

Graded: Value Functions and Bellman Equations

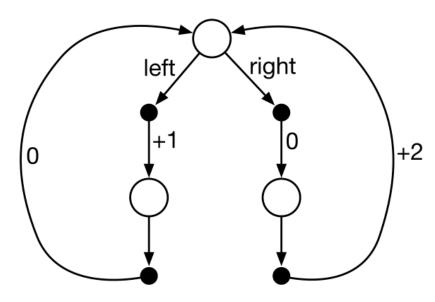
TOTAL POINTS 11

1.	A function which maps	to	is a value function. [Select all that apply]

1 point

- State-action pairs to expected returns.
- States to expected returns.
- Values to states.
- Values to actions.
- 2. Consider the continuing Markov decision process shown below. The only decision to be made is in the top state, where two actions are available, left and right. The numbers show the rewards that are received deterministically after each action. There are exactly two deterministic policies, π_{left} and π_{right} . Indicate the optimal policies if $\gamma=0$? If $\gamma=0.9$? If $\gamma=0.5$? [Select all that apply]

1 point



- \square For $\gamma = 0.5$, π_{left}
- \square For $\gamma = 0.9$, π_{right}
- \square For $\gamma = 0.9$, π_{left}

3.	Every finite Markov decision process has [Select all that apply]		
	A unique optimal policy		
	A unique optimal value function		
	A deterministic optimal policy		
	A stochastic optimal policy		
4.	The of the reward for each state-action pair, the dynamics function p , and the policy π is to characterize the value function v_π . (Remember that the value of a policy π at state s is $v_\pi(s) = \sum_a \pi(a s) \sum_{s',r} p(s',r s,a)[r+\gamma v_\pi(s')]$.)	1 point	
	Oistribution; necessary		
	Mean; sufficient		
5.	The Bellman equation for a given a policy π : [Select all that apply]	1 point	
	Expresses the improved policy in terms of the existing policy.		
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
	Holds only when the policy is greedy with respect to the value function.		
6.	An optimal policy:	1 point	
	Is unique in every finite Markov decision process.		
	Is not guaranteed to be unique, even in finite Markov decision processes.		
	Is unique in every Markov decision process.		
7.	The Bellman optimality equation: [Select all that apply]	1 point	
	Expresses the improved policy in terms of the existing policy.		
	\square Holds when the policy is greedy with respect to a given value function v .		
	Holds for the optimal state value function.		
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
	$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
8.	Give an equation for v_π in terms of q_π and π .	1 point	
	$igcup v_\pi(s) = \max_a \gamma \pi(a s) q_\pi(s,a)$		
	$igcup v_\pi(s) = \max_a \pi(a s) q_\pi(s,a)$		
	$\bigcirc \ \ v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_a \gamma \pi(a s) q_{\pi}(s,a)$		
	$\bigcap_{\alpha} f(\alpha) = \sum_{\alpha} f(\alpha \alpha) f(\alpha \alpha)$		

9. Give an equation for q_π in terms of v_π and the four-argument p.

 $\bigcirc \quad q_{\pi}(s,a) = \operatorname{max}_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a) \gamma[r + v_{\pi}(s')]$

- $Q_{\pi}(s,a) = \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a)[r + v_{\pi}(s')]$
- $\bigcirc q_{\pi}(s,a) = \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a)[r + \gamma v_{\pi}(s')]$
- $q_{\pi}(s, a) = \max_{s', r} p(s', r|s, a)[r + v_{\pi}(s')]$
- $\bigcirc q_{\pi}(s,a) = \sum_{s',r} p(s',r|s,a) \gamma[r + v_{\pi}(s')]$
- 10. Let r(s,a) be the expected reward for taking action a in state s, as defined in equation 3.5 of the textbook. Which of the following are valid ways to re-express the Bellman equations, using this expected reward function? [Select all that apply]

1 point

1 point

$$\qquad q_{\pi}(s,a) = r(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s',a'} p(s'|s,a) \pi(a'|s') q_{\pi}(s',a')$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)[r(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} p(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')]$$

$$\qquad \qquad q_*(s,a) = r(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} p(s'|s,a) \max_{a'} q_*(s',a')$$

$$v_*(s) = \max_a [r(s,a) + \gamma \sum_s, p(s'|s,a)v_*(s')]$$

11. Consider an episodic MDP with one state and two actions (left and right). The left action has stochastic reward 1 with probability p and 3 with probability 1-p. The right action has stochastic reward 0 with probability q and 10 with probability 1-q. What relationship between p and q makes the actions equally optimal?

1 point

$$\bigcirc$$
 13 + 3p = -10q

$$\bigcirc 7 + 3p = 10q$$

$$\bigcirc$$
 13 + 2p = 10q

$$13 + 2p = -10q$$

$$\bigcirc 7 + 3p = -10q$$

$$\bigcirc 7 + 2p = 10q$$

$$13 + 3p = 10q$$

$$7 + 2p = -10q$$

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