

Math 141 Quiz 3 — Practice version, November 2015

Name: _____ ID#: _____

- You have 40 minutes.
- Complete the following two problems. In order to receive full credit, please show all of your work and justify your answers.
- You do **not** need to simplify your arithmetic unless explicitly instructed to do so in the question. However, a final answer involving a composition of a trigonometric function and an inverse-trigonometric function (in any order) will not be accepted.
- If you need extra room for your answers, use the back side of the question pages, and **clearly indicate that your answer continues there**. Do not use your own scratch paper, and do not detach pages from this booklet.
- The use of cellphones, calculators, and other electronic devices, for whatever reason, is considered cheating.

Formulae you may find useful:

$$\sin^2(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos(2\theta))$$

$$\cos^2(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos(2\theta))$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

The following boxes are strictly for grading purposes. Please do not mark.

Question:	1	2	Total
Points:	7	14	21
Score:			

1. (7 points) Compute the following two improper integrals, or explain why they do not converge. **Simplify your answer as much as possible.**

(a)

$$\int_{-\infty}^{-1} \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(x-1)^3} dx.$$

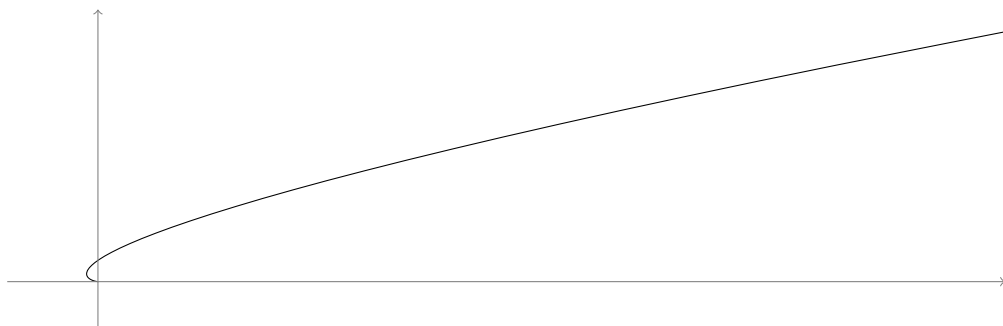
(b)

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} - \frac{1}{(x-1)^3} dx.$$

2. (14 points) Let C be the parametrised curve with equation

$$x = \frac{3}{4}t^4 - t^3, \quad y = \frac{12}{7}t^{\frac{7}{2}}, \quad t \geq 0,$$

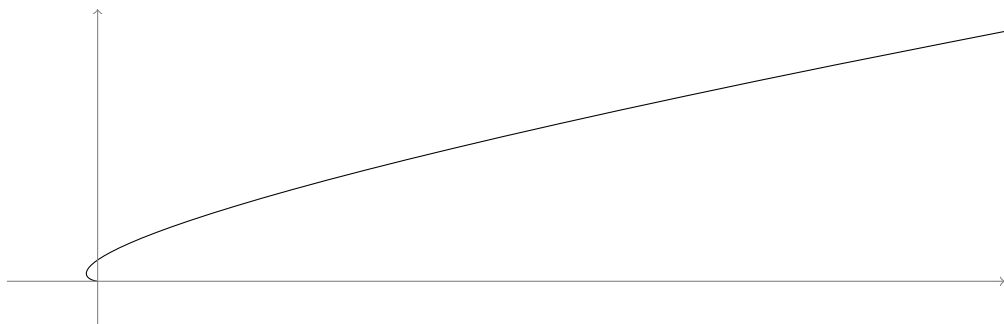
as shown in the diagram below.



- (a) Find the point(s) where C has a vertical tangent. **Simplify your answer as much as possible.**

(b) For your convenience, here again is the information about the parametrised curve C :

$$x = \frac{3}{4}t^4 - t^3, \quad y = \frac{12}{7}t^{\frac{7}{2}}, \quad t \geq 0.$$



Find the length of the part of C with $2 \leq t \leq 3$. **Simplify your answer as much as possible.**