# Progressive Change BACIPS

An Bui

2/8/2022

#### 1. Data

#### a. Libraries

```
library(tidyverse) # cleaning
library(here) # directory navigation
library(lubridate) # handling dates
library(janitor) # cleaning up columns

# dependencies for function
library(minpack.lm) # Fitting non-linear models
library(nls2) # Fitting non-linear models
library(AICcmodavg) # calculate second order AIC (AICc)
```

## b. Dates for end of the experiment

#### b. Biomass data

This is data you sent me on the 2nd of February, which is why it has that time appended to the end of the file name to distinguish it from other versions that I pulled down from the online repository.

```
kelp_biomass <- read_csv(here::here("data", "LTE_All_Species_Biomass_at_transect_20220208.csv")) %>%
    clean_names() %>%
    # ANOB is incorrectly coded as having 'SESSILE' mobility
mutate(mobility = replace(mobility, sp_code == "ANOB", "MOBILE")) %>%
    # replace all -99999 values with NA
mutate(dry_gm2 = replace(dry_gm2, dry_gm2 < 0, NA), wm_gm2 = replace(wm_gm2,
    wm_gm2 < 0, NA)) %>%
    # create a sample_ID for each sampling date at each treatment at
    # each site
unite("sample_ID", site, treatment, date, remove = FALSE) %>%
    # change to lower case
mutate_at(c("group", "mobility", "growth_morph", "treatment", "site"),
    str_to_lower) %>%
    filter(sp_code == "MAPY") %>%
    select(-sp_code)
```

## 2. Function

Taken from Thiault et al., with modifications so that plots do not print out in quartz viewer.

```
ProgressiveChangeBACIPS <- function(control, impact, time.true, time.model) {
### STEP 2 - Calculate the delta at each sampling date
delta <- impact - control
```

```
# Plot delta against time.true dev.new(width=10, height=5)
# par(mfrow=c(1,2))
plot(delta ~ time.true, type = "n")
time.model.of.impact = max(which(time.model == 0))
rect(time.model.of.impact, min(delta) - 100, max(time.model) + 10,
    max(delta) + 100, col = "grey")
points(delta ~ time.true, pch = 24, bg = "white", cex = 2)
### STEP 3 - Fit and compete models Create a 'period' variable
period <- ifelse(time.model == 0, "Before", "After")</pre>
## Fit a step model
step.Model <- aov(delta ~ period)</pre>
## Fit a linear model
linear.Model <- lm(delta ~ time.model)</pre>
## Fit an asymptotic model Create an asymptotic function
myASYfun <- function(delta, time.model) {</pre>
    funAsy <- function(parS, time.model) (parS$M * time.model)/(parS$L +</pre>
        time.model) + parS$B
    residFun <- function(p, observed, time.model) observed + funAsy(p,
    parStart <- list(M = mean(delta[time.model.of.impact:length(time.true)]),</pre>
        B = mean(delta[1:time.model.of.impact]), L = 1)
    nls_ASY_out <- nls.lm(par = parStart, fn = residFun, observed = delta,</pre>
        time.model = time.model, control = nls.lm.control(maxfev = integer(),
            maxiter = 1000)
    foAsy <- delta ~ (M * time.model)/(L + time.model) + B</pre>
    startPar <- c(-coef(nls_ASY_out)[1], coef(nls_ASY_out)[2], coef(nls_ASY_out)[3])</pre>
    asyFit <- nls2(foAsy, start = startPar, algorithm = "brute-force") # nls2 enables to calculate
    asyFit
}
# Fit the asymptotic model
asymptotic.Model <- myASYfun(delta = delta, time.model = time.model)</pre>
## Fit a sigmoid model Create a sigmoid function
mySIGfun <- function(delta, time.model) {</pre>
    funSIG <- function(parS, time.model) (parS$M * (time.model/parS$L)^parS$K)/(1 +</pre>
        (time.model/parS$L)^parS$K) + parS$B
    residFun <- function(p, observed, time.model) observed + funSIG(p,</pre>
        time.model)
    parStart <- list(M = mean(delta[time.model.of.impact:length(time.true)]),</pre>
        B = mean(delta[1:time.model.of.impact]), L = mean(time.model),
        K = 5)
    nls_SIG_out <- nls.lm(par = parStart, fn = residFun, observed = delta,</pre>
        time.model = time.model, control = nls.lm.control(maxfev = integer(),
            maxiter = 1000))
    foSIG <- delta ~ (M * (time.model/L)^K)/(1 + (time.model/L)^K) +
    startPar <- c(-coef(nls_SIG_out)[1], -coef(nls_SIG_out)[2], coef(nls_SIG_out)[3],</pre>
        coef(nls_SIG_out)[4])
    sigFit <- nls2(foSIG, start = startPar, algorithm = "brute-force") # nls2 enables to calculate</pre>
```

```
sigFit
}
# Fit the sigmoid model
sigmoid.Model <- mySIGfun(delta = delta, time.model = time.model)</pre>
## Compete models Perform AIC tests
AIC.test <- AIC(step.Model, linear.Model, asymptotic.Model, sigmoid.Model)
AICc.test <- as.data.frame(cbind(AIC.test[, 1], c(AICc(step.Model),
    AICc(linear.Model), AICc(asymptotic.Model), AICc(sigmoid.Model))))
rownames(AICc.test) <- rownames(AIC.test)</pre>
names(AICc.test) <- names(AIC.test)</pre>
# Calculate AICc weight and selected the best model
for (i in 1:dim(AICc.test)[1]) {
    AICc.test$diff[i] <- AICc.test$AIC[i] - min(AICc.test$AIC)
}
AICc.test$RL <- exp(-0.5 * AICc.test$diff)
RL_sum <- sum(AICc.test$RL)</pre>
AICc.test$aicWeights <- (AICc.test$RL/RL_sum) * 100
w <- AICc.test$aicWeights
names(w) <- rownames(AICc.test)</pre>
# Display raw AIC values
print(AICc.test)
# Display AICc weights print(w)
barplot(w, col = "white", ylab = "Relative likelihood (%)", cex.names = 0.9,
    names.arg = c("Step", "Linear", "Asymptotic", "Sigmoid"))
best.Model <- which(w == max(w))</pre>
### STEP 4 - Derive inference based on the best model (i.e., with
### the higher AICc weight)
if (best.Model == 1) {
    writeLines(paste("\n\nSTEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = ", round(w[1],
        1), "^nn", sep = ""))
    print(summary(step.Model))
if (best.Model == 2) {
    writeLines(paste("\n\nLINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = ", round(w[2],
        1), "^nn", sep = ""))
    print(summary(linear.Model))
}
if (best.Model == 3) {
    writeLines(paste("\n\nASYMPTOTIC MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = ",
        round(w[3], 1), "^{n}n", sep = ""))
    print(asymptotic.Model)
}
if (best.Model == 4) {
    writeLines(paste("\n\nSIGMOID MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = ",
        round(w[4], 1), "%\n\n", sep = ""))
    print(sigmoid.Model)
}
```

## 3. Analysis

time.model.fxn.new: Function to create a data frame where there are columns for the actual time (i.e. sampling date), the time.model (0 for "before" and a sequence of numbers starting at 1 for "after"), kelp biomass in the control, and kelp biomass in the annual or continual treatment depending on the argument supplied.

This is more or less the original function from the paper, but with some edits to 1) print the results in the console instead of the quartz viewer, and 2) print the results for all 4 models instead of the one selected by AIC.

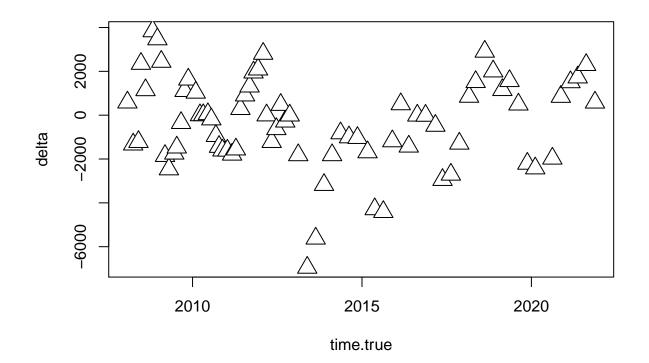
biomass.pcbacips: Function to pull columns out of the intermediate data frame created by time.model.fxn.new to do Progressive Change BACIPS.

```
time.model.fxn.new <- function(site, treatment) {</pre>
  # select an after date based on site and treatment
  treatment_after_date <- if(site == "aque" & treatment == "annual") {</pre>
    aque_after_date_annual
  } else if(site == "aque" & treatment == "continual") {
    aque_after_date_continual
  } else if(site == "napl" & treatment == "annual") {
   napl_after_date_annual
  } else if(site == "napl" & treatment == "continual") {
   napl_after_date_continual
  } else if(site == "ivee" & treatment == "annual") {
    ivee_after_date_annual
  } else if(site == "mohk" & treatment == "annual") {
   mohk_after_date_annual
  } else if(site == "mohk" & treatment == "continual") {
    mohk after date continual
  } else if(site == "carp" & treatment == "annual") {
    carp after date annual
  } else if(site == "carp" & treatment == "continual") {
    carp_after_date_continual
  kelp_biomass %>%
    select(site, year, month, treatment, date, wm_gm2) %>%
   filter(site == {{ site }} & treatment %in% c({{ treatment }}, "control")) %>%
   pivot_wider(names_from = "treatment", values_from = "wm_gm2") %>%
   drop_na() %>%
   mutate(exp_dates = case_when(
      date > treatment_after_date ~ "after",
      TRUE ~ "during"
   )) %>%
   mutate(exp_dates = fct_relevel(exp_dates, c("after", "during"))) %>%
   arrange(exp_dates) %>%
    # assign everything a "time step number" using the row numbers...
   rownames to column("time.model") %>%
```

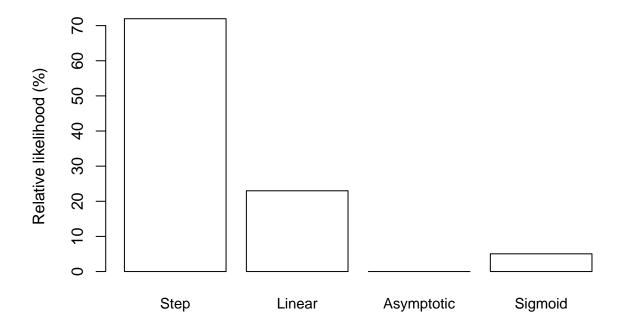
```
# only keep the time step numbers for the "after dates"
    # make everything else 0 (i.e. everything else is before the "after")
    mutate(time.model = case when(
     exp_dates == "during" ~ 0,
     TRUE ~ as.numeric(as.numeric(time.model))
    )) %>%
    # rearrange the sampling dates to be in logical order
    mutate(exp_dates = fct_relevel(exp_dates, c("during", "after"))) %>%
    arrange(exp_dates)
biomass.pcbacips <- function(df) {</pre>
  ProgressiveChangeBACIPS(
    control = pull(df, 6), # control column
    impact = pull(df, 7), # treatment column
   time.true = pull(df, 5), # date column
    time.model = pull(df, 1) # time.model column
}
```

#### Arroyo Quemado

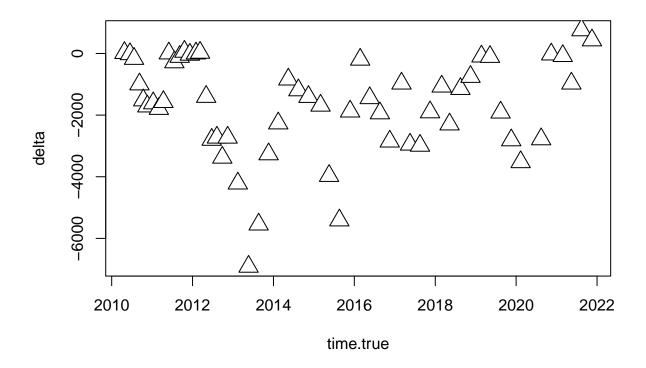
```
aque_biomass_annual <- time.model.fxn.new("aque", "annual")
aque_biomass_continual <- time.model.fxn.new("aque", "continual")
aque_annual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(aque_biomass_annual)</pre>
```



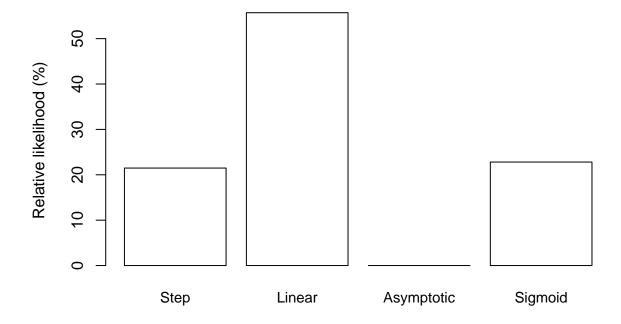
```
## step.Model 3 1319.258 0.000000 1.000000e+00 7.196853e+01  
## linear.Model 3 1321.541 2.282512 3.194176e-01 2.298801e+01  
## asymptotic.Model 4 1345.180 25.921349 2.350989e-06 1.691972e-04  
## sigmoid.Model 5 1324.575 5.316342 7.007629e-02 5.043288e+00
```



```
##
##
## STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 72%
##
##
                      Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
##
               \mathsf{Df}
                   19596560 19596560
                                        5.032 0.028 *
                1
## period
## Residuals
               71 276482324 3894117
##
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
# STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 72%
aque_continual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(aque_biomass_continual)</pre>
```



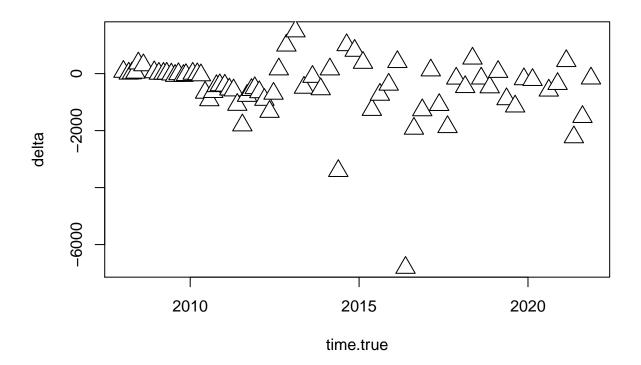
```
##
                    df
                              AIC
                                        {\tt diff}
                                                       RL
                                                             aicWeights
                                    1.906045 3.855739e-01 2.148127e+01
## step.Model
                     3
                         989.5379
## linear.Model
                     3
                        987.6319
                                    0.000000 1.000000e+00 5.571247e+01
## asymptotic.Model 4 1098.3659 110.734014 9.003564e-25 5.016108e-23
## sigmoid.Model
                                    1.786338 4.093564e-01 2.280626e+01
                        989.4182
```



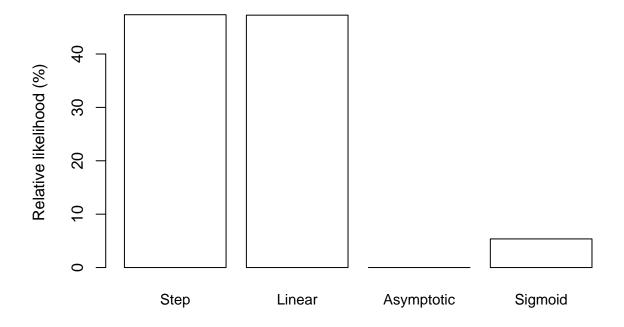
```
##
##
## LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 55.7%
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = delta ~ time.model)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               ЗQ
                                      Max
## -5036.6 -866.5
                    319.8 1061.0 1937.5
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1878.84
                           239.95 -7.830 1.86e-10 ***
                            42.50
## time.model
                 79.69
                                    1.875
                                            0.0662 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 1571 on 54 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.06113,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.04374
## F-statistic: 3.516 on 1 and 54 DF, p-value: 0.0662
```

### Naples

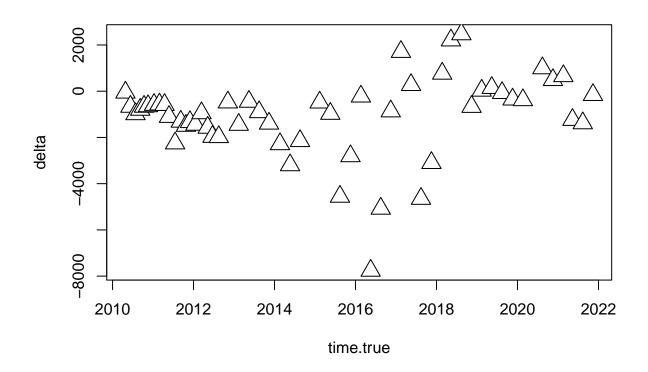
```
napl_biomass_annual <- time.model.fxn.new("napl", "annual")
napl_biomass_continual <- time.model.fxn.new("napl", "continual")
napl_annual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(napl_biomass_annual)</pre>
```



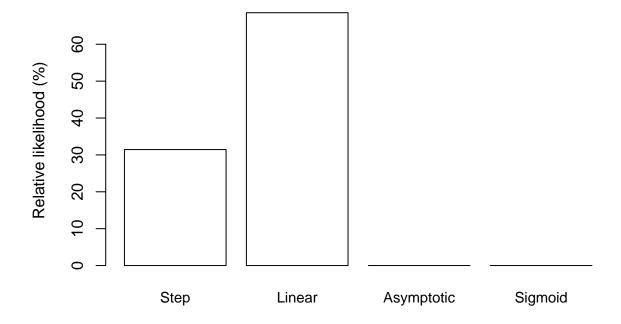
```
## step.Model 3 1215.402 0.000000000 1.000000e+00 4.736108e+01  
## linear.Model 3 1215.405 0.003534701 9.982342e-01 4.727745e+01  
## asymptotic.Model 4 1255.979 40.577884239 1.543919e-09 7.312164e-08  
## sigmoid.Model 5 1219.759 4.357121509 1.132043e-01 5.361479e+00
```



```
##
##
## STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 47.4%
##
##
                     Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
##
               {\tt Df}
                     271285 271285
                                       0.23 0.633
                1
## period
## Residuals
               70 82733189 1181903
# STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 47.4%
napl_continual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(napl_biomass_continual)</pre>
```



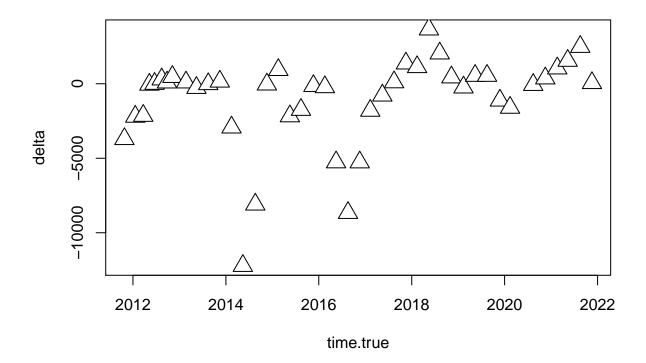
```
## step.Model 3 958.5830 1.558729 4.586974e-01 3.144569e+01 ## linear.Model 3 957.0243 0.000000 1.000000e+00 6.855431e+01 ## asymptotic.Model 4 1044.4511 87.426759 1.036383e-19 7.104856e-18 ## sigmoid.Model 5 1029.7988 72.774530 1.574750e-16 1.079559e-14
```

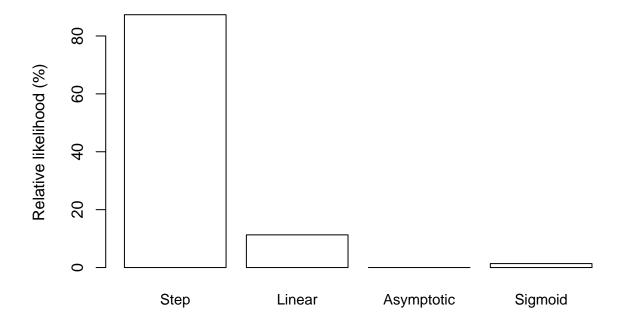


```
##
##
## LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 68.6%
##
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = delta ~ time.model)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
   -6280.3 -496.8
                     375.6
                             877.8 3106.0
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1481.38
                            266.14 -5.566 9.24e-07 ***
                             33.99
                                     2.756 0.00806 **
## time.model
                  93.66
## ---
                  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 1638 on 52 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1274, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1106
## F-statistic: 7.593 on 1 and 52 DF, p-value: 0.008057
```

#### Isla Vista

```
ivee_biomass_annual <- time.model.fxn.new("ivee", "annual")
ivee_annual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(ivee_biomass_annual)</pre>
```





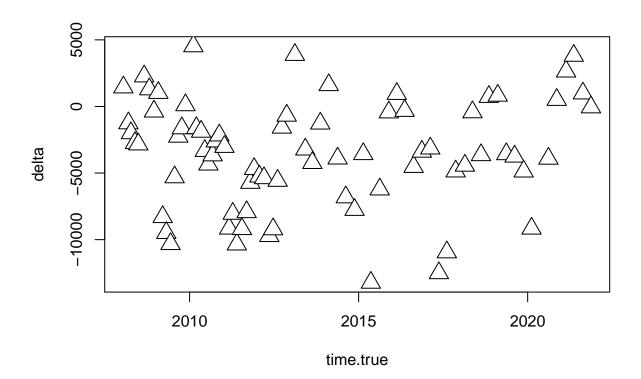
```
##
##
STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 87.3%

##
##
##
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## period 1 84089740 84089740 11.6 0.00149 **
## Residuals 41 297227446 7249450
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

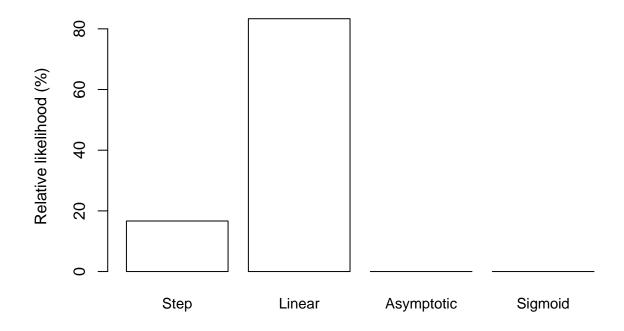
# STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 87.3%
```

### Mohawk

```
mohk_biomass_annual <- time.model.fxn.new("mohk", "annual")
mohk_biomass_continual <- time.model.fxn.new("mohk", "continual")
mohk_annual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(mohk_biomass_annual)</pre>
```



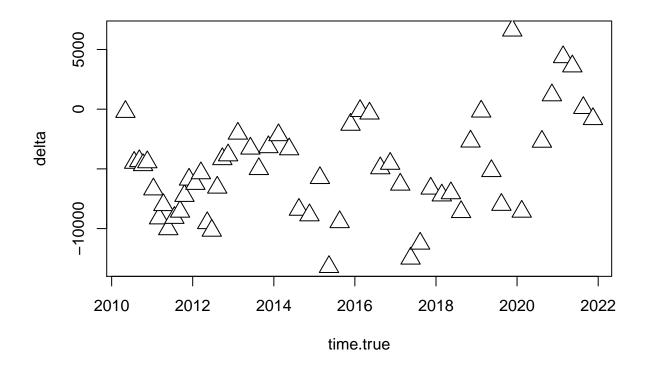
```
## step.Model 3 1441.855 3.219425 1.999451e-01 1.666286e+01  
## linear.Model 3 1438.636 0.000000 1.000000e+00 8.333714e+01  
## asymptotic.Model 4 1560.416 121.779929 3.596040e-27 2.996837e-25  
## sigmoid.Model 5 1548.649 110.013886 1.290590e-24 1.075541e-22
```



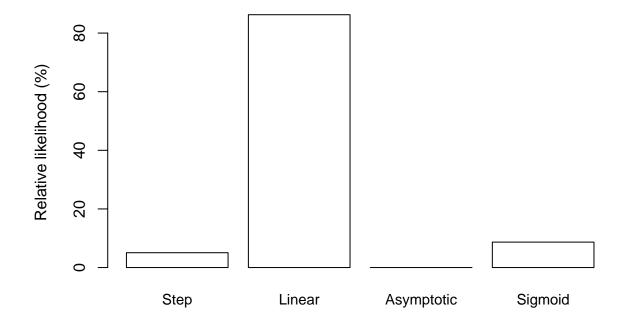
```
##
##
## LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 83.3%
##
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = delta ~ time.model)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                       Max
  -9349.9 -2222.8
                     345.9 2611.8 8400.6
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -3875.6
                             481.3 -8.052 1.22e-11 ***
                  497.1
                             211.0
                                     2.356
## time.model
                                             0.0212 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3914 on 72 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.07155,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.05866
## F-statistic: 5.549 on 1 and 72 DF, \, p-value: 0.02122 \,
```

### # LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 64%

mohk\_continual\_bacips\_results <- biomass.pcbacips(mohk\_biomass\_continual)</pre>



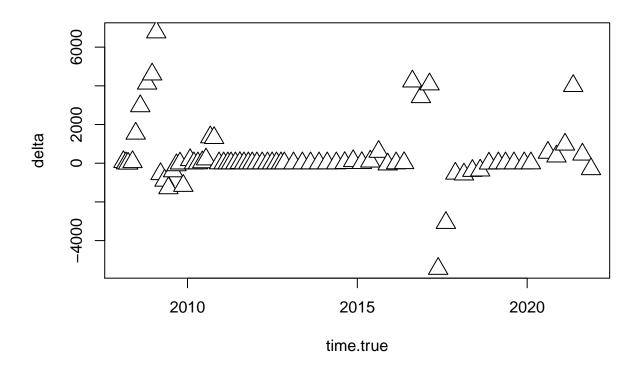
```
##
                    df
                            AIC
                                      diff
                                                           aicWeights
                                                      RL
## step.Model
                                  5.673147 5.862620e-02 5.057451e+00
                     3 1064.057
## linear.Model
                     3 1058.384
                                  0.000000 1.000000e+00 8.626605e+01
## asymptotic.Model 4 1204.408 146.023941 1.955708e-32 1.687112e-30
## sigmoid.Model
                     5 1062.978
                                  4.593635 1.005784e-01 8.676502e+00
```



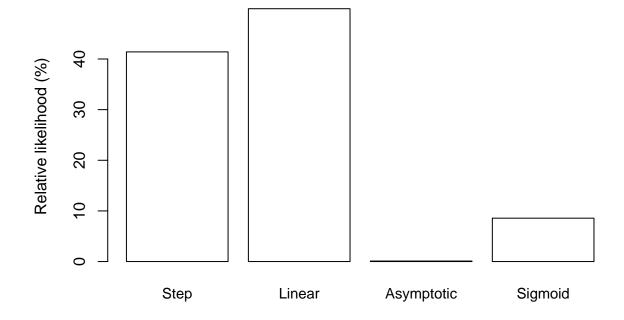
```
##
##
## LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 86.3%
##
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = delta ~ time.model)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -7124.7 -2645.4 -163.8 2169.0 8865.2
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
              -6083.3
                             523.4 -11.623 3.38e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                                    4.685 1.99e-05 ***
## time.model
                  635.4
                             135.6
##
                  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
## Residual standard error: 3507 on 53 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2928, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2795
## F-statistic: 21.95 on 1 and 53 DF, p-value: 1.991e-05
```

### Carpinteria

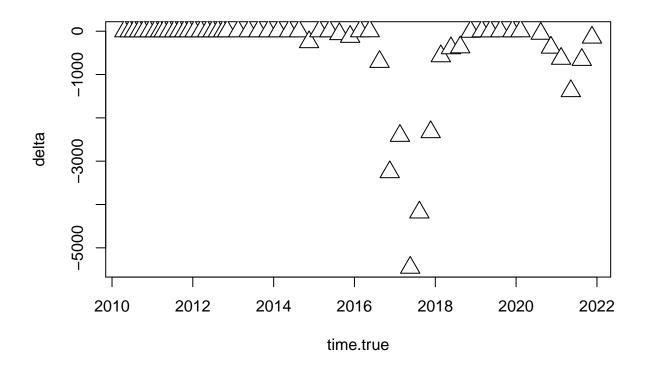
```
carp_biomass_annual <- time.model.fxn.new("carp", "annual")
carp_biomass_continual <- time.model.fxn.new("carp", "continual")
carp_annual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(carp_biomass_annual)</pre>
```



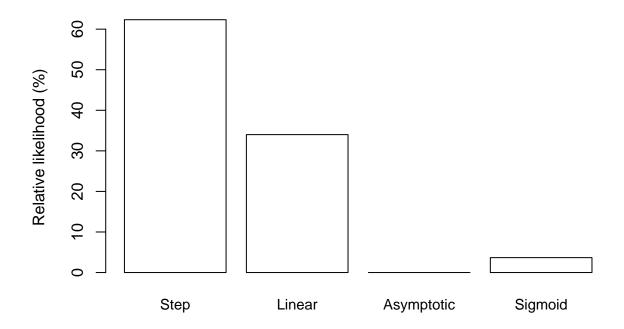
```
## step.Model 3 1311.338 0.374493 0.829239290 41.40468449
## linear.Model 3 1310.963 0.000000 1.00000000 49.93092463
## asymptotic.Model 4 1323.431 12.467199 0.001962376 0.09798325
## sigmoid.Model 5 1314.489 3.525584 0.171565171 8.56640763
```



```
##
##
## LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 49.9%
##
##
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = delta ~ time.model)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
                                        Max
   -5767.2 -403.9 -314.9 -250.1 6453.9
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                 314.92
                            207.91
                                      1.515
                                               0.134
## (Intercept)
                  33.97
                             56.14
                                      0.605
                                               0.547
## time.model
## Residual standard error: 1652 on 72 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.005059,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: -0.00876
## F-statistic: 0.3661 on 1 and 72 DF, p-value: 0.547
# LINEAR MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 49.9%
carp_continual_bacips_results <- biomass.pcbacips(carp_biomass_continual)</pre>
```



```
## step.Model 3 944.8180 0.000000 1.000000e+00 6.232675e+01  
## linear.Model 3 946.0302 1.212157 5.454859e-01 3.399837e+01  
## asymptotic.Model 4 975.6151 30.797116 2.053484e-07 1.279870e-05  
## sigmoid.Model 5 950.4798 5.661747 5.896131e-02 3.674867e+00
```



```
##
##
## STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 62.3%
##
##
##
Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## period 1 1360261 1360261 1.183 0.282
## Residuals 54 62074144 1149521

# STEP MODEL SELECTED - Likelihood = 62.3%
```