1 Results

1.1 Gauss-Legendre

Solving our integral with Legandre polynomials gives unstable results for $N \in [-5, 5]$ as seen in the table below. Though when choosing N = 27 and a = -2.9 and b = 2.9 our results are precise with 3 leading digits after the decimal point.

Legandre				
N	Value	Error		
11	0.297447	0.104681		
15	0.315863	0.123098		
21	0.268075	0.075310		
25	0.240135	0.047370		
27	0.229623	0.036858		

Table 1: Fill me in!

Laguerre				
N	Value	Error		
11	0.183021	0.009743		
15	0.193285	0.000520		
21	0.194807	0.002050		
25	0.194804	0.002030		
27	0.194795	0.002029		

Table 2: Fill me in!

1.2 Paralellization

Our paralellization results was achieved using a quad core Intel Core i5-8250U processor with 6MB cache at $1.6\mathrm{GHz}$ base clock, which boosted to $3.4\mathrm{GHz}$ during testing. Thermal throttling was avoided. The memory was $4\mathrm{GB}$ $1866\mathrm{MHz}$ LPDDR3 soldered on board. See table 3

We also ran this test on an octa-core processor with memory of 8GB 1866 MHz, and achieved no noticable speedup compared to the above mentioned computer. See table $4\,$

For runtime imputs the number of samples was set to 10^8 , with an approximation of infity of $\lambda = 5$.

Compile flags	-O3 -fopenMP	-O3	-fopenmp	no optimization
Naive MC	12s	31s	71s	173s
Improved MC	15s	38s	79s	200s

Table 3: Shows the time spent on the same calculations with different compile parameters on a quad core processor. $(N=10^8,\lambda=5)$

Compile flags	-O3 -fopenMP
Naive MC	12s
Improved MC	15s

Table 4: Shows the time spent on the Monte-Carlo calculations on an octa-core system.(N = $10^8, \lambda = 5)$