CBC 2021 data visualization

An Bui

January 2022

0. Introduction

a. Where'd the data come from?

The data presented below are observations from the Santa Rosa count on the 28th of December 2021 (FHJ, MH, AB) and the Cacao count on the 30th of December 2021 (FHJ, RVJ, MH, AB).

2. Basic information

b. Outputs

How many species did we see on each count? How many species did we see on both counts?

We saw 85 at Murciélago, and 97 at Leiva. We saw 33 species in both places. A table of the species we saw is below.

Species observed		
especie	murci	leiva
Tinamidae		
Thicket Tinamou	yes	no
Cracidae		
Crested Guan	no	yes
Columbidae		
White-tipped Dove Inca Dove White-winged Dove Red-billed Pigeon Short-billed Pigeon Ruddy Ground Dove Cuculidae	yes yes yes yes no no	yes no yes no yes yes
Squirrel Cuckoo Groove-billed Ani	yes yes	yes yes
Caprimulgidae Common Pauraque Lesser Nighthawk	yes yes	yes no

TA T	1		
1770	tih	110	۵ρ
Nyc	uv	TIU	uu

•		
Northern Potoo	yes	no
Apodidae		
White-collared Swift	no	yes
Lesser Swallow-tailed Swift	no	yes
Trochilidae		
Blue-vented Hummingbird	yes	no
Cinnamon Hummingbird	yes	no
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	yes	no
Rufous-tailed Hummingbird	no	yes
Stripe-throated Hermit	no	yes
Scaly-breasted Hummingbird	no	yes
Rallidae		
Rufous-necked Wood-Rail	yes	no
Burhinidae		
Double-striped Thick-knee	yes	no
Charadriidae		
Wilson's Plover	yes	no
Scolopacidae		
Spotted Sandpiper	yes	no
Whimbrel	yes	no
Willet	yes	no
Solitary Sandpiper	no	yes
Laridae		
Royal Tern	yes	no
Ciconiidae		
Wood Stork	yes	yes
Fregatidae		
Magnificent Frigatebird	yes	no
Pelecanidae		
Brown Pelican	yes	no
Ardeidae		
Cattle Egret	yes	yes
Little Blue Heron	yes	no
Green Heron	yes	no
Great Egret	yes	yes
Snowy Egret	yes	no
Bare-throated Tiger-Heron	yes	yes
Tricolored Heron Great Blue Heron	yes	no
	yes	no
Threskiornithidae		*0 -
White Ibis	yes	no
Cathartidae		

Black Vulture Turkey Vulture	yes yes	yes yes
Pandionidae		
Osprey	yes	no
Accipitridae		
Common Black Hawk Roadside Hawk Short-tailed Hawk Great Black Hawk	yes yes yes	no yes no no
Strigidae		
Ferruginous Pygmy-Owl Pacific Screech-Owl	yes yes	no no
Trogonidae		
Black-headed Trogon Gartered Trogon	yes no	no yes
Momotidae		
Keel-billed Motmot	no	yes
Alcedinidae		
Ringed Kingfisher Green Kingfisher	yes yes	no no
Bucconidae		
White-necked Puffbird	yes	no
Ramphastidae		
Keel-billed Toucan Yellow-throated Toucan	no no	yes yes
Picidae		
Hoffmann's Woodpecker Pale-billed Woodpecker	yes yes	yes yes
Falconidae		
Laughing Falcon Yellow-headed Caracara Crested Caracara	yes yes yes	no no no
Psittacidae		
Yellow-naped Parrot Orange-chinned Parakeet White-fronted Parrot Orange-fronted Parakeet Red-lored Parrot	yes yes yes yes	no yes yes no yes
Pipridae		
Long-tailed Manakin Red-capped Manakin White-collared Manakin White-ruffed Manakin	yes no no no	no yes yes yes

Tityridae		
Black-crowned Tityra	no	yes
Cinnamon Becard	no	yes
Masked Tityra	no	yes
Onychorhynchidae		
Royal Flycatcher	no	yes
Tyrannidae		
Bright-rumped Attila	yes	no
Dusky-capped Flycatcher	yes	no
Great Kiskadee	yes	yes
Yellow-olive Flycatcher	yes	no
Brown-crested Flycatcher	yes	no
Great Crested Flycatcher	yes	yes
Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	yes	no
Boat-billed Flycatcher	yes	yes
Social Flycatcher	yes	yes
Streaked Flycatcher	no	yes
Rufous Mourner	no	yes
Tropical Kingbird	no	yes
Gray-capped Flycatcher	no	yes
Tropical Pewee	no	yes
Long-tailed Tyrant	no	yes
Common Tody-Flycatcher	no	yes
Thamnophilidae		
Chestnut-backed Antbird	no	yes
Black-crowned Antshrike	no	yes
Furnariidae		
Streak-headed Woodcreeper	yes	yes
Vireonidae		
Yellow-throated Vireo	yes	yes
Philadelphia Vireo	yes	yes
Lesser Greenlet	no	yes
Corvidae		
White-throated Magpie-Jay	yes	no
Brown Jay	no	yes
Hirundinidae		
Blue-and-white Swallow	no	yes
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	no	yes
Southern Rough-winged Swallow	no	yes
Polioptilidae		
White-browed Gnatcatcher	VAS	VAS
White-lored Gnatcatcher	yes	yes
Long-billed Gnatwren	yes no	yes
Troglodytidae	110	yes
Rufous-naped Wren	yes	no
Banded Wren	yes	no

Bay Wren House Wren	no no	yes yes
Nightingale Wren	no	yes
Turdidae		
Clay-colored Thrush	yes	yes
White-throated Thrush	no	yes
Fringillidae		
Scrub Euphonia	yes	no
Yellow-throated Euphonia	no	yes
Passerellidae		
Orange-billed Sparrow	no	yes
Icteridae		
Great-tailed Grackle	yes	yes
Baltimore Oriole	yes	yes
Melodious Blackbird	yes	yes
Streak-backed Oriole	yes	no
Montezuma Oropendola	no	yes
Parulidae		
Yellow Warbler	yes	yes
Black-and-white Warbler	yes	yes
Prothonotary Warbler	yes	no
American Redstart	yes	no
Tennessee Warbler	yes	yes
Chestnut-sided Warbler	no	yes
Buff-rumped Warbler	no	yes
Tropical Parula	no	yes
Cardinalidae		
Western Tanager	yes	no
Summer Tanager	yes	yes
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	no	yes
Carmiol's Tanager	no	yes
Red-throated Ant-Tanager	no	yes
Blue-black Grosbeak	no	yes
Thraupidae		
Green Honeycreeper	no	yes
White-shouldered Tanager	no	yes
Blue Dacnis	no	yes
Blue-gray Tanager	no	yes
Scarlet-rumped Tanager	no	yes
Silver-throated Tanager	no	yes
Golden-hooded Tanager	no	yes
Blue-black Grassquit	no	yes
Yellow-faced Grassquit	no	yes
Palm Tanager	no	yes
Buff-throated Saltator	no	yes
Bananaquit	no	yes
Variable Seedeater	no	yes
White-throated Shrike-Tanager	no	yes

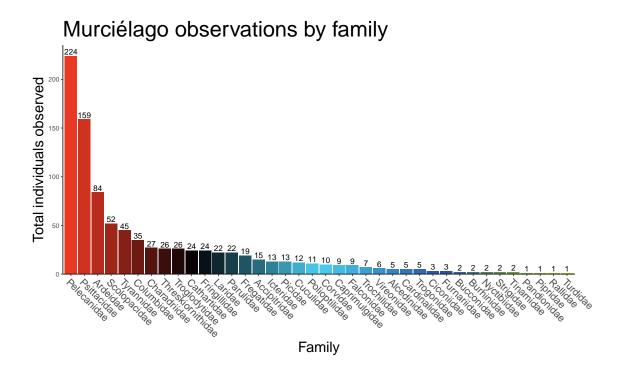
How many individual birds did we see (probably)?

We saw 929 at Murciélago and 332 at Leiva.

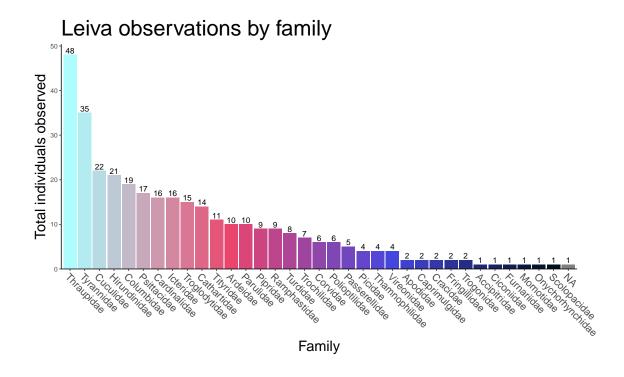
2. Observations by family

I was curious about the number of observations by family (I would not, for example, expect many observations of Trochilidae regardless of how many there may have been flitting around...). To do this, I calculated the total number of observed individuals for each family for each count, and made a bar graph displaying all families detected.

b. Plots



We saw $a \ lot$ of Brown Pelicans on our Santa Rosa count. Also, lots of parrots! Seems they are not locally extinct after all.



It seems that we saw lots of tanagers (Thraupidae) at Leiva (not surprising!), followed by flycatchers (Tyrannidae), and cuckoos (Cuculidae, mostly Squirrel Cuckoos).

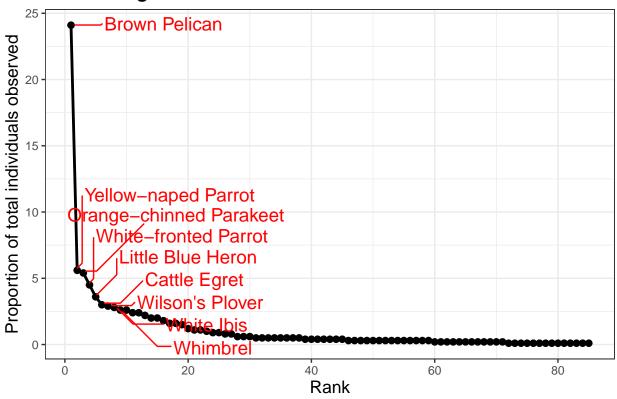
2. Rank abundance

a. What is a rank abundance curve?

Rank abundance curves are plotted with the proportion (or raw number of) observations for each species on the y-axis, and rank on the x-axis. From these plots, you can glean information about how abundant species were in your data.

b. Plots

Murciélago count rank abundance



Leiva count rank abundance

