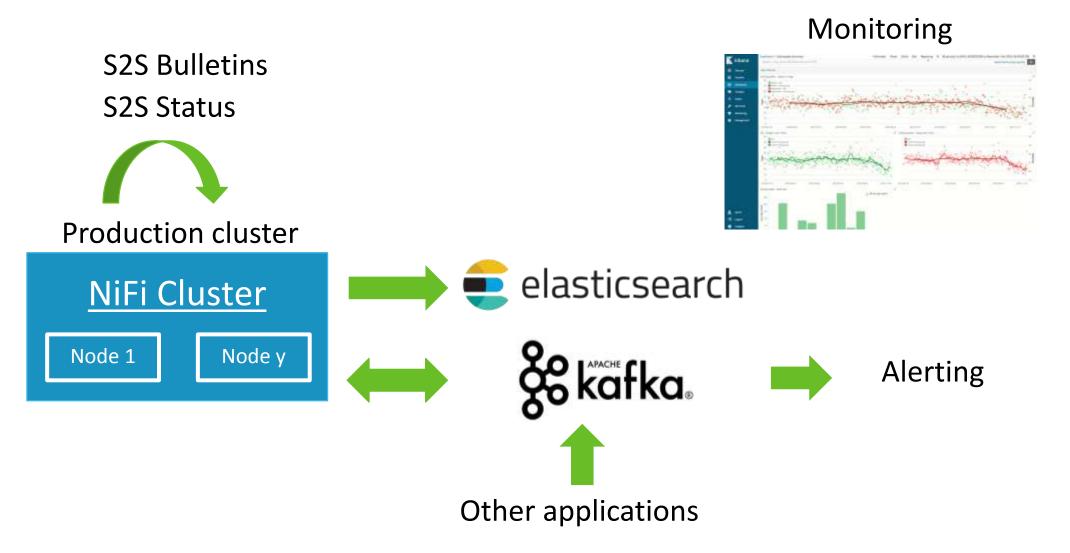
Monitoring Driven Development





NiFInception architecture

- Generate status and bulletins
- Send them through S2S to a local input port
- Ingest bulletin and status reports
- Parse reports (JSON) and extract useful KPI
- Send KPI to a dashboard tool (AMS, Elastic, etc)
- Use a broker for alerting (Kafka)
- Can ingest logs from other systems or application

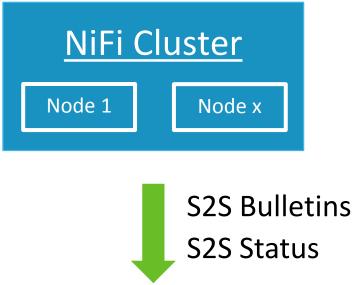






NiFInception architecture 2

- Ingest data
- Generate status and bulletins
- Send them through S2S to a remote cluster



Production cluster

- Ingest bulletin and status reports
- Parse reports (JSON) and extract useful KPI
- Send KPI to a dashboard tool (AMS, Elastic, etc)
- Use a broker for alerting (Kafka)
- Can ingest logs from other systems or application



Other applications

Monitoring

Lessons learnt at Renault

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Recommendations from day to day life

- High availability means several weeks to validate before Go live
- Use Ranger authorizations instead of NIFI build in ACL management
- Too much « if then do else »: do the data flow and do not offload other processing solutions
- S2S: Minimize the number of RPG and self-RPG. Use attributes and routing.
- Put hive via Two redundant processors
- Discuss with DBA to better handle impacts (Views VS Tables, Open Sockets ..etc).
- Backup flowfile.xml.gz (users.xml et autorizations.xml) using NiFi itself.



Recommendations from day to day life

- Success flag can be done trough counters instead of InvokHTTP
- In case of CIFS, do not forget to use AUTO MOUNT for NFS client side on NiFi Servers.
- Check '0' size before transmitting into HDFS (especially for IoT use case).
- Configure a TIMER for when we use FAILURE redirections to avoid back-pressure scenario.
- Build separate clusters for separate use cases (Real Time with SSD, Batch, etc ...)
- CA PKI very useful for internal communications, no need to wait Security teams answers but need security skills (SSL).



Questions

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