424. Longest Repeating Character Replacement



砂 \odot Description (?tab=Description) Submission (?tab=Submission) Solutions (?tab=Solutions)

Total Accepted: 7986 Total Submissions: 19687 Difficulty: Medium Contributors: Admin

Given a string that consists of only uppercase English letters, you can replace any letter in the string with another letter at most k times. Find the length of a longest substring containing all repeating letters you can get after performing the above operations.

Note:

Both the string's length and k will not exceed 10^4 .

Example 1:

```
Input:
s = "ABAB", k = 2
Output:
Explanation:
Replace the two 'A's with two 'B's or vice versa.
```

Example 2:

22 23

24

// TLE solution T_T

```
Input:
 s = "AABABBA", k = 1
 Output:
 Explanation:
 Replace the one 'A' in the middle with 'B' and form "AABBBBA".
 The substring "BBBB" has the longest repeating letters, which is 4.
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                                                                                 Editorial Solution
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                               C
 C++
                                     </>
      class Solution {
      public:
   3
   4
           ///https://discuss.leetcode.com/topic/63448/consise-python-sliding-window
   5
           // The basic idea is that one character should be fixed and other k characters are replaced to that fixed character.
           // The fixed character is choosen by the *max_element(v.begin(), v.end()) which has the highest frequency.
   6
   7
           // len - *max_element(v.begin(), v.end()) are the rest other character's total frequency which should be replaced.
   8
           // if len - *max_element(v.begin(), v.end()) > k, we need to move i++ to shrink the window so that k replacement works
   9
  10
           int characterReplacement(string s, int k) {
  11
                vector<int> v(26);
                int i = 0, j = 0;
  12
  13
                while (j < s.length()) {</pre>
  14
                    v[s[j] - 'A']++;
  15
                    int len = j - i + 1;
                    if ((len - *max_element(v.begin(), v.end())) > k) {
  16
  17
                         v[s[i++]-'A']--;
  18
  19
                    j++;
  20
  21
                return j-i;
```

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```
25
26
              if(i \ge s.length() | | k < 0) return 0;
              //Don't replace s[i]
27
        //
28
        //
              int t = k, j = i+1;
29
        //
              \label{eq:while(j < s.length() && (s[j] == s[i] || t > 0)) {} 
30
                  if(s[j] != s[i]) t--;
31
        //
                  j++;
32
        //
33
        //
              int maxlen = j-i;
34
        //
              return maxlen;
        // }
35
36
        // int characterReplacement(string s, int k) {
37
38
              int N = s.length();
        //
39
        //
              int maxlen = 0;
40
        //
              for(int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
                  int len = max(helper(s, i, k), 1 + helper(s, i+1, k-1));
41
42
        //
                  maxlen = max(maxlen, len);
43
        //
44
        //
              return maxlen;
45
        // }
46 }:
```

Custom Testcase

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