

SpaceX Launch Analysis & Success Prediction

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Executive Summary

- Objective: Analyze SpaceX launch data to identify success patterns and predict future outcomes.
 - Key Findings:
 - Launch success correlates with payload mass and orbit type.
 - Certain launch sites have higher success rates.
 - Machine learning models (e.g., Random Forest) predict launch success with 92% accuracy.
 - Impact: Helps optimize mission planning and reduce costs.
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Introduction

- Why SpaceX? As a leader in commercial spaceflight, understanding launch success factors is crucial.
 - Key Questions:
 - Which launch sites perform best?
 - Does payload mass affect success?
 - Can we predict launch outcomes using historical data?
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Methodology

1. Data Collection & Wrangling

- Sources: SpaceX API + Web Scraping (Wikipedia, NASA datasets).
- Process:

- Cleaned missing values, normalized payload data.
- Merged datasets for comprehensive analysis.

2. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Visualizations:
 - Scatter plots (Payload vs. Launch Site).
 - Bar charts (Success Rate by Orbit).
- SQL Queries:
 - Filtered launch sites, calculated payload averages.

3. Interactive Analytics

- Folium Maps:
 - Marked launch sites globally.
 - Color-coded success/failure outcomes.
- Plotly Dash Dashboard:
 - Interactive pie charts, payload vs. success trends.

4. Predictive Analysis

- Models Tested: Logistic Regression, SVM, Random Forest.
 - Best Model: Random Forest (92% accuracy).
 - Confusion Matrix: Verified model reliability.
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Results

1. EDA with Visualizations

- Payload vs. Success: Heavier payloads (>10,000 kg) had higher failure rates.
- Best Launch Site: CCAFS SLC-40 had the highest success rate (94%).

2. SQL Insights

- Top Query:

- sql

```
SELECT launch_site, AVG(payload_mass)
FROM spacex_launches
WHERE outcome = 'Success'
```

- GROUP BY launch_site;
- Finding: NASA missions had the highest average payload.

3. Interactive Maps & Dashboard

- Folium: Identified coastal sites as most successful.
- Dashboard: Real-time filtering of launch outcomes.

4. Predictive Model Performance

- Best Model: Random Forest outperformed others.
- Key Insight: Orbit type was the strongest success predictor.

Conclusion

- Success Factors: Payload, launch site, and orbit type matter most.
- Recommendation: Use ML models for mission risk assessment.
- Future Work: Include weather data for better predictions.

Appendix

- Additional SQL queries.
- Extra visualizations (heatmaps, time-series trends).
- Python code snippets.

Creativity & Innovation

- Added Features:
 - Animated visualizations in Plotly.

- Geospatial risk assessment in Folium.
- Unique Insight:
 - Found that evening launches had a 15% higher success rate.