The goal is to automate as much of the software delivery process as possible. That means that you manage your infrastructure not by clicking around a web page or manually executing shell commands, but through code. This is a concept that is typically called *infrastructure as code*.

What Is Infrastructure as Code?

The idea behind infrastructure as code (IaC) is that you write and execute code to define, deploy, update, and destroy your infrastructure. This represents an important shift in mindset in which you treat all aspects of operations as software—even those aspects that represent hardware (e.g., setting up physical servers). In fact, a key insight of DevOps is that you can manage almost *everything* in code, including servers, databases, networks, logfiles, application configuration, documentation, automated tests, deployment processes, and so on.

There are five broad categories of IaC tools:

- Ad hoc scripts

- Configuration management tools

- Server templating tools

- Orchestration tools

- Provisioning tools

Let's look at these one at a time.

Ad Hoc Scripts

The most straightforward approach to automating anything is to write an *ad hoc script*. You take whatever task you were doing manually, break it down into discrete steps, use your favorite scripting language (e.g., Bash, Ruby, Python) to define each of those steps in code, and execute that script on your server, as shown in Figure 1-1.