ST340 Assignment 3

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Q1 Gradient descent

There is a function that does gradient descent with a fixed number of iterations to find local minimum:

```
gradient.descent <- function(f, gradf, x0, iterations=1000, eta=0.2) {
    x<-x0
for (i in 1:iterations) {
    cat(i,"/",iterations,": ",x," ",f(x),"\n")
    x<-x-eta*gradf(x)
}
x
}</pre>
```

Example:

```
f <-function(x) { sum(x^2) }
gradf<-function(x) { 2*x }
gradient.descent(f,gradf,c(10,20),10,0.2)</pre>
```

```
## 1 / 10 : 10 20
                    500
## 2 / 10 : 6 12
                   180
## 3 / 10 : 3.6 7.2
## 4 / 10 : 2.16 4.32
                         23.328
## 5 / 10 : 1.296 2.592
## 6 / 10 : 0.7776 1.5552
                             3.023309
## 7 / 10 : 0.46656 0.93312
                               1.088391
## 8 / 10 : 0.279936 0.559872
                                 0.3918208
## 9 / 10 : 0.1679616 0.3359232
                                   0.1410555
## 10 / 10 : 0.100777 0.2015539
                                   0.05077998
## [1] 0.06046618 0.12093235
```

(a) Write a short function that uses gradient.descent to find a local maximum.

Gradient descent is opposite to gradient ascent as one is finding minimum and another is finding maximum, we could adjust the function by taking eta to be -eta, so if -eta=0.2, then we will have x+0.2*gradf(), we have obtained an increasing function and the direction is increasing most rapidly, which is the same as gradient ascent.

```
gradient.ascent <- function(f, df, x0, iterations=1000, eta=0.2) {</pre>
  # change eta to -eta to find the direction increasing the most
  gradient.descent(f,df,x0,iterations,-eta)
f \leftarrow function(x) \{ (1+x^2)^(-1) \}
gradf \leftarrow function(x) \{ -2*x*(1+x^2)^(-2) \}
gradient.ascent(f,gradf,3,40,0.5)
## 1 / 40 :
             3
                 0.1
## 2 / 40 :
            2.97
                     0.1018237
## 3 / 40 : 2.939207
                         0.1037459
## 4 / 40 : 2.907572
                         0.1057756
## 5 / 40 :
             2.87504
                        0.1079231
## 6 / 40 : 2.841554
                         0.1101998
## 7 / 40 : 2.807046
                         0.1126189
## 8 / 40 :
             2.771444
                         0.1151954
## 9 / 40 :
             2.734667
                         0.1179467
## 10 / 40 : 2.696624
                          0.120893
## 11 / 40 : 2.657212
                          0.1240575
## 12 / 40 :
              2.616317
                          0.1274679
## 13 / 40 :
              2.573807
                          0.1311564
## 14 / 40 :
              2.529532
                          0.1351619
## 15 / 40 :
              2.483321
                          0.1395307
## 16 / 40 :
              2.434974
                          0.144319
## 17 / 40 :
              2.384258
                          0.1495956
## 18 / 40 :
              2.330901
                          0.155446
## 19 / 40 :
              2.274579
                          0.1619772
## 20 / 40 :
              2.214901
                          0.1693254
## 21 / 40 :
              2.151398
                          0.1776669
## 22 / 40 :
              2.083488
                          0.1872336
## 23 / 40 :
              2.010448
                          0.1983379
## 24 / 40 :
              1.931361
                          0.2114095
## 25 / 40 :
              1.845041
                          0.2270572
## 26 / 40 :
              1.74992
                         0.2461708
## 27 / 40 :
              1.643875
                          0.2701006
## 28 / 40 :
              1.523947
                          0.300986
## 29 / 40 :
              1.385889
                          0.3423852
## 30 / 40 :
              1.223424
                          0.400518
## 31 / 40 :
              1.027169
                          0.4866
## 32 / 40 :
              0.7839563
                           0.6193532
## 33 / 40 :
              0.4832319
                           0.8106927
## 34 / 40 :
                          0.9732957
              0.165641
## 35 / 40 :
              0.008728518
                             0.9999238
## 36 / 40 :
              1.329848e-06
                              1
## 37 / 40 :
              4.703997e-18
## 38 / 40 :
              0
                   1
## 39 / 40 :
              0
                   1
## 40 / 40 :
                   1
## [1] 0
```

The above code gives the final output of x=0 and f(x)=1. Which indicates that the function $\frac{1}{1+x^2}$ achieves its maximum that f(x)=1 when x=0.

(b) consider:

```
f \leftarrow function(x) (x[1]-1)^2 + 100*(x[1]^2-x[2])^2
```

i)proof f has a unique minimum

$$f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

the function f has the form

$$f(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 - 1)^2 + 100(x_1^2 - x_2)^2$$

The function attains its minimum value when

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 0$$

we know the property of square, that is

$$(x_1-1)^2 \ge 0$$

and

$$(x_1^2 - x_2)^2 \ge 0$$

Theses two squares are minimised when both of them has value=0 Then we can get

$$(x_1 - 1) = 0$$

and

$$(x_1^2 - x_2) = 0$$

Solving these equations we get $x_1 = 1$ and because $x_1^2 = 1$ we have $x_2 = 1$. Because we only obtain one unique value for x_1 and x_2 , so the function $f(x_1, x_2)$ has a unique minimum value $f(x_1, x_2) = 0$ when $x_1 = 1$ and $x_2 = 1$

ii) we use the partial derivative to get

$$\nabla f = \nabla f(x_1, x_2) = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_2}\right) = \left(400x_1(x_1^2 - x_2) + 2(x_1 - 1), 200(x_2 - x_1^2)\right)$$

We create the gradf function to output the partial derivative of $f(x_1, x_2)$ in the vector form with the input of $x = (x_1, x_2)$

```
gradf<- function(x) {
  part1<-400*x[1]^3-400*x[1]*x[2]+2*x[1]-2
  part2<-200*x[2]-200*x[1]^2
  c(part1, part2)
}</pre>
```

We can use examples to check it actually works

```
gradf(c(1,1))
```

[1] 0 0

```
gradf(c(2,2))
```

```
## [1] 1602 -400
```

When $(x_1, x_2) = (0, 0)$, we get the unique minimum value of the function f = 0, this means the partial derivative in the vector form should also be 0 in each part. Similar situation apply for $(x_1, x_2) = (2, 2)$, put these two value into the part1 and part2 formula we would get the same answer.

iii) Firstly, we need to find the range of eta that could give us a value for the function f which is close to 0 in order to find the minimum value and get value of x_1 and x_2

```
gradient_descent2 <- function(f, gradf, x0, iterations) {</pre>
   # create a bunch of values of eta
  eta \leftarrow c(0.000001, 0.00001, 0.0001, 0.001, 0.01, 0.5, 1)
  result <- list()
  for (k in 1:length(eta)) {
    x \leftarrow x0 #initial value of x
    for (i in 1:iterations) {
      x <- x - eta[k] * gradf(x) #updated value of x with iterations
    }
    # create a data frame to store the results
    value <- data.frame(</pre>
      eta = eta[k],
      iterations = iterations,
      x = x
      fx=f(x)
    result[[k]] <- value</pre>
  }
  return(result)
}
f \leftarrow function(x) \{(x[1]-1)^2 + 100*(x[1]^2-x[2])^2\}
gradf < -function(x) \{c(400*x[1]^3-400*x[1]*x[2]+2*x[1]-2,200*x[2]-200*x[1]^2)\}
gradient_descent2(f,gradf,c(3,4),iterations = 200)
```

```
## [[1]]
##
       eta iterations
                                      fx
                             Х
                  200 2.386365 251.7248
## 1 1e-06
## 2 1e-06
                  200 4.114224 251.7248
##
## [[2]]
       eta iterations
                             X
                 200 2.046603 1.095427
## 1 1e-05
## 2 1e-05
                  200 4.189284 1.095427
##
## [[3]]
##
       eta iterations
                             Х
## 1 1e-04
                  200 2.041234 1.084748
## 2 1e-04
                  200 4.169043 1.084748
```

```
##
## [[4]]
       eta iterations
## 1 0.001
                   200 NaN NaN
## 2 0.001
                   200 NaN NaN
##
## [[5]]
##
      eta iterations
## 1 0.01
                  200 NaN NaN
## 2 0.01
                  200 NaN NaN
##
## [[6]]
     eta iterations
##
                         fx
                       x
## 1 0.5
                 200 NaN NaN
## 2 0.5
                 200 NaN NaN
##
## [[7]]
     eta iterations
                       Х
## 1
                 200 NaN NaN
       1
## 2
                 200 NaN NaN
```

The first row is the data for x_1 and the second row is the data for x_2 . From the above we know that values of eta=C(0.0001,0.00001,0.000001), we could get the value for x and f_x, other values of eta bigger than 0.001 is not working because we have NaN.Then we could find values of x_1 and x_2 by finding the minimum value of function equals to 0 for each different values of eta. For x_1 and x_2 both equals to 0.0001, we have fx=1.08, for x_1 and x_2 both equals to 0.001, we have fx=NaN. So the minimum value must exist within this range.Hence, we need to choose the value of eta between 0.001-0.0001.

Then we can apply the function to find the exact value of eta:

```
gradient_descent3 <- function(f, gradf, x0, iterations) {</pre>
   # create a bunch of values of eta using sequence function
  eta_1<- seq(from=0.0001, to=0.001, by=0.00001)
  result <- list()
  for (eta in eta_1) {
    x <- x0
    for (i in 1:iterations) {
      x \leftarrow x - eta * gradf(x)
    }
    # create a data frame to store the results
    value <- data.frame(</pre>
      eta = eta,
      iterations = iterations,
      x = x
      fx=f(x)
    )
    #add the data frame
    result[[length(result) + 1]] <- value</pre>
  return(result)
f \leftarrow function(x) \{(x[1]-1)^2 + 100*(x[1]^2-x[2])^2\}
```

```
gradient_descent3(f, gradf, c(3, 4), iterations = 100000)
## [[1]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 1e-04 1e+05 1.127502 0.01627908
## 2 1e-04
            1e+05 1.271733 0.01627908
##
## [[2]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00011 1e+05 1.090809 0.008258111
## 2 0.00011
              1e+05 1.190208 0.008258111
##
## [[3]]
## eta iterations x
                                   fx
## 1 0.00012 1e+05 1.063592 0.004049887
## 2 0.00012
              1e+05 1.131472 0.004049887
##
## [[4]]
## eta iterations
## 1 0.00013 1e+05 1.043947 0.001934275
              1e+05 1.089997 0.001934275
## 2 0.00013
##
## [[5]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00014 1e+05 1.030070 0.0009055757
## 2 0.00014
              1e+05 1.061161 0.0009055757
## [[6]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00015 1e+05 1.020424 0.0004177763
## 2 0.00015
              1e+05 1.041345 0.0004177763
##
## [[7]]
## eta iterations
## 1 0.00016 1e+05 1.013798 0.0001906834
              1e+05 1.027841 0.0001906834
## 2 0.00016
##
## [[8]]
                        x
## eta iterations
## 1 0.00017 1e+05 1.009285 8.635682e-05
## 2 0.00017
              1e+05 1.018694 8.635682e-05
##
## [[9]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00018 1e+05 1.006231 3.888513e-05
## 2 0.00018
              1e+05 1.012525 3.888513e-05
##
## [[10]]
## eta iterations
## 1 0.00019 1e+05 1.004172 1.743333e-05
           1e+05 1.008378 1.743333e-05
## 2 0.00019
##
```

```
## [[11]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 2e-04 1e+05 1.002789 7.789133e-06
## 2 2e-04
           1e+05 1.005596 7.789133e-06
## [[12]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00021 1e+05 1.001861 3.470307e-06
## 2 0.00021
            1e+05 1.003734 3.470307e-06
##
## [[13]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00022 1e+05 1.001241 1.542316e-06
## 2 0.00022
             1e+05 1.002488 1.542316e-06
##
## [[14]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00023 1e+05 1.000826 6.83898e-07
## 2 0.00023
             1e+05 1.001657 6.83898e-07
##
## [[15]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00024 1e+05 1.000550 3.025926e-07
             1e+05 1.001102 3.025926e-07
## 2 0.00024
##
## [[16]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00025 1e+05 1.000365 1.335902e-07
## 2 0.00025
             1e+05 1.000732 1.335902e-07
##
## [[17]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00026 1e+05 1.000242 5.884562e-08
## 2 0.00026
             1e+05 1.000486 5.884562e-08
##
## [[18]]
## eta iterations
                    x
## 2 0.00027 1e+05 1.000322 2.586006e-08
##
## [[19]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00028 1e+05 1.000106 1.133588e-08
## 2 0.00028
             1e+05 1.000213 1.133588e-08
## [[20]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00029 1e+05 1.000070 4.955753e-09
## 2 0.00029
             1e+05 1.000141 4.955753e-09
##
## [[21]]
## eta iterations
                     x
## 1 3e-04 1e+05 1.000046 2.160198e-09
## 2 3e-04 1e+05 1.000093 2.160198e-09
```

```
##
## [[22]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00031 1e+05 1.000031 9.386201e-10
## 2 0.00031
             1e+05 1.000061 9.386201e-10
##
## [[23]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00032 1e+05 1.00002 4.064061e-10
## 2 0.00032
             1e+05 1.00004 4.064061e-10
##
## [[24]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00033 1e+05 1.000013 1.752835e-10
## 2 0.00033 1e+05 1.000027 1.752835e-10
##
## [[25]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00034 1e+05 1.000009 7.527272e-11
## 2 0.00034
             1e+05 1.000017 7.527272e-11
##
## [[26]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00035 1e+05 1.000006 3.216746e-11
## 2 0.00035
             1e+05 1.000011 3.216746e-11
## [[27]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00036 1e+05 1.000004 1.367088e-11
## 2 0.00036
            1e+05 1.000007 1.367088e-11
##
## [[28]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00037 1e+05 1.000002 5.77342e-12
## 2 0.00037
             1e+05 1.000005 5.77342e-12
##
## [[29]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00038 1e+05 1.000002 2.420483e-12
## 2 0.00038
             1e+05 1.000003 2.420483e-12
##
## [[30]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00039 1e+05 1.000001 1.006159e-12
## 2 0.00039
             1e+05 1.000002 1.006159e-12
##
## [[31]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 4e-04 1e+05 1.000001 4.14028e-13
## 2 4e-04
           1e+05 1.000001 4.14028e-13
##
## [[32]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00041 1e+05 1.000000 1.682884e-13
```

```
## 2 0.00041 1e+05 1.000001 1.682884e-13
##
## [[33]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00042 1e+05 1.000000 6.736729e-14
## 2 0.00042 1e+05 1.000001 6.736729e-14
## [[34]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00043 1e+05 1 2.644896e-14
## 2 0.00043
             1e+05 1 2.644896e-14
##
## [[35]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00044 1e+05 1 1.01232e-14
## 2 0.00044 1e+05 1 1.01232e-14
##
## [[36]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00045 1e+05 1 3.741358e-15
## 2 0.00045
             1e+05 1 3.741358e-15
##
## [[37]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00046 1e+05 1 1.312984e-15
## 2 0.00046
             1e+05 1 1.312984e-15
##
## [[38]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00047 1e+05 1 4.23848e-16
## 2 0.00047 1e+05 1 4.23848e-16
##
## [[39]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00048 1e+05 1 1.167712e-16
             1e+05 1 1.167712e-16
## 2 0.00048
##
## [[40]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00049 1e+05 1 2.113072e-17
## 2 0.00049
             1e+05 1 2.113072e-17
##
## [[41]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 5e-04 1e+05 1 5.394804e-19
           1e+05 1 5.394804e-19
## 2 5e-04
##
## [[42]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00051 1e+05 1 6.821035e-19
## 2 0.00051
             1e+05 1 6.821035e-19
##
## [[43]]
## eta iterations x fx
```

```
##
## [[44]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00053 1e+05 1 1.936525e-19
## 2 0.00053 1e+05 1 1.936525e-19
##
## [[45]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00054 1e+05 1 9.58016e-20
## 2 0.00054
             1e+05 1 9.58016e-20
## [[46]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00055 1e+05 1 4.651031e-20
## 2 0.00055
             1e+05 1 4.651031e-20
##
## [[47]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00056 1e+05 1 2.230479e-20
## 2 0.00056 1e+05 1 2.230479e-20
##
## [[48]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00057 1e+05 1 1.057575e-20
## 2 0.00057
             1e+05 1 1.057575e-20
## [[49]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00058 1e+05 1 4.989991e-21
## 2 0.00058
             1e+05 1 4.989991e-21
##
## [[50]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00059 1e+05 1 2.353403e-21
## 2 0.00059
             1e+05 1 2.353403e-21
##
## [[51]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 6e-04 1e+05 1 1.102864e-21
## 2 6e-04
           1e+05 1 1.102864e-21
## [[52]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00061 1e+05 1 4.982723e-22
## 2 0.00061
             1e+05 1 4.982723e-22
##
## [[53]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00062 1e+05 1 2.178799e-22
## 2 0.00062 1e+05 1 2.178799e-22
##
## [[54]]
```

```
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00063 1e+05 1 9.494006e-23
## 2 0.00063
             1e+05 1 9.494006e-23
##
## [[55]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00064 1e+05 1 4.137258e-23
## 2 0.00064 1e+05 1 4.137258e-23
##
## [[56]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00065 1e+05 1 1.806249e-23
## 2 0.00065
             1e+05 1 1.806249e-23
##
## [[57]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00066 1e+05 1 7.862054e-24
## 2 0.00066
             1e+05 1 7.862054e-24
##
## [[58]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00067 1e+05 1 3.450532e-24
## 2 0.00067 1e+05 1 3.450532e-24
## [[59]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00068 1e+05 1 1.510251e-24
## 2 0.00068
             1e+05 1 1.510251e-24
##
## [[60]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00069 1e+05 1 6.619244e-25
## 2 0.00069
             1e+05 1 6.619244e-25
##
## [[61]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 7e-04 1e+05 1 2.876388e-25
## 2 7e-04
           1e+05 1 2.876388e-25
##
## [[62]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00071 1e+05 1 1.263952e-25
## 2 0.00071
             1e+05 1 1.263952e-25
##
## [[63]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00072 1e+05 1 5.832553e-26
## 2 0.00072
             1e+05 1 5.832553e-26
##
## [[64]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00073 1e+05 1 2.753555e-26
## 2 0.00073 1e+05 1 2.753555e-26
##
```

```
## [[65]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00074 1e+05 1 1.487131e-26
## 2 0.00074
            1e+05 1 1.487131e-26
## [[66]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00075 1e+05 1 1.487131e-26
## 2 0.00075 1e+05 1 1.487131e-26
##
## [[67]]
\#\# eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00076 1e+05 1 1.46287e-26
## 2 0.00076
            1e+05 1 1.46287e-26
##
## [[68]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00077 1e+05 1 1.46287e-26
## 2 0.00077
            1e+05 1 1.46287e-26
##
## [[69]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00078 1e+05 1 1.438808e-26
##
## [[70]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00079 1e+05 1 1.438808e-26
## 2 0.00079
            1e+05 1 1.438808e-26
##
## [[71]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 8e-04 1e+05 1 1.438808e-26
## 2 8e-04
           1e+05 1 1.438808e-26
##
## [[72]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00081 1e+05 1 1.417588e-26
## 2 0.00081 1e+05 1 1.417588e-26
##
## [[73]]
## eta iterations x
## [[74]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00083 1e+05 1 1.401776e-26
## 2 0.00083
            1e+05 1 1.401776e-26
##
## [[75]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00084 1e+05 1 1.378225e-26
## 2 0.00084 1e+05 1 1.378225e-26
```

```
##
## [[76]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00085 1e+05 1 4.296279e-26
## 2 0.00085
              1e+05 1 4.296279e-26
##
## [[77]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00086 1e+05 1 1.378225e-26
## 2 0.00086
             1e+05 1 1.378225e-26
##
## [[78]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00087 1e+05 1 4.213878e-26
## 2 0.00087 1e+05 1 4.213878e-26
##
## [[79]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00088 1e+05 1 1.354874e-26
## 2 0.00088
              1e+05 1 1.354874e-26
##
## [[80]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00089 1e+05 1 1.354874e-26
## 2 0.00089
             1e+05 1 1.354874e-26
## [[81]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 9e-04 1e+05 NaN NaN
## 2 9e-04 1e+05 NaN NaN
##
## [[82]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00091 1e+05 NaN NaN
## 2 0.00091 1e+05 NaN NaN
##
## [[83]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00092 1e+05 1 1.318946e-26
## 2 0.00092
              1e+05 1 1.318946e-26
##
## [[84]]
## eta iterations x
## 1 0.00093 1e+05 1 4.069359e-26
## 2 0.00093
             1e+05 1 4.069359e-26
##
## [[85]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00094 1e+05 1 4.006925e-26
              1e+05 1 4.006925e-26
## 2 0.00094
##
## [[86]]
## eta iterations x fx
## 1 0.00095 1e+05 1 1.296105e-26
```

```
## 2 0.00095
                  1e+05 1 1.296105e-26
##
## [[87]]
##
                                     fx
         eta iterations x
## 1 0.00096
                  1e+05 1 3.927364e-26
## 2 0.00096
                  1e+05 1 3.927364e-26
##
## [[88]]
##
         eta iterations x
                                     fx
## 1 0.00097
                  1e+05 1 1.296105e-26
## 2 0.00097
                  1e+05 1 1.296105e-26
##
## [[89]]
         eta iterations x
##
## 1 0.00098
                  1e+05 1 7.1244e-27
## 2 0.00098
                  1e+05 1 7.1244e-27
##
## [[90]]
##
         eta iterations
                           x fx
## 1 0.00099
                  1e+05 NaN NaN
## 2 0.00099
                  1e+05 NaN NaN
##
## [[91]]
       eta iterations
                         x fx
## 1 0.001
                1e+05 NaN NaN
## 2 0.001
                1e+05 NaN NaN
```

From the above we can see that when the minimum of function approaches 0, we have both x_1 and x_2 with value 1 if we have 100000 iterations and we also obtain the maximum value of eta=0.00089.

(c) we know that the gradient decent momentum has an extra component in the function that is alpha, then we could construct

```
gradient_descent.momentum <- function(f, gradf, x0, iterations, eta, alpha) {</pre>
  result <- list()
  for(p in 1:length(alpha)) {
    x1 <- x0
     # update x0 without momentum
    x0 <- x1 - eta * gradf(x1)</pre>
    # we have iterations-1 remaining
    for(i in 1:(iterations-1)) {
      #with momentum
      x2 \leftarrow x1 - eta * gradf(x1) + alpha[p] * (x1 - x0)
      x0 <- x1
      x1 <- x2
    }
    value <- data.frame(</pre>
      eta = eta,
      iterations = iterations,
      x = x1,
      alpha = alpha[p],
      fx = f(x1)
```

```
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                fx
## 1 0.00089
                    500 -1.368061 1e-06 5.613544
                    500 1.879227 1e-06 5.613544
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[2]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                fx
## 1 0.00089
                    500 -1.087298 1e-05 4.363088
## 2 0.00089
                    500 1.190139 1e-05 4.363088
##
## [[3]]
##
         eta iterations
                                  x alpha
                                                 fx
## 1 0.00089
                    500 -0.6854635 1e-04 2.847227
## 2 0.00089
                    500 0.4778852 1e-04 2.847227
##
## [[4]]
##
         eta iterations
                                   x alpha
                                                   fx
                    500 0.073401666 0.001 0.8587278
## 1 0.00089
## 2 0.00089
                    500 0.004190803 0.001 0.8587278
##
## [[5]]
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
## 1 0.00089
                    500 0.5017621 0.01 0.248865
## 2 0.00089
                    500 0.2492672 0.01 0.248865
##
## [[6]]
##
                                 x alpha
         eta iterations
## 1 0.00089
                    500 0.6688224
                                     0.1 0.1099316
## 2 0.00089
                    500 0.4457327
                                     0.1 0.1099316
##
## [[7]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                  fx
## 1 0.00089
                    500 0.8085557
                                     0.5 0.03672441
## 2 0.00089
                                     0.5 0.03672441
                    500 0.6529051
##
## [[8]]
                                x alpha
         eta iterations
## 1 0.00089
                    500 1.191594
                                      1 0.03675509
## 2 0.00089
                    500 1.420581
                                      1 0.03675509
```

From the above data frame we get that when eta achieved the max value of 0.00089, we need to find the value of alpha that could lead to the minimum value of the function. That is when alpha has value between

0.001 and 1, we have fx less than 1. Then we look closer in the region to find the most accurate value of alpha by taking alpha from the sequence :

```
gradient_descent.momentum2<- function(f, gradf, x0, iterations, eta, alpha) {</pre>
  alpha_1<- seq(from=0.001, to=1, by=0.01)
  result <- list()
  for( alpha in alpha_1) {
    x1 <- x0
    # update x0 without momentum
    x0 \leftarrow x1 - eta * gradf(x1)
    # have iterations-1 remaining
    for(i in 1:(iterations-1)) {
      x2 \leftarrow x1 - eta * gradf(x1) + alpha* (x1 - x0)
      x0 <- x1
      x1 <- x2
      }
    value <- data.frame(</pre>
      eta = eta,
      iterations = iterations,
      x = x1
      alpha = alpha,
      fx = f(x1)
    )
    #add the new term of data frame
    result[[length(result) + 1]] <- value
 return(result) # return the whole list of values
}
f \leftarrow function(x) \{(x[1]-1)^2 + 100*(x[1]^2-x[2])^2\}
gradf <- function(x) \{c(400*x[1]^3-400*x[1]*x[2]+2*x[1]-2, 200*x[2]-200*x[1]^2)\}
gradient_descent.momentum2(f, gradf, c(3, 4), iterations = 100, eta = 0.00089, alpha)
## [[1]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                fx
## 1 0.00089
                    100 -1.553493 0.001 6.531439
## 2 0.00089
                    100 2.423883 0.001 6.531439
## [[2]]
         eta iterations
                                x alpha
                                              fx
## 1 0.00089
              100 -1.51143 0.011 6.31289
## 2 0.00089
                   100 2.29191 0.011 6.31289
##
## [[3]]
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
## 1 0.00089
                    100 -1.466493 0.021 6.08926
## 2 0.00089
                    100 2.158134 0.021 6.08926
##
## [[4]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                fx
## 1 0.00089
                    100 -1.419361 0.031 5.859056
## 2 0.00089
                    100 2.022168 0.031 5.859056
##
## [[5]]
```

```
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -1.369773 0.041 5.62165
## 2 0.00089
            100 1.883911 0.041 5.62165
##
## [[6]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -1.317409 0.051 5.376296
## 2 0.00089 100 1.743255 0.051 5.376296
##
## [[7]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -1.261879 0.061 5.122098
## 2 0.00089 100 1.600085 0.061 5.122098
##
## [[8]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -1.202696 0.071 4.857963
## 2 0.00089
            100 1.454284 0.071 4.857963
## [[9]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -1.139238 0.081 4.582534
## 2 0.00089 100 1.305734 0.081 4.582534
##
## [[10]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
##
## [[11]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
##
## [[12]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -0.9136414 0.111 3.668515
## 2 0.00089
            100 0.8427979 0.111 3.668515
##
## [[13]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -0.8214940 0.121 3.324382
           100 0.6829402 0.121 3.324382
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[14]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## [[15]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -0.5931776 0.141 2.544382
## 2 0.00089 100 0.3597129 0.141 2.544382
##
```

```
## [[16]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -0.4440176 0.151 2.090356
## 2 0.00089
              100 0.2043410 0.151 2.090356
## [[17]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 -0.25848333 0.161 1.586514
## 2 0.00089 100 0.07204213 0.161 1.586514
##
## [[18]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## [[19]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.15369100 0.181 0.7167767
## 2 0.00089 100 0.02130199 0.181 0.7167767
##
## [[20]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.29193346 0.191 0.5023106
## 2 0.00089 100 0.08213907 0.191 0.5023106
##
## [[21]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.3893259 0.201 0.3738051
## 2 0.00089 100 0.1486043 0.201 0.3738051
##
## [[22]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.4622524 0.211 0.2898957
              100 0.2109881 0.211 0.2898957
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[23]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.5197643 0.221 0.2312052
## 2 0.00089 100 0.2677489 0.221 0.2312052
##
## [[24]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.5668540 0.231 0.1880794
## 2 0.00089 100 0.3191695 0.231 0.1880794
## [[25]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.6064742 0.241 0.1552372
## 2 0.00089 100 0.3658755 0.241 0.1552372
##
## [[26]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.6404937 0.251 0.12955
## 2 0.00089 100 0.4084852 0.251 0.12955
```

```
##
## [[27]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
##
## [[28]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.6963564 0.271 0.092407
## 2 0.00089
            100 0.4834716 0.271 0.092407
##
## [[29]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.7197104 0.281 0.0787352
## 2 0.00089 100 0.5166680 0.281 0.0787352
##
## [[30]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.7407005 0.291 0.06738118
## 2 0.00089 100 0.5474333 0.291 0.06738118
##
## [[31]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## [[32]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.7769707 0.311 0.0498453
## 2 0.00089 100 0.6026675 0.311 0.0498453
##
## [[33]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.7927659 0.321 0.04303356
## 2 0.00089 100 0.6275419 0.321 0.04303356
##
## [[34]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8072631 0.331 0.03722209
            100 0.6508101 0.331 0.03722209
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[35]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8206148 0.341 0.03224268
## 2 0.00089 100 0.6726109 0.341 0.03224268
##
## [[36]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
##
## [[37]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8443704 0.361 0.02426719
```

```
##
## [[38]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8549722 0.371 0.02107305
## 2 0.00089 100 0.7303451 0.371 0.02107305
##
## [[39]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8648316 0.381 0.01830484
## 2 0.00089
               100 0.7473476 0.381 0.01830484
##
## [[40]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8740160 0.391 0.0159015
## 2 0.00089 100 0.7633606 0.391 0.0159015
##
## [[41]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8825839 0.401 0.01381193
## 2 0.00089 100 0.7784505 0.401 0.01381193
##
## [[42]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8905867 0.411 0.0119931
## 2 0.00089
              100 0.7926774 0.411 0.0119931
##
## [[43]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.8980697 0.421 0.01040858
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8060957 0.421 0.01040858
##
## [[44]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9050729 0.431 0.009027318
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8187549 0.431 0.009027318
##
## [[45]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9116320 0.441 0.007822801
## 2 0.00089
               100 0.8307001 0.441 0.007822801
##
## [[46]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9177790 0.451 0.006772242
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8419726 0.451 0.006772242
##
## [[47]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9235425 0.461 0.005856004
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8526105 0.461 0.005856004
##
## [[48]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
```

```
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9289486 0.471 0.005057107
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8626488 0.471 0.005057107
##
## [[49]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9340206 0.481 0.004360824
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8721198 0.481 0.004360824
##
## [[50]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9387800 0.491 0.003754345
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8810538 0.491 0.003754345
## [[51]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 2 0.00089
               100 0.8894786 0.501 0.003226505
##
## [[52]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9474373 0.511 0.00276755
## 2 0.00089 100 0.8974204 0.511 0.00276755
##
## [[53]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9513695 0.521 0.002368945
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9049035 0.521 0.002368945
##
## [[54]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9550579 0.531 0.002023206
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9119508 0.531 0.002023206
               100 0.9119508 0.531 0.002023206
##
## [[55]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9585166 0.541 0.001723767
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9185839 0.541 0.001723767
##
## [[56]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9617586 0.551 0.001464857
## 2 0.00089
               100 0.9248230 0.551 0.001464857
##
## [[57]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9647959 0.561 0.001241401
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9306872 0.561 0.001241401
##
## [[58]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9361945 0.571 0.001048934
##
## [[59]]
```

```
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9703005 0.581 0.0008835228
## 2 0.00089
              100 0.9413621 0.581 0.0008835228
##
## [[60]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9727882 0.591 0.0007417058
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9462062 0.591 0.0007417058
##
## [[61]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9751120 0.601 0.0006204333
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9507424 0.601 0.0006204333
##
## [[62]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9772806 0.611 0.0005170205
## 2 0.00089
              100 0.9549852 0.611 0.0005170205
## [[63]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9793021 0.621 0.0004291046
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9589488 0.621 0.0004291046
##
## [[64]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9811844 0.631 0.0003546072
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9626467 0.631 0.0003546072
##
## [[65]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9829347 0.641 0.0002917018
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9660916 0.641 0.0002917018
##
## [[66]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9845599 0.651 0.0002387852
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9692959 0.651 0.0002387852
##
## [[67]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9860668 0.661 0.0001944515
            100 0.9722714 0.661 0.0001944515
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[68]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## [[69]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9887501 0.681 0.0001267665
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9775814 0.681 0.0001267665
##
```

```
## [[70]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9899383 0.691 0.0001014026
## 2 0.00089
              100 0.9799373 0.691 0.0001014026
## [[71]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9910316 0.701 8.056305e-05
             100 0.9821075 0.701 8.056305e-05
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[72]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9920352 0.711 6.354044e-05
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9841018 0.711 6.354044e-05
## [[73]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
##
## [[74]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9937935 0.731 3.858242e-05
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9876007 0.731 3.858242e-05
##
## [[75]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9945577 0.741 2.966627e-05
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9891232 0.741 2.966627e-05
##
## [[76]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9952513 0.751 2.258669e-05
## 2 0.00089
             100 0.9905060 0.751 2.258669e-05
##
## [[77]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9958786 0.761 1.701363e-05
## 2 0.00089
             100 0.9917576 0.761 1.701363e-05
##
## [[78]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9964437 0.771 1.266745e-05
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9928858 0.771 1.266745e-05
## [[79]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
##
## [[80]]
## eta iterations x alpha
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9974037 0.791 6.751729e-06
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9948037 0.791 6.751729e-06
```

```
##
## [[81]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9978061 0.801 4.820879e-06
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9956082 0.801 4.820879e-06
##
## [[82]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9981617 0.811 3.384648e-06
## 2 0.00089
              100 0.9963195 0.811 3.384648e-06
##
## [[83]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9984741 0.821 2.332251e-06
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9969443 0.821 2.332251e-06
##
## [[84]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9987465 0.831 1.573886e-06
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9974895 0.831 1.573886e-06
##
## [[85]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## [[86]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9991845 0.851 6.660808e-07
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9983664 0.851 6.660808e-07
##
## [[87]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9993564 0.861 4.14914e-07
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9987106 0.861 4.14914e-07
##
## [[88]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9995007 0.871 2.496507e-07
              100 0.9989997 0.871 2.496507e-07
## 2 0.00089
##
## [[89]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9996205 0.881 1.442828e-07
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9992395 0.881 1.442828e-07
##
## [[90]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9997182 0.891 7.952782e-08
## 2 0.00089 100 0.9994354 0.891 7.952782e-08
##
## [[91]]
## eta iterations x alpha fx
## 1 0.00089 100 0.9997966 0.901 4.142453e-08
```

```
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9995925 0.901 4.142453e-08
##
## [[92]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                    fx
## 1 0.00089
                    100 0.9998582 0.911 2.014382e-08
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9997158 0.911 2.014382e-08
##
## [[93]]
##
                                 x alpha
         eta iterations
                                                   fx
                    100 0.9999052 0.921 8.99378e-09
## 1 0.00089
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9998101 0.921 8.99378e-09
##
## [[94]]
         eta iterations
##
                                 x alpha
                                                    fx
                    100 0.9999400 0.931 3.600754e-09
## 1 0.00089
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9998798 0.931 3.600754e-09
##
##
  [[95]]
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
## 1 0.00089
                    100 0.9999647 0.941 1.247964e-09
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9999293 0.941 1.247964e-09
##
## [[96]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                    fx
                    100 0.9999812 0.951 3.540664e-10
## 1 0.00089
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9999623 0.951 3.540664e-10
##
## [[97]]
##
         eta iterations
                                 x alpha
                                                    fx
## 1 0.00089
                    100 0.9999914 0.961 7.462135e-11
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9999827 0.961 7.462135e-11
##
## [[98]]
                                 x alpha
                                                    fx
         eta iterations
## 1 0.00089
                    100 0.9999969 0.971 9.618614e-12
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9999938 0.971 9.618614e-12
##
## [[99]]
                                 x alpha
##
         eta iterations
                                                    fx
## 1 0.00089
                    100 0.9999993 0.981 4.528562e-13
## 2 0.00089
                    100 0.9999987 0.981 4.528562e-13
##
## [[100]]
         eta iterations x alpha
                                           fx
                    100 1 0.991 5.336769e-18
## 1 0.00089
## 2 0.00089
                    100 1 0.991 5.336769e-18
```

From the above we can see when we have the iterations=100, we could get the minimum value of function close to 0 when we have x_1 and x_2 both equals to 1 and the alpha is 0.991 nearly equals to 1.

To summarise, we can see through the comparison of gradient decent with momentum and gradient decent which indicates gradient decent with momentum runs more quickly than that without momentum because we have less iterations but still get the same value.

Q2 Support vector machines

Run the following code to load the tiny MNIST dataset:

(a) Use three-fold cross validation on the training set to compare SVMs with linear kernels, polynomial kernels and RBF kernels, i.e.

```
library(e1071)
load("~/Downloads/mnist.tiny.rdata")
train.X=train.X/255
test.X=test.X/255
svm(train.X,train.labels,type="C-classification",kernel="linear",cross=3)$tot.accuracy

## [1] 85.7
svm(train.X,train.labels,type="C-classification",kernel="poly",
degree=2,coef=1,cross=3)$tot.accuracy
```

[1] 81.7

Linear kernels: We create one function lin.acc It can return the accuracy of linear model, max accuracy, and its relevant cost value with different input a list of cost and train.X. Here we set cost = c(0.001, 0.01, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10) and print out the list of results.

```
lin.acc<-function(cost,train.X){</pre>
set.seed(123)
linear.acc<-rep(0,length(cost))</pre>
  for(i in 1:length(cost)){
  linear.acc[i] <-sym(train.X,train.labels,type="C-classification",kernel="linear",</pre>
                      cross=3,cost=cost[i])$tot.accuracy
  }
a<-linear.acc
## Get the max accuracy
max < -max(a)
## Locate the position of the max accuracy
p<-which(a==max,arr.ind = TRUE)</pre>
## Print out the list of results
list(a,paste("max accuracy is",max,", cost value is",cost[p]))
## Give the range of cost
cost = c(0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10)
## Give a random example here
lin.acc(cost,train.X)
```

```
## [[1]]
## [1] 64.1 85.6 86.6 85.4 86.1 86.1 86.3 86.3
##
## [[2]]
## [1] "max accuracy is 86.6 , cost value is 0.1"
```

From the result of the linear kernel SVM, it shows that we can get better accuracy with the values of $cost \ge 0.1$. Here the maximum accuracy is 86.6, which can be obtained at the cost = 0.1.

Polynomial kernels: Similarly, for the polynomial kernel, with input of some values of cost, gamma and train.X, we can get the results of all accuracies, the max accuracy, and the its cost and gamma

```
set.seed(123)
## Three input in this function
poly.acc<-function(cost,gamma,train.X){</pre>
## Initialize the grid matrix
acc.grid<-matrix(nrow=length(gamma),ncol=length(cost),</pre>
                 dimnames=list(gamma,cost))
  for(i in 1:length(cost)){
    for (j in 1:length(gamma)) {
       s<-svm(train.X,train.labels,type="C-classification",kernel="poly",degree=2,coef=1,
              cross=3,cost = cost[i],gamma = gamma[j])
       ##Define the grid with the accuracy entries
        acc.grid[j,i]<-s$tot.accuracy</pre>
    }
  }
   a<-acc.grid
   ## Same as the linear kernel step
   max < -max(a)
   p<-which(a==max,arr.ind = TRUE)</pre>
   g<-gamma[p[,1]]
   c<-cost[p[,2]]</pre>
list(a,paste("max accuracy is",max,", gamma is",g,", and cost is",c))
}
## Give the range of cost and gamma
c=c(0.001,0.01,0.1,0.5,1,2,5,10)
g=c(0.001,0.01,0.1,0.5,1,2,5,10)
## Give a random example here
poly.acc(c,g,train.X)
## [[1]]
##
         0.001 0.01 0.1 0.5
                                        2
                                             5
                                                 10
                                  1
## 0.001 10.1 14.0 14.4 60.9 78.3 83.1 86.6 87.3
         10.6 14.6 81.4 87.1 88.2 88.0 87.9 88.5
## 0.01
## 0.1
          62.8 87.5 90.1 88.7 88.4 88.6 88.8 89.3
```

88.2 88.9 88.7 88.3 88.0 89.3 88.5 89.6

88.6 87.1 88.8 88.2 89.0 88.8 88.3 88.8

87.7 88.0 87.9 88.5 89.3 88.6 87.9 87.5

0.5 ## 1

2

```
## 5    89.0 88.0 87.9 88.5 87.7 88.5 88.8 87.4
## 10    88.9 87.4 87.5 88.6 88.8 88.9 88.2 88.0
##
## [[2]]
## [1] "max accuracy is 90.1 , gamma is 0.1 , and cost is 0.1"
```

From the result of the polynomial kernels, it shows that we can get better accuracy with the values of $\gamma \ge 0.1$. Here the maximum accuracy is 90.1, which can be obtained at the cost = 0.1 and $\gamma = 0.1$.

RBF kernel:

```
set.seed(123)
rbf.acc<-function(cost,gamma,train.X){</pre>
## Same as the polynomial kernel step
n<-length(cost)
m<-length(gamma)</pre>
acc.grid<-matrix(nrow=length(gamma),ncol=length(cost),</pre>
                  dimnames=list(gamma,cost))
  for(i in 1:n){
    for (j in 1:m) {
     ## we only need to change the part of " kernel ='radial' "
       s<-svm(train.X,train.labels,type="C-classification",kernel="radial",degree=2,coef=1,
               cross=3,cost = cost[i],gamma = gamma[j])
        acc.grid[j,i]<-s$tot.accuracy</pre>
    }
  }
   a <- acc.grid
   max<-max(a)
   p<-which(a==max,arr.ind = TRUE)</pre>
   g<-gamma[p[,1]]
   c<-cost[p[,2]]</pre>
list(a,paste("max accuracy is",max,", gamma is",g,", and cost is",c))
}
c=c(0.001,0.01,0.1,0.5,1,2,5,10)
g=c(0.001,0.01,0.1,0.5,1,2,5,10)
## Give a random example here
rbf.acc(c,g,train.X)
```

```
## [[1]]
##
        0.001 0.01 0.1 0.5
                                1
                                      2
## 0.001 10.1 14.2 14.5 57.3 76.8 82.9 86.5 87.3
## 0.01
         10.6 9.5 59.1 87.0 88.7 89.0 90.4 90.4
## 0.1
         12.2 11.3 12.2 20.5 50.5 56.7 53.6 50.4
## 0.5
         10.1 10.9 12.4 10.6 12.1 12.5 14.3 13.4
## 1
         12.2 12.4 10.8 12.2 10.6 10.2 12.2 10.2
## 2
         10.6 8.8 12.2 10.4 10.4 10.1 10.6 10.1
## 5
         10.7 12.2 10.8 10.3 12.2 11.1 10.7 10.6
## 10
          9.9 9.3 12.2 10.8 10.1 12.2 13.2 12.2
##
## [[2]]
## [1] "max accuracy is 90.4 , gamma is 0.01 , and cost is 5"
## [2] "max accuracy is 90.4 , gamma is 0.01 , and cost is 10"
```

From the result of the RBF kernels, it shows that we can get better accuracy with the values of $\gamma \ge 0.01$. Here the maximum accuracy is 90.4, which can be obtained at the cost = 10 and $\gamma = 0.01$

conclusion: The best accuracy is RBF kernels (90.4), then Polynomial kernels (90.1), and linear kernels (86.6) respectively. RBF kernels need relatively small range of values of γ and cost. Linear kernels can get better accuracy when the $cost \ge 0.1$.

Warning explanation: Warning shows that Variable(s): 'X1' and 'X2' and ... and 'Xi' constant. Cannot Scale data. This happens when sym functions have a lot of zero variables and the warning just tells us we should realize the marix is very sparse.

(b) We can use same steps as three svm functions in the first part, just changing the input into pairs of (lc,lg) entries ,x and y. The output will return four parameters: The accuracy grid (matrix), the best cross-validation error (max accuracy), the corresponding gamma and cost.

```
set.seed(123)
rbf.search<-function(lc,lg,x,y){</pre>
## Initialize the grid matrix
grid<-matrix(nrow=length(lg),ncol=length(lc), dimnames=list(lg,lc))
for(i in 1:length(lg)){
  for(j in 1:length(lc)){
    ## The pair of lists attempts cross-validation with parameters cost =exp(1c) and
    ## gamma=exp(lg)
    s<-svm(x,y,type="C-classification",kernel="radial",degree=2,coef=1,cross=3,
           gamma =exp(lg[i]),cost =exp(lc[j]))
   ## Same as before, define the grid matrix
     grid[i,j]<-s$tot.accuracy</pre>
 }
}
   ## looking for the best (max) accuracy of all elements
  a<-grid
  max<-max(a)
  p1<-which(a==max,arr.ind = TRUE)[1]
  p2<-which(a==max,arr.ind = TRUE)[2]
## Return the best list of all parameters
list(a, max, lg[p1], lc[p2])
}
```

We choose the $log.gamma.range~(lg) \in [-4,4]$ and $log.C.range~(lc) \in [-4,4]$ with inputs train.X and train.lebales.

```
k<-rbf.search(c(-4:4),c(-4:4),train.X,train.labels)
## Print out all accuracy
k[[1]]
## -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4
## -4 10.1 21.2 67.6 87.1 90.1 90.5 91.6 92.4 90.6
## -3 9.5 13.2 19.7 59.6 87.9 87.8 87.4 89.1 87.8</pre>
```

```
## -2 12.2 16.8 10.8 18.4 28.6 33.5 33.2 32.3 33.1 ## -1 10.6 12.3 10.4 10.3 14.3 14.7 16.1 16.5 16.2 ## 0 10.6 10.4 12.2 10.1 10.6 12.2 10.2 10.7 10.2 ## 1 10.1 15.3 12.2 15.2 12.2 10.7 12.2 12.2 10.6 ## 2 10.7 13.2 12.2 12.2 12.5 11.0 10.2 10.1 10.6 ## 3 12.2 9.8 10.9 8.8 10.9 12.2 13.4 10.7 10.9 ## 4 10.1 9.9 10.2 10.8 10.6 11.1 12.2 12.2 10.8
```

Here we can see a better performance region from matrix k when $gamma \in [-4, -3]$, and $cost \in [0, 4]$, and we can run the second round for the $gamma \in [-4, -3]$ and $cost \in [0, 4]$ with gaps of 0.25 and 0.5 respectively.

```
## Choosing the better accuracy from the above results and run the second time
## New input with the better results
new.c<- seq(0, 4, 0.5)
new.g <-seq(-4,-3,0.25)
## Second running and get the final best parameters
k2 <- rbf.search(new.c, new.g, train.X, train.labels)</pre>
k2[[1]]
##
            0 0.5
                      1 1.5
                                2 2.5
                                           3 3.5
         89.9 91.9 90.3 91.3 90.4 90.5 91.5 91.1 90.8
## -4
## -3.75 89.0 91.2 91.1 90.3 91.1 90.9 91.1 90.7 90.2
## -3.5 89.7 90.4 91.7 89.2 90.9 90.6 89.6 90.3 91.0
## -3.25 89.1 90.1 89.5 90.0 89.8 89.5 90.6 90.6 90.4
         88.0 87.6 88.5 87.4 89.1 87.7 87.3 89.1 88.3
## Print out the best cross-validation error, the corresponding gamma and cost values.
best.cve<-k2[[2]]
best.g<-k2[[3]]
best.c<-k2[[4]]
## A list of three best parameters
list(best.cve, best.g, best.c)
## [[1]]
## [1] 91.9
##
## [[2]]
## [1] -4
## [[3]]
## [1] 0.5
```

From the results k2 of the second round, we can get the best values for gamma and cost. By using these best parameters (gamma=-3.75 and cost =0.5) and svm function to get the final best model best. And we have the test data test.X and test.labels to test accuracy and it returns the mean accuracy predict values through the final model best.

[1] 0.912

We can get the final best accuracy which is around 91% when c and γ are not the extreme values from the ranges of cost and gamma ranges and it shows a perfect and ideal result. After two second runs and choosing the better pair of c and γ from a range of values, we can get a suitable answer to test a better accuracy.