Total Accepted: 16096 Total Submissions: 40303 Difficulty: Medium Contributors: Admin

Given an array of n integers nums and a target, find the number of index triplets i, j, k with 0 <= i < j < k < n that satisfy the condition nums[i] + nums[j] +

nums[k] < target.

For example, given nums = [-2, 0, 1, 3], and target = 2.

Have you met this question in a real interview? Yes No

Return 2. Because there are two triplets which sums are less than 2:

```
[-2, 0, 1]
[-2, 0, 3]
```

## Follow up:

C++

Could you solve it in  $O(n^2)$  runtime?

Hide Company Tags Google (/company/google/)

Hide Tags Array (/tag/array/) Two Pointers (/tag/two-pointers/)

Hide Similar Problems (M) 3Sum (/problems/3sum/) (M) 3Sum Closest (/problems/3sum-closest/)

Discuss (https://leetcode.com/discuss/questions/oj/3sum-smaller)

C

</>

Pick One (/problems/random-one-question/)

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3   int threeSumSmaller(vector<int>& nums, int target) {
4    if(nums.empty()) return 0;
5   int N = nums.size();
```

```
sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
 6
 7
            int count = 0;
            for(int i = 0; i < N-2; ++i) {
 8
9
                 int ntarget = target - nums[i];
                int j = i+1, k = N-1;
10
11
                while(j < k) {
                     if(nums[j]+nums[k] >= ntarget) {
12
13
                         k--;
14
                     } else {
15
                         count += k-j;
16
                         j++;
17
                    }
18
19
20
            return count;
```

Custom Testcase

}

21

22 };

Run Code

Submit Solution