System Design Document

High-Level Architecture

HTML Processing Service

Input: Raw HTML content

Output: Processed HTML with shortened URLs

Components:

- HTML Parser (e.g., JSDOM)
- URL Shortener Service
- URL Storage

URL Shortener Service Backend

Input: Original URL Output: Shortened URL

Components:

- URL Generation (e.g., SHA-256 hash)
- URL Storage
- Redirection and Analytics Capture

Analytics Data Storage and Reporting System

Input: Click events
Output: Analytics data

Components:

- Analytics Storage
- Reporting API

Data Flow

1 HTML Processing Pipeline

graph TD A[Raw HTML] --> B(Parse HTML) B --> C(Identify Links) C --> D[Replace URLs] D --> E[Store Mappings] E --> F[Processed HTML]

2 Click Handling Flow

graph TD A[Short URL Click] --> B{Lookup Original} B --> C[Record Analytics] C --> D[302 Redirect] D --> E[User Follows Link]

From Raw HTML Input to Processed HTML with Shortened Links

- 1. HTML Processor parses the HTML.
- 2. Identifies all hyperlinks.
- 3. Replaces original URLs with shortened URLs using the URL Shortener Service.
- 4. Stores the mapping of original to shortened URLs.

From Link Click to Analytics Capture and Redirection

- 1. User clicks on a shortened URL.
- 2. URL Shortener Service captures the click event (timestamp, user agent, IP address).
- 3. Redirects the user to the original URL.
- 4. Stores the click event in the Analytics Storage.

Scalability Considerations

Scaling Strategies

Component Scaling Approach HTML Processing Horizontal scaling with auto-scaling group URL Shortener Sharded Redis cluster + Read replicas Analytics Kafkabased event streaming + Batch processing

Handling Growth

- Use a distributed storage system for URLs and analytics data.
- Implement load balancing for the URL Shortener Service.

Fault Tolerance and Monitoring

- · Implement retry mechanisms for failed requests.
- Use monitoring tools (e.g., Prometheus, Grafana) to track system health.

• Disaster Recovery: Multi-region replication with 15-minute RPO

Implementation Steps

gantt title Implementation Phases dateFormat YYYY-MM-DD section Core Services

HTML Processor :active, p1, 2025-03-17, 14d

URL Shortener : p2, after p1, 21d
Analytics Pipeline : p3, after p2, 28d

section Testing

E2E Testing : p4, after p3, 14d

Development Phases

1. Phase 1: Implement HTML Processor.

2. Phase 2: Implement URL Shortener Service.

3. Phase 3: Implement Analytics Capture and Reporting.

4. Phase 4: Integrate all components and perform end-to-end testing.

Testing Strategies

- Unit tests for individual components.
- Load testing to ensure scalability.

Deployment Checklist

- Load balancer configuration
- Auto-scaling policies
- · Database replication setup
- Monitoring alerts configuration
- Rate limiting enabled
- TLS termination configured

Maintenance Plan

Daily: Check system health metrics

Weekly: Audit security rules

Monthly: Review scaling thresholds

Quarterly: Full disaster recovery drill