

## Assignment

### Linear Programming

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Quantitative  
Management  
Modelling

1.  $P(c, m) = 32c + 24m$

$P$  = Total profit as a function

$c$  = No. of bags collegiate

$m$  = No. of bags minis

$$0 \leq c \leq 1000, \quad 0 \leq m \leq 1200$$

Total Nylon = 5000 sqft

$$\text{Total labor hours} = 35 \times 40 = 1400 \text{ hr}$$

↓  
No. of available  
labors

↓  
No. of hours each  
labour work

$c \rightarrow$  requires 3sqft Nylon

$m \rightarrow$  requires 2sqft Nylon

$$3c + 2m \leq 5000$$

$$c \rightarrow \text{Each unit it takes } 45 \text{ min} \Rightarrow \frac{45}{60} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$m \rightarrow \text{Each unit it takes } 40 \text{ min} \Rightarrow \frac{40}{60} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{4}c + \frac{2}{3}m \leq 1400$$

Constraints:-

$$3c + 2m \leq 5000$$

$$\frac{3}{4}c + \frac{2}{3}m \leq 1400$$



decision variables :-

P :- Total profit

C :- no. of collegiate bags

m :- no. of bags mini's

Objective function :-

maximize profit

$$P(C, m) = 32C + 24m$$

where C, m are variables, since we can't make negative backpack both C, m are greater than having sales limit

$$0 \leq C \leq 1000$$

$$0 \leq m \leq 12000$$

2) Decision variables

Let  $S_{ij}$  be no. of units of size

S = no. of units

i = no. of Plant (1, 2, 3)

j = holds the plant of Small, medium, large

P = has to be maximised

Objective function

$$P = 420 (\cancel{S_1} + S_2L + S_3L) + 360 (S_1m + S_2m + S_3m) + 300 (S_{1S} + S_{2S} + S_{3S})$$



### Constraints

$$S_{1L} + S_{1M} + S_{1S} \leq 750 \rightarrow \text{Plant 1}$$

$$S_{2L} + S_{2M} + S_{2S} \leq 900 \rightarrow \text{Plant 2}$$

$$S_{3L} + S_{3M} + S_{3S} \leq 450 \rightarrow \text{Plant 3}$$

### Storage limits

$$20 S_{1L} + 15 S_{1M} + 12 S_{1S} \leq 13000$$

$$20 S_{2L} + 15 S_{2M} + 12 S_{2S} \leq 12000$$

$$20 S_{3L} + 15 S_{3M} + 12 S_{3S} \leq 5000$$

### Salus forecast

$$S_{1L} + S_{1M} + S_{1S} \leq 900$$

$$S_{2L} + S_{2M} + S_{2S} \leq 1200$$

$$S_{3L} + S_{3M} + S_{3S} \leq 750$$

### Percentage to avoid layoff :-

$$= \frac{S_{1L} + S_{1M} + S_{1S}}{750} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{S_{2L} + S_{2M} + S_{2S}}{900} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{S_{3L} + S_{3M} + S_{3S}}{450} \times 100$$