# Assignment 4

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#### Answer to question 1

In the Python program  $(q1_2.py)^1$  will extract all of the links from a selected  $100^2$  pages to other pages. For each URI it will create a text file of all of the outbound links from that page to other URIs including the main URI and save it in the files directory<sup>1</sup>.

#### Answer to question 2

The same Python program (q1\_2.py)<sup>1</sup> will create a single GraphViz "dot" file called gefiDoc.gv<sup>1</sup> of the resulting graph.

#### Answer to question 3

In this question I used Gephi and gefiDoc.gv<sup>1</sup> to visualize the graph as shown in figure 1. Also I find out that the most in-link was twitter.com as shown in figure 2 and the must out-link was finance.detik.com as shown in figure 3.

From this figures we can observe that many links have a very high out degree and very few have high in degree.

Also figure 4 shows graph of the HITS, figure 5 shows PageRank, figure 6 shows avg degree, figure 7 shows network diameter, and figure 8 shows connected components.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>File uploaded to github

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Saved in res.txt

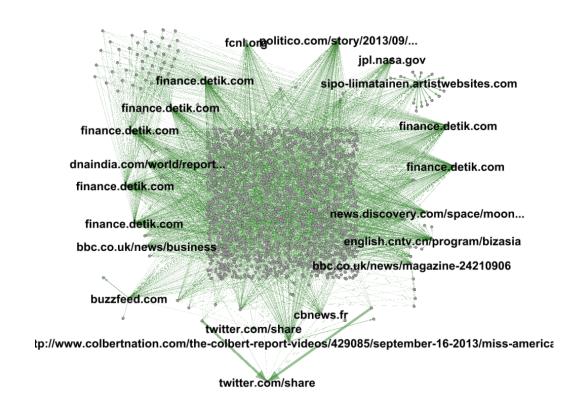


Figure 1: Gephi Graph of "dot" file

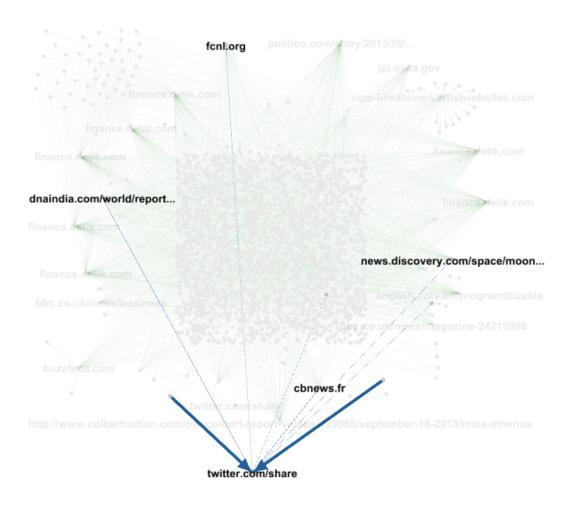
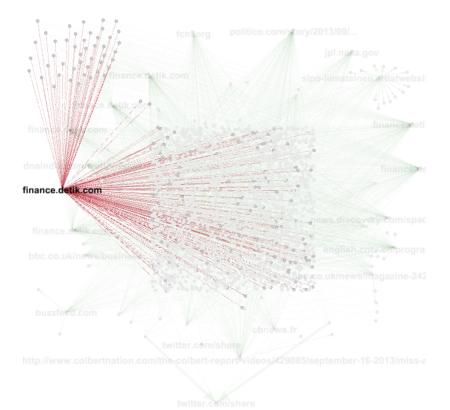
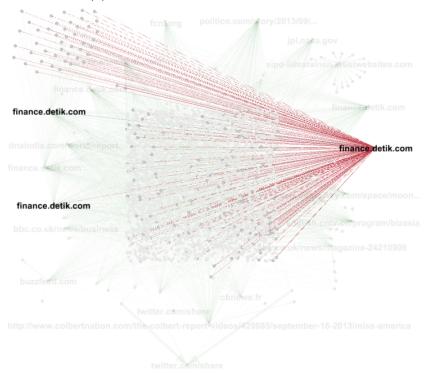


Figure 2: twitter.com in-degree



## (a) No link to other finance.detik.com



(b) some links to other finance. detik.com

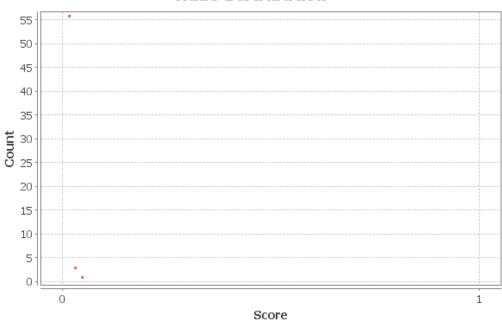
 $Figure \ 3: \ finance.detik.com \ out-degree$ 

## **Authority Distribution**



(a) Authorities Distribution

## **Hubs Distribution**



(b) Hubs Distribution

Figure 4: HITS

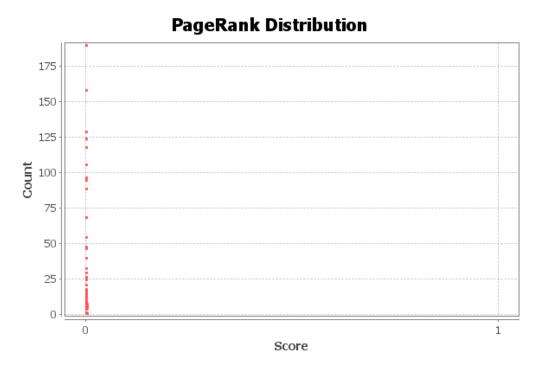
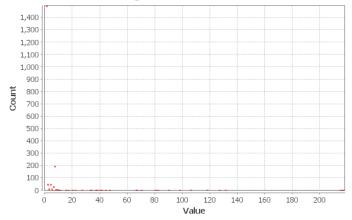


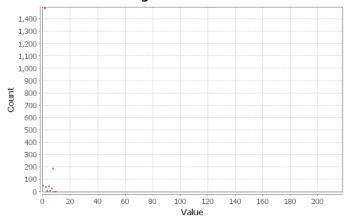
Figure 5: PageRank





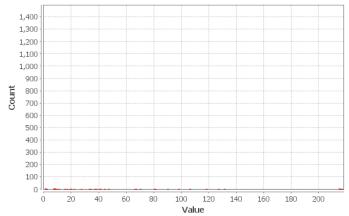
#### (a) Degree Distribution

#### **In-Degree Distribution**



#### (b) In-degree Distribution

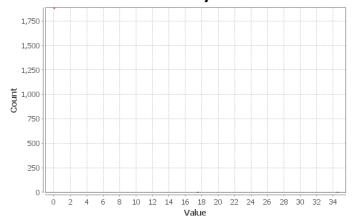
#### **Out-Degree Distribution**



## (c) Out-degree Distribution

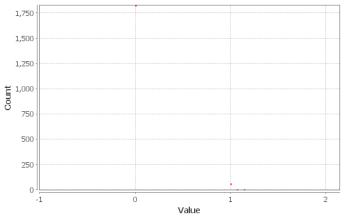
Figure 6: HITS





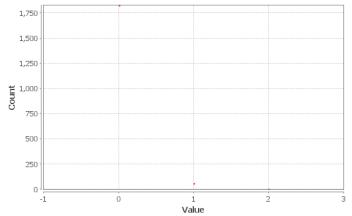
#### (a) Betweenness Centrality Distribution

#### **Closeness Centrality Distribution**



#### (b) Closeness Centrality Distribution

#### **Eccentricity Distribution**



(c) Eccentricity Distribution

Figure 7: Network Diameter

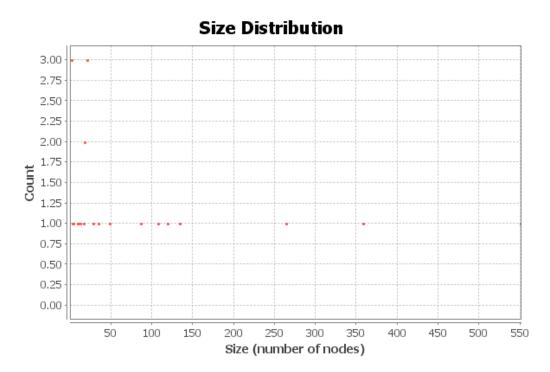


Figure 8: Connected Components