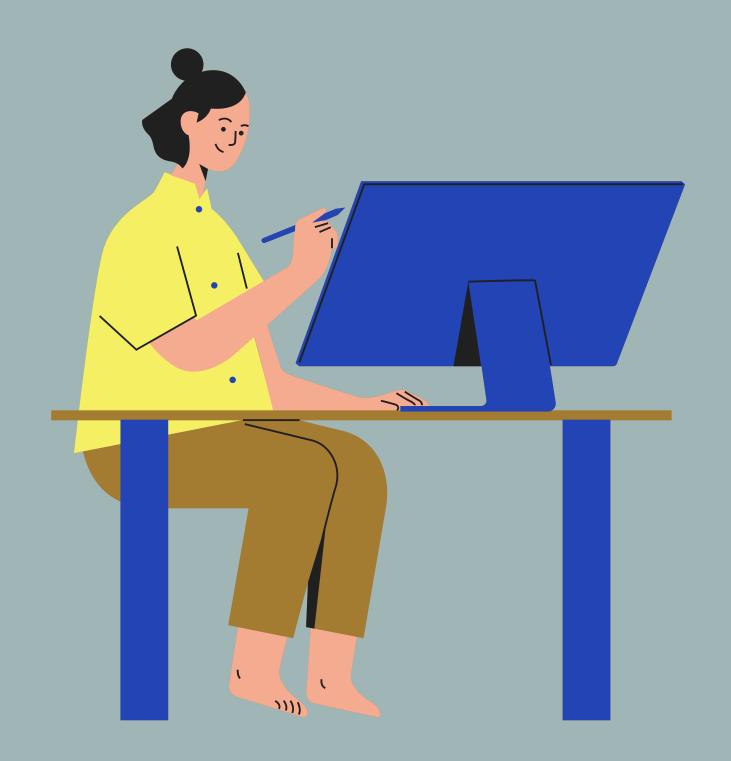
# Improving a Local News' Website with Aesthetic Changes

Can we increase revenue by making simple updates?

Shane Usher Amy Hayton Alexandra McNally





## BACKGROUND & MOTIVATION

- News consumption has changed dramatically over the past decade
- Traditional news outlets are experiencing decreasing revenues
- Local news especially has experienced substantial decreases in consumers

## **OUR MOTIVE:**

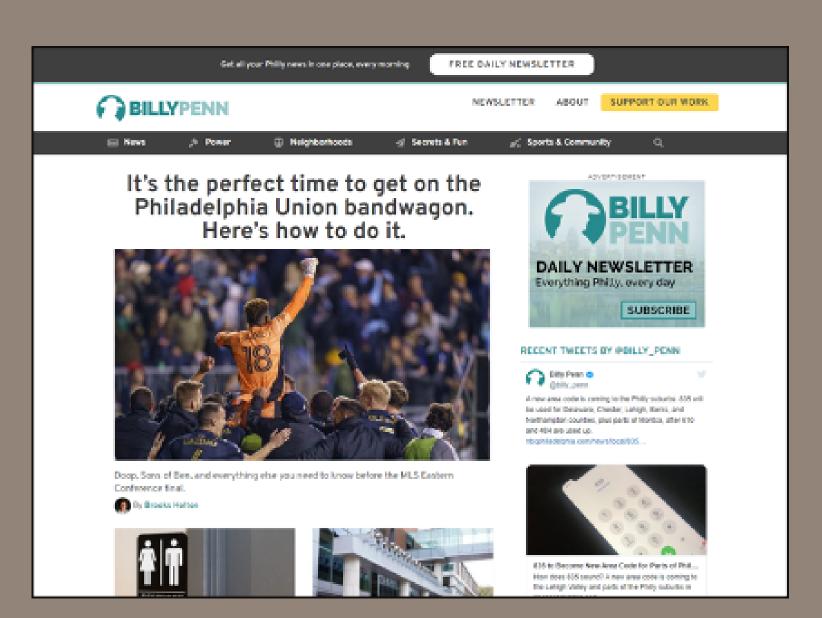
To understand how website design can affect revenue for local news outlets



# BACKGROUND & MOTIVATION



Valley News, Upper Valley Region, VT and NH



Billy Penn, Philadelphia, PA



## GOALS



## **Analyze Metrics**

What advantages does your company have? What do you do better than anyone else? What are your unique selling points?



## **Provide Direction**

What areas can you improve on? What does your company lack? What things do your competitors do better than you?



## **Apply UX Principles**

What changes in technology, policies, and social pattern scan be a growth opportunity for the company?



### **Increase Revenue**

What are the obstacles to your company's growth? Who are your competitors?
What changing factors can threaten your company's position?



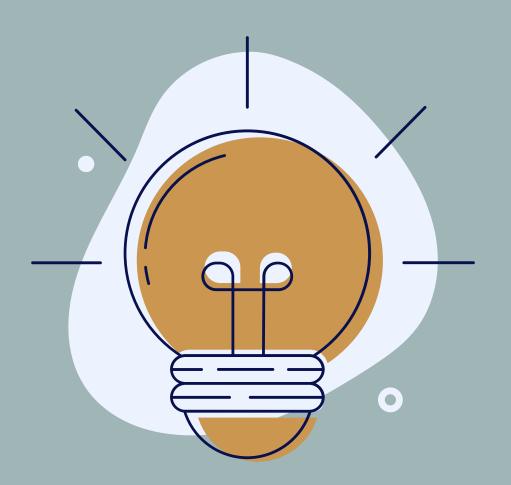
# HYPOTHESIS

### **Null Hypothesis**

Website users will **not change** their interaction with the website regardless of aesthetic intervention.

#### **Alternative Hypothesis**

Website users will **increase** their interaction with the website based on aesthetic intervention.





# METHODS



# DATA COLLECTION PLAN

#### **Test Cells**

Users will be randomly sorted into 4 cells (3 test cells + 1 control).

10% of site users will be filtered into the control group, while each test cell will receive 10% of site users each.

#### Test versions include:

- Current site (control)
- Site with improved font styles
- Site with an **updated** color palette
- Site redesigned with clean formatting and ample white space

#### **Timeframe**

The experiment will run over the course of **one-month** the ensure a sufficient amount of data is collected.

## **Data Points**

How will you turn an unaware visitor into an interested customer? Create a clear and compelling one-liner message you want to send across.

## **Participants**

Users who visit the site during the one-month testing period will serve as the participants for this experiment.

# Data Collection

Create 3 to 4 personas of the people you can help. Visualize these people who will turn to you for solutions.

#### **Metrics**

Three proxy metrics will be used to compare redesigned site versions with the control: number of clicks within the page, length of time spent on the site, and bounce rate.

## Survey

How will you reach your target consumers? Direct marketing, social media, ads, partnerships — identify the effective ways to reach them.



# DATAANALYSIS



### **Provide Direction**

What areas can you improve on? What does your company lack? What things do your competitors do better than you?

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What areas can you improve on? What does your company lack? What things do your competitors do better than you?

#### **Increase Revenue**

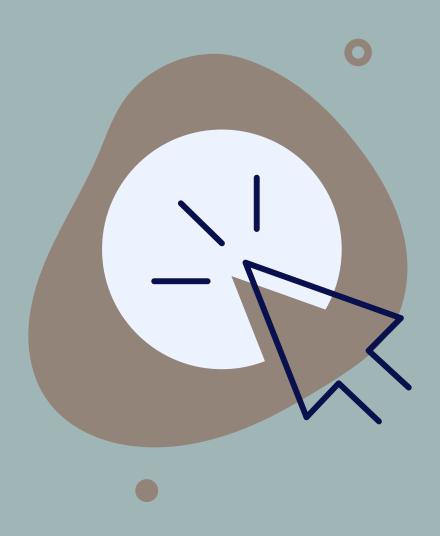
What are the obstacles to your company's growth? Who are your competitors?

# DISCUSSION

# WHAT CAN GO WRONG?

- Some user interactions may happen at random, and if the experiment's p-value alpha level of 0.05 is too high, the experiment may identify this accidental user interaction as significant.
- The metrics of time spent on the website, number of clicks, and bounce rate could be incorrect proxies for revenue; there is a possibility that these metrics do not correspond to increased revenue.
- The development team may not correctly execute the aesthetic interventions, consequentially decreasing site interaction.
- Our visual changes may upset Valley News core readers, temporarily or permanently drive users away, and negatively impact the website's readership and site revenue.

# LESSONS LEARNED: SUCCESS



# CONCLUSION



## → Strengths

What advantages does your company have? What do you do better than anyone else? What are your unique selling points?

## → Weaknesses

What areas can you improve on? What does your company lack? What things do your competitors do better than you?

## → Opportunities

What changes in technology, policies, and social pattern scan be a growth opportunity for the company?

## → Threats

What are the obstacles to your company's growth? Who are your competitors? What changing factors can threaten your company's position?



#### **Problem**

What problems are people facing? List their top 3 frustrations.

#### **Solution**

How will you solve these problems? Write down a solution for each problem.

# **Unique Value Proposition**

How will you turn an unaware visitor into an interested customer? Create a clear and compelling one-liner message you want to send across.

#### **Unfair Advantage**

What separates you from competitors? What makes you ahead of the pack?

# **Customer Segments**

Create 3 to 4 personas of the people you can help. Visualize these people who will turn to you for solutions.

## **Existing Alternatives**

How are these problems solved today? This can be a direct competitor to what you are offering or the existing ways people are employingt o address their problems.

#### **Key Metrics**

How will you measure the success of your product or service? List the key metrics.

### **High Level Concept**

How does your product or service fit into the grand scheme of things?

#### **Channels**

How will you reach your target consumers? Direct marketing, social media, ads, partnerships — identify the effective ways to reach them.

#### **Early Adopters**

What are the specific characteristics of your early adopters?

### **Existing Alternatives**

How are these problems solved today? This can be a direct competitor to what you are offering or the existing ways people are employing to address their problems.

#### **Revenue Streams**

What money sources will grow your money? How will you generate income? Show a pricing model of your product or service and include other revenue sources, such as sales and subscription fees.

## → Strengths

What advantages does your company have? What do you do better than anyone else? What are your unique selling points?

## → Weaknesses

What areas can you improve on? What does your company lack? What things do your competitors do better than you?

## → Opportunities

What changes in technology, policies, and social pattern scan be a growth opportunity for the company?

## → Threats

What are the obstacles to your company's growth? Who are your competitors? What changing factors can threaten your company's position?



## → Strengths

How will you introduce your company to your potential customers? Examples: impressions, click-through rate, visits, and social media metrics.

## Acquisition

Where are your potential customers coming from? What channel is driving the most valuable traffic for your company? Examples: new leads, email subscribers, resource downloads, support and sales chats.

## → Strengths

How will your potential customers try your product or service for the first time? How will you make them realize the true value of your product or service? Examples: new trial signups, product sales, activation after app download.

### → Retention

How many of your customers are you retaining? Why are you losing others? Examples: customer acquisition rate and customer churn rate.

#### → Revenue

Where are your potential customers coming from? What channel is driving the most valuable traffic for your company? Examples: new leads, email subscribers, resource downloads, support and sales chats.

## → Referral

How can you turn your customers into advocates? What's your systematic process to generate referrals consistently? Examples: Net Promoter Score, referrals, and social shares.



## **4PS OF MARKETING**

# Position Your Product or Service with the 4Ps of Marketing

The 4Ps of Marketing illustrates how product, price, place, and promotion work together when a product or service is launched to customers. It is created by Neil Borden in the 1950s to demonstrate the ways companies use advertising and marketing techniques to convert potential buyers into actual customers. Use the blank framework on the next page to start filling out your own 4Ps of Marketing.



## **Product**

- Brand
- Features
- Packaging

Product refers to the good or service you are offering to customers. What needs does this product fulfil? What frustrations does it address? What makes it compelling to customers such that they will believe they need to have it?

## **Price**

- Price
- Discounts
- Bundling deals
- Credit terms

Price is what customers pay for a product or service and it takes into account the cost of production. What is the value of the product or service to customers? Are there established price points for this product or service in the market? How will this price compare with competitors?

## **Promotion**

- Ads
- PR
- Social Media
- Email
- Search Engine
- Video

Promotion is how you will get the word out about your product or service to your target customers. It includes advertising, public relations, and promotional strategies.

## Place

- Stores
- Website
- Online
- Marketplace

Place refers to how and where your customers will look to see your product or service. It also considers how you will deliver the product or service to them. Will it be in a physical store or online? What will be the distribution channels?

## **PRODUCT-MARKET**

# Establish Your Product's Appeal with a Product-Market Fit Pyramid

Product-Market fit is a concept coined Marc Andreessen and refers to your start-up being in a good market with a product that can satisfy that market. Finding Product-Market fit is the difference between struggling to find customers and having them knocking down your door for your product. Use the blank framework on the next page to start filling out your own Product-Market Fit Pyramid.





#### 1. Identify your target customer.

Use market segmentation and create personas to get a picture of the people you are targeting. No need to be precise. A high-level hypothesis is enough to start testing, and revise as you go.

#### 2. Know "undeserved" needs.

What needs do they have that are adequately met?

#### 3. Define your value proposition.

How you will meet your customers needs better than your competitors? Of all the needs you can address with your product, which ones will you focus on?

#### 4. State your MVP feature set.

Build only what is needed to create enough value for your target customers to validate the direction of your product.

#### 5. Make your MVP prototype.

Create a version of your product to test your MVP hypotheses with your customers. Apply user experience principles to receive feedback and to bring your feature set to life for your customers.

#### 6. Test it out to your customers.

Ensure you are testing with your target market so feedback received will help iterate your product in the right direction. Making your test group answer a survey is a great way to ensure they possess the attributes of your target customer.

# Know the Stages of the Customer Journey with a Marketing Funnel

A Marketing Funnel maps your company's marketing activities at each stage of the customer journey. It starts with making your target audience aware of your solution, then guiding them through an evaluation process and finally leading them to make a purchase. The goal is to create a system, which is measurable at every level of the journey. Use the blank framework on the next page to start filling out your own marketing funnel.



## → TOFU (Top of the Funnel)

Activities that facilitate awareness. Make your target audience aware of the problem you're addressing and how you're solving it

→ MOFU (Middle of the Funnel)

Activities that facilitate evaluation Convert those who are aware into leads

→ BOFU (Bottom of the Funnel)

Activities that facilitate conversion

Guide the leadsin making an informed purchase decision

- Social media post and ads
- Email marketing
- Promotional video
- Press Release

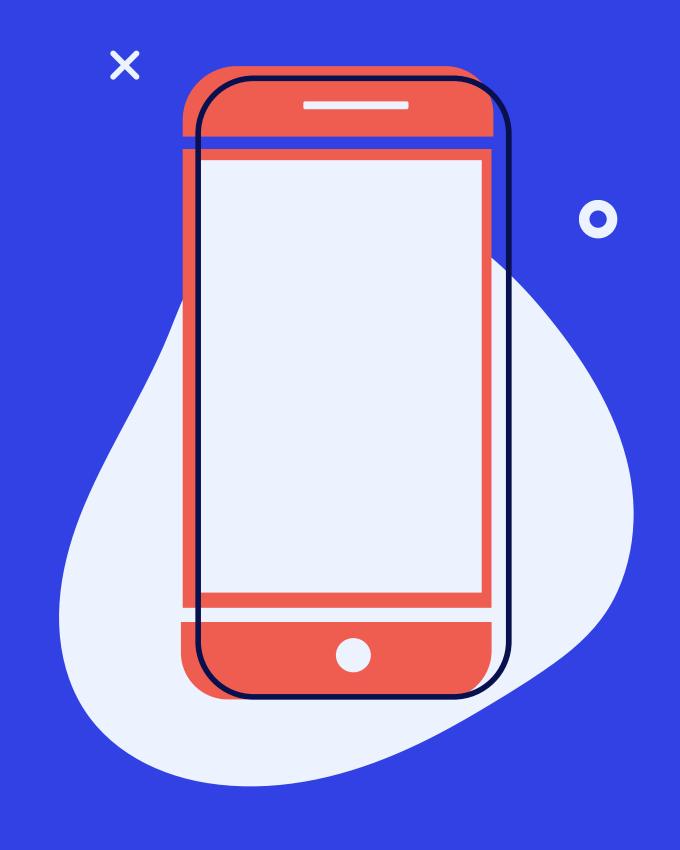
- Discounts
- Exclusive offers
- Free trial
- Event

- Demo
- Feedback
- Success stories
- Comparison sheets



# State Your Company's Mission, Vision, and Values

Clearly defining your company's mission, vision and values is a powerful way to align your team and reach your goals. Use the blank framework on the next page to start filling out your own mission, vision, and values.



## MISSION, VISION, AND VALUES

## → Mission

Mission is the reason why your company exists. It is the visible and tangible effect you want your company to create for your customers and the world.

## → Vision

Vision is what success looks like for your company. It is what your company aspires to be in the future. It is how the world will look like once you've accomplished your mission.

## → Values

These are the guiding principles that will influence your actions o fulfill your company's mission and vision.



## STRATEGY, TACTICS, AND EXECUTION

## → Strategy

Strategy is how your methods, time, and resources come into play to fulfill your company mission and vision.

## → Tactics

Tactics are the specific methods, resources, and techniques you will need to accomplish your strategy.

## → Execution

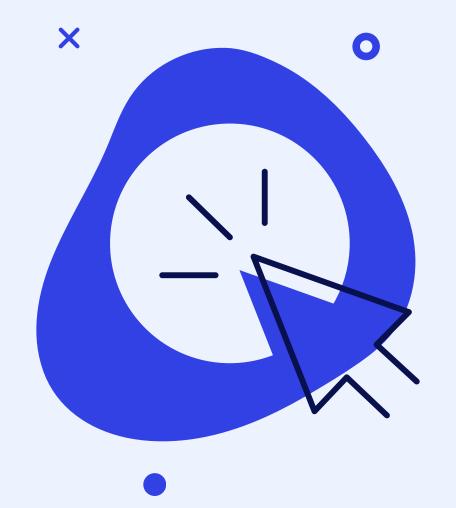
Execution is how you will employ the tactics you've chosen. It includes measurable outcomes, such as timelines and deliverables.



## **BUYER PERSONAS**

# Develop Deep Insights About Your Customers Using Buyer Personas

Buyer personas are semi-fictional representations of your target customers. These personas are based on market research and real data about the people you are targeting. The more detailed the buyer persona, the better. Use the blank framework on the next page to start filling out your buyer personas.





→ Demographics

(Gender, age, marital status, employer)

→ Needs

Buyer's
Journey

(Awareness, consideration, purchase, advocacy)

→ Buying Roles

(Decision makers, influencers)

→ Objections

**→** Channels

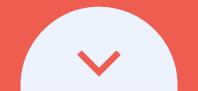
(Social media, other digital activities, non-digital activities)

→ Goals and Responsibilities

→ Frustrations

→ Sources of information

(Content that influences purchasedecisions)



# Free Resources

Use these free, recolourable icons and illustrations in your Canva design.

