Windows Forensics Analysis

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Introduction

Digital forensics is a branch of forensic science encompassing the recovery, investigation, examination and analysis of material found in digital devices, often in relation to mobile devices and computer crime.

In this project, I focused on Windows Forensic Analysis that contains all forensic artifacts in one simple PDF file that describing the Windows artifact, forensic value, location, required tool, and final output using only #open_source forensic tools. This will help DFIR investigators get better and faster evidence during Windows forensic investigations with #ZERO money cost instead of using commercial DFIR tools.

Scope in this release (v 1.0) are Windows artifacts on Windows 10 and Windows Servers only.

Highly recommend those working in DFIR to favorited it or print it out for use as a reference during digital forensic analysis or in cyber incidents.

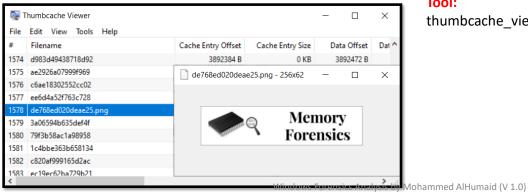
Covered Windows Forensic Artifacts

Artifact	Artifact	Artifact
Thumbcache	Alternate Data Streams (ADS)	SYSTEM
Jump Lists	Link File – Shortcut (.lnk)	Windows Error Reporting (WER)
Recycle Bin	RDP Bitmap Cache (BMC)	EventTranscript.db
Prefetch Files	UserAssist	Volume Shadow Copy Service (VSS)
ShimCache	WordWheelQuery	User Access Logging (UAL)
Amcache	NTUSER.DAT	PowerShell
System Resource Usage Monitor (SRUM)	ShellBags	lsass.exe
Master File Table (\$MFT)	Background Activity Moderator (BAM) / (DAM)	Windows.edb
Windows 10 Timeline (ActivitiesCache)	Security Account Manager (SAM)	sysmain.sdb
\$J	SECURITY	Windows Registry Hive
\$LogFile	SOFTWARE	Forensically interesting spots in Windows Registry

Thumbcache

What is it?

When the user views from the Windows folder viewing options, a small thumbnail version of the pictures will be created and stored in a single file. This file stores a thumbnail version of the existing and deleted pictures.



Forensic Value:

- 1. Evidences of deleted pictures
- 2. Recover deleted pictures
- 3. Good clue about the pictures contents that used

Location:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\E xplorer

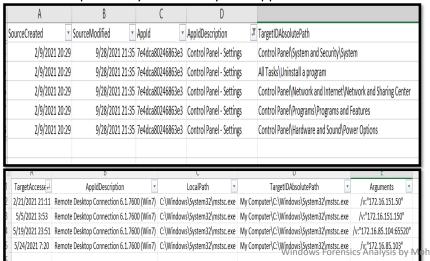
Tool:

thumbcache viewer.exe, thumbs viewer.exe

Jump Lists

What is it?

Provides the user with a graphical interface associated with each installed application which lists files that have been previously accessed by that application.



Forensic Value:

- User activity who have interactively on system
- Recover user's traces of recently accessed directories from the Windows Explorer jump list
- History of attempted lateral movement by checking Remote Desktop jump lists, as they provide a list of recent connections
- 4. Destination IPs and ports via RDP

Location:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Recent\AutomaticDestinations

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Microsoft\Windows\ Recent\CustomDestinations (via Taskbar)

Tool:

JLECmd.exe

Recycle Bin

What is it?

When the user deletes a file, the file is moved into a temporary storage location for deleted files named Recycle Bin. Windows creates two files each time a file is placed in the Recycle Bin \$I and \$R with string six character identifier generated for each file. \$R file is a renamed copy of the "deleted" file. While the \$I file replaces the usage INFO2 file as the source of accompanying metadata.

AccessData FTK Imager 3.2.0.0 File View Mode Help File List 1 Regular File 10/27/2021... 4 NTFS Index ... 10/27/2021... SR1ONVNR.txt 0 Regular File 10/27/2021... desktop.ini 1 Regular File 2/9/2021 8:... Evidence Tree p7Đ®\Ë×C:\Users\ \Desktop\TEST.tx1 Windows-SSD [NTFS] orphan] ly \$BadClus ⊕ © \$Extend - SRecycle.Bin C S-1-5-18 Windows Forensics Analysis by Monammed AlHumaid (V 1.0) S-1-5-21 S-1-5-21

Forensic Value:

- 1. The original file name and path
- 2. The deleted file size
- 3. The date and time of deletion

Location:

\$Recycle.Bin

Tool:

RBCmd.exe , Rifiuti2, Recbin.exe, EnCase, FTK, Autopsy, RecycleDump.py , \$1 Parse.exe

Prefetch Files

What is it?

They are a performance optimization mechanism to reduce boot and application loading times. The cache manager can use these prefetch files like a "cheat sheet" to speed up the loading process. Prefetch is not enabled by default on Windows servers.



Forensic Value:

- 1. The executable's name
- The absolute Path to the executable
- 3. The number of times that the program ran within the system
- 4. The last time the application ran
- 5. A list of DLLs used by the program

Location:

%SystemRoot%\prefetch

Tool:

PECmd.exe , WinPrefetchView.exe

ShimCache

What is it?

Allows Windows to track executable files and scripts that may require special compatibility settings to properly run. It is maintained within kernel memory and serialized to the registry **upon system shutdown or restart.**

Forensic Value:

- 1. The executable or script file names and full paths
- 2. The standard information last modified date
- 3. The size of the binary
- 4. Finally, whether the file actually ran on the system (just browsed through explorer.exe)

Location:

 $HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\SessionMan\ ager\AppCompatCache\AppCompatCache$

Tool:

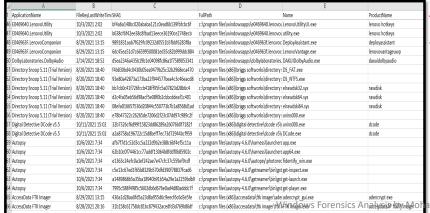
AppCompatCacheParser.exe

A	В	С			D	E	F	G
ControlSet	CacheEntryPosition	Path			LastModifiedTimeUTC	Executed	Duplicate	SourceFile
1	898	C:\Program Files	\Wireshark\extcap\USBPcap	5/22/2020 9:01	NA	FALSE	Live Registry	
1	637	C:\Users \[Desktop\HxDSetup.exe	2/28/2020 11:32	NA	FALSE	Live Registry	
1	634	C:\Program Files	\HxD\HxD.exe	2/28/2020 9:25	NA	FALSE	Live Registry	
1	142	C:\Users\		\DFIR\\$J & \$LogFile\sqlite3.exe	1/1/2020 23:59	NA	FALSE	Live Registry
1	143	C:\Users\		\DFIR\\$J & \$LogFile\LogFileParser.exe	1/1/2020 23:59	NA	FALSE	Live Registry
1	157	C:\Users\	sqlite3.exe		1/1/2020 23:59	NA	FALSE	Live Registry
1	160	C:\Users\	LogFileParser.exe	uncies Analysis by Mahamanad Alllymasid ()/1.0	1/1/2020 23:59	NA	FALSE	Live Registry

Amcache

What is it?

The Amcache.hve is a registry hive file stores information related to execution of programs when a user performs certain actions such as running host-based applications, installation of new applications, or running portable applications from external devices.



Forensic Value:

- 1. The executable names and full paths
- Last executed time
- 3. The size of the binary and its version
- 4. The executable hash (SHA1)

Location:

C:\Windows\appcompat\Programs\Amcache.hve

Tool:

AmcacheParser.exe , RegRipper (rr.exe)

```
Hive (Amcache.hve) is dirty.

If you need to process hive transasction logs, please consider using yarp + registryFlush.py
(Maxim Suhanov) or rla.exe (Eric Zimmerman).

amcache v.20200515
(amcache) Parse Amcache.hve file

***InventoryApplicationFile***

c:\users

\amcacheparser.exe LastWrite: 2021-09-25 01:11:11Z

Hasht ABab20207dff@9326642d9a224e5405db00b3cc7
```

System Resource Usage Monitor (SRUM)

What is it?

SRUM is considered a gold mine of forensic information, as it contains all the activities that occur on a particular Windows system. SRUM tracks and records program executions, power consumption, network activities, and much more information that can be retrieved even if the source has been deleted.

Forensic Value:

- 1. Program executions
- 2. Power consumption
- 3. Network activities
- 4. Bytes Received & Sent

Location:

C:\Windows\System32\sru\SRUDB.dat

Tool:

SrumFCmd.exe

44	A		C	D	
	Timestamp	Exelnfo	.	BytesReceiv ▼	BytesSen ▼
13	10/5/2021 1:16	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	1765826	528180
15	10/5/2021 0:13	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	41117327	1029971
3	10/2/2021 7:22	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	1717790	437444
4	10/2/2021 5:59	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	10948	9960
)5	10/2/2021 5:36	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	3744	3648
9	10/2/2021 5:32	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	25092	5728
)6	10/2/2021 5:27	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	267854	16224
3	10/2/2021 5:26	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	1007792	97860
23	9/27/2021 1:27	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2134.10\whatsapp.exe	892605	42818
0	9/27/2021 0:25	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\loca\\whatsang\appa-7a?/334.19\\whatsange@XaHumaid (V 1.0)	4653862	108992
97	9/1/2021 16:02	\device\harddiskvolume3\users\	\appdata\local\whatsapp\app-2.2132.6\whatsapp.exe	1107334	357108
8					

Master File Table (\$MFT)

What is it?

A master file table is a database in which information about every file and directory on an NT File System (NTFS) volume is kept. An MFT will have a minimum one record for every file and directory on the NTFS logical volume. Moreover, each record contains attributes that tell the operating system how to handle the file or directory associated with the record.

Forensic Value:

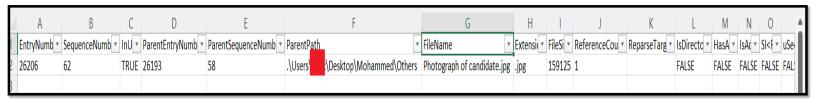
- 1. Timeline Analysis
- 2. Information about a file or directory
- 3. File Type, Size
- 4. Date/Time when created, modified and accessed

Location:

NTFS/root/\$MFT (Extracted from FTK)

Tool:

MFTECmd.exe, MFTExplorer.exe



Windows 10 Timeline (ActivitiesCache)

What is it?

Windows 10 Timeline info covering user activities is stored in the 'ActivitiesCache.db' file with the following path. The 'ActivitiesCache.db' file is an SQLite database. StartTime means the moment when an application was launched. EndTime means the moment when an application ceases to be used. ExpirationTime means the moment when the storage duration for a record covering a user activity expires in the database. LastModifiedTime means the moment when a record covering a PC user activity has been last modified (if such an activity has been repeated several times.

Forensic Value:

- 1. Timeline Analysis
- 2. Information about an application and file
- 3. Date/Time when started, created, modified and accessed

Location:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\ConnectedDevicesPla tform\<Profile ID>\ActivitiesCache.db

Tool:

WxTCmd.exe

4	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
1	Executable	DisplayText 🔻	StartTime	LastModifiedTin 🔻	Last Modified Time On Clie 🔻	CreatedTime 💌	ExpirationTime 💌	OperationExpirationTim 🔻
2	System32\notepad.exe	File Carving_FROM_DISK.txt (Notepad)	9/29/2021 20:40	9/29/2021 20:40	10/16/2021 1:57	9/29/2021 20:40	11/15/2021 1:57	11/15/2021 1:57
3	Program Files x86\AccessData\FTK Imager\FTK Imager.exe	FTK Imager	10/2/2021 23:11	10/2/2021 23:11	10/27/2021 18:01	10/2/2021 23:11	11/26/2021 18:01	11/26/2021 18:01
4	System32\notepad.exe	test.txt (Notepad)	10/2/2021 23:32	10/2/2021 23:32	10/18/2021 14:10	10/2/2021 23:32	11/17/2021 14:10	11/17/2021 14:10
5	Program Files X64\Autopsy-4.6.0\bin\autopsy64.exe	Autopsy 4.6.0 Windows Forensics	10/5/2021 7:31 Analysis by M	10/5/2021 7:31 ohammed AlHur	10/27/2021 17:59 maid (V 1.0)	10/5/2021 7:31	11/26/2021 17:59	11/26/2021 17:59 12



What is it?

The \$J data stream contains the contents of the change journal and includes information such as the date and time of the change, the reason for the change, the MFT entry, the MFT parent entry and others. This information can be useful for an investigation, for example, in a scenario where the attacker is deleting files and directories while he moves inside an organization in order to hide his tracks.

Forensic Value:

- 1. Timeline Analysis
- 2. File Activity Analysis (Open, Close and Update)
- 3. Evidence of renamed and deleted files

Location:

NTFS/root/\$Extend/\$RmMetadata/\$UsnJrnl/\$J (Extracted from FTK)

Tool:

MFTECmd.exe

/ /	U		U	L	1	· ·		- 11		· ·	_ ,	IX	L .
Name	Extension	EntryNumber	SequenceNumber	ParentEntryNumber	ParentSequenceNumber	UpdateSequenceNumber	r	UpdateTin	nestamp	UpdateReasons	File Attributes	OffsetToData	SourceFile
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297437784		10/27/2021	19:55:05.2	RenameNewName	Archive	3707503192	\$J
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297437880		10/27/2021	19:55:05.2	RenameNewName Close	Archive	3707503288	\$J
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297438264		10/27/2021	19:55:05.3	ObjectIdChange	Archive	3707503672	\$J
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297438360	I	10/27/2021	19:55:05.3	ObjectIdChange Close	Archive	3707503768	\$J
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297441088	L	10/27/2021	19:55:08.8	DataExtend	Archive	3707506496	\$J
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297441184	1	10/27/2021	19:55:08.8	DataExtend Close	Archive	3707506592	\$J
ALHUMAID_TEST.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297442816		10/27/2021	19:56:19.3	RenameOldName	Archive	3707508224	\$J
ALHUMAID_CHANGE.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297442912	I	10/27/2021	19:56:19.3	RenameNewName	Archive	3707508320	\$J
ALHUMAID_CHANGE.txt	.txt	15321	214	21249	17	12297443008		10/27/2021	19:56:19.3	RenameNewName Close	Archive	3707508416	\$J
ALHUMAID_CHANGE.txt	.txt	15321	214	212Window	s Forensic <mark>s7</mark> Analysis b	oy Mo <u>haayyaa</u> ggaalHun	ma	16/27/2 0 21	19:56:22.6	RenameOldName	Archive	3707509352	\$J
						,							

\$LogFile

What is it?

This file is stored in the MFT entry number 2 and every time there is a change in the NTFS Metadata, there is a transaction recorded in the \$LogFile. These transactions are recorded to be possible to redo or undo file system operations. Why would \$LogFile be important for investigation? Because the \$LogFile keeps record of all operations that occurred in the NTFS volume such as file creation, deletion, renaming, copy.

Forensic Value:

- 1. Timeline Analysis
- 2. File Activity Analysis (Open, Close and Update)
- 3. Evidence of renamed and deleted files

Location:

NTFS/root/\$LogFile (Extracted from FTK)

Tool:

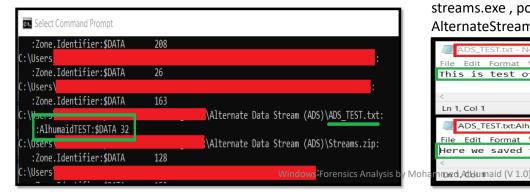
NTFS_Log_Tracker.exe , LogFileParser.exe

- / /	U	C	U		'	0	_	
LSN	EventTime(UTC+3)	Event	Detail	File/Directory Name	Redo	Target VCN	Cluster	Index
58571421012	12/23/2021 03:12:18.0	Renaming File	New Text Document.txt -> Alhumaid_Test.txt	Alhumaid_Test.txt	Create Attribute	0x3B3E	4	П
58571423061	12/23/2021 03:12:18.0	File Creation		Alhumaid_Test.txt.lnk	Initialize File Record Segment	0x640	0	
58571423281		Writing Content of Resident File	Writing Size : 584	Alhumaid_Test.txt.lnk	Update Resident Value	0x640	0	
58571430272	12/23/2021 03:12:36.0	Renaming File	Alhumaid_Test.txt -> Alhumaid_Renamed.txt	Alhumaid_Renamed.txt	Create Attribute	0x3B3E	4 5	7
58571432968	12/23/2021 03:12:38.0	File Creation		Alhumaid_Renamed.txt.lnk	Initialize File Record Segment	0x39A9	0	
58571433257		Writing Content of Non-Resident File	Data Runs(in Volume) : 10769738(1)	Alhumaid_Renamed.txt.lnk	Update Mapping Pairs	0x39A9	0	\sqrt{I}
58571438672		Move(Before) Wind	ows Forensics Analysis by Mohammed Alb	Alhymaid_Renamed.txt	Delete Attribute	0x3B3E	14	V

Alternate Data Streams (ADS)

What is it?

Alternate Data Streams (ADS) are a file attribute only found on the NTFS file system to store different streams of data. The ability is to fork file data into existing files without affecting their functionality, size, or display to traditional file browsing utilities like dir or Windows Explorer. In addition to the default stream "Zone.Identifier" which is normally used for a file.



Forensic Value:

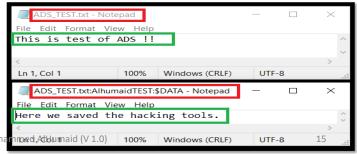
- 1. Find the presence of a secret or malicious file inside the file record of an innocent file
- 2. Find hidden hacking toolkit
- 3. Find hidden files or information

Location:

within the same file! There is no specified path.

Tool:

streams.exe , powershell.exe (Get-Item) ,
AlternateStreamView.exe , cmd.exe (dir /R)



Link File – Shortcut (.lnk)

What is it?

A shortcut file is a small file which has information used to access or point to another file. Windows operating system automatically creates LNK files when a user opens a non-executable file or document. Windows creates these LNK files on a frequent basis and their creation is performed in the background without the explicit knowledge of the user. Shortcut files are most often referred to Link files by forensic analysts based on their .Ink file extension.

```
C\Windows\System32\cmd.ex
 Source modified: 2021-12-22 19:20:46
Source accessed: 2021-12-29 23:20:27
  Target created: 2021-10-05 07:01:48
 Target modified: 2021-10-05 07:01:15
Target accessed: 2021-12-22 19:20:37
 Flags: HasTargetIdList, HasLinkInfo, HasRelativePath, IsUnicode
 File attributes: FileAttributeArchive
Relative Path: ..\..\..\..\Desktop\
  Link information --
 Drive type: Fixed storage media (Hard drive)
                                                                                                                                                    alrEGmidlexed (V 1.0)
                                                                                               Windows Forensics Analysis by Mo
 Label: Windows-SSD
                                                                    \TimelineExplorer\Time Line.xlsx
 Local path: C:\Users'
```

Forensic Value:

- The path and size of target file
- Timestamps for both the target file and LNK file
- The attributes associated with the target file (i.e. read-only, hidden, archive, etc.)
- 4. The system name, volume name, volume serial number, and sometimes the MAC address of the system where the target is stored
- Files opened from a specific removable USB device
- Identification of files which no longer exist on a local machine

Location:

%USERPROFILE%\Recent

%USERPROFILE%\Application Data\Microsoft\Office\Recent Tool:

RDP Bitmap Cache (BMC)

What is it?

RDP is a known protocol developed by Microsoft that allows users to connect to other Windows operating systems with GUI. To enhance the RDP user experience and reduce the data throughput on the network, RDP Bitmap Cache was implemented. It stores bitmap-sized images of RDP sessions into a file so that session reuses these images and reduces the potential lag.



Forensic Value:

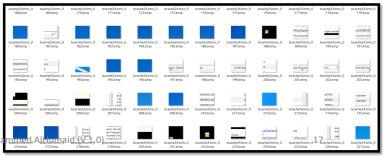
- 1. RDP session photos, screenshots, images, captures
- RDP activity evidences in case of the target system was completely damaged as the artifact is collected from the client side

Location:

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Terminal Server Client\Cache\

Tool:

bitmapcacheviewer.exe, bmc-tools.py



UserAssist

What is it?

UserAssist tracks every **GUI-based** programs launched are recorded in this registry key. This key contains two GUID subkeys (**CEBFF5CD** Executable File Execution, **F4E57C4B** Shortcut File Execution), each subkey maintains a list of system objects such as program, shortcut, and control panel applets that a user has accessed. Registry values under these subkeys are weakly encrypted using **ROT-13** algorithm which basically substitutes a character with another character 13 position away from it in the ASCII table.

UserAssist Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\UserAssist LastWrite Time 2021-02-09 20:21:57Z 2022-01-01 00:18:10Z {IAC14E77-02E7-4E5D-B744-2EB1AE5198B7}\Notepad.exe (180) 2022-01-01 00:09:14Z {7C5A40EF-A0FB-4BFC-874A-C0F2E0B9FA8E}\AccessData\FTK Imager\FTK Imager.exe (11) 2021-12-31 23:56:11Z {6D809377-6AF0-444B-8957-A3773F02200E}\Adobe\Acrobat DC\Acrobat\Acrobat.exe (15) 2021-12-30 01:59:23Z C:\UserS\Desktop\testdisk-7.2-\WIP\photorec.win.exe (1) Windows Forensics Analysis (11)

Forensic Value:

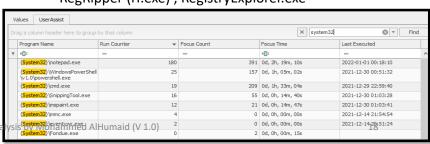
- 1. The executed GUI program name
- 2. The executed GUI program path
- 3. Last executed time
- 4. Run count

Location:

HKCU\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\UserAssist\{GUID}\Count

Tool:

RegRipper (rr.exe), RegistryExplorer.exe

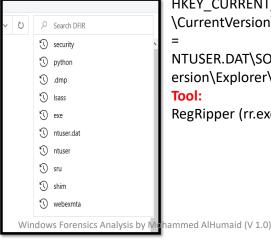


WordWheelQuery

What is it?

WordWheelQuery is a registry key that stores keywords searched from the folder search menu bar. Keywords are added in Unicode and listed in temporal order in an MRUlist.





Forensic Value:

- 1. User Activity
- 2. Last folder search conducted (Last Write Time)
- 3. Keywords searched

Location:

HKEY CURRENT USER\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows \CurrentVersion\Explorer\WordWheelQuery

NTUSER.DAT\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentV ersion\Explorer\WordWheelQuery

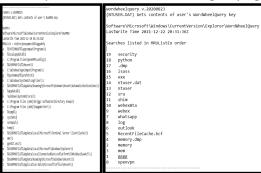
Tool:

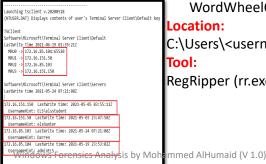
RegRipper (rr.exe), RegistryExplorer.exe

NTUSER.DAT

What is it?

It's hidden file in every user profile and contains the settings and preferences for each user. Windows accomplishes this by first storing that information to the Registry in the **HKEY CURRENT USER** hive. Then when user sign out or shut down, Windows saves that information to the NTUSER.DAT file. The next time user sign in, Windows will load NTUSER.DAT to memory, and all preferences load to the Registry again.





Forensic Value:

- Collecting registry hive (HKEY_CURRENT_USER) through its supporting file (NTUSER.DAT)
- 2. Forensicate user activity, setting via registry hive
- Forensic artifacts (Recent Docs, Typed URLs, UserAssist, Recent Apps, Run and Run Once, ComDig32 Subkey, Typed Paths Subkey, Microsoft Office applications and the MRU subkey, RunMRU, Windows search function and the WordWheelQuery)

Location:

C:\Users\<username>\NTUSER.DAT

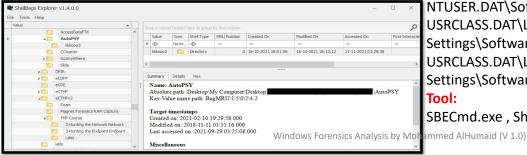
Tool:

RegRipper (rr.exe) , RECmd.exe , RegistryExplorer.exe

ShellBags

What is it?

Windows tracks and records user's view settings and preferences while exploring folders. These view settings (size, view mode, position) of a folder window are stored in ShellBags registry keys. ShellBags keep track of the view settings of a folder window once the folder has been viewed through Windows Explorer. ShellBags does not only track the view settings of a folder on the local machine, but also on removable devices and network folders.



Forensic Value:

- 1. User's navigation activity on the system
- Timestamps analysis
- Deleted folders
- Folders accessed within local machine
- Folders accessed from removable devices
- Folders accessed from network folders

Location:

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\Bag MRU

NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\Bags USRCLASS.DAT\Local

Settings\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\BagMRU USRCLASS.DAT\Local

Settings\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Shell\Bags

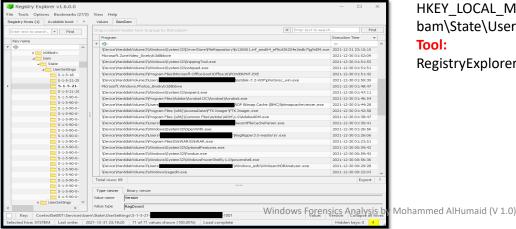
Tool:

SBECmd.exe , ShellBagsExplorer.exe , sbag64.exe

Background Activity Moderator (BAM) / (DAM)

What is it?

BAM is a Windows service that controls activity of background applications. The BAM entries are updated when **Windows boots**. Also, there is dam\UserSettings Desktop Activity Monitor (DAM) and stores similar information to BAM.



Forensic Value:

- Evidence of execution
- The executable's name
- The absolute path to the executable
- The last time the application ran

Location:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\ControlSet*\Services\ bam\State\UserSettings\<SID>

Tool:

RegistryExplorer.exe , BamParser.py

Security Account Manager (SAM)

What is it?

--> Normal user account

Security Account Manager (SAM) is a database file in Windows that stores users' passwords. It can be used to authenticate local and remote users. SAM uses cryptographic measures to prevent unauthenticated users accessing the system. The user passwords are stored in a hashed format in a registry hive either as an LM hash or as an NTLM hash.

```
Hive (SAM) is not dirty.
samparse v.20200825
(SAM) Parse SAM file for user & group mbrshp info
User Information
                : Administrator [500]
Full Name
User Comment
               : Built-in account for administering the computer/domain
Account Type
Account Created : 2021-02-10 07:08:57Z
Last Login Date : Never
Pwd Reset Date : Never
Pwd Fail Date
Login Count
Embedded RID
 --> Password does not expire
 --> Account Disabled
```

Forensic Value:

- 1. User information
- 2. Group information
- 3. Authentication information
- 4. User's security settings
- 5. Login count

Location:

C:\Windows\System32\config\SAM

Tool:

RegRipper (rr.exe), samparser.py

SECURITY

What is it?

SECURITY hive helps us to understand the security measures of the needed Windows system in the Forensic Investigation process.

```
Hive (SECURITY) is dirty.
If you need to process hive transasction logs, please consider using yarp + registryFlush.pv
(Maxim Suhanov) or rla.exe (Eric Zimmerman).
auditpol v.20200515
(Security) Get audit policy from the Security hive file
Policy\PolAdtEv
LastWrite Time
Possible Win10(1607+)/Win2016
System:Security State Change
System:Security System Extension
System:System Integrity
System: IPsec Driver
System:Other System Events
Logon/Logoff:Logon
Logon/Logoff:Logoff
Logon/Logoff:Account Lockout
Logon/Logoff:IPsec Main Mode
Logon/Logoff:Special Logon
Logon/Logoff: IPsec Quick Mode
Logon/Logoff:IPsec Extended Mode
Logon/Logoff:Other Logon/Logoff Events
Logon/Logoff:Network Policy Server
Logon/Logoff:User/Device Claims
Logon/Logoff:Group Membership
Object Access:File System
Object Access:Registry
Object Access:Kernel Object
Object Access:SAM
Object Access:Other Object Access Events
Object Access:Certification Services
Object Access:Application Generated
Object Access:Handle Manipulation
Object Access:File Share
Object Access:Filtering Platform Packet Drop
Object Access:Filtering Platform Connection
Object Access:Detailed File Share
                                                               Windows Forensics Analysis by Mohammed AlHumaid (V 1.0)
Object Access:Removable Storage
Object Access:Central Policy Staging
```

Forensic Value:

- 1. Security settings
- 2. Disabled / Enabled audit logs
- Last update on security settings

Location:

C:\Windows\System32\config\SECURITY

Tool:

RegRipper (rr.exe)

SOFTWARE

What is it?

SOFTWARE hive file consists, all the information regarding the software installed in the needed Windows system.

```
Launching installer v.20209517
(Software) Determines product install information

Key : 8BFDDD6597F70844985D521E5FA22BF8
LastWrite: 2021-10-29 09:06:38Z
20211029 - Bonjour 3.1.0.1 (Apple Inc.)

Key : 902DD72566A8F28478977C3BABCC8A1F
LastWrite: 2021-10-29 09:10:05Z
20211029 - Apple Mobile Device Support 15.0.0.16 (Apple Inc.)

Key : 905AB670F48AA62740AD5B384EB92A8FA
LastWrite: 2021-02-23 23:05:17Z
20210224 - Mandiant IOCe for OpenIOC-1.1 3.2.0 (Mandiant)

Key : 974690591A66B454398732D43F3B7172
LastWrite: 2021-02-10 16:56:23Z
20210210 - VMware WorkStation 16.1.0 (VMware, Inc.)
```

```
audiodev v.20200525
(Software) Gets audio capture/render devices

Capture/Input Devices: GUID, Device
(45689cb3-ae4c-4631-a4a8-ab6639d360a4), Device: Headset
(6619fc5b-4a20-4824-9014-bf95fbcf5f10), Device: Headset
(6619fc5b-4a20-4824-9014-bf95fbcf5f10), Device: Headset
(6619fc5b-4a20-4824-9014-bf95fbcf5f10), Device: Headset
(6619fc5b-4a20-4824-9014-bf95fbcf5f10), Device: Stereo Mix

Render/Output Devices: GUID, Device
(9042be894-4939-4553-9e74-d58b46f94be2), Device: Headphones
(4042be894-4939-4553-9e74-d58b46f94be2), Device: Headphones
(40403b405-714e-4f6d-8866-9cf5444afeced), Device: Headphones
(9042b696-1cd9-4b65-bfa3-4690f16435cc), Device: Headphones
(906107c0-1cd9-4b65-bfa3-4690f16435cc), Device: Speakers
(cbbcaa0b-f29-4ab8-b6a2-4fcd17d7d211), Device: SAMSUNG
(f13ee661-f587-4770-8a2e-14d2ef62af84), Device: LG TV

Windows Forensics Analysis by Windows Forensics
```

Forensic Value:

- 1. Applnit_DLLs
- Last logged on user with its SID
- Last logged on user with Time/Date
- 4. Network info (Network cards, type of connection whether wireless or wired, name of access point or product, default gateway MAC, time of first connection, time of last connection)
- 5. Input and output devices
- 6. Bluetooth drivers
- 7. Most Run Keys
- 8. User Account Control (UAC) information
- 9. Windows drivers with VolumeLabel
- 10. Windows version & build info

Location:

C:\Windows\System32\config\SOFTWARE

Tool:

haRegRipperid (rr.exe)

SYSTEM

What is it?

LastConnected

dafunnn v.20200525

DeviceDesc

HardwareID

CompatibleID

FriendlyName

LocationInformation

The SYSTEM hive file consists of all basic information regarding the system information.

```
bthport v.20200517
(System) Gets Bluetooth-connected devices from System hive
ControlSet001\services\BTHPORT\Parameters\Devices
LastWrite: 2021-12-22 20:23:24Z
Device Unique ID: 0021130c405c
Name
                : HOCO E15
LastSeen
                : 2021-04-13 23:05:19Z
LastConnected
                  2021-04-13 23:05:19Z
Device Unique ID: e807bfbdbea2
                  Soundcore Life Q10
Name
LastSeen
                  2021-02-21 23:24:577
```

2021-02-21 23:24:577

```
uuid:23456789-1234-1010-8000-104FA871CB93
DeviceDesc
                        : @c swdevice.inf,%swd\genericraw.devicedesc%;Generic software device
CompatibleID
                          UMB\urn:schemas-upnp-org:device:MediaRenderer:1 SWD\GenericRaw SWD\Gene
HardwareTD
                          UMB\Sony Corporation/MediaRenderer/100/urn:schemas-upnp-org:device:Media
LocationInformation
                          http://192.168.100.5:52323/MediaRenderer.xml
                          Sony Corporation
FriendlyName
                        : KD-65X8500D
uuid:85b50b39-7a56-9ec2-501f-e4a0b03f3441
DeviceDesc
                        : @c_swdevice.inf,%swd\genericraw.devicedesc%;Generic software device
CompatibleID
                          UMB\urn:dial-multiscreen-org:device:dial:1 SWD\GenericRaw SWD\Generic
HardwareID
                        : UMB\SkyworthDigital/JAWWY-TV-2.0/urn:dial-multiscreen-org:device:dial:1
LocationInformation
                        : http://192.168.100.166:8008/ssdp/device-desc.xml
                        : SkyworthDigital
FriendlyName
                        : JAWWY-TV-2.0
```

: http://192.168.100.5:8008/ssdp/device-desc.xml

@c_swdevice.inf,%swd\genericraw.devicedesc%;Generic software device

UMB\Sony/BRAVIA 4K 2015/urn:dial-multiscreen-org:device:dial:1

UMB\urn:dial-multiscreen-org:device:dial:1 SWD\GenericRaw SWD\Generic

Windows Forensics Analysis by M

Forensic Value:

- AppCompatCache (ShimCache) Info
- 2. Background Activity Moderator (BAM) Info
- Bluetooth usage info (Device MAC Address, First Connected Time, Last Connected Time, Device Name)
- 4. Networked media streaming devices info
- 5. USB device info (FriendlyName, ClassGUID, HardwareID, Last Time Connected)
- Lists services/drivers in Services key by LastWrite times
- IP Addresses and domains (DHCP, Static)
- 8. Shutdown Time

Location:

C:\Windows\System32\config\SYSTEM

Tool:

RegRipper (rr.exe)

Sony

: KD-65X8500D

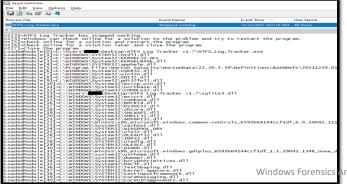
uuid:ab185dc1-ea40-022e-1d36-3ace3166fd27

(System) Parses data from networked media streaming devices

Windows Error Reporting (WER)

What is it?

The error reporting feature enables users to notify Microsoft of application faults, kernel faults, unresponsive applications, and other application specific problems. The crashes information is extracted from the .wer files created by the Windows Error Reporting (WER) component of the operating system every time that a crash is occurred.



Forensic Value:

- Evidence of malware execution and crashes during its execution
- 2. The DLLs was loaded by malware during crashes
- 3. Absolut path of malware

Location:

C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Windows\WER
C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\WER

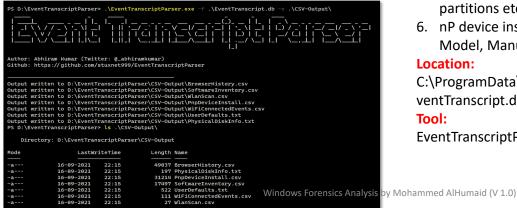
Tool:

AppCrashView.exe

EventTranscript.db

What is it?

EventTranscript.db is a SQLite database that appears to record lots of diagnostic-related information about events that occur on the Windows operating system in real-time. This database is **NOT** enabled by default and, if enabled, can be enormous in size and potentially serve as a treasure trove of data.



Forensic Value:

- 1. MS Edge browser history
- 2. List of software installed on the host system
- Wireless Scan results
- WiFi connection details (SSIDs, device manufacturers etc...)
- 5. Physical Disk information (Disk size, No. of partitions etc...)
- 6. nP device installation information (Install time, Model, Manufacturer etc...)

Location:

C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Diagnosis\EventTranscript\E ventTranscript.db

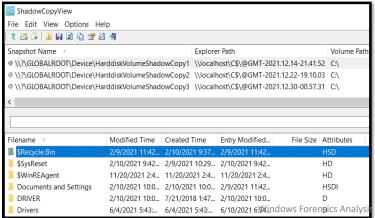
Tool:

EventTranscriptParser.py , EventTranscriptParser.exe

Volume Shadow Copy Service (VSS)

What is it?

Volume Shadow Copy Service (VSS) is a set of Component Object Model (COM) interfaces in Microsoft Windows that provide the framework for doing volume backups and for creating consistent, point-in-time copies of data (known as shadow copies).



Forensic Value:

- Recover corrupted files
- 2. Restore deleted files
- 3. Examine registry hives

Location:

C:\

Tool:

VSCMount.exe (Mounting), ShadowCopyView.exe

```
C:\Users\ Desktop>VSCMount.exe --dl C --mp "C:\Users\ Desktop"
VSCMount version 1.0.0.0

Author: Eric Zimmerman (saericzimmerman@gmail.com)
https://github.com/EricZimmerman/VSCMount

Command line: --dl C --mp C:\Users\ Desktop

Creating directory 'C:\Users\ Desktop_C'
Mounting VSCs to 'C:\Users\ Desktop_C'

VSCs found on volume C: 3. Mounting...
VSS 1 (Id {4d70cc93-4856-456b-8ebe-0e6cba4a41fb}, Created on: 2021-12-14 21:41:52.0107360 UTC) mounted OK!
VSS 2 (Id {ca02fc19-4633-455a-bbb6-ec6575967278}, Created on: 2021-12-22 19:10:03.3785440 UTC) mounted OK!
VSS 3 (Id {a4828a9e-aa70-4085-bcab-ef48a8907735}, Created on: 2021-12-30 00:57:31.2137850 UTC) mounted OK!

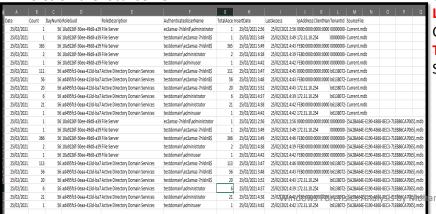
Mounting complete. Navigate VSCs via symbolic links in 'C:\Users\ Desktop_C'

b/Morantineed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Atturneed-Attu
```

User Access Logging (UAL)

What is it?

UAL is a feature included by default in **Server editions of Microsoft Windows only**, starting with Server 2012. As defined by Microsoft, UAL is a feature that logs unique client access requests, in the form of IP addresses and usernames, of installed products and roles on the local server.



Forensic Value:

- Service accessed
- User account that performed the access
- User's source IP
- Last Access Time
- Total Accesses
- Type of authentication access

Location:

C:\Windows\System32\LogFiles\Sum*.mdb
Tool:

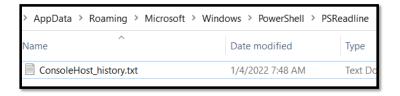
SumECmd.exe , KStrike.py

PowerShell

What is it?

PowerShell is a cross-platform task automation solution made up of a command-line shell, a scripting language, and a configuration management framework.

PowerShell in Windows 10 saves the last 4096 commands that are stored in a plain text file located in the profile of each user.



Forensic Value:

Evidence of PowerShell commands executed by the user

Location:

C:\Users\<username>\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\PowerShell\PSReadline\ConsoleHost_history.txt
Tool:

notepad.exe

Isass.exe

What is it?

Local Security Authority Subsystem Service (LSASS) is a process in Microsoft Windows operating systems that is responsible for enforcing the security policy on the system. It verifies users logging on to a Windows computer or server, handles password changes, and creates access tokens. It also writes to the Windows Security Log.

```
$ pypykatz lsa minidump lsass.DMP
INFO:root:Parsing file lsass.DMF
FILE: ======= lsass.DMP =======
== LogonSession ==
authentication_id 173062 (2a406)
session id 1
username testadmin
domainname TEST
logon_server_WIN-KRVVC7KSTU7
logon time 2021-07-22T15:10:04.118449+00:00
sid S-1-5-21-2788876189-2294947777-1464636003-1603
luid 173062
               Username: testadmin
                Domain: TEST
                NT: 58a478135a93ac3bf058a5ea0e8fdb71
                SHA1: 0d7d930ac3b1322c8a1142f9b22169d4eef9e855
        == MSV ==
               Username: NA
                Domain: NA
                NT: 58a478135a93ac3bf058a5ea0e8fdb71
                SHA1: 0d7d930ac3b1322c8a1142f9b22169d4eef9e855
                DPAPI: NA
        == WDIGEST [2a406]==
                username testadmin
                domainname TEST
                password None
                password (hex)
```

Forensic Value:

Parse user's NTLM hash (If needed ONLY)

Location:

C:\WINDOWS\System32\lsass.exe

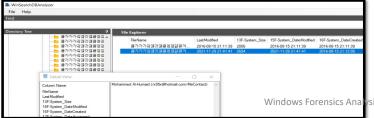
Tool:

Pypykatz , mimikatz

Windows.edb

What is it?

Windows.edb is the Windows Search index database. A search index allows users to quickly search for data and files in the file system due to indexing of files, e-mails in PST files and other content. Indexing is performed in the background by the **SearchIndexer.exe** process. Obviously, the more files there are in the system, the larger the size of the Windows.edb file. In some cases, it can grow up to tens or even hundreds of GB, taking up all the free space on the system drive. The Windows.edb file can be found in all modern client and server Microsoft OSs.



Forensic Value:

- Parse normal records
- Recover deleted records
- 3. Outlook Mail Data (Time ,Contents, Contact)
- 4. OneNote Title
- 5. Internet History (URLs, Last visit time)
- 6. Lnk list
- 7. Network Drive (When adding offline)
- 8. File, Folder Information (Time, Contents(2KB))
- Activity History (Recently used programs, Windows Timeline)

Location:

C:\ProgramData\Microsoft\Search\Data\Applications\ Windows\Windows.edb

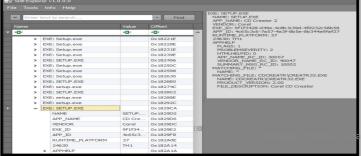
Tool:

WinSearchDBAnalyzer.exe

sysmain.sdb

What is it?

When an application creates a process, WindowsLoader (mostly shimeng.dll and apphelp.dll — which is the Application Compatibility Interface) checks sysmain.sdb and determines whether the program needs to be repaired which will perform lookups in the system compatibility database, recovering various information. The compatibility database is named sysmain.sdb and contains information how the target operating system should handle the application.



Forensic Value:

- 1. Show shims
- Show executables
- 3. Show layers
- 4. Show flags
- 5. Show patches
- 6. Use Blocked Driver Database
- 7. Use Application Compatibility Database

Location:

C:\Windows\apppatch\sysmain.sdb

Tool:

SDBExplorer.exe

Windows Registry Hive

The Windows registry is stored in a collection of hive files. Hives are binary files containing a simple filesystem with a set of cells used to store keys, values, data, and related metadata.

The registry can provide a wealth of data for a forensic investigator. With numerous sources of deleted and historical data, a more complete picture of attacker activity can be assembled during an investigation. As attackers continue to gain sophistication and improve their tradecraft, investigators will have to adapt to discover and defend against them.

The following table lists the standard hives and their supporting files.

Registry Hive	Supporting Files
HKEY_CURRENT_CONFIG	System, System.alt, System.log, System.sav
HKEY_CURRENT_USER	Ntuser.dat, Ntuser.dat.log
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SAM	Sam, Sam.log, Sam.sav, Userclass.dat
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Security	Security, Security.log, Security.sav
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software	Software, Software.log, Software.sav
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System	System, System.alt, System.log, System.sav
HKEY_USERS\.DEFAULTWindows Forensics Analysis by	Default, Default log, Default sav

Forensically interesting spots in Windows Registry

Forensic Value	Registry Key Path
Time Zone Information	SYSTEM\ControlSet00#\Control\TimeZoneInformation
Windows Product Info.	SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion
Windows Computer Name	SYSTEM\ControlSet00#\Control\ComputerName\ComputerName
Windows Services	SYSTEM\ControlSet00#\Service
Windows DHCP Config	SYSTEM\ControlSet00#\Services\Tcpip\Parameters\Interfaces\\\{\DhcpIPAddress
Legal Notice & Text	SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System
NTFS Last Accessed	SYSTEM\ControlSet\Control\FileSystem
Autoruns	Highly recommended to use AutoRuns tool which is from the Microsoft's SysInternals Suite.
Installed Applications	HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\C.V.\App\Paths
	HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\C.V.\Uninstall
Windows Firewall	SYSTEM\ControlSet\Services\SharedAccess\Parameters\FirewallPolicy\StandardProfile\EnableFirewall
	SYSTEM\ControlSet\Services\SharedAccess\Parameters\FirewallPolicy\PublicProfile\EnableFirewall
	SYSTEM\ControlSet\Services\SharedAccess\Parameters\FirewallPolicy\DomainProfile\EnableFirewall
Remote Desktop	SYSTEM\ControlSet\Control\TerminalServer\fDenyTSConnections
Network History	HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\Nla\Cache
	HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\Signatures\Managed
	HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\Signatures\Unmanaged
Network Types (Wired is 0x06, Broadband is 0x17, Wireless is 0x47)	HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkList\Profiles
Shutdown Details	HKLM\SYSTEM\ControlSet001\Control\Windows
Applnit_DLLs	HKLM\Software\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows\AppInit_DLLs
	HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows\LoadAppInit_DLLs
Windows Recycle Bin	$\label{lem:ntuser.data} NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\Current\Version\Explorer\BitBucket\Volume\GUID\NukeOnDelete$
Last User Logged In	SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Authentication\LogonU\LastLoggedOnUser
User Sessions Wi	SOFT/WARE\Microsoft\Windows\GurrentYersion\Authentication\LogonUI\SessionData\<#>\LastLoggedOnSamUser 36

Continued to previous slide

Forensic Value	Registry Key Path
Local Users	SAM\Domains\Users
UserPasswordHint	SAM\SAM\Domains\Account\Users\\\<32\bithexvalue>\UserPasswordHint
Graphic Login Tile	SAM\Domains\Account\Users\\\<32\bit\hexvalue>\UserTile
UAL Setting	SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Policies\System\EnableLUA
User Assist Key	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\UserAssist
Last Registry Subkey that was viewed by the user	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Applets\Regedit\LastKey
Hidden Files Settings	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Advanced\Hidden
Hiding File Extensions	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\Advanced\HideFileExt
Start Menu Run MRUs	HKEY_USERS\{SID}\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\RunMRU
RecentDocs MRUs	HKEY_USERS\{SID}\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Explorer\RecentDocs
Remote Desktop MRU	HKEY_USERS\{SID}\Software\Microsoft\Terminal\Server\Client\Servers
	HKEY_USERS\{SID}\Software\Microsoft\Terminal\Server\Client\Default
IE TypedURLs	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Internet Explorer
IE Browser Settings	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Main
MUICache	NTUSER.DAT\Software\Microsoft\Windows\ShellNoRoam\MUICache

Contact Me!

Seriously, don't be a stranger. Ask me anything. I will do my best to help you get your answer or to add something new or correct something that I did not manage to explain correctly. Good luck :)

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