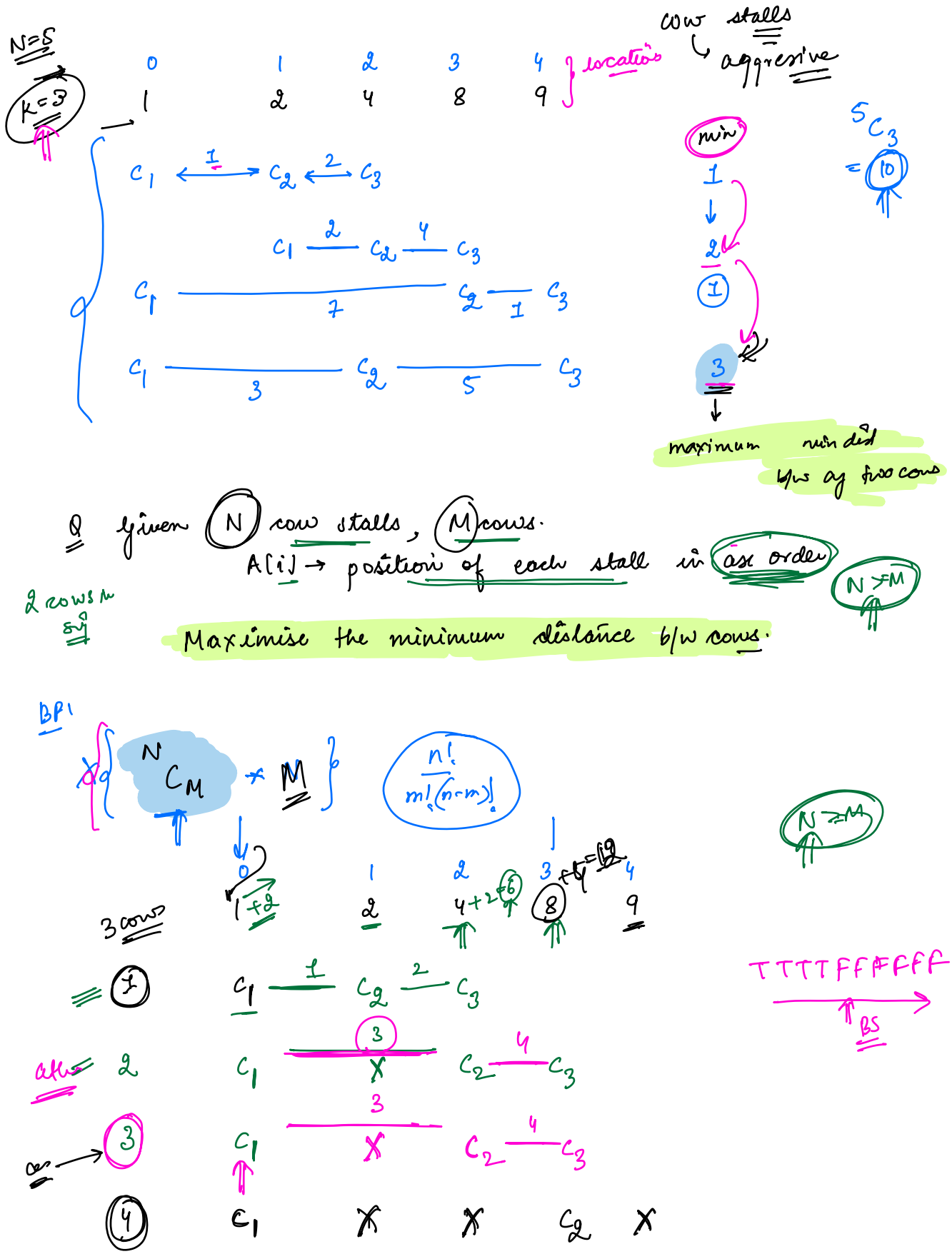
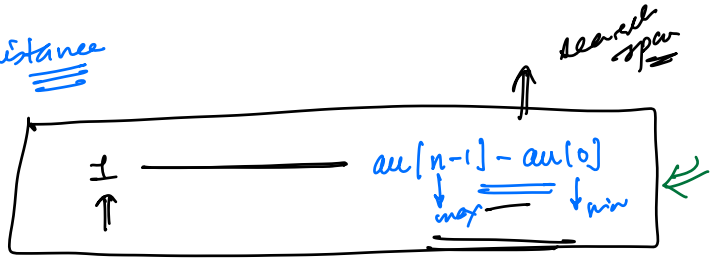
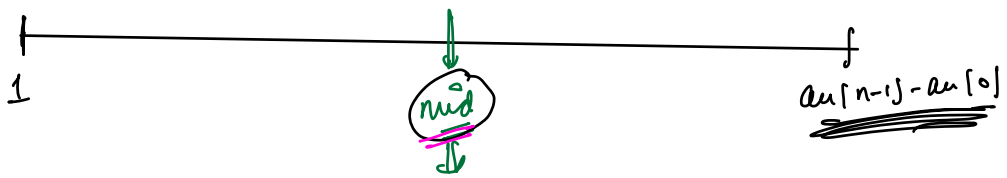

cow stalls
aggressive
N=5
K=3
0 1 2 3 4
1 2 4 8 9
locations
min
1
2
1
3
maximum minimum dist b/w any two cows
$^5C_3$ = 10
Q given N cow stalls, M cows.
A[i] → position of each stall in asc order
N ≥ M
2 cows min dist
Maximise the minimum distance b/w cows.
BF
^NC_M * M
$\frac{n!}{m!(n-m)!}$
N ≥ M
3 cows
after 2
after 3
TTTTFFFFFF
BS

target = min distance

Search space:



N/M

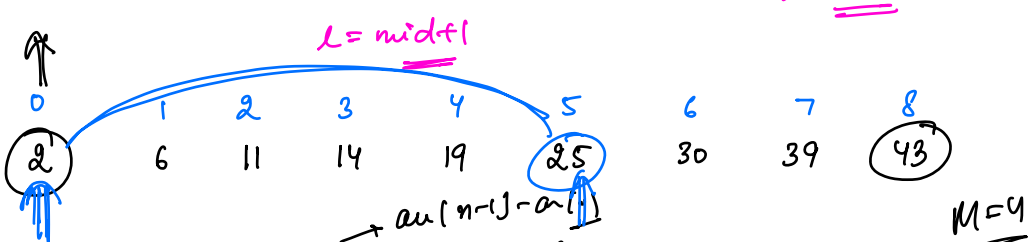


can I place my M cows with atleast a distance of mid

YES → ans = mid, l = mid+1

NO → r = mid-1

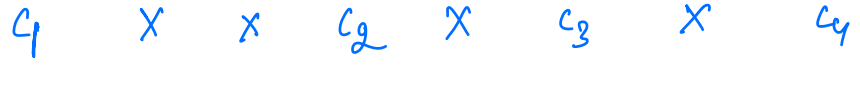
mid+1 ? mid+2 ? mid-1 ?



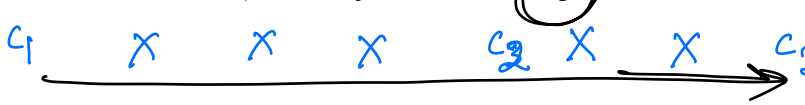
M = 4

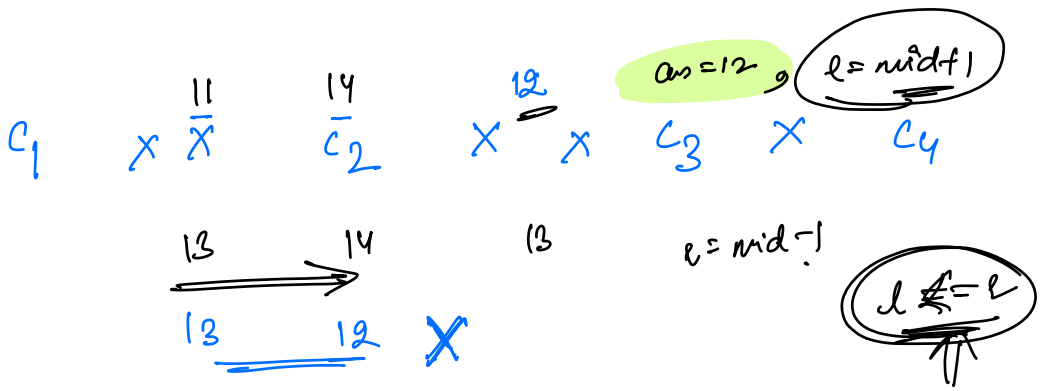
l	r	mid	
1	41	21	l = mid-1

1	20	10	ans = 10, l = mid+1



11	20	15	l = mid-1



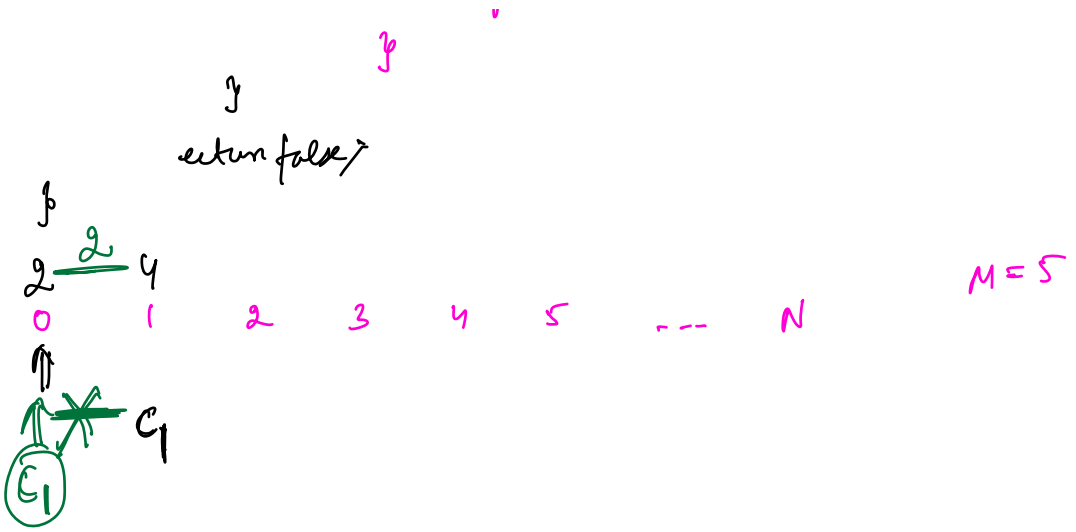



```
int l = 1, r = arr[n-1] - arr[0];

while ( l <= r)
{       int mid = (l+r)/2;

        if ( check ( mid ))
        {
                ans = mid
                l = mid+1 ;

        }
        else    r = mid-1;
}
```

log(range) * N

```
bool check( arr, mid, M, n)
{
        int last_placed = arr[0];
            int cow = 1;
        for( int i=1; i<n; i++)
        {
                if( arr[i] - last_placed >= mid)
                {       cow++;
                        last_placed = arr[i];
                if( cow == M) return true;
```

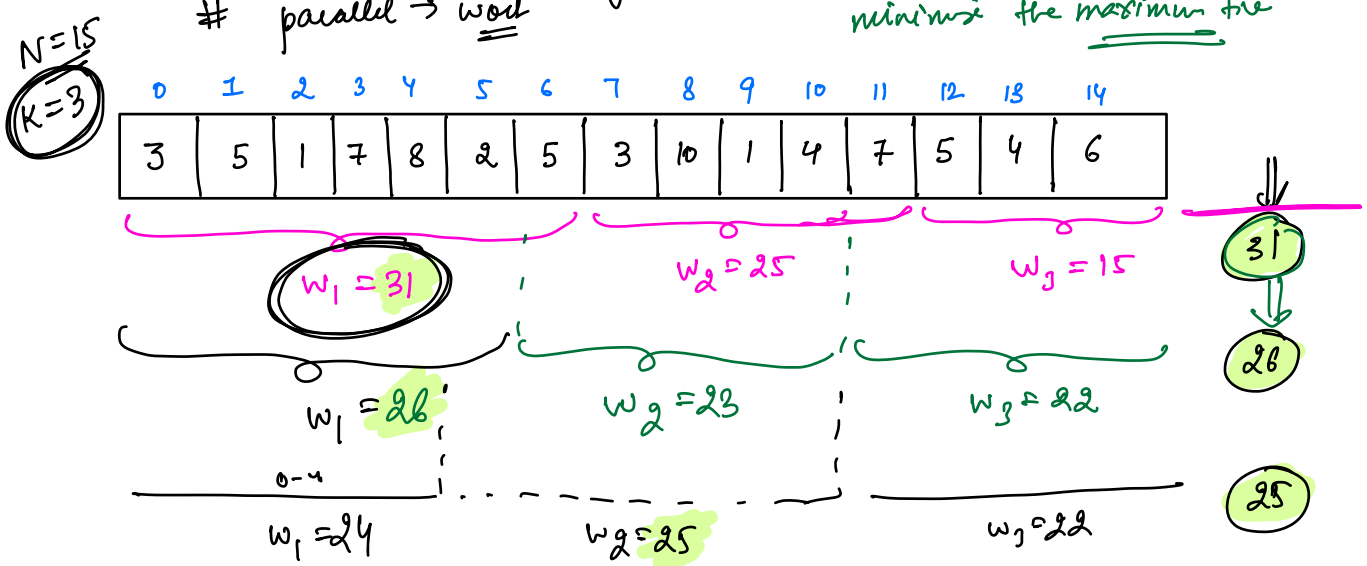
arr[i] - last_placed >= mid


return false;
2
4
M = 5
0 1 2 3 4 5 ... N
C1
C1

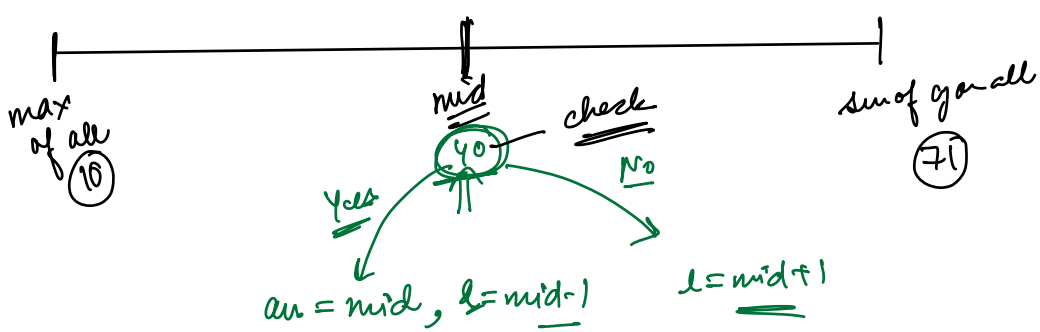
Q Given N Tasks, K workers.
array → A[i] = time taken to complete i^{th} task. Find minimum time to complete all tasks.

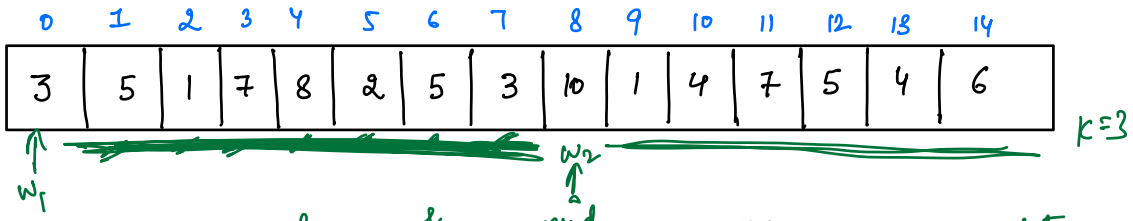
One task can only be done by 1 person
A worker can only do continuous tasks
parallel → work

minimise the maximum time



target = time to complete the task
search space = l — r
l = max of all
r = sum of your array





l	r	mid	
10	71	40	→ if I can complete 15 tasks in 40 min
10	39	24	→ l = mid+1 with 3 workers
25	39	32	→ r = mid
25	31	28	
25	27	26	

```
bool check ( int arr[], int mid, int k) int n
{
    int worker = 1;
    int current_time = arr[0];
    for( int i=1; i<n; i++)
    {
        if( current_time + arr[i] > mid)
        {
            worker++;
            current_time = arr[i];
        }
        else {
            current_time += arr[i];
        }
    }
    if( worker <= k) return true;
    else return false;
}
```

SC : O(1)

TC : { log(range) * N }

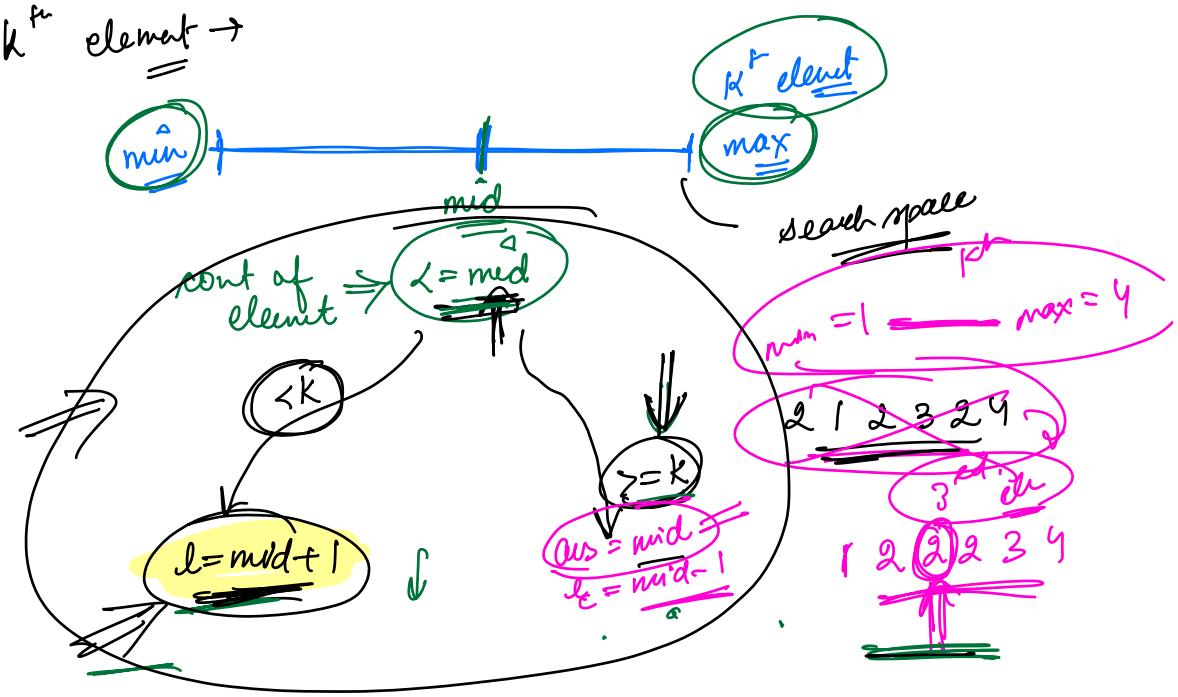
worker → actual reason

k^{th} place ≈ k^{th} smallest number → extra space ✗ / modify ✗

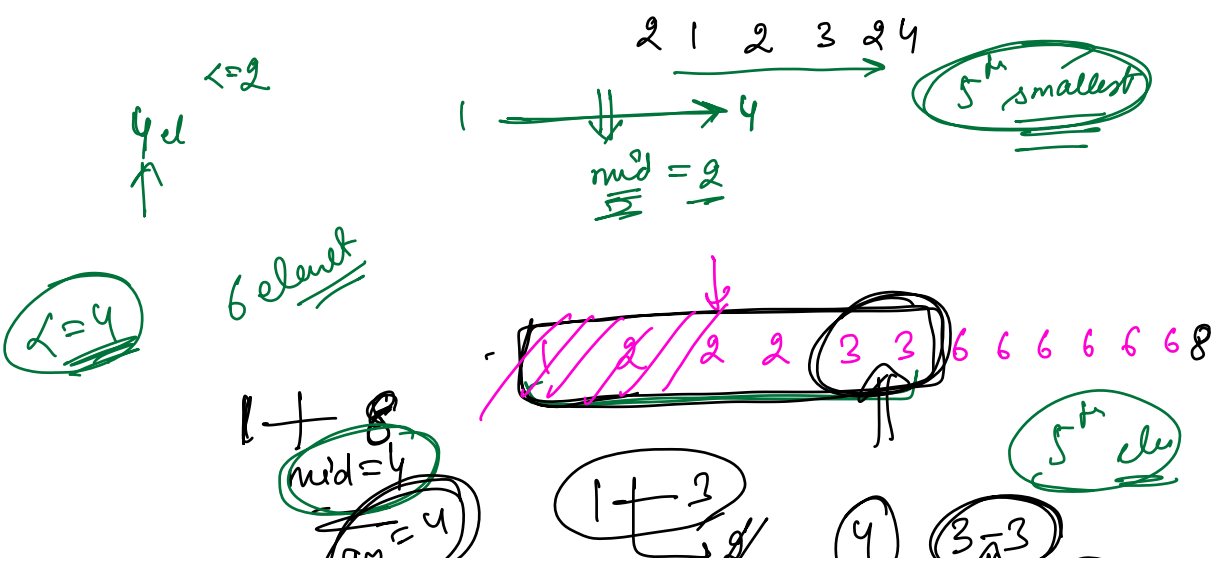
Dumb

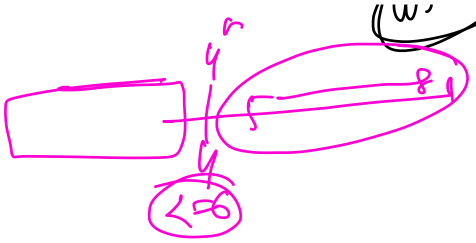
sort → arr[k-1]

k^{th} element →



= <





1 2 2 3 3 4 5 . . . .

1 2 2 4 4 4

median of a matrix   rows are sorted

Kth elem in 2 sorted arr

Median of 2 sorted arr

extra

N log M

1	3	7	9	16
2	5	8	9	10
1	4	8	6	10
12	14	20	24	26
7	8	9	10	11

median → sorted order → N/2 th elem

K th smallest

$\frac{N*M}{2}$

25

$1 \le \_\_ \le 10^9$

x = mid

l = mid+1

assume r = mid-1