

Anticipez les besoins en consommation de bâtiments

par Ana Bernal

Novembre 2022

OpenClassrooms



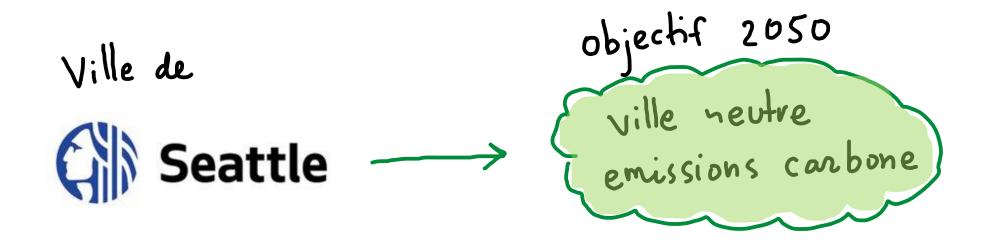
Mentor: Samir Tanfous

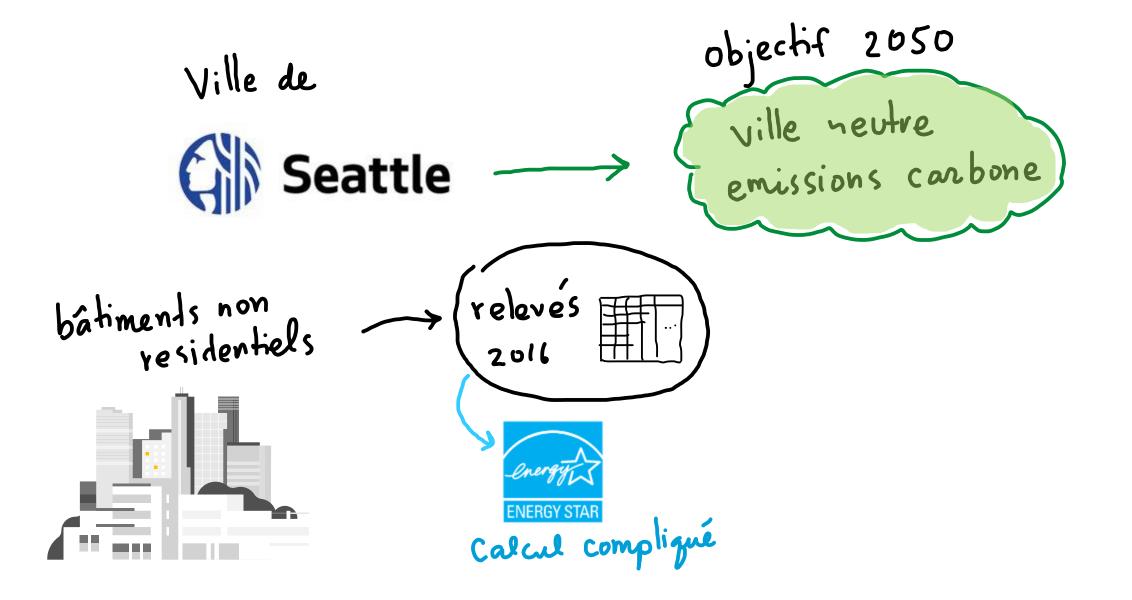


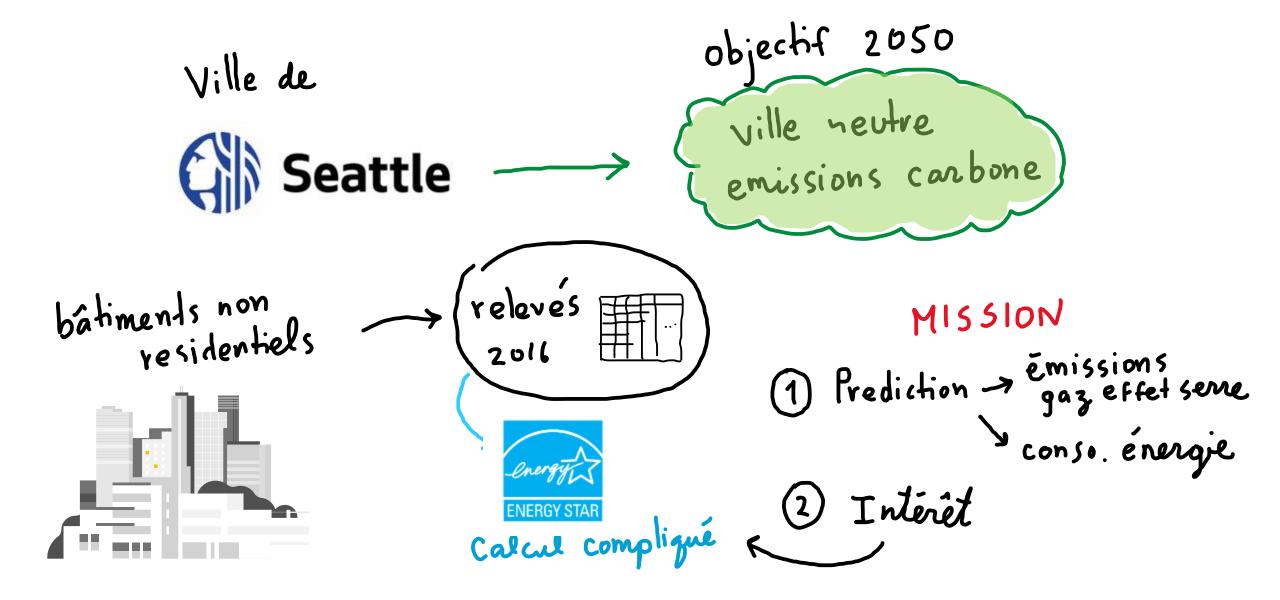
Programme

- Appel à projets.
- Analyse exploratoire et choix de variables.
 - * Modélisation et prédictions et évaluation des performances de:
 - Consommation totale d'énergie
 - Émissions de gaz a effet de serre
 - * Ajout de la variable **EnergyStarScore** et comparaison des performances.
- Conclusions, choix de modèle.

1







2

- Données officielles, ville de Seattle.
- Taille des données brutes

Nombre d'individus	3376
Nombre de variables	46

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Quantitatives	Qualitatives	Boléennes
30	15	1

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Quantitatives	Qualitatives	Booléennes
30	15	1

Variables structurelles: premier filtre	Variables à prédire
BuildingType, PrimaryPropertyType, Latitude, Longitude, YearBuilt,	
NumberofBuildings, NumberofFloors, PropertyGFATotal,	
PropertyGFAParking, PropertyGFABuilding(s), LargestPropertyUseType,	SiteEnergyUse(kBtu), Total
LargestPropertyUseTypeGFA,	GHGEmissions
SecondLargestPropertyUseType, SecondLargestPropertyUseTypeGFA,	
ENERGYSTARScore, Outlier	

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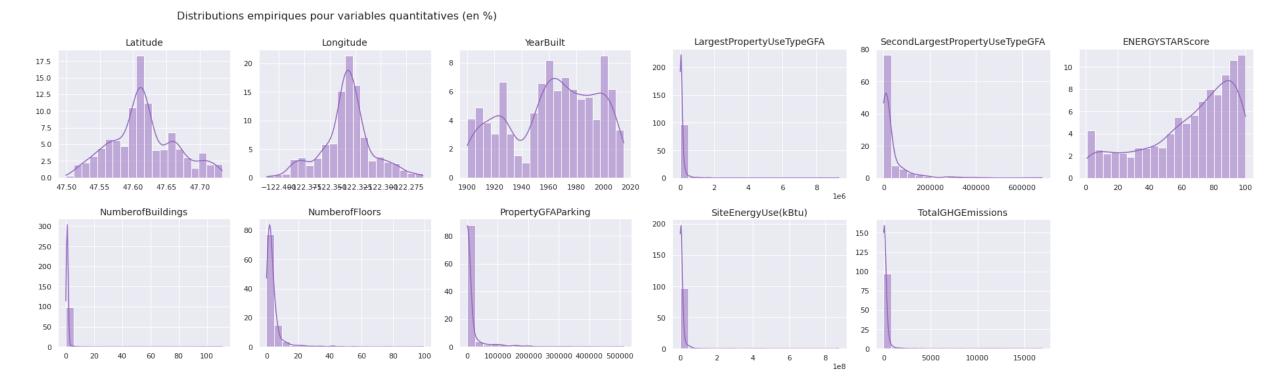


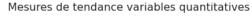
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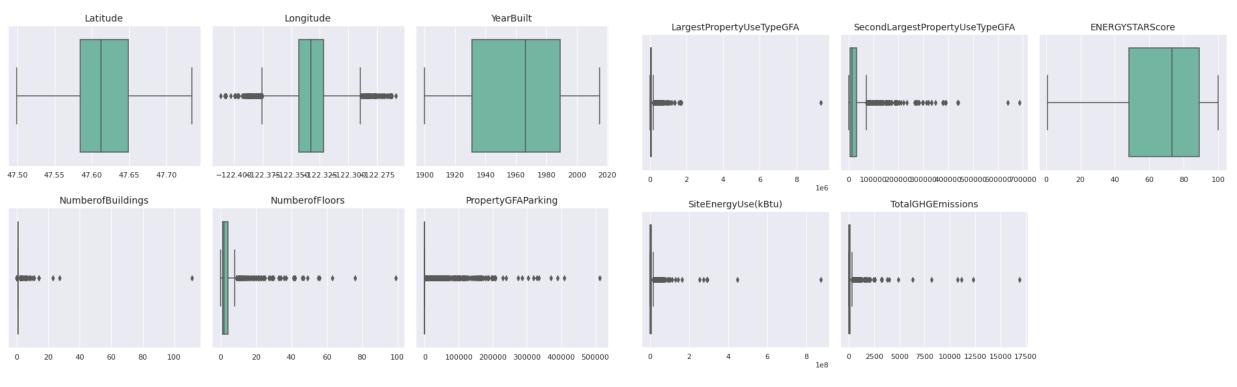
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SecondLargestPropertyUseType, SecondLargestPropertyUseTypeGFA,	
ENERGYSTARScore, Outlier	

Premier filtre : bâtiments non destinés à l'habitation

	Nombre d'individus
Avant	3344
Après	1599

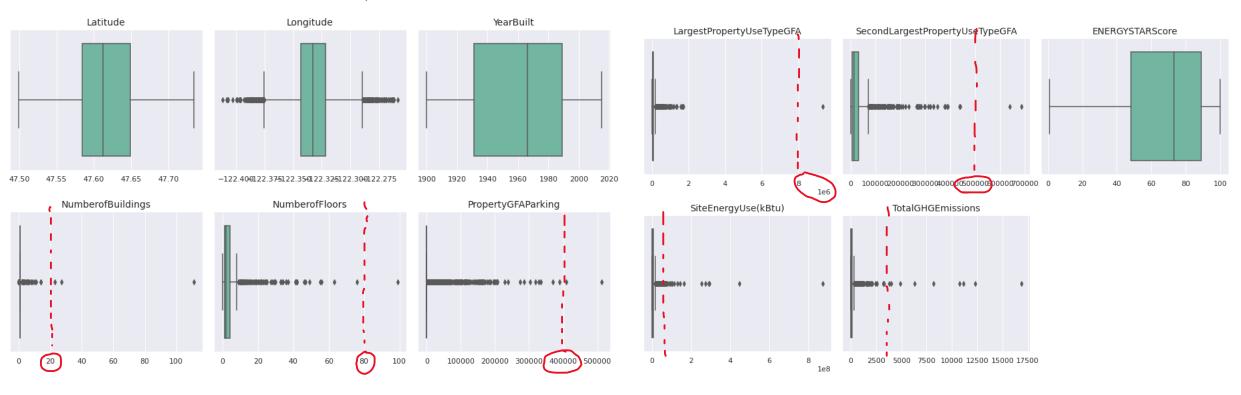






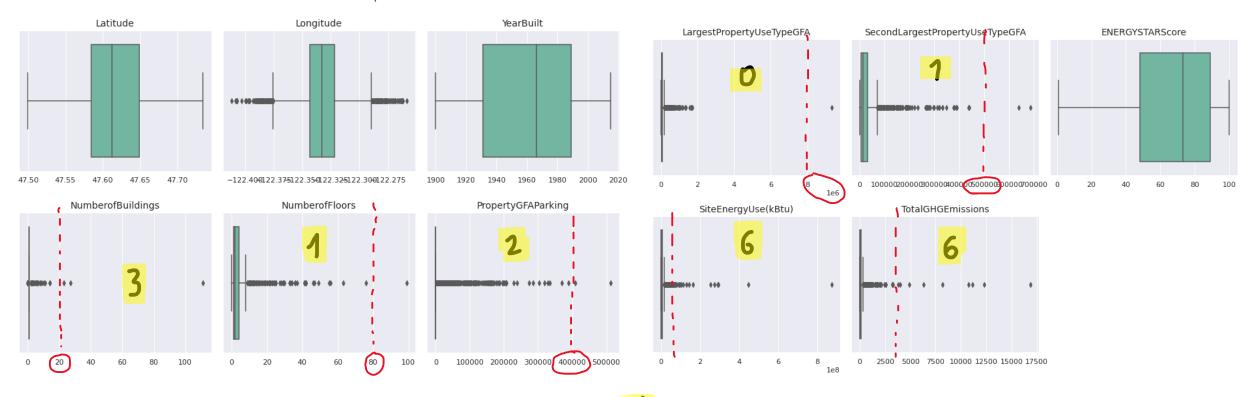
seuil outliers: cas par cas -

Mesures de tendance variables quantitatives



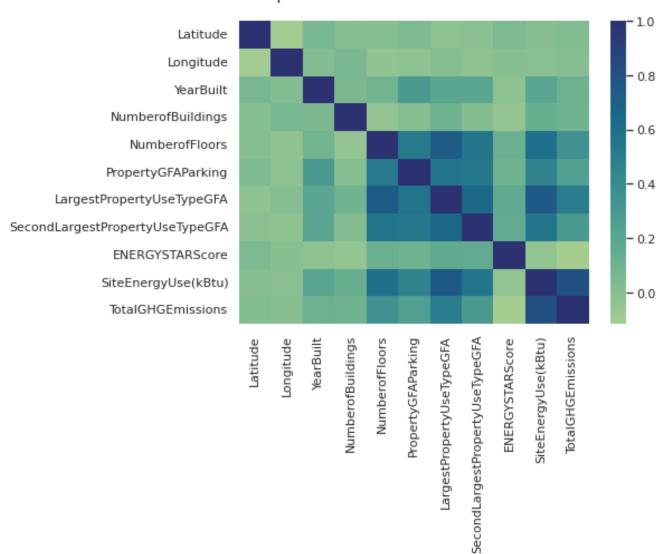
seuil outliers: cas par cas -

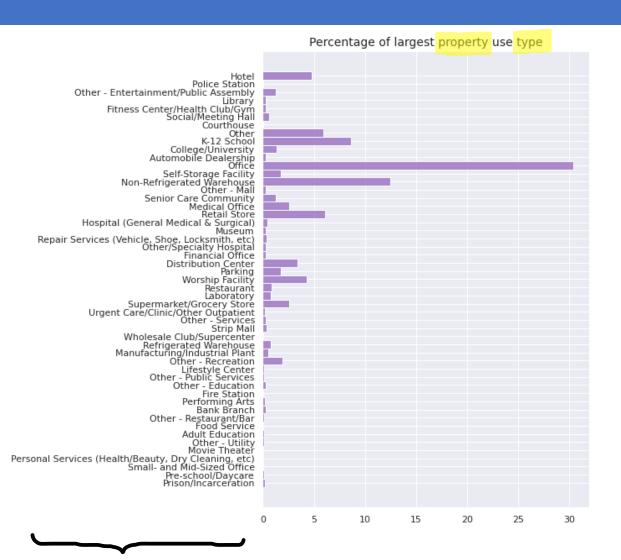
Mesures de tendance variables quantitatives

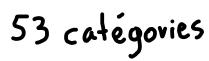


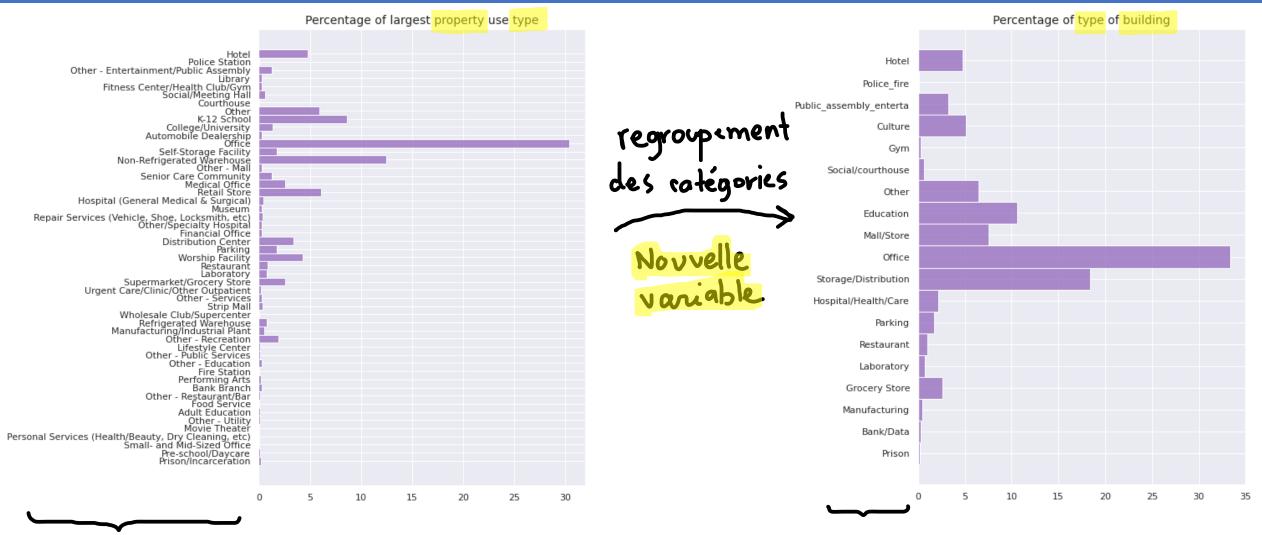
total individus supprimés: 19





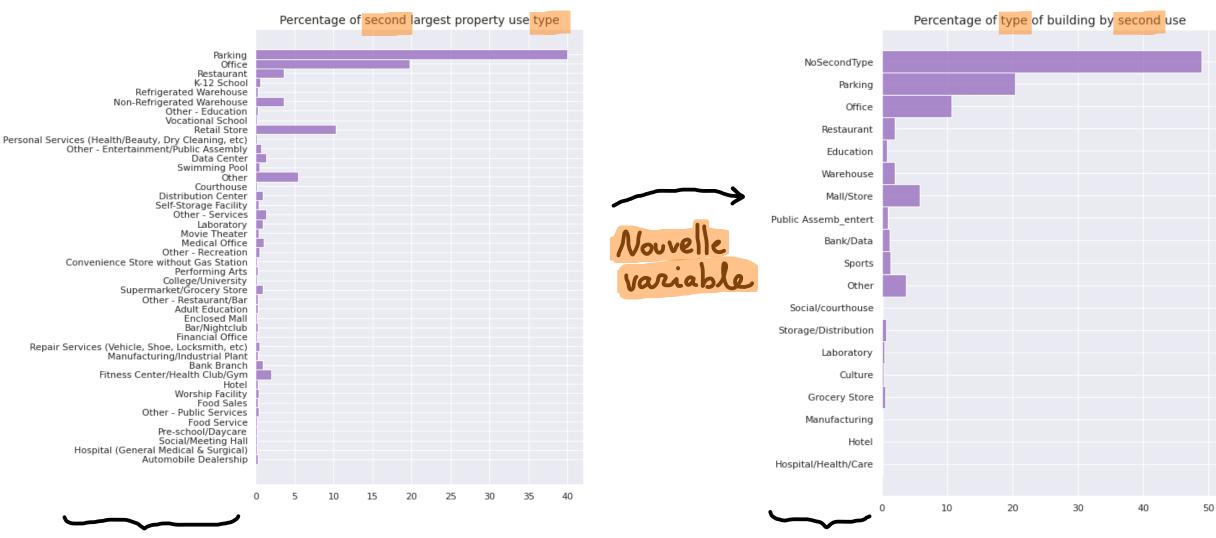






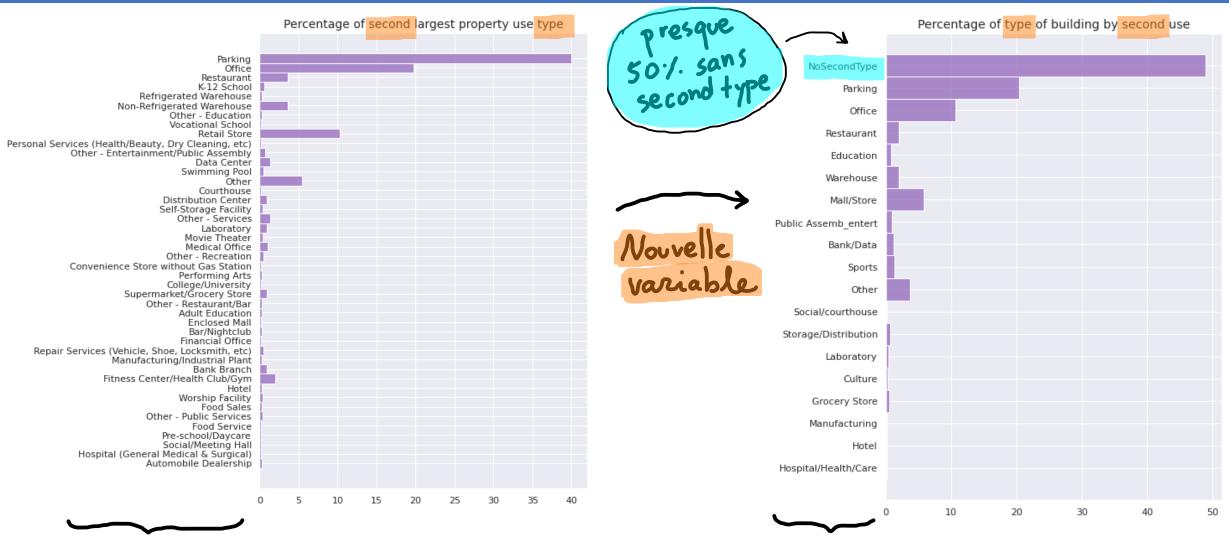
53 catégories

19 cotégories



44 catégories

19 catégories



44 catégories

19 catégories

Taille finale des données

	Avant	Après
Nombre d'individus	3376	1579
Nombre de variables	46	13

3

Prédiction

Latitude

Longitude

YearBuilt

NumberofFloors

PropertyGFAParking

BuildType

BuildSecType

Largest Property Use Type GFA

2ndLargestPropertyUseTypeGFA

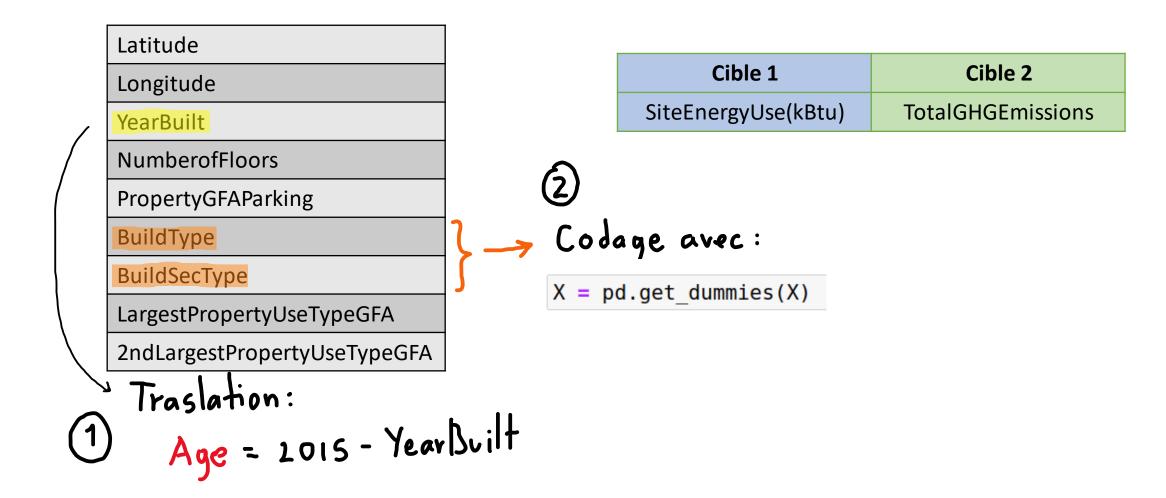
Latitude
Longitude
YearBuilt
NumberofFloors
PropertyGFAParking
BuildType
BuildSecType
LargestPropertyUseTypeGFA
2ndLargestPropertyUseTypeGFA

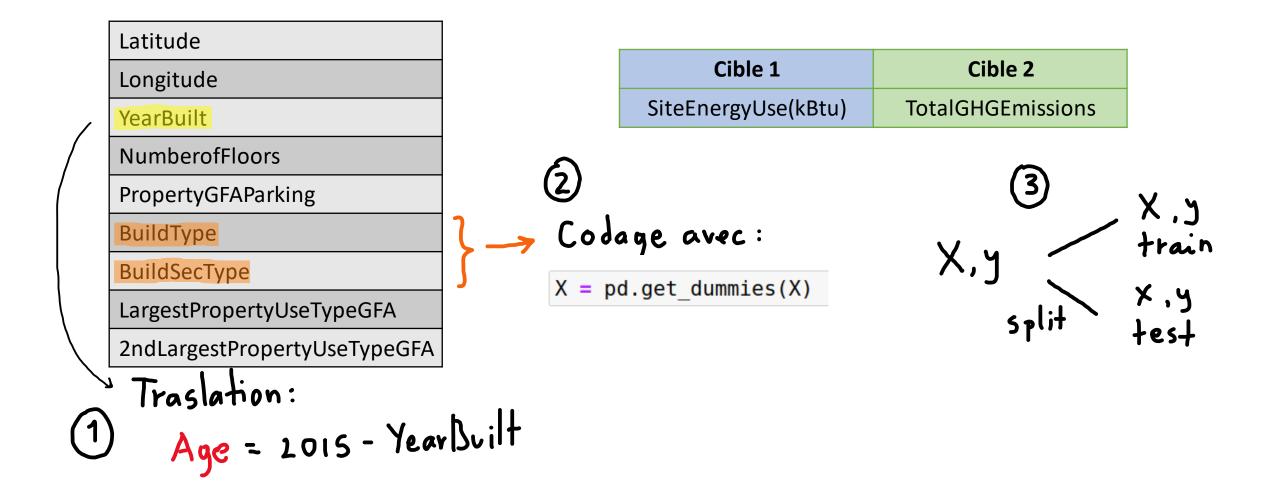


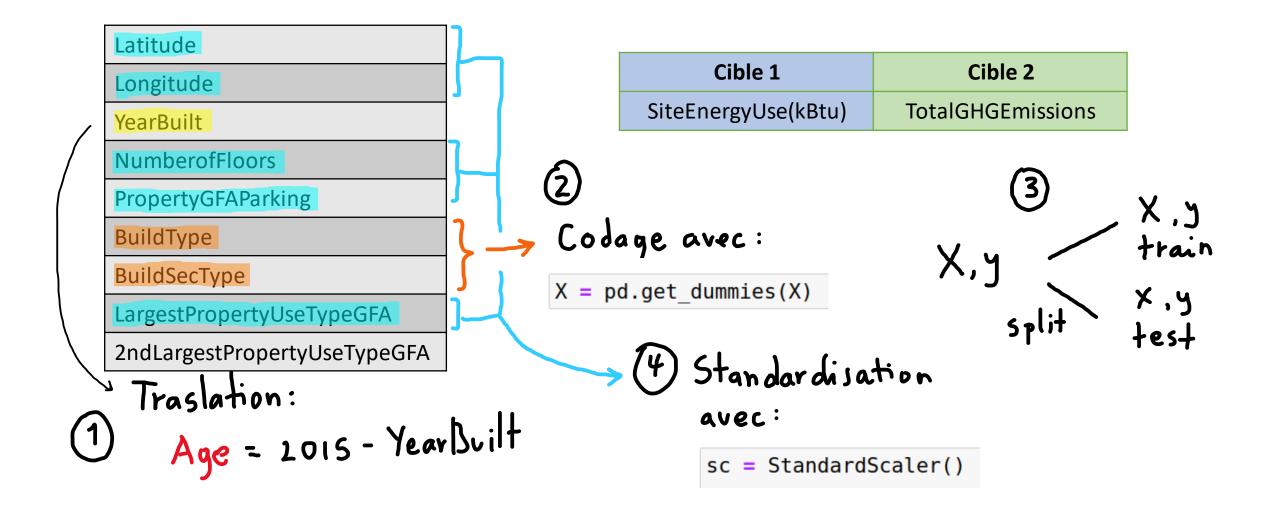
Cible 1	Cible 2	
SiteEnergyUse(kBtu)	TotalGHGEmissions	

Latitude	
Longitude	
YearBuilt	
NumberofFloors	
PropertyGFAParking	
BuildType	
BuildSecType	
LargestPropertyUseTypeGFA	
2ndLargestPropertyUseTypeGFA	
Traslation:	
Age = 2015 - Year	Built

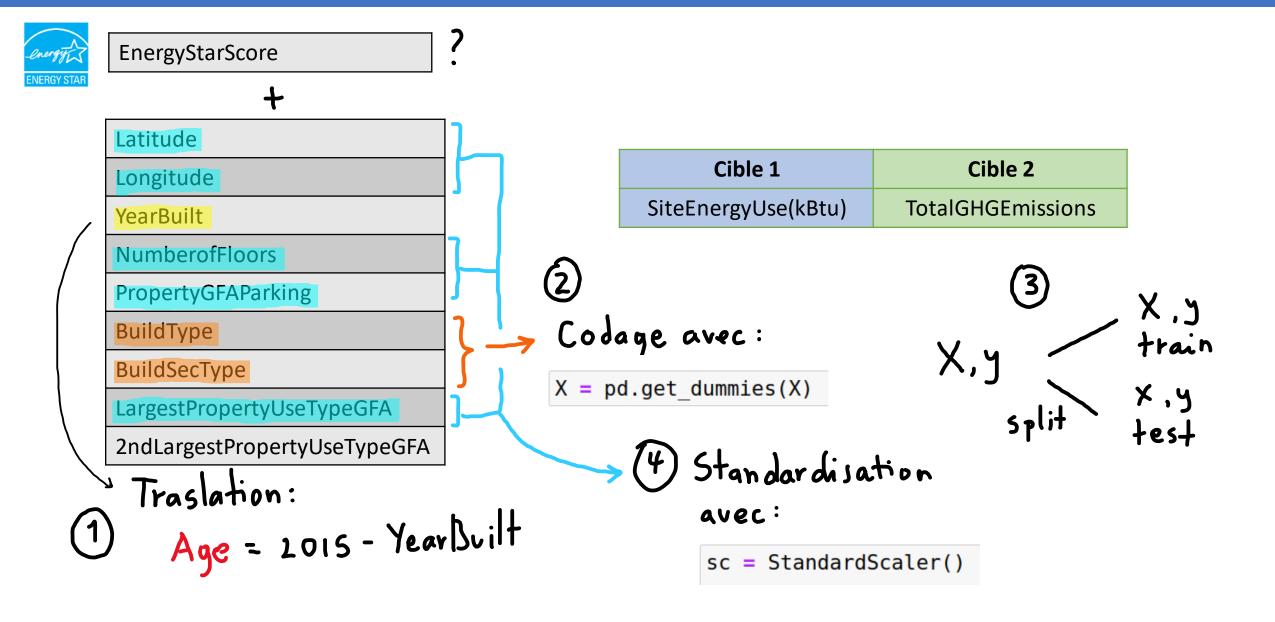
Cible 1	Cible 2	
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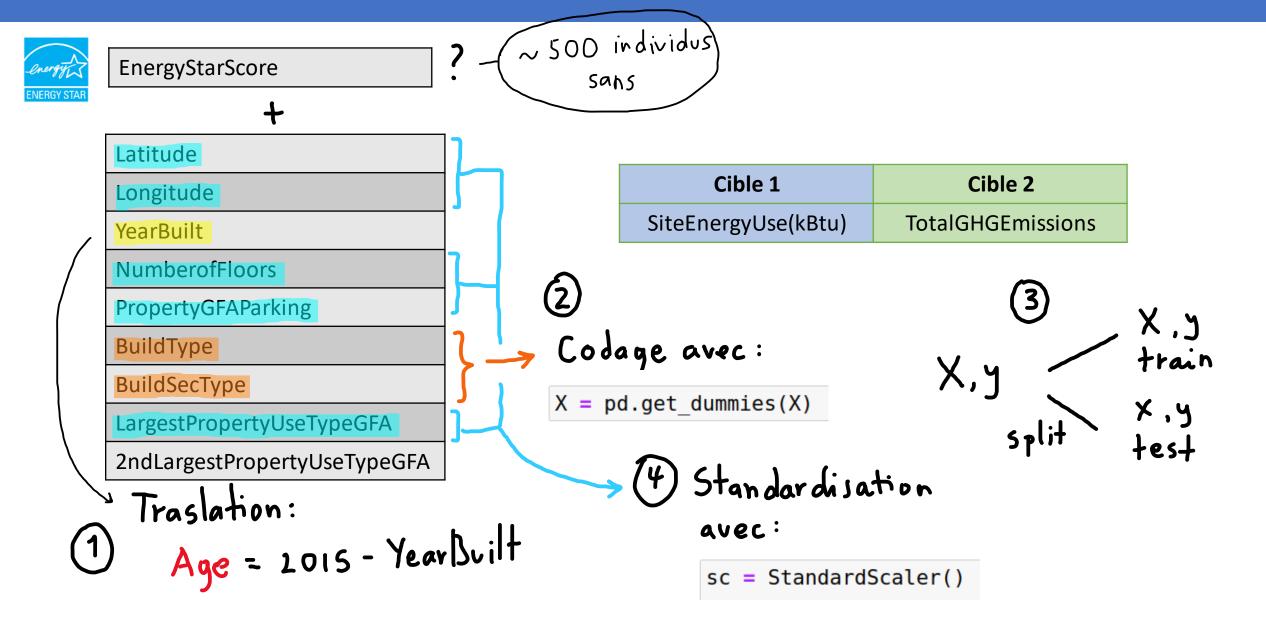




Prédiction: pré-traitement



Prédiction: pré-traitement



Énergie

Name	Train_R2_sco	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time
LinearRegression	0.6719	0.6947	6.180426e+06	0.024718	0.013019
Ridge_afterCV	0.6663	0.6895	6.232314e+06	0.013252	0.003780
Lasso_afterCV	0.6571	0.6764	6.362830e+06	0.015944	0.009041
GradientBoosting	0.8448	0.6689	6.436380e+06	0.202172	0.002594
SVR	0.7330	0.6147	9.350737e+06	0.092125	0.018322
RandomForest_afterCV	0.8727	0.6101	6.984421e+06	0.700676	0.018322
XGBoost	0.9978	0.5982	7.090260e+06	0.220546	0.006631
XGBoost_reg	0.8078	0.5905	7.157458e+06	0.146926	0.009786
RandomForest_log_target	0.7347	0.5650	7.377150e+06	0.575726	0.021154
DummyRegressor	0.0000	-0.0001	1.118565e+07	0.000373	0.000211
Lasso_log_target	-0.1388	-0.1173	1.182292e+07	0.010973	0.009646
LinearRegression_log_target	-61.0221	-1052.4623	3.630409e+08	0.031511	0.010318
Ridge_log_target	-60.1682	-1203.0557	3.881229e+08	0.021637	0.004403



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+ bas qu'altendu

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Résultats pas trés bons ni fiables très sensibles

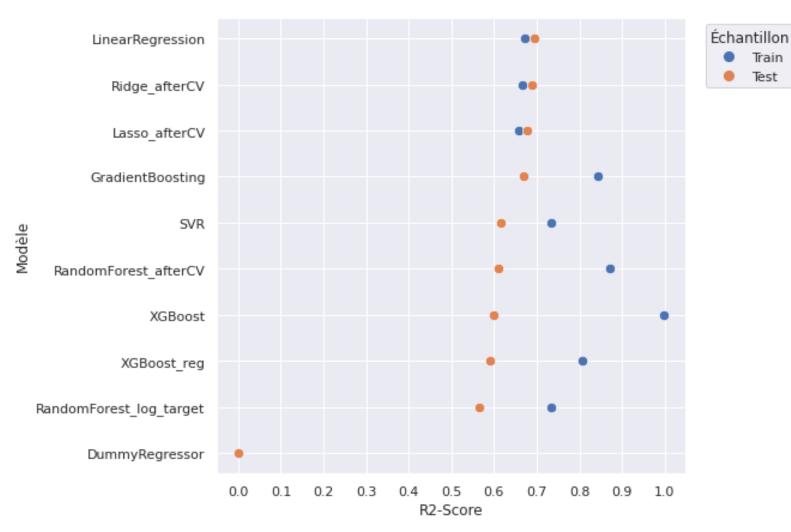
aux outliers

→ Transformation target: y → log (1+y)

$$y \mapsto log(1+y)$$

Énergie







Train Test

Prédiction : sans EnergyStarScore

Gaz

Name	Train_R2_scor e	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time
GradientBoosting	0.9317	0.5826	135.80	0.324040	0.005314
LinearRegression	0.4474	0.5328	143.67	0.013099	0.016180
Lasso_afterCV	0.4131	0.5286	144.31	0.007946	0.009279
Ridge_afterCV	0.4314	0.5195	145.70	0.010202	0.012094
RandomForest_afterCV	0.8725	0.4737	152.48	0.645518	0.024444
RandomForest_log_target	0.7510	0.4430	156.87	0.537519	0.017747
SVR	0.6307	0.4076	154.60	0.119469	0.024444
XGBoost_reg	0.6403	0.3898	164.19	1.241869	0.034905
XGBoost	0.9966	0.3803	165.47	0.180047	0.005178
DummyRegressor	0.0000	-0.0095	211.19	0.000570	0.000257
Lasso_log_target	-0.1072	-0.0892	219.37	0.011554	0.005156
LinearRegression_log_target	-24.5012	-112.0861	2235.24	0.018689	0.007828
Ridge_log_target	-21.8017	-128.1484	2388.72	0.019704	0.003900



Prédiction : sans EnergyStarScore

Gaz

Name	Train_R2_scor e	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time
GradientBoosting	0.9317	0.5826	135.80	0.324040	0.005314
LinearRegression	0.4474	0.5328	143.67	0.013099	0.016180
Lasso_afterCV	0.4131	0.5286	144.31	0.007946	0.009279
Ridge_afterCV	0.4314	0.5195	145.70	0.010202	0.012094
RandomForest_afterCV	0.8725	0.4737	152.48	0.645518	0.024444
RandomForest_log_ <mark>targe</mark> t	0.7510	0.4430	156.87	0.537519	0.017747
SVR	0.6307	0.4076	154.60	0.119469	0.024444
XGBoost_reg	0.6403	0.3898	164.19	1.241869	0.034905
XGBoost	0.9966	0.3803	165.47	0.180047	0.005178
DummyRegressor	0.0000	-0.0095	211.19	0.000570	0.000257
Lasso_l <mark>og_ta</mark> rget	-0.1072	-0.0892	219.37	0.011554	0.005156
LinearRegression_log_ <mark>target</mark>	-24.5012	-112.0861	2235.24	0.018689	0.007828
Ridge_lo <mark>g_tar</mark> get	-21.8017	-128.1484	2388.72	0.019704	0.003900

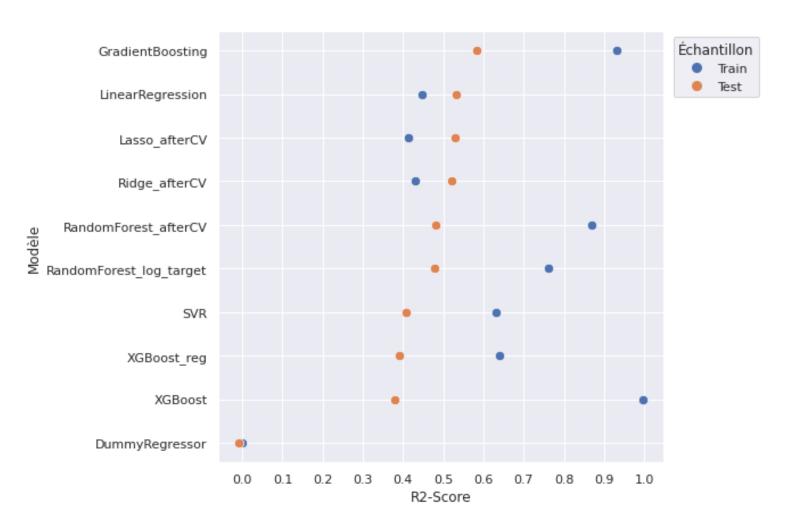


Performances moins bonnes en général

Prédiction : sans EnergyStarScore

Gaz











Énergie

Name	Train_R2_score	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time
SVR	0.8136	0.7542	9094546.92	0.060459	0.009005
Ridge_afterCV	0.7930	0.7473	5006566.91	0.008954	0.009605
Lasso_afterCV	0.7704	0.7431	5047915.09	0.009315	0.004007
LinearRegression	0.8011	0.7332	5144866.79	0.006419	0.009903
GradientBoosting	0.8430	0.7193	5276750.41	0.151077	0.002100
XGBoost_reg	0.8464	0.7148	5318697.34	0.106857	0.005229
RandomForest_afterCV	0.8220	0.6538	5860681.32	0.216160	0.009005
DummyRegressor	0.0000	-0.0062	9990923.04	0.000577	0.000342



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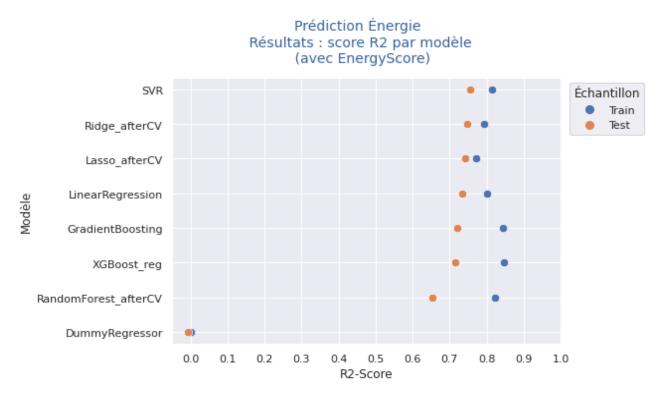
Choix d'hyperparametres: grid = GridSearchCV (estimator, params, cv=5, n_jobs=-1, return_train)

return train score=True)

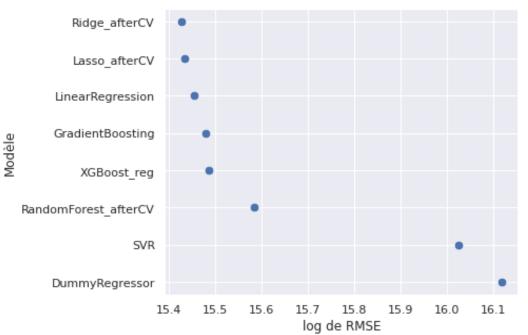
> Ex: regularisation alpha, lambda
max depth, max samples, etc.



Énergie



Prédiction Énergie Log de la racine de l'erreur quadratique moyenne (RMSE) (avec EnergyScore)





Én	Énergie Modèle choisi Energie							
	Name	Train_R2_score	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time		
	SVR 🗸	0.8136	0.7542	9094546.92	0.060459	0.009005		
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	Lasso_afterCV	0.7704	0.7431	5047915.09	0.009315	0.004007		
	LinearRegression	0.8011	0.7332	5144866.79	0.006419	0.009903		
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	XGBoost_reg	0.8464	0.7148	5318697.34	0.106857	0.005229		
	RandomForest_afterCV	0.8220	0.6538	5860681.32	0.216160	0.009005		
	DummyRegressor	0.0000	-0.0062	9990923.04	0.000577	0.000342		



Gaz

Name	Train_R2_score	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time
GradientBoosting	0.8163	0.7302	130.79	0.131098	0.001697
RandomForest_afterCV	0.8513	0.6554	147.81	0.226076	0.009129
XGBoost_reg	0.7896	0.5879	161.64	0.060390	0.003654
SVR	0.6917	0.5494	154.22	0.055092	0.009129
LinearRegression	0.5545	0.4999	178.06	0.037742	0.007469
Ridge_afterCV	0.5281	0.4930	179.28	0.005924	0.009302
Lasso_afterCV	0.5027	0.4847	180.74	0.015530	0.003676
DummyRegressor	0.0000	-0.0006	251.86	0.000674	0.000336

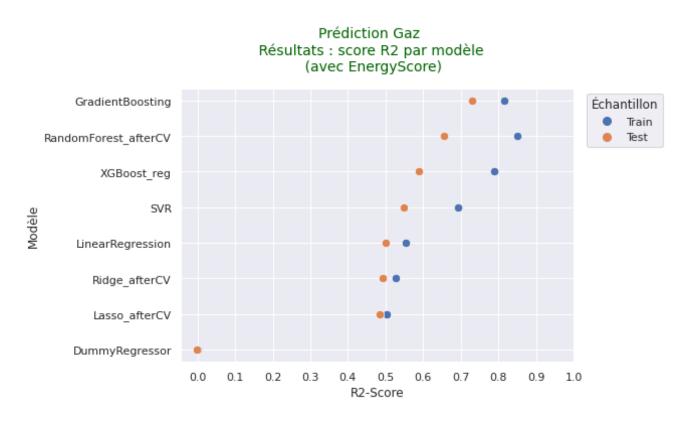
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```
return train score=True)
```

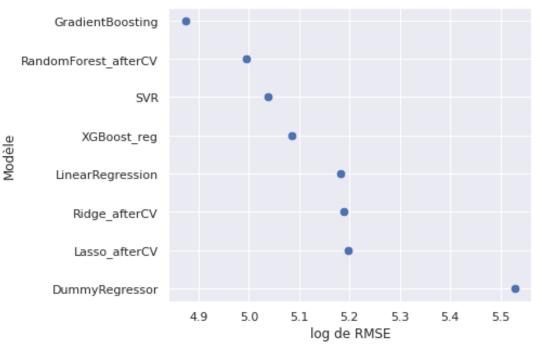
> Ex: regularisation alpha, lambda
max depth, max samples, etc.



Gaz



Prédiction Gaz Log de la racine de l'erreur quadratique moyenne (RMSE) (avec EnergyScore)



0.0000



Gaz

DummyRegressor

Modèle choisi 9az							
Name	Train_R2_score	Test_R2_score	RMSE	Fit_time	Predict_time		
GradientBoosting	0.8163	0.7302	130.79	0.131098	0.001697		
RandomForest_afterCV	0.8513	0.6554	147.81	0.226076	0.009129		
XGBoost_reg	0.7896	0.5879	161.64	0.060390	0.003654		
SVR	0.6917	0.5494	154.22	0.055092	0.009129		
LinearRegression	0.5545	0.4999	178.06	0.037742	0.007469		
Ridge_afterCV	0.5281	0.4930	179.28	0.005924	0.009302		
Lasso_afterCV	0.5027	0.4847	180.74	0.015530	0.003676		

-0.0006

251.86

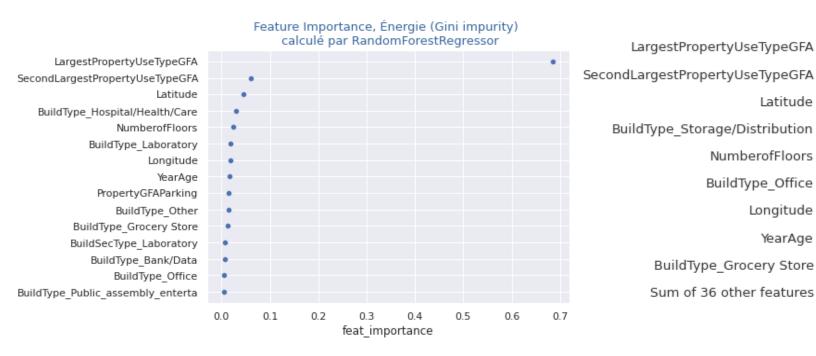
0.000674

0.000336

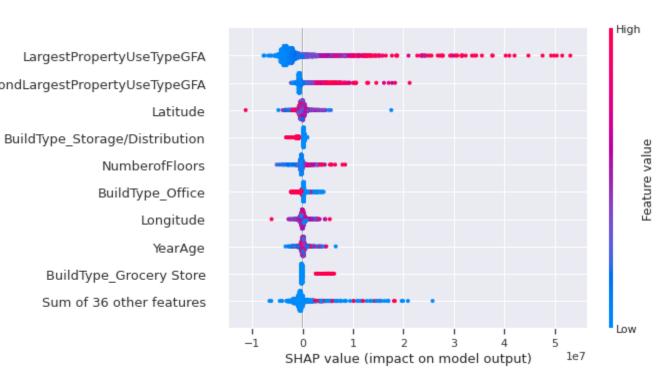
Extras: Feature importance

Pour la consommation d'énergie

Avec feature importance de scikit learn



Avec SHAP



4

Conclusions

Conclusions

- Variable EnergyStarScore nécessaire.
- Modèles/(nettoyage de données) très sensibles!
- Ajout de variables -> amélioration importante performances.
- Modèles linéaires fonctionnent assez bien pour ce cas.
- Modèle RandomForest -> possible amélioration.
- Il n'y a pas eu du data leakage.