

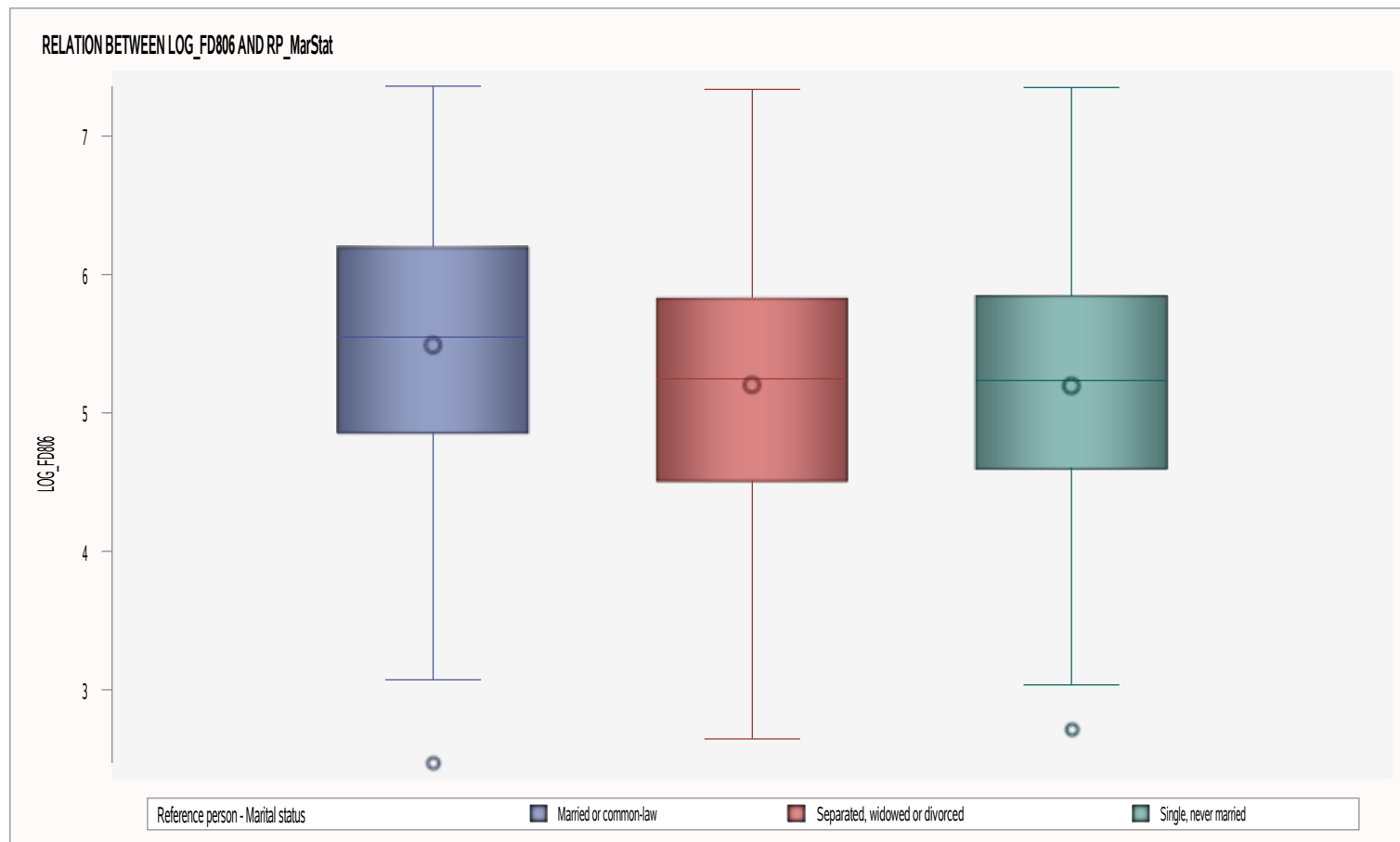
# BIVARIATE ANALYSIS OF RP\_MarStat AND LOG\_FD806 FOR ANA.MODEL2

## RELATION BETWEEN LOG\_FD806 AND RP\_MarStat

14:29 Sunday, November 21, 2021 1

### The MEANS Procedure

Analysis Variable : LOG_FD806														
Reference person - Marital status	N Obs	N	N Miss	Minimum	Lower Quartile	Median	Mean	Upper Quartile	Maximum	Quartile Range	Coeff of Variation	Lower 95% CL for Mean	Upper 95% CL for Mean	Skewness
Married or common-law	5220895	5220895	0	2.47	4.85	5.55	5.48	6.20	7.36	1.35	16.91	5.48	5.49	-0.20
Separated, widowed or divorced	1548207	1548207	0	2.64	4.51	5.25	5.20	5.83	7.34	1.32	17.94	5.20	5.20	-0.13
Single, never married	1359774	1359774	0	2.71	4.59	5.23	5.20	5.84	7.35	1.25	18.22	5.19	5.20	0.02



One-way ANOVA Assumptions
In order to run a one-way ANOVA the following assumptions must be met:
1.The response of interest is continuous and normally distributed for each treatment group:
Normality test: PROC UNIVARIATE NORMAL and QQPlot for each group.
2.Treatment groups are independent of one another. Experimental units only receive one treatment,and they do not overlap.
3.There are no major outliers.
4.A check for unequal variances will help determine which version of a one-way ANOVA is most appropriate
(Levene's test, Null hypothesis: variances are equal between groups):
A .If variances are equal, then the assumptions of a standard one-way ANOVA are met.
B. If variances are unequal, then a Welch's one-way ANOVA is appropriate.

Normal Distribution?
Null hypothesis: sample has a normal distribution
CLT :
a.If it looks normal and each group have more than 30 observations
b.If moderately skewed, each group must have more than 100 observations
*rule of thumb: If skewness is between -1 and -0.5 or between 0.5 and 1, the distribution is moderately skewed.
*if the sample size is over 2000, the Kolmogorov test should be used. If the sample size is less than 2000, the Shapiro test is better.

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

**Reference person - Marital status=Married or common-law**

Moments			
<b>N</b>	5220895	<b>Sum Weights</b>	5220895
<b>Mean</b>	5.48455392	<b>Sum Observations</b>	28634280.1
<b>Std Deviation</b>	0.92724701	<b>Variance</b>	0.85978702
<b>Skewness</b>	-0.2032826	<b>Kurtosis</b>	-0.6297533

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

Reference person - Marital status=Married or common-law

Moments			
<b>Uncorrected SS</b>	161535110	<b>Corrected SS</b>	4488856.88
<b>Coeff Variation</b>	16.9065164	<b>Std Error Mean</b>	0.00040581

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
<b>Mean</b>	5.484554	<b>Std Deviation</b>	0.92725
<b>Median</b>	5.548103	<b>Variance</b>	0.85979
<b>Mode</b>	6.488141	<b>Range</b>	4.89010
		<b>Interquartile Range</b>	1.35130

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
<b>Student's t</b>	<b>t</b>	13515.07	<b>Pr &gt;  t </b>	<.0001
<b>Sign</b>	<b>M</b>	2610448	<b>Pr &gt;=  M </b>	<.0001
<b>Signed Rank</b>	<b>S</b>	6.814E12	<b>Pr &gt;=  S </b>	<.0001

Tests for Normality				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
<b>Kolmogorov-Smirnov</b>	<b>D</b>	0.03549	<b>Pr &gt; D</b>	<0.0100
<b>Cramer-von Mises</b>	<b>W-Sq</b>	2087.027	<b>Pr &gt; W-Sq</b>	<0.0050
<b>Anderson-Darling</b>	<b>A-Sq</b>	15396.55	<b>Pr &gt; A-Sq</b>	<0.0050

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

Reference person - Marital status=Married or common-law

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	7.36074
99%	7.28909
95%	6.90938
90%	6.65562
75% Q3	6.19832
50% Median	5.54810
25% Q1	4.84702
10%	4.11676
5%	3.93378
1%	3.38912
0% Min	2.47064

Extreme Observations					
Lowest			Highest		
Value	Freq	Obs	Value	Freq	Obs
2.47064	3940	1429	7.34357	669	135
3.07177	347	1453	7.35014	1360	1507
3.08374	1372	272	7.35361	491	1356
3.08374	3250	109	7.35843	4907	792
3.15274	132	1093	7.36074	43	979

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

Reference person - Marital status=Separated, widowed or divorced

Moments			
<b>N</b>	1548207	<b>Sum Weights</b>	1548207
<b>Mean</b>	5.20017174	<b>Sum Observations</b>	8050942.3
<b>Std Deviation</b>	0.93282761	<b>Variance</b>	0.87016735
<b>Skewness</b>	-0.1333123	<b>Kurtosis</b>	-0.3866875
<b>Uncorrected SS</b>	43213481	<b>Corrected SS</b>	1347198.32
<b>Coeff Variation</b>	17.9384001	<b>Std Error Mean</b>	0.0007497

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
<b>Mean</b>	5.200172	<b>Std Deviation</b>	0.93283
<b>Median</b>	5.246919	<b>Variance</b>	0.87017
<b>Mode</b>	6.188552	<b>Range</b>	4.69268
		<b>Interquartile Range</b>	1.32466

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
<b>Student's t</b>	<b>t</b>	6936.347	<b>Pr &gt;  t </b>	<.0001
<b>Sign</b>	<b>M</b>	774103.5	<b>Pr &gt;=  M </b>	<.0001
<b>Signed Rank</b>	<b>S</b>	5.992E11	<b>Pr &gt;=  S </b>	<.0001

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

Reference person - Marital status=Separated, widowed or divorced

Tests for Normality				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
Kolmogorov-Smirnov	D	0.041738	Pr > D	<0.0100
Cramer-von Mises	W-Sq	520.2227	Pr > W-Sq	<0.0050
Anderson-Darling	A-Sq	3469.689	Pr > A-Sq	<0.0050

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	7.33743
99%	7.10462
95%	6.77815
90%	6.46812
75% Q3	5.83056
50% Median	5.24692
25% Q1	4.50590
10%	3.94893
5%	3.66356
1%	3.02237
0% Min	2.64476

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

**Reference person - Marital status=Separated, widowed or divorced**

Extreme Observations					
Lowest			Highest		
Value	Freq	Obs	Value	Freq	Obs
2.64476	15313	1979	7.16410	1554	1709
3.02237	4062	1780	7.21127	1683	1961
3.07177	840	1832	7.27547	1311	1901
3.21727	1553	1905	7.28345	442	1575
3.24805	1311	1732	7.33743	836	1687

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

**Reference person - Marital status=Single, never married**

Moments			
<b>N</b>	1359774	<b>Sum Weights</b>	1359774
<b>Mean</b>	5.19640367	<b>Sum Observations</b>	7065934.61
<b>Std Deviation</b>	0.94686986	<b>Variance</b>	0.89656253
<b>Skewness</b>	0.02203074	<b>Kurtosis</b>	-0.3884498
<b>Uncorrected SS</b>	37936570.1	<b>Corrected SS</b>	1219121.52
<b>Coeff Variation</b>	18.2216379	<b>Std Error Mean</b>	0.000812

**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

Reference person - Marital status=Single, never married

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	5.196404	Std Deviation	0.94687
Median	5.234951	Variance	0.89656
Mode	5.958166	Range	4.63772
		Interquartile Range	1.24975

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
Student's t	t	6399.499	Pr >  t	<.0001
Sign	M	679887	Pr >=  M	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	4.622E11	Pr >=  S	<.0001

Tests for Normality				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
Kolmogorov-Smirnov	D	0.040272	Pr > D	<0.0100
Cramer-von Mises	W-Sq	318.9522	Pr > W-Sq	<0.0050
Anderson-Darling	A-Sq	2449.614	Pr > A-Sq	<0.0050

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	7.35109
99%	7.15277
95%	6.96876
90%	6.40723



**The UNIVARIATE Procedure**  
**Variable: LOG\_FD806**

**Freq: WeightD**

Reference person - Marital status=Single, never married

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
75% Q3	5.84285
50% Median	5.23495
25% Q1	4.59310
10%	3.99046
5%	3.40652
1%	3.05777
0% Min	2.71337

Extreme Observations					
Lowest			Highest		
Value	Freq	Obs	Value	Freq	Obs
2.71337	1520	2043	7.17670	3082	2230
3.03495	8060	2169	7.20510	5467	2108
3.05777	7665	2289	7.27783	46	2223
3.10727	381	2167	7.27891	505	1994
3.21165	209	2037	7.35109	759	2291

Null hypothesis: equal variances

a.If variances are equal, then a pooled t-test is appropriate

b.If variances are unequal, then a Satterthwaite (also known as Welch's) test is appropriate

### The GLM Procedure

Class Level Information		
Class	Levels	Values
RP_MarStat	3	Married or common-law Separated, widowed or divorced Single, never married

Number of Observations Read	2327
Number of Observations Used	2327
Sum of Frequencies Read	8128876
Sum of Frequencies Used	8128876

### The GLM Procedure

Dependent Variable: LOG\_FD806

Frequency: WeightD

Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
Model	2	152934.293	76467.147	88104.3	<.0001
Error	8.13E6	7055176.720	0.868		
Corrected Total	8.13E6	7208111.014			

R-Square	Coeff Var	Root MSE	LOG_FD806 Mean
0.021217	17.30931	0.931620	5.382190

Source	DF	Type I SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
RP_MarStat	2	152934.2933	76467.1466	88104.3	<.0001

Source	DF	Type III SS	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
RP_MarStat	2	152934.2933	76467.1466	88104.3	<.0001

### The GLM Procedure

Levene's Test for Homogeneity of LOG_FD806 Variance ANOVA of Absolute Deviations from Group Means					
Source	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F Value	Pr > F
RP_MarStat	2	224.2	112.1	393.28	<.0001
Error	8.13E6	2317449	0.2851		

Welch's ANOVA for LOG_FD806			
Source	DF	F Value	Pr > F
RP_MarStat	2.0000	87448.3	<.0001
Error	2765839		

### The GLM Procedure

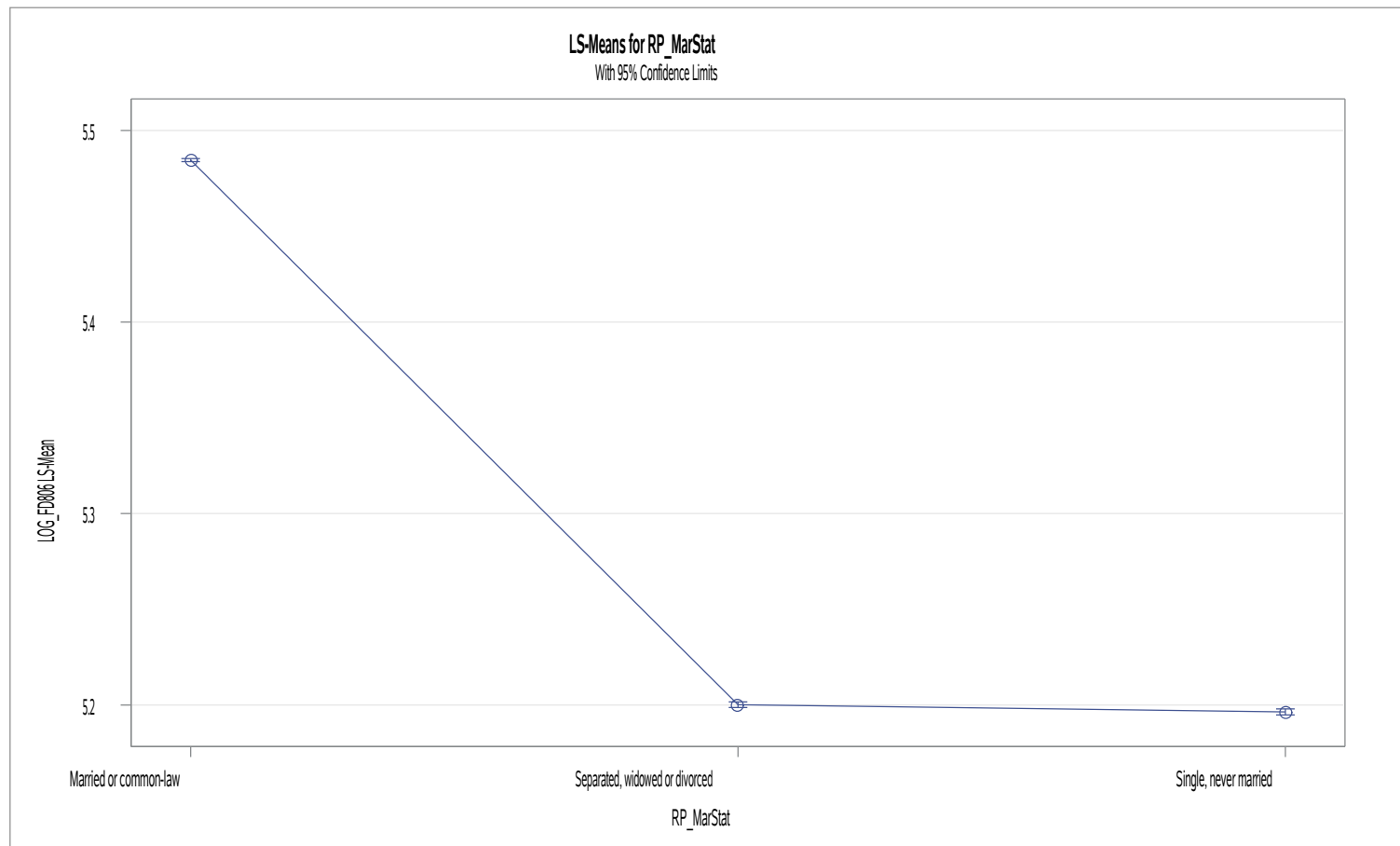
Level of RP_MarStat	N	LOG_FD806	
		Mean	Std Dev
Married or common-law	5220895	5.48455392	0.92724701
Separated, widowed or divorced	1548207	5.20017174	0.93282761
Single, never married	1359774	5.19640367	0.94686986

### The GLM Procedure Least Squares Means Adjustment for Multiple Comparisons: Tukey

RP_MarStat	LOG_FD806 LSMEAN	LSMEAN Number
Married or common-law	5.48455392	1
Separated, widowed or divorced	5.20017174	2
Single, never married	5.19640367	3

**The GLM Procedure**  
**Least Squares Means**  
**Adjustment for Multiple Comparisons: Tukey**

Least Squares Means for effect RP_MarStat Pr >  t  for H0: LSMean(i)=LSMean(j)			
Dependent Variable: LOG_FD806			
i/j	1	2	3
1		<.0001	<.0001
2	<.0001		0.0017
3	<.0001	0.0017	



**The GLM Procedure**  
**Least Squares Means**  
**Adjustment for Multiple Comparisons: Tukey**

