ψ Description (?tab=Description) Submission (?tab=Submission) Solutions (?tab=Solutions) Total Accepted: 4562 Total Submissions: 9893 Difficulty: Medium Contributors: DonaldTrump (/donaldtrump/) A magical string **S** consists of only '1' and '2' and obeys the following rules: The string S is magical because concatenating the number of contiguous occurrences of characters '1' and '2' generates the string S itself. The first few elements of string **S** is the following: **S** = "1221121221221121122......" If we group the consecutive '1's and '2's in S, it will be: 1 22 11 2 1 22 1 22 11 2 11 22 ...... and the occurrences of '1's or '2's in each group are: 122112122122..... You can see that the occurrence sequence above is the S itself. Given an integer N as input, return the number of '1's in the first N number in the magical string S. Note: N will not exceed 100,000. Example 1: Input: 6 Output: 3 Explanation: The first 6 elements of magical string S is "12211" and it contains three 1's, so return 3. Hide Company Tags Google (/company/google/) Have you met this question in a real interview? Yes No Discuss (https://discuss.leetcode.com/category/618) □ Pick One (/problems/random-one-question/) Editorial Solution C++ C </> class Solution { 2 public: int magicalString(int n) { 4 if(n <= 0) return 0;</pre> 5 string str = "122"; 6 int i = 2; while(str.size() < n) {</pre> str += string(str[i++] - '0', str.back() ^ 0b11); 8 10 return count(str.begin(), str.begin() + n, '1'); 11 12 13 };

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