2/4/2018 rot_to_ax_phi

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In [154]: from numpy.linalg import eig
          from random import random
          import numpy as np
          from math import acos, pi, sin, cos
          def get unit vector():
              s = np.array([2*random()-1, 2*random()-1, 2*random()-1])
              s = s/np.linalg.norm(s)
              return s
          def get s matrix(s):
              return np.array([[0, -s[2], s[1]], [s[2], 0, -s[0]], [-s[1], s[0], 0]])
          def get_rotation_matrix(s, phi):
              S = get_s_matrix(s)
              R = np.eye(3) + sin(phi) * S + (1-cos(phi)) * S @ S
              return R
          def rot to ax phi(R):
              if abs(np.trace(R)-3) < 1e-10:
                  return np.array([0, 0, 0]), 2*pi
              if abs(np.trace(R)+1) < 1e-10:
                  phi = pi
              else:
                  phi = acos((np.trace(R)-1)/2)
              eigv, v = eig(R)
              for i in range(3):
                   if is one(eigv[i]):
                       index0 = i
              index1 = (i+1)%3
              index2 = (i+2)%3
              s = [v[0, index0].real, v[1, index0].real, v[2, index0].real]
              return s, phi
          def is one(number):
              if abs(number-1) < 1e-10:
                   return True
          s = get unit vector()
          phi = pi/3
          R = get_rotation_matrix(s, phi)
          print(s)
          print(phi)
          rot_to_ax_phi(R)
          [ 0.16573982 -0.58044732  0.79725229]
          1.0471975511965976
Out[154]: ([0.16573981989433331, -0.5804473225914154, 0.79725229243812856],
           1.0471975511965974)
  In [ ]:
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