```
1: // $Id: ubigint.h,v 1.4 2020-01-06 13:39:55-08 - - $
 3: #ifndef __UBIGINT_H__
 4: #define __UBIGINT_H__
 6: #include <exception>
7: #include <iostream>
 8: #include <limits>
9: #include <utility>
10: using namespace std;
11:
12: #include "debug.h"
13: #include "relops.h"
14:
15: class ubigint {
16:
       friend ostream& operator<< (ostream&, const ubigint&);</pre>
17:
       private:
18:
          using unumber = unsigned long;
19:
          unumber uvalue {};
20:
       public:
21:
          void multiply_by_2();
22:
          void divide_by_2();
23:
          ubigint() = default; // Need default ctor as well.
24:
25:
          ubigint (unsigned long);
26:
          ubigint (const string&);
27:
28:
          ubigint operator+ (const ubigint&) const;
29:
          ubigint operator- (const ubigint&) const;
          ubigint operator* (const ubigint&) const;
30:
          ubigint operator/ (const ubigint&) const;
31:
          ubigint operator% (const ubigint&) const;
32:
33:
          bool operator== (const ubigint&) const;
34:
          bool operator< (const ubigint&) const;</pre>
35:
36: };
37:
38: #endif
39:
```

```
1: // $Id: ubigint.cpp,v 1.8 2020-01-06 13:39:55-08 - - $
 3: #include <cctype>
 4: #include <cstdlib>
 5: #include <exception>
 6: #include <stack>
7: #include <stdexcept>
 8: using namespace std;
9:
10: #include "ubigint.h"
11: #include "debug.h"
13: ubigint::ubigint (unsigned long that): uvalue (that) {
       DEBUGF ('~', this << " -> " << uvalue)</pre>
14:
15: }
16:
17: ubigint::ubigint (const string& that): uvalue(0) {
       DEBUGF ('~', "that = \"" << that << "\"");</pre>
18:
19:
       for (char digit: that) {
          if (not isdigit (digit)) {
20:
21:
             throw invalid_argument ("ubigint::ubigint(" + that + ")");
22:
          }
23:
          uvalue = uvalue * 10 + digit - '0';
24:
       }
25: }
26:
27: ubigint ubigint::operator+ (const ubigint& that) const {
       return ubigint (uvalue + that.uvalue);
28:
29: }
30:
31: ubigint ubigint::operator- (const ubigint& that) const {
       if (*this < that) throw domain_error ("ubigint::operator-(a<b)");</pre>
32:
33:
       return ubigint (uvalue - that.uvalue);
34: }
35:
36: ubigint ubigint::operator* (const ubigint& that) const {
       return ubigint (uvalue * that.uvalue);
37:
38: }
39:
40: void ubigint::multiply_by_2() {
       uvalue *= 2;
41:
42: }
43:
44: void ubigint::divide_by_2() {
       uvalue /= 2;
45:
46: }
47:
```

```
48:
49: struct quo_rem { ubigint quotient; ubigint remainder; };
50: quo_rem udivide (const ubigint& dividend, const ubigint& divisor_) {
       // NOTE: udivide is a non-member function.
51:
52:
       ubigint divisor {divisor_};
53:
       ubigint zero {0};
54:
       if (divisor == zero) throw domain_error ("udivide by zero");
55:
       ubigint power_of_2 {1};
56:
       ubigint quotient {0};
       ubigint remainder {dividend}; // left operand, dividend
57:
58:
       while (divisor < remainder) {</pre>
59:
          divisor.multiply_by_2();
60:
          power_of_2.multiply_by_2();
61:
62:
       while (power_of_2 > zero) {
          if (divisor <= remainder) {</pre>
63:
64:
             remainder = remainder - divisor;
65:
             quotient = quotient + power_of_2;
66:
67:
          divisor.divide_by_2();
68:
          power_of_2.divide_by_2();
69:
70:
       return {.quotient = quotient, .remainder = remainder};
71: }
72:
73: ubigint ubigint::operator/ (const ubigint& that) const {
       return udivide (*this, that).quotient;
75: }
76:
77: ubigint ubigint::operator% (const ubigint& that) const {
       return udivide (*this, that).remainder;
79: }
80:
81: bool ubigint::operator== (const ubigint& that) const {
       return uvalue == that.uvalue;
82:
83: }
84:
85: bool ubigint::operator< (const ubigint& that) const {</pre>
       return uvalue < that.uvalue;</pre>
86:
87: }
88:
89: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const ubigint& that) {
       return out << "ubigint(" << that.uvalue << ")";</pre>
91: }
92:
```

```
1: // $Id: bigint.h,v 1.2 2020-01-06 13:39:55-08 - - $
 3: #ifndef __BIGINT_H__
 4: #define __BIGINT_H__
 6: #include <exception>
7: #include <iostream>
 8: #include <limits>
9: #include <utility>
10: using namespace std;
11:
12: #include "debug.h"
13: #include "relops.h"
14: #include "ubigint.h"
15:
16: class bigint {
17:
       friend ostream& operator<< (ostream&, const bigint&);</pre>
18:
       private:
19:
          ubigint uvalue;
20:
          bool is_negative {false};
21:
       public:
22:
23:
          bigint() = default; // Needed or will be suppressed.
24:
          bigint (long);
          bigint (const ubigint&, bool is_negative = false);
25:
26:
          explicit bigint (const string&);
27:
28:
          bigint operator+() const;
29:
          bigint operator-() const;
30:
31:
          bigint operator+ (const bigint&) const;
          bigint operator- (const bigint&) const;
32:
          bigint operator* (const bigint&) const;
33:
          bigint operator/ (const bigint&) const;
34:
35:
          bigint operator% (const bigint&) const;
36:
37:
          bool operator== (const bigint&) const;
38:
          bool operator< (const bigint&) const;</pre>
39: };
40:
41: #endif
42:
```

```
1: // $Id: bigint.cpp,v 1.2 2020-01-06 13:39:55-08 - - $
 3: #include <cstdlib>
 4: #include <exception>
 5: #include <stack>
 6: #include <stdexcept>
7: using namespace std;
8:
9: #include "bigint.h"
10: #include "debug.h"
11: #include "relops.h"
12:
13: bigint::bigint (long that): uvalue (that), is_negative (that < 0) {</pre>
       DEBUGF ('~', this << " -> " << uvalue)</pre>
14:
15: }
17: bigint::bigint (const ubigint& uvalue_, bool is_negative_):
                    uvalue(uvalue_), is_negative(is_negative_) {
18:
19: }
20:
21: bigint::bigint (const string& that) {
       is_negative = that.size() > 0 and that[0] == '_';
23:
       uvalue = ubigint (that.substr (is_negative ? 1 : 0));
24: }
25:
26: bigint bigint::operator+ () const {
27:
       return *this;
28: }
29:
30: bigint bigint::operator- () const {
      return {uvalue, not is_negative};
32: }
33:
34: bigint bigint::operator+ (const bigint& that) const {
       ubigint result = uvalue + that.uvalue;
35:
36:
       return result;
37: }
38:
39: bigint bigint::operator- (const bigint& that) const {
40:
       ubigint result = uvalue - that.uvalue;
41:
       return result;
42: }
43:
```

```
44:
45: bigint bigint::operator* (const bigint& that) const {
      bigint result = uvalue * that.uvalue;
47:
       return result;
48: }
49:
50: bigint bigint::operator/ (const bigint& that) const {
      bigint result = uvalue / that.uvalue;
       return result;
52:
53: }
54:
55: bigint bigint::operator% (const bigint& that) const {
      bigint result = uvalue % that.uvalue;
56:
57:
       return result;
58: }
59:
60: bool bigint::operator == (const bigint& that) const {
61:
       return is_negative == that.is_negative and uvalue == that.uvalue;
62: }
63:
64: bool bigint::operator< (const bigint& that) const {
       if (is_negative != that.is_negative) return is_negative;
66:
       return is_negative ? uvalue > that.uvalue
67:
                           : uvalue < that.uvalue;</pre>
68: }
69:
70: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const bigint& that) {
71:
       return out << "bigint(" << (that.is_negative ? "-" : "+")</pre>
72:
                  << "," << that.uvalue << ")";
73: }
74:
```

01/06/20 16:06:09

## \$cse111-wm/Assignments/asg1-dc-bigint/code libfns.h

**1**/1

```
1: // $Id: libfns.h,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
2:
3: // Library functions not members of any class.
4:
5: #include "bigint.h"
6:
7: bigint pow (const bigint& base, const bigint& exponent);
8:
```

```
1: // $Id: libfns.cpp,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
 3: #include "libfns.h"
 4:
 5: //
 6: // This algorithm would be more efficient with operators
7: // *=, /=2, and is_odd. But we leave it here.
8: //
9:
10: bigint pow (const bigint& base_arg, const bigint& exponent_arg) {
11:
      bigint base (base_arg);
12:
       bigint exponent (exponent_arg);
13:
       static const bigint ZERO (0);
14:
       static const bigint ONE (1);
15:
       static const bigint TWO (2);
16:
       DEBUGF ('^', "base = " << base << ", exponent = " << exponent);</pre>
17:
       if (base == ZERO) return ZERO;
18:
      bigint result = ONE;
19:
       if (exponent < ZERO) {
20:
          base = ONE / base;
21:
          exponent = - exponent;
22:
23:
      while (exponent > ZERO) {
          if (exponent % TWO == ONE) {
24:
25:
             result = result * base;
26:
             exponent = exponent - 1;
27:
          }else {
28:
             base = base * base;
29:
             exponent = exponent / 2;
30:
          }
31:
       }
       DEBUGF ('^', "result = " << result);</pre>
32:
33:
       return result;
34: }
35:
```

```
1: // $Id: scanner.h,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
 3: #ifndef __SCANNER_H__
 4: #define __SCANNER_H__
 6: #include <iostream>
 7: #include <utility>
 8: using namespace std;
 9:
10: #include "debug.h"
11:
12: enum class tsymbol {SCANEOF, NUMBER, OPERATOR};
13:
14: struct token {
      tsymbol symbol;
15:
       string lexinfo;
17:
       token (tsymbol sym, const string& lex = string()):
18:
              symbol(sym), lexinfo(lex){
19:
       }
20: };
21:
22: class scanner {
23:
      private:
24:
          istream& instream;
25:
          int nextchar {instream.get()};
26:
          bool good() { return nextchar != EOF; }
27:
          char get();
28:
       public:
29:
          scanner (istream& instream_ = cin): instream(instream_) {}
30:
          token scan();
31: };
32:
33: ostream& operator<< (ostream&, tsymbol);</pre>
34: ostream& operator<< (ostream&, const token&);</pre>
35:
36: #endif
37:
```

```
1: // $Id: scanner.cpp,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
 3: #include <cassert>
 4: #include <iostream>
 5: #include <locale>
 6: #include <stdexcept>
7: #include <type_traits>
 8: #include <unordered_map>
 9: using namespace std;
10:
11: #include "scanner.h"
12: #include "debug.h"
13:
14: char scanner::get() {
       if (not good()) throw runtime_error ("scanner::get() past EOF");
15:
       char currchar = nextchar;
17:
       nextchar = instream.get();
18:
       return currchar;
19: }
20:
21: token scanner::scan() {
       while (good() and isspace (nextchar)) get();
23:
       if (not good()) return {tsymbol::SCANEOF};
24:
       if (nextchar == '_' or isdigit (nextchar)) {
          token result {tsymbol::NUMBER, {get()}};
25:
26:
          while (good() and isdigit (nextchar)) result.lexinfo += get();
27:
          return result;
28:
29:
       return {tsymbol::OPERATOR, {get()}};
30: }
31:
32: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, tsymbol symbol) {</pre>
33:
       struct hasher {
          auto operator() (tsymbol sym) const {
34:
35:
             return static_cast<underlying_type<tsymbol>::type> (sym);
36:
          }
37:
       };
38:
       static const unordered_map<tsymbol, string, hasher> map {
          {tsymbol::NUMBER , "NUMBER" },
39:
40:
          {tsymbol::OPERATOR, "OPERATOR"},
41:
          {tsymbol::SCANEOF , "SCANEOF" },
42:
       return out << map.at(symbol);
43:
44: }
45:
46: ostream& operator<< (ostream& out, const token& token) {
       out << "{" << token.symbol << ", \"" << token.lexinfo << "\"}";
47:
48:
       return out;
49: }
50:
```

```
1: // $Id: debug.h,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
3: #ifndef __DEBUG_H__
 4: #define __DEBUG_H__
 6: #include <bitset>
7: #include <climits>
8: #include <string>
9: using namespace std;
10:
11: // debug -
          static class for maintaining global debug flags.
12: //
13: // setflags -
          Takes a string argument, and sets a flag for each char in the
14: //
15: //
          string. As a special case, '@', sets all flags.
16: // getflag -
17: //
          Used by the DEBUGF macro to check to see if a flag has been set.
18: //
          Not to be called by user code.
19:
20: class debugflags {
21:
       private:
          using flagset = bitset<UCHAR_MAX + 1>;
22:
23:
          static flagset flags;
24:
      public:
          static void setflags (const string& optflags);
25:
26:
          static bool getflag (char flag);
27:
          static void where (char flag, const char* file, int line,
28:
                             const char* pretty_function);
29: };
30:
```

```
31:
32: // DEBUGF -
33: //
          Macro which expands into debug code. First argument is a
34: //
          debug flag char, second argument is output code that can
35: //
          be sandwiched between <<. Beware of operator precedence.
36: //
          Example:
37: //
             DEBUGF ('u', "foo = " << foo);
38: //
          will print two words and a newline if flag 'u' is on.
39: //
          Traces are preceded by filename, line number, and function.
40:
41: #ifdef NDEBUG
42: #define DEBUGF(FLAG, CODE);
43: #define DEBUGS(FLAG, STMT) ;
44: #else
45: #define DEBUGF(FLAG, CODE) { \
46:
               if (debugflags::getflag (FLAG)) { \
47:
                  debugflags::where (FLAG, ___FILE_
                                                     _, __LINE___, \
                                        _PRETTY_FUNCTION___); \
48:
49:
                  cerr << CODE << endl; \</pre>
50:
               } \
51:
52: #define DEBUGS(FLAG, STMT) { \
53:
               if (debugflags::getflag (FLAG)) { \
54:
                  debugflags::where (FLAG, ___FILE_
                                                        __LINE___, \
                                      __PRETTY_FUNCTION___); \
55:
56:
                  STMT; \
57:
               } \
58:
59: #endif
60:
61: #endif
62:
```

```
1: // $Id: debug.cpp, v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
 3: #include <climits>
 4: #include <iostream>
 5: #include <vector>
 6:
7: using namespace std;
8:
9: #include "debug.h"
10: #include "util.h"
11:
12: debugflags::flagset debugflags::flags {};
13:
14: void debugflags::setflags (const string& initflags) {
       for (const unsigned char flag: initflags) {
15:
16:
          if (flag == '@') flags.set();
17:
                      else flags.set (flag, true);
18:
       }
19: }
20:
21: // getflag -
          Check to see if a certain flag is on.
24: bool debugflags::getflag (char flag) {
       // WARNING: Don't TRACE this function or the stack will blow up.
26:
       return flags.test (static_cast<unsigned char> (flag));
27: }
28:
29: void debugflags::where (char flag, const char* file, int line,
30:
                            const char* pretty_function) {
31:
       cout << exec::execname() << ": DEBUG(" << flag << ") "</pre>
32:
            << file << "[" << line << "] " << endl
            << " " << pretty_function << endl;
33:
34: }
35:
```

```
1: // $Id: util.h,v 1.2 2019-12-12 19:22:40-08 - - $
2:
 3: //
 4: // util -
 5: //
          A utility class to provide various services
 6: //
          not conveniently included in other modules.
7: //
8:
9: #ifndef __UTIL_H__
10: #define __UTIL_H_
11:
12: #include <iomanip>
13: #include <iostream>
14: #include <sstream>
15: #include <stdexcept>
16: #include <vector>
17: using namespace std;
18:
19: #include "debug.h"
20:
21: //
22: // ydc_error -
23: //
          Indicate a problem where processing should be abandoned and
24: //
          the main function should take control.
25: //
26:
27: class ydc_error: public runtime_error {
28:
       public:
29:
          explicit ydc_error (const string& what): runtime_error (what) {
30:
31: };
32:
33: //
34: // octal -
35: //
          Convert integer to octal string.
36: //
37:
38: template <typename numeric>
39: const string octal (numeric number) {
40:
       ostringstream stream;
41:
       stream << showbase << oct << (number + 0);</pre>
42:
       return stream.str();
43: }
44:
```

```
45:
46: //
47: // main -
48: //
          Keep track of execname and exit status. Must be initialized
49: //
          as the first thing done inside main. Main should call:
50: //
             main::execname (argv[0]);
51: //
          before anything else.
52: //
53:
54: class exec {
55:
      private:
56:
          static string execname_;
57:
          static int status_;
          static void execname (const string& argv0);
58:
59:
          friend int main (int, char**);
60:
      public:
61:
          static void status (int status);
62:
          static const string& execname() {return execname_; }
63:
          static int status() {return status_; }
64: };
65:
66: //
67: // complain -
68: //
          Used for starting error messages. Sets the exit status to
69: //
          EXIT_FAILURE, writes the program name to cerr, and then
70: //
          returns the cerr ostream. Example:
71: //
             complain() << filename << ": some problem" << endl;</pre>
72: //
73:
74: ostream& note();
75: ostream& error();
76:
77: #endif
78:
```

```
1: // $Id: util.cpp, v 1.2 2019-12-12 19:22:40-08 - - $
 3: #include <cstring>
 4: using namespace std;
 6: #include "util.h"
 7:
 8: string exec::execname_; // Must be initialized from main().
 9: int exec::status_ = EXIT_SUCCESS;
10:
11: void exec::execname (const string& argv0) {
       execname_ = basename (argv0.c_str());
13:
       cout << boolalpha;</pre>
14:
       cerr << boolalpha;</pre>
15:
       DEBUGF ('Y', "execname = " << execname_);</pre>
16: }
17:
18: void exec::status (int new_status) {
19:
       new_status &= 0xFF;
       if (status_ < new_status) status_ = new_status;</pre>
20:
21: }
22:
23: ostream& note() {
       return cerr << exec::execname() << ": ";</pre>
25: }
26:
27: ostream& error() {
28:
       exec::status (EXIT_FAILURE);
29:
       return note();
30: }
31:
```

```
1: // $Id: iterstack.h,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
2:
 3: //
 4: // The class std::stack does not provide an iterator, which is
 5: // needed for this class. So, like std::stack, class iterstack
 6: // is implemented on top of a container.
7: //
 8: // We use private inheritance because we want to restrict
 9: // operations only to those few that are approved. All functions
10: // are merely inherited from the container, with only ones needed
11: // being exported as public.
12: //
13: // No implementation file is needed because all functions are
14: // inherited, and the convenience functions that are added are
15: // trivial, and so can be inline.
17: // Any underlying container which supports the necessary operations
18: // could be used, such as vector, list, or deque.
19: //
20:
21: #ifndef ___ITERSTACK_H_
22: #define ___ITERSTACK_H_
23:
24: #include <vector>
25: using namespace std;
27: template <typename value_t, typename container = vector<value_t>>
28: class iterstack {
29:
      public:
30:
          using value_type = value_t;
31:
          using const_iterator = typename container::const_reverse_iterator;
32:
          using size_type = typename container::size_type;
33:
      private:
34:
          container stack;
35:
      public:
          void clear() { stack.clear(); }
36:
37:
          bool empty() const { return stack.empty(); }
38:
          size_type size() const { return stack.size(); }
39:
          const_iterator begin() { return stack.crbegin(); }
          const_iterator end() { return stack.crend(); }
40:
41:
          void push (const value_type& value) { stack.push_back (value); }
42:
          void pop() { stack.pop_back(); }
43:
          const value_type& top() const { return stack.back(); }
44: };
45:
46: #endif
47:
```

```
1: // $Id: relops.h,v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
2:
3: //
 4: // Assuming that for any given type T, there are operators
 5: // bool operator< (const T&, const T&);</pre>
 6: // bool operator== (const T&, const T&);
7: // as fundamental comparisons for type T, define the other
 8: // six operators in terms of the basic ones.
9: //
10:
11: #ifndef __REL_OPS_H__
12: #define __REL_OPS_H__
13:
14: template <typename value>
15: inline bool operator!= (const value& left, const value& right) {
       return not (left == right);
17: }
18:
19: template <typename value>
20: inline bool operator> (const value& left, const value& right) {
21:
       return right < left;
22: }
23:
24: template <typename value>
25: inline bool operator<= (const value& left, const value& right) {</pre>
       return not (right < left);</pre>
27: }
28:
29: template <typename value>
30: inline bool operator>= (const value& left, const value& right) {
       return not (left < right);</pre>
32: }
33:
34: #endif
35:
```

```
1: // $Id: main.cpp, v 1.2 2019-12-12 19:22:40-08 - - $
 3: #include <cassert>
 4: #include <deque>
 5: #include <iostream>
 6: #include <stdexcept>
7: #include <unordered_map>
 8: #include <utility>
 9: using namespace std;
10:
11: #include <unistd.h>
12:
13: #include "bigint.h"
14: #include "debug.h"
15: #include "iterstack.h"
16: #include "libfns.h"
17: #include "scanner.h"
18: #include "util.h"
19:
20: using bigint_stack = iterstack<bigint>;
21:
22: void do_arith (bigint_stack& stack, const char oper) {
23:
       if (stack.size() < 2) throw ydc_error ("stack empty");</pre>
24:
       bigint right = stack.top();
25:
       stack.pop();
26:
       DEBUGF ('d', "right = " << right);</pre>
27:
       bigint left = stack.top();
28:
       stack.pop();
       DEBUGF ('d', "left = " << left);
29:
30:
       bigint result;
31:
       switch (oper) {
32:
          case '+': result = left + right; break;
33:
          case '-': result = left - right; break;
          case '*': result = left * right; break;
34:
          case '/': result = left / right; break;
35:
36:
          case '%': result = left % right; break;
37:
          case '^': result = pow (left, right); break;
38:
          default: throw invalid_argument ("do_arith operator "s + oper);
39:
40:
       DEBUGF ('d', "result = " << result);</pre>
41:
       stack.push (result);
42: }
43:
44: void do_clear (bigint_stack& stack, const char) {
       DEBUGF ('d', "");
45:
46:
       stack.clear();
47: }
48:
```

```
49:
50: void do_dup (bigint_stack& stack, const char) {
       bigint top = stack.top();
       DEBUGF ('d', top);
52:
53:
       stack.push (top);
54: }
55:
56: void do_printall (bigint_stack& stack, const char) {
       for (const auto& elem: stack) cout << elem << endl;</pre>
57:
58: }
59:
60: void do_print (bigint_stack& stack, const char) {
       if (stack.size() < 1) throw ydc_error ("stack empty");</pre>
61:
62:
       cout << stack.top() << endl;</pre>
63: }
64:
65: void do_debug (bigint_stack&, const char) {
       cout << "Y not implemented" << endl;</pre>
66:
67: }
68:
69: class ydc_quit: public exception {};
70: void do_quit (bigint_stack&, const char) {
71:
       throw ydc_quit();
72: }
73:
74: string unimplemented (char oper) {
       if (isgraph (oper)) {
76:
          return "'"s + oper + "' ("s + octal (oper) + ") unimplemented";
77:
       }else {
          return octal (oper) + " unimplemented"s;
78:
79:
       }
80: }
81:
82: void do_function (bigint_stack& stack, const char oper) {
83:
       switch (oper) {
                                 (stack, oper); break;
84:
          case '+': do_arith
85:
          case '-': do_arith
                                 (stack, oper); break;
86:
          case '*': do_arith
                                 (stack, oper); break;
          case '/': do_arith
                                 (stack, oper); break;
87:
          case '%': do_arith
88:
                                 (stack, oper); break;
          case '^': do_arith
89:
                                 (stack, oper); break;
          case 'Y': do_debug
90:
                                 (stack, oper); break;
          case 'c': do_clear
91:
                                 (stack, oper); break;
92:
          case 'd': do_dup
                                 (stack, oper); break;
93:
          case 'f': do_printall (stack, oper); break;
          case 'p': do_print
94:
                                 (stack, oper); break;
          case 'q': do_quit
95:
                                 (stack, oper); break;
          default : throw ydc_error (unimplemented (oper));
96:
97:
       }
98: }
99:
```

```
100:
101: //
102: // scan_options
           Options analysis: The only option is -Dflags.
103: //
104: //
105: void scan_options (int argc, char** argv) {
106:
        opterr = 0;
        for (;;) {
107:
108:
           int option = getopt (argc, argv, "@:");
109:
           if (option == EOF) break;
110:
           switch (option) {
111:
              case '@':
112:
                  debugflags::setflags (optarg);
113:
              default:
114:
115:
                 error() << "-" << static_cast<char> (optopt)
116:
                          << ": invalid option" << endl;
117:
                 break;
118:
           }
119:
        }
        if (optind < argc) {</pre>
120:
           error() << "operand not permitted" << endl;</pre>
121:
122:
123: }
124:
```

```
125:
126: //
127: // Main function.
128: //
129: int main (int argc, char** argv) {
130:
        exec::execname (argv[0]);
131:
        scan_options (argc, argv);
132:
        bigint_stack operand_stack;
133:
        scanner input;
134:
        try {
135:
           for (;;) {
136:
              try {
137:
                 token lexeme = input.scan();
138:
                  switch (lexeme.symbol) {
                     case tsymbol::SCANEOF:
139:
140:
                        throw ydc_quit();
                        break;
141:
142:
                     case tsymbol::NUMBER:
                        operand_stack.push (bigint (lexeme.lexinfo));
143:
144:
                        break;
145:
                     case tsymbol::OPERATOR: {
146:
                        char oper = lexeme.lexinfo[0];
                        do_function (operand_stack, oper);
147:
                        break;
148:
149:
                        }
150:
                     default:
151:
                        assert (false);
152:
              }catch (ydc_error& error) {
153:
                  cout << exec::execname() << ": " << error.what() << endl;</pre>
154:
155:
              }
156:
157:
        }catch (ydc_quit&) {
           // Intentionally left empty.
158:
159:
160:
        return exec::status();
161: }
162:
```

```
1: # $Id: Makefile, v 1.1 2019-12-12 18:19:23-08 - - $
 2:
 3: MKFILE
                 = Makefile
 4: DEPSFILE
                = ${MKFILE}.deps
5: NOINCL = ci clean spotless
6: NEEDINCL = ${filter ${NOINCL}}, ${MAKECMDGOALS}}
7: GMAKE = ${MAKE} --no-print-directory
8: GPPWARN = -Wall -Wextra -Wpedantic -Wshadow -Wold-style-cast
9: GPPOPTS = ${GPPWARN} -fdiagnostics-color=never
10: COMPILECPP = g++ -std=gnu++2a -g -O0 ${GPPOPTS}
11: MAKEDEPSCPP = g++ -std=gnu++2a -MM ${GPPOPTS}
12: UTILBIN = /afs/cats.ucsc.edu/courses/cse111-wm/bin
13:
14: MODULES
                 = ubigint bigint libfns scanner debug util
15: CPPHEADER = ${MODULES:=.h} iterstack.h relops.h
16: CPPSOURCE = ${MODULES:=.cpp} main.cpp
              = ydc
= ${CPPSOURCE:.cpp=.o}
17: EXECBIN
18: OBJECTS
19: MODULESRC = ${foreach MOD, ${MODULES}, ${MOD}.h ${MOD}.cpp}
20: OTHERSRC = ${filter-out ${MODULESRC}, ${CPPHEADER} ${CPPSOURCE}}}
21: ALLSOURCES = ${MODULESRC} ${OTHERSRC} ${MKFILE}
22: LISTING
                 = Listing.ps
23:
24: all : ${EXECBIN}
26: ${EXECBIN} : ${OBJECTS}
27:
             ${COMPILECPP} -o $@ ${OBJECTS}
28:
29: %.o : %.cpp
30:
            - ${UTILBIN}/checksource $<</pre>
31:
             - ${UTILBIN}/cpplint.py.perl $<
32:
            ${COMPILECPP} -c $<
33:
34: ci : ${ALLSOURCES}
             ${UTILBIN}/cid + ${ALLSOURCES}
35:
36:
             - ${UTILBIN}/checksource ${ALLSOURCES}
37:
38: lis : ${ALLSOURCES}
39:
            mkpspdf ${LISTING} ${ALLSOURCES} ${DEPSFILE}
40:
41: clean :
             - rm ${OBJECTS} ${DEPSFILE} core ${EXECBIN}.errs
42:
43:
44: spotless : clean
            - rm ${EXECBIN} ${LISTING} ${LISTING:.ps=.pdf}
46:
```

01/06/20 16:06:09

## \$cse111-wm/Assignments/asg1-dc-bigint/code Makefile

**2**/2

```
47:
48: deps : ${CPPSOURCE} ${CPPHEADER}
            @ echo "# ${DEPSFILE} created `LC_TIME=C date`" >${DEPSFILE}
50:
            ${MAKEDEPSCPP} ${CPPSOURCE} >>${DEPSFILE}
51:
52: ${DEPSFILE} :
53:
            @ touch ${DEPSFILE}
54:
            ${GMAKE} deps
55:
56: again :
57:
            ${GMAKE} spotless deps ci all lis
58:
59: ifeq (${NEEDINCL}, )
60: include ${DEPSFILE}
61: endif
62:
```

```
$cse111-wm/Assignments/asg1-dc-bigint/code
 01/06/20
                                                                         1/1
 16:06:08
                                  Makefile.deps
    1: # Makefile.deps created Mon Jan 6 16:06:08 PST 2020
    2: ubigint.o: ubigint.cpp ubigint.h debug.h relops.h
    3: bigint.o: bigint.cpp bigint.h debug.h relops.h ubigint.h
    4: libfns.o: libfns.cpp libfns.h bigint.h debug.h relops.h ubigint.h
    5: scanner.o: scanner.cpp scanner.h debug.h
    6: debug.o: debug.cpp debug.h util.h
    7: util.o: util.cpp util.h debug.h
    8: main.o: main.cpp bigint.h debug.h relops.h ubigint.h iterstack.h libfns.
h \
    9:
        scanner.h util.h
```