2010 CONSUMER EXPENDITURE DIARY SURVEY PUBLIC USE MICRODATA User's Documentation September 27, 2011

U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics Division of Consumer Expenditure Survey

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I. INTRODUCTION

The Consumer Expenditure Survey (CE) program provides a continuous and comprehensive flow of data on the buying habits of American consumers. These data are used widely in economic research and analysis, and in support of revisions of the Consumer Price Index. To meet the needs of users, the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) produces population estimates (for consumer units or CUs) of average expenditures in news releases, reports, and articles in the Monthly Labor Review. Tabulated CE data are also available on the Internet and by facsimile transmission (see Section XVI. Appendix 5). The microdata are available on CD-ROMs.

These microdata files present detailed expenditure and income data for the Diary component of the CE for 2010. They include weekly expenditure (EXPN), annual income (DTAB) files, and imputed income files (DTID). The data in EXPN, DTAB, and DTID files are categorized by a Universal Classification Code (UCC). The advantage of the EXPN and DTAB files is that with the data classified in a standardized format, the user may perform comparative expenditure (income) analysis with relative ease. The FMLY and MEMB files present data on the characteristics and demographics of CUs and CU members. The summary level expenditure and income information on the FMLY files permits the data user to link consumer spending, by general expenditure category, and household characteristics and demographics on one set of files.

Estimates of average expenditures in 2010 from the Diary survey, integrated with data from the Interview survey, are published in *Consumer Expenditures in 2010.* A list of recent publications containing data from the CE appears at the end of this documentation.

The microdata files are in the public domain and, with appropriate credit, may be reproduced without permission. A suggested citation is: "U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Consumer Expenditure Survey, Diary Survey, 2010".

II. CHANGES FROM THE 2009 MICRODATA FILES

A. FMLY Files

No changes in 2010

B. MEMB Files

No changes in 2010

C. EXPN Files

No changes in 2010

D. DTAB Files

No changes in 2010

E. DTID Files

No changes in 2010

III. FILE INFORMATION

The microdata on the CD-ROM are provided as SAS, STATA, SPSS data sets or ASCII text and comma-delimited files. The 2010 Diary release contains five sets of data files (FMLY, MEMB, EXPN, DTAB, DTID) and three processing files. The FMLY, MEMB, EXPN, DTAB, and DTID files are organized by the quarter of the calendar year in which the data were collected. There are four quarterly data sets for each of these files. The FMLY files contain CU characteristics, income, and summary level expenditures; the MEMB files contain member characteristics and income data; the EXPN files contain detailed weekly expenditures at the UCC level; the DTAB files contains the CU's reported income values or the mean of the five imputed income values in the multiple imputation method; and the DTID files contain the five imputed income values.

The three processing files enhance computer processing and tabulation of data, and provide descriptive information on item codes. The three processing files are: an aggregation scheme file used in the published consumer expenditure tables (DSTUB), a UCC file that contains UCCs and their abbreviated titles, identifying the expenditure, income, or demographic item represented by each UCC, and a sample program file that contains the computer program used in Section VII.A. SAMPLE PROGRAM of the documentation. The processing files are further explained in Section III.E.5. PROCESSING FILES.

In addition to these processing files, there is a "User's Guide to Income Imputation in the CE", which includes information on how to appropriately use the imputed income data.

Note that the variable NEWID, the CU's identification number, is the common variable among files by which matching is done.

A. DATA SET NAMES

The file naming convention in the ASCII subfolder (X:\Data\2010_ASCII\diary10) is as follows: (where "X" references the designated drive for your CD)

```
\DIARY10\FMLYD101.txt
                        (Diary FMLY file for first quarter, 2010)
\DIARY10\MEMBD101.txt
                        (Diary MEMB file for first quarter, 2010)
                        (Diary EXPN file for first quarter, 2010)
\DIARY10\EXPND101.txt
\DIARY10\DTABD101.txt
                        (Diary DTAB file for first quarter, 2010)
                        (Diary IMPUTED DTAB file for, 2010 Q1)
\DIARY10\DTBID101.txt
\DIARY10\FMLYD102.txt
                        (etc.)
\DIARY10\MEMBD102.txt
\DIARY10\EXPND102.txt
\DIARY10\DTABD102.txt
\DIARY10\DTBID102.txt
\DIARY10\FMLYD103.txt
\DIARY10\MEMBD103.txt
\DIARY10\EXPND103.txt
\DIARY10\DTABD103.txt
\DIARY10\DTBID103.txt
\DIARY10\FMLYD104.txt
\DIARY10\MEMBD104.txt
\DIARY10\EXPND104.txt
\DIARY10\DTABD104.txt
\DIARY10\DTBID104.txt
\DIARY10\UCCD10.txt
```

The file naming convention in the SAS subfolder X:\\Data\2010_SAS\\diary10 is listed in the table below. The STATA, ASCII comma-delimited, and SPSS files use the same dataset names as SAS, but have a different file extension as follows:

Comma-delimited ASCII files: *.csv

STATA files: *.dta SPSS files: *.sav

```
\DIARY10\FMLD101.sas7bdat
                              (Diary FMLY file for first quarter, 2010)
\DIARY10\MEMD101.sas7bdat
                              (Diary MEMB file for first quarter, 2010)
\DIARY10\EXPD101.sas7bdat
                              (Diary EXPN file for first quarter, 2010)
\DIARY10\DTBD101.sas7bdat
                              (Diary DTAB file for first quarter, 2010)
                              (Diary Imputed DTAB file for, 2010 Q1)
\DIARY10\DTID101.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\FMLD102.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\MEMD102.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\EXPD102.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\DTBD102.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\DTID102.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\FMLD103.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\MEMD103.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\EXPD103.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\DTBD103.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\DTID103.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\FMLD104.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\MEMD104.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\EXPD104.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\DTBD104.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\DTID104.sas7bdat
\DIARY10\UCCD10.txt
```

Note: All data files are compressed so the data can fit on one CD-ROM. These files can be uncompressed using most unzip utilities.

B. RECORD COUNTS AND LOGICAL RECORD LENGTHS PER QUARTER

The following are number of records and the logical record lengths (LRECL) in each data set. The OBS count is also applicable to the STATA and SPSS files:

| ASCII data set | SAS data set | <u>2010</u> <u>Record</u> | <u>2010</u> LRECL |
|----------------|------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | <u>Count</u> | |
| FMLYD101.txt | FMLD101.sas7bdat | 3725 | 3119 |
| MEMBD101.txt | MEMD101.sas7bdat | 9298 | 775 |
| EXPND101.txt | EXPD101.sas7bdat | 130295 | 40 |
| DTABD101.txt | DTBD101.sas7bdat | 63052 | 28 |
| DTBID101.txt | DTID101.sas7bdat | 95631 | 29 |
| FMLYD102.txt | FMLD102.sas7bdat | 3619 | 3119 |
| MEMBD102.txt | MEMD102.sas7bdat | 9257 | 775 |
| EXPND102.txt | EXPD102.sas7bdat | 130265 | 40 |
| DTABD102.txt | DTBD102.sas7bdat | 61362 | 28 |
| DTBID102.txt | DTID102.sas7bdat | 92245 | 29 |
| FMLYD103.txt | FMLD103.sas7bdat | 3511 | 3119 |
| MEMBD103.txt | MEMD103.sas7bdat | 8592 | 775 |
| EXPND103.txt | EXPD103.sas7bdat | 119867 | 40 |
| DTABD103.txt | DTBD103.sas7bdat | 59099 | 28 |
| DTBID103.txt | DTID103.sas7bdat | 88978 | 29 |

| ASCII data set | SAS data set | <u>2010</u> | <u>2010</u> |
|----------------|------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | Record | LRECL |
| | | Count | |
| FMLYD104.txt | FMLD104.sas7bdat | 3441 | 3119 |
| MEMBD104.txt | MEMD104.sas7bdat | 8518 | 775 |
| EXPND104.txt | EXPD104.sas7bdat | 119285 | 40 |
| DTABD104.txt | DTBD104.sas7bdat | 63110 | 28 |
| DTBID104.txt | DTID104.sas7bdat | 95030 | 29 |

C. DATA FLAGS:

Data fields on the FMLY and MEMB files are explained by flag variables following the data field. The names of the flag variables are derived from the names of the data fields they reference. In general the rule is to add an underscore to the last position of the data field name, for example WAGEX becomes WAGEX_. However, if the data field name is eight characters in length, then the fifth position is replaced with an underscore. If this fifth position is already an underscore, then the fifth position is changed to a zero, so that PENSIONX becomes PENS_ONX, EDUC_REF becomes EDUCOREF.

The flag values are defined as follows:

A flag value of "A" indicates a valid blank; that is, a blank field where a response is not anticipated.

A flag value of "B" indicates a blank resulting from an invalid nonresponse; that is, a nonresponse that is not consistent with other data reported by the CU.

A flag value of "C" refers to a blank resulting from a "don't know", refusal, or other type of nonresponse.

A flag value of "D" indicates that the data field contains a valid or good data value.

A flag value of "T" indicates topcoding has been applied to the data field.

Some Primary Sampling Units (PSUs) in some states are given "false" STATE codes for nondisclosure reasons. See Section IV.A.CU CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY) on topcoding of CU characteristics and income for more detail.

D. INCOME IMPUTATION

Beginning in 2004, the CE has implemented multiple imputation of income data. Imputation allows income values to be estimated when they are not reported. Many income variables and other income related variables will be imputed using a multiple imputation process. These imputed income values will be included in the FMLY, MEMB, DTAB, and DTID files. The multiple imputation process derives five imputation values, and a mean imputation value, per selected income variable. More information on the imputation process and how to appropriately use the data are found in the document "User's guide to Income Imputation in the CE".

In the public-use microdata, not all of the imputed income variables will contain the derived imputation values. For some income variables, the five derived imputations are excluded and only the mean of those imputations is available. For these variables, there are 3 associated income variables in the FMLY and MEMB files (INCOMEM, INCOMEM_, and INCOMEI). For all other imputed income variables, there are 7 associated variables in the FMLY and MEMB files:

INCOME1 - the first imputed income value or the reported income value, if non-missing INCOME2 - the second imputed income value or the reported income value, if non-missing INCOME3 - the third imputed income value or the reported income value, if non-missing INCOME4 - the fourth imputed income value or the reported income value, if non-missing INCOME5 - the fifth imputed income value or the reported income value, if non-missing INCOMEM - the mean of the five imputed income values INCOMEM_ - the flag variable for the imputed variable (see section III.C. Data Flags) INCOMEI - the imputation indicator

Income variables that have imputed values as components (ex: FINCBEFM) will also have 5 imputed values and a mean based on each of the imputed components.

The imputation indicator variable is a 3 digit number that is coded as follows:

The first digit in the 3 digit code defines the imputation method. The meanings are:

- 1: No Imputation
- 2: Multiple Imputation due to invalid blank only
- 3: Multiple Imputation due to bracketing only
- 4: Multiple Imputation due to invalid blanks and bracketing
- 5: Multiple Imputation due to conversion of a valid blank to an invalid blank (this occurs only when initial values for all sources of income for the CU were valid blanks).

The meaning of the last two digits of the three digit code differs depending on whether you are looking at one of the components of overall income, like FWAGEXM, or you are looking at the summary level variable FINCBEFM. For the components the last 2 digits represent the number of family members who had their data imputed for that source. For example, if a family had a value of 302 for FWAGEXI that would mean that 2 of the members in the family had their salary income imputed and that in both cases the imputation was due to bracketing only. For the summary level variable FINCBEFM which is a summation of all of the income components, the last 2 digits represent the number of income sources imputed for each member all added together. So, for example, if a family had 3 members and 2 had salary income imputed due to invalid blank only, and 2 had nonfarm income imputed due to bracketing only, and that was the only income data imputed for members of that family, then FWAGEXI for the family would be 202, FBSNSXI would be 302, and FINCBEFI would be 404.

The DTAB file includes income UCCs mapped from the associated INCOMEM variables and the income variables that are not imputed in the FMLY files. The DTID file includes UCCs mapped from income variables subject to income imputation, including the variable IMPNUM to indicate the imputation number 1 - 5.

E. FILE NOTATION

Every record from each data file includes the variable NEWID, the CU's unique identification number, which can be used to link records of one CU from several files.

Data fields for variables on the microdata files have either numeric or character values. The format column in the diary data dictionary distinguishes whether a variable is numeric (NUM) or character (CHAR) and shows the number of field positions the variable occupies. Variables that include decimal points are formatted as NUM(t,r) where t is the total number of positions occupied, and r is the number of places to the right of the decimal.

In addition to format, the diary data dictionary gives an item description, questionnaire source, identification of codes where applicable, and start position for each variable.

A star (*) is shown in front of new variables, those which have changed in format or definition, and those which have been deleted.

Some variables require special notation. The following notation is used throughout the documentation for all files:

*D(Yxxq) identifies a variable that is deleted as of the quarterly file indicated. The year and quarter are identified by the 'xx' and 'q' respectively. For example, the notation *D(Y101) indicates the variable is deleted starting with the data file of the first quarter of 2010.

*N(Yxxq) identifies a variable that is added as of the quarterly file indicated. The year and quarter are identified by the 'xx' and 'q' for new variables in the same way as for deleted variables.

*C(Yxxq) identifies a variable whose description has been changed. The year and quarter are identified by the 'xx' and 'q' for new variables in the same way as for new and deleted variables.

*L indicates that the variable can contain negative values.

F. NOTES ON FILES

1. CONSUMER UNIT (CU) CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY)

The "FMLY" file, also referred to as the "Consumer Unit Characteristics and Income" file, contains CU characteristics, CU income, and characteristics and earnings of the reference person and of the spouse. The file includes weights needed to calculate population estimates and variances. (See Sections V. ESTIMATION PROCEDURES and VI. RELIABILITY STATEMENT)

Summary expenditure variables in this file can be combined to derive weekly estimates for broad consumption categories. Demographic characteristics, such as family size, refer to the CU status on the date of the interview. Income variables contain annual values, covering the 12 months prior to the date of the interview. When there is a valid nonresponse, or where nonresponse occurs and there is no imputation, there will be missing values. The type of nonresponse is explained by associated data flag variables described in Section III.C. DATA FLAGS.

a. SUMMARY EXPENDITURE DATA

The variables FOODTOT through HOUSKEEP contain summary expenditure data. They are all BLS derived. The UCCs comprising each summary expenditure variable are listed below the variable description. UCCs may not be represented in all Diary quarters. When UCCs are added or deleted to the summary variable definition, the quarter in which the addition (deletion) to the summary expenditure variable occurs is denoted by a leading superscript directly after the UCC code in the "Changes to the YYYY Microdata section". For example, N101<UCC> or D101<UCC> identifies a new or deleted UCC for a given summary expenditure variable beginning in Q101.

2. MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME (MEMB) FILE

The "MEMB" file, also referred to as the "Member Characteristics and Income" file, contains selected characteristics for each CU member, including identification of relationship to reference person. Characteristics for the reference person and spouse appear on both the MEMB file and FMLY file. Demographic characteristic data, such as age of CU member, refer to the member status at the placement of each diary. Income data are collected for all CU members over 13 years of age. Income taxes withheld and pension and retirement contributions are shown both annually and as deductions from the member's last paycheck. Income variables contain annual values for the 12 months prior to the interview month. When there is a valid nonresponse, or where nonresponse occurs and there is no imputation, there will be missing values. The type of nonresponse is explained by associated data flag variables described in Section III.C. DATA FLAGS.

3. DETAILED EXPENDITURES (EXPN) FILE

In the "EXPN" file, each expenditure recorded by a CU in a weekly diary is identified by UCC, gift/nongift status, and day on which the expenditure occurred. UCC's are six digit codes that identify items or groups of items. (See Appendix 2.A for a listing of UCC's.) There may be more than one record for a UCC on a single day if that is what was reported in the diary. There are no missing values in this file. If no expenditure was recorded for the item(s) represented by a UCC, then there is no record for the UCC on file.

4. INCOME (DTAB) FILE

The "DTAB" file, also referred to as the "Income" file, contains CU characteristic and income data. This file is created directly from the FMLY file and contains the same annual and point-of-placement data. It was created to facilitate computer processing when linking CU income and demographic characteristic data with EXPN expenditure data. As such, the file structure is similar to EXPN. Each characteristic and income item is identified by UCC (See Section XIII.B for a listing of UCCs). There are no records with missing values in DTAB. If the corresponding FMLY file variable contained a missing value, there is no record for the UCC.

5. IMPUTED INCOME FILE (DTID)

As a result of the introduction of multiply imputed income data in the Consumer Expenditure Survey, the Imputed DTAB (DTID) file is now on the Microdata. It is very similar to the DTAB file, except that the variable "IMPNUM" will indicate the number (1-5) of the imputation variant of the income variable and it only contains UCCs from variables subject to income imputation.

6. PROCESSING FILES

a. Dstub file

X:\Programs\Dstub2010.txt

The Dstub file shows the aggregation scheme used in the published consumer expenditure tables. It is formatted as follows:

| DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
|--|-------------------|----------|
| Type: represents whether information in this line contains aggregation data or not | 1 | CHAR(1) |
| Level: aggregation level (lowest number is highest level of aggregation) | 4 | CHAR(1) |
| Title: title of the line item | 7 | CHAR(60) |
| UCC: UCC number in the EXPN or DTAB file | 70 | CHAR(6) |
| Survey: Indicates survey source (D = Diary, G = Aggregated item) | 80 | CHAR(1) |
| Group: Indicates if the item is an expenditure, income, or asset | 86 | CHAR(7) |

Note: this file is an internal BLS file used for processing expenditures. It has other information that may be ignored by users of the public use data.

b. UCC file

X:\DIARY10\UCCD10.TXT

The UCC file contains UCCs and their abbreviated titles, identifying the expenditure, income, or demographic item represented by each UCC. It is formatted as follows:

| DESCRIPTION | START POSITION | FORMAT |
|---|-------------------|----------|
| UCC | 1 | CHAR(6) |
| UCC title (See Section XIII.A. EXPENDITURE UCCS ON EXPN FILE and XIII.B. INCOME AND RELATED UCCS ON DTAB FILE for a list of UCCs and their full titles by file—expenditure (EXPN) or income (DTAB).) | 8 | CHAR(50) |

c. Sample program files

X:\Programs\SAS\Diary Mean and SE.sas X:\Programs\SAS\Integrated Mean and SE.sas

X:\Programs\STATA\Diary Table2010.do

The Diary Mean and SE program file contains the computer program used in Section VII.A. SAMPLE PROGRAM of the documentation. This file has been created to provide programming assistance.

In addition to the Diary Mean and SE.sas program, there are additional sample programs in the Programs folder to provide assistance using different files. The Integrated Mean and SE.sas program is used using data from the Diary and Interview files to create the means and standard errors using the same methods as the published tables. The Diary Table do-file is a STATA program that produces the same Diary Mean estimates.

Note: Estimates from the programs will not match the published tables exactly due to topcoding in the public-use data.

IV. TOPCODING AND OTHER NONDISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Sensitive CU data are changed so that users will not be able to identify CUs who participated in the survey. Topcoding refers to the replacement of data in cases where the value of the original data exceeds prescribed critical values. Critical values for each variable containing sensitive data are calculated in accordance with Census Disclosure Review Board guidelines. Each observation that falls outside the critical value is replaced with a topcoded value that represents the mean of the subset of all outlying observations. All four quarters of data in the CE microdata release are used when calculating the critical value and topcode amount. If an observation is topcoded, the flag variable assigned to that observation is set to 'T'.

Since the critical value and the mean of the set of values outside the critical value may differ with each annual (four-quarter) release, the topcode values may change annually and be applied at a different starting point. By topcoding values in this manner, the first moment will be preserved for each four-quarter data release when using the total sample. This, however, will not be the case when means are estimated by characteristic, because topcode values are not calculated by characteristic.

A. CU CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (FMLY)

The following table lists FMLY file variables that are subject to topcoding as well as their associated critical values and topcode values. For multiply imputed income variables, it is possible for an upper topcode value to be less than the upper critical value or for a lower topcode value to be greater than the lower critical value.

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ADDFEDX | Amount of Federal income tax paid in addition to that withheld | 24,000 | NA | 52,023 | NA |
| ADDOTHX | Amount of other taxes paid but not reported elsewhere | 10,000 | NA | 16,143 | NA |
| ADDSTAX | Amount of state and local income tax paid in addition to that withheld | 6,000 | NA | 21,770 | NA |
| ALIOTHX | Amount received from regular contributions by all CU members | 30,000 | NA | 83,000 | NA |
| ALIOTHXM | Amount received from regular contributions by all CU members | 30,000 | NA | 46,150 | NA |
| CHDLMPX | Amount received by all CU members for a lump sum child support payment in last 12 months | 4,800 | NA | 15,240 | NA |

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| CHDOTHX | Amount received by all CU members in last 12 months for other child support | 15,600 | NA | 21,510 | NA |
| CHDOTHXM | Amount received by all CU members in last 12 months for other child support | 15,600 | NA | 17,598 | NA |
| DIVX | Amount received from dividends, royalties, estates, or trusts | 75,000 | NA | 139,400 | NA |
| DIVXM | Amount received from dividends, royalties, estates, or trusts | 75,000 | NA | 64,696 | NA |
| FEDREFX | Amount of refund from Federal income tax | 9,902 | NA | 15,046 | NA |
| INSREFX | Amount of refund from insurance policies | 4,800 | NA | 18,800 | NA |
| INTX | Amount received from interest on savings accounts, or bonds | 35,000 | NA | 149,307 | NA |
| INTXM | Amount received from interest on savings accounts, or bonds | 35,000 | NA | 46,372 | NA |
| LUMPX | Amount from lump sum payments from estates, trusts, royalties, alimony, child support, prizes, games of chance, or persons outside CU | 124,000 | NA | 321,333 | NA |
| OCCEXPNX | Amount paid by CU for occupational expenses, last 12 months | 5,000 | NA | 15,140 | NA |
| OTHINX | Amount from other money income, including money from care of foster children, cash scholarships and fellowships, or stipends, not based on working | 32,000 | NA | 88,667 | NA |
| OTHINXM | Amount from other money income, including money from care of foster children, cash scholarships and fellowships, or stipends, not based on working | 32,000 | NA | 48,069 | NA |
| OTHREFX | Amount of refund from other sources, including any other taxes | 1,000 | NA | 3,327 | NA |
| PENSIONM | Amount received from pensions or annuities from private companies, military or government, IRA or Keogh | 72,000 | NA | 76,637 | NA |
| PENSIONX | Amount received from pensions or annuities from private companies, military or government, IRA or Keogh | 72,000 | NA | 146,081 | NA |
| PTAXREFX | Amount of refund from property taxes | 1,800 | NA | 5,300 | NA |
| ROOMX | Amount of net income or loss received from roomers or boarders | 30,600 | NA | 73,200 | NA |

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ROOMXM | Amount of net income or loss received from roomers or boarders | 30,600 | NA | 41,182 | NA |
| SALEX | Amount received from sale of household furnishings, equipment, clothing, jewelry, pets or other belongings, excluding sale of vehicles or property | 7,000 | NA | 27,400 | NA |
| SSREFX | Amount of refund from overpayment on Social Security | 2,040 | NA | 5,725 | NA |
| STATREFX | Amount of refund from state or local income tax | 2,500 | NA | 4,639 | NA |
| TAXPROPX | Amount of personal property taxes paid but not reported elsewhere | 1,200 | NA | 2,258 | NA |

Some income variables that are subject to topcoding are constructed by summing up the values of "lower level" MEMB or FMLY file component variables. These variables are not topcoded by the conventional method of replacement with a topcode value. Instead the variables' components are summed normally and the variables are flagged as topcoded if one of their component variables is topcoded.

Following are the income variables that are calculated using values of their component variables. (See the descriptions of each variable in the diary data dictionary for a list of component variables.)

| EARNX | Amount of CU income from earnings before taxes |
|------------|---|
| FBSNSXM, | Amount of income from non-farm business |
| FBSNSX1-5 | |
| FBSNSX | |
| FFARMXM, | Amount of income or loss received from own farm |
| FFARMX1-5 | |
| FFARMX | |
| FFEDTXX | Amount of Federal tax deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| FGVXM, | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| FGVX1-5 | |
| FGVX | |
| FINCAFTM, | Amount of CU income after taxes |
| FINCAFT1-5 | |
| FINCAFTX | |
| FINCBEFM, | Amount of CU income before taxes |
| FINCBEF1-5 | |
| FINCBEFX | |
| FIRAX | Amount of money placed in individual retirement plan |
| FJSSDEDM, | Estimated amount of annual Social Security contribution |
| FJSSDED1-5 | |
| FJSSDEDX | |
| FPVTXM | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| FPVTX | |
| FRRXM | Amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| FRRX | |
| FSTATXXM, | Amount of State and local income taxes deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU |

| FSTATXX1-5 | members |
|------------|--|
| FSTATXX | |
| FWAGEXM, | Amount received from wage and salary income before deduction |
| FWAGEX1-5 | |
| FWAGEX | |
| OTHRECX | Amount of other money receipts excluded from family income |
| PERSTAXM, | Amount of personal taxes paid |
| PERSTAX1-5 | · |
| PERSTAX | |

Here are some examples of situations that may occur. The value for the variable FBSNSX (family income from nonfarm business) is computed as the sum of the values reported for the variable BSNSX (member income from nonfarm business) from the MEMB file. BSNSX is subject to topcoding beyond the critical value of \$200,000 (-\$9,999). The topcode value for BSNSX is \$298,000 (-\$115,703).

| BSNSX | | | FBS | NSX | |
|-----------|-------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|------------|
| | | | AFTER | | FLAGGED AS |
| <u>CU</u> | | <u>REPORTED</u> | <u>TOPCODING</u> | <u>VALUE</u> | TOPCODED? |
| CU 1: | MEMB1 | \$145,000 | \$145,000 | | |
| | MEMB2 | 145,000 | 145,000 | | |
| | MEMB3 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 310,000 | No |
| CU 2: | MEMB1 | 354,000 | 298,000 | | |
| | MEMB2 | -15,000 | -115,703 | | |
| | MEMB3 | -29,000 | -115,703 | 66,594 | Yes |
| CU 3 | MEMB1 | 205,000 | 298,000 | | |
| | MEMB2 | 130,000 | 130,000 | 428,000 | Yes |
| CU 4 | MEMB1 | 140,000 | 140,000 | | |
| | MEMB2 | 140,000 | 140,000 | | |
| | MEMB3 | -300,000 | -115,703 | 164,297 | Yes |

While CUs 1 and 2 each originally report a total of \$310,000 for all members in BSNSX, topcoding is done only on the values reported by the members of CU2. Thus, the value for FBSNSX for CU2 is lower than for CU1 and is flagged as topcoded while CU1 is not. By using the mean of the subset of observations that are above (below) the critical value as the topcode amount, values on the public use data can be either below or above the actual reported value. Note that while CU2 has a topcoded value below the reported value, CU3's topcoded FBSNSX value (\$428,000) is higher than the amount that is reported (\$335,000). The case of CU4 demonstrates that the reported value for FBSNSXM can be negative, while the topcoded value can be positive. The reverse can also occur.

The value of the variable, STATE, which identifies state of residence, must be suppressed for some observations to meet the Census Disclosure Review Board's criterion that the smallest geographically identifiable area have a population of at least 100,000. STATE data were evaluated vis-à-vis variables POPSIZE, REGION, and BLS_URBN, which show the population size of the geographic area that is sampled, the four Census regions, and the urban/rural status respectively. Some STATE codes were suppressed because, in combination with these

variables, they could be used to identify areas of 100,000 or less. On approximately 13 percent of the records on the FMLY files the STATE variable is blank.

A small proportion of STATE codes are replaced with codes of states other than the state where the CU resides. By re-coding in this manner, suppression of POPSIZE and REGION may be avoided. (In past releases selected observations of POPSIZE and REGION also required suppression.) If an observation of a CU's state of residence is re-coded with another state's code, the flag variable.

| RR ₀₁ | Alabama | *28 | Mississippi |
|------------------|----------------------|--------|----------------|
| 02 | Alaska | 29 | Missouri |
| 04 | Arizona | *30 | Montana |
| *05 | Arkansas | 31 | Nebraska |
| **06 | California | 32 | Nevada |
| **08 | Colorado | 33 | New Hampshire |
| 09 | Connecticut | 34 | New Jersey |
| ^R 10 | Delaware | **36 | New York |
| 11 | District of Columbia | *37 | North Carolina |
| 12 | Florida | **39 | Ohio |
| RR**13 | Georgia | 40 | Oklahoma |
| 15 | Hawaii | **41 | Oregon |
| 16 | Idaho | 42 | Pennsylvania |
| **17 | Illinois | 44 | Rhode Island |
| ^{**} 18 | Indiana | 45 | South Carolina |
| **20 | Kansas | *46 | South Dakota |
| RR ₂₁ | Kentucky | **47 | Tennessee |
| 22 | Louisiana | **48 | Texas |
| **23 | Maine | 49 | Utah |
| RR 24 | Maryland | **51 | Virginia |
| _25 | Massachusetts | 53 | Washington |
| ^{**} 26 | Michigan | **54 | West Virginia |
| ^R 27 | Minnesota | RR**55 | Wisconsin |

- indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for all sampled CUs in that state.
- ** indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state.
- indicates that either all observations from this state have been re-coded or all strata of observations from this state include "re-codes" from other states.
- indicates that either some observations from this state have been re-coded or at least one stratum¹ of observations from this state includes "re-codes" from other states.
- indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state and, either STATE has been re-coded or the state includes "re-codes" from other states in all strata¹.
- indicates that the STATE code has been suppressed for some sampled CUs in that state and, either STATE has been re-coded or the state includes "re-codes" from other states in at least one stratum¹.

States not listed are not in the CE sample.

B. MEMBER CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE (MEMB)

The following table lists MEMB file variables that are subject to topcoding as well as their associated critical values and topcode values. For multiply imputed income variables, it is

¹ A STATE stratum is a unique POPSIZE and BLS_URBN combination.

possible for an upper topcode value to be less than the upper critical value or for a lower topcode value to be greater than the lower critical value.

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| AGE | Age of member | 82 | NA | 87 | NA |
| ANFEDTXM | Annual amount of Federal income tax deducted from pay | 25,526 | NA | 45,292 | NA |
| ANFEDTXX | Annual amount of Federal income tax deducted from pay | 25,526 | NA | 44,639 | NA |
| ANGVX | Annual amount of government retirement deducted from pay | 9,655 | NA | 12,741 | NA |
| ANGVXM | Annual amount of government retirement deducted from pay | 9,655 | NA | 12,741 | NA |
| ANPVTX | Annual amount of private pension fund deducted from pay | 19,960 | NA | 29,445 | NA |
| ANPVTXM | Annual amount of private pension fund deducted from pay | 19,960 | NA | 30,081 | NA |
| ANSTATXM | Annual amount of state and local income taxes deducted from pay | 9,100 | NA | 18,044 | NA |
| ANSTATXX | Annual amount of state and local income taxes deducted from pay | 9,100 | NA | 17,757 | NA |
| BSNSX | Amount of income or loss received from nonfarm business | 200,000 | -9,999 | 298,000 | -115,703 |
| BSNSXM | Amount of income or loss received from nonfarm business | 200,000 | -9,999 | 122,201 | -21,852 |
| FARMX | Amount of income or loss received from own farm | NA | -9,999 | NA | -28,055 |
| FARMXM | Amount of income or loss received from own farm | NA | -9,999 | NA | -16,029 |
| FEDTXX | Amount of Federal income tax deducted from last pay | 1,200 | NA | 3,405 | NA |
| GROSPAYX | Amount of last gross pay | 6,800 | NA | 14,871 | NA |
| GVX | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay | 850 | NA | 2,468 | NA |
| IRAX | Amount of money placed in an individual retirement plan | 25,000 | NA | 65,333 | NA |
| JSSDEDX | Estimated annual Social Security contribution | 8,797 | NA | 14,714 | NA |
| JSSDEDXM | Estimated annual Social Security contribution | 8,797 | NA | 9,648 | NA |
| PVTX | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay | 1,200 | NA | 6,696 | NA |
| SLFEMPSM | Amount of self-employment Social Security contributions | 17,593 | NA | 9,766 | NA |
| SLFEMPSS | Amount of self-employment Social Security contributions | 17,593 | NA | 20,733 | NA |
| STATXX | Amount of state and local income taxes deducted from last pay | 430 | NA | 1,242 | NA |

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| WAGEX | Amount received from wage and salary income before deductions | 150,000 | NA | 448,676 | NA |
| WAGEXM | Amount received from wage and salary income before deductions | 150,000 | NA | 261,983 | NA |

Special suppression for MEMB file variables

The five MEMB file variables--FEDTXX, GVX, PVTX, RRX, and STATXX--describe deductions from the most recent pay. These variables are used in conjunction with GROSPAYX (amount of last gross pay) and WAGEXM (annual wage and salary income) to derive ANFEDTXM, ANGVXM, ANPVTXM, ANRRXM, and ANSTATXM, which represent the estimated annual deductions for each of these income deduction categories. For example, the estimated annual Federal income tax deduction from pay is calculated as

(1) ANFEDTXM = (WAGEXM (FEDTXX/GROSPAYX)).

Note that WAGEX can be estimated by using the above terms and rearranging such that

(2) WAGEXM = (ANFEDTXM (GROSPAYX/FEDTXX)).

In the above example, a problem with disclosure may arise when neither ANFEDTXM, GROSPAYX, nor FEDTXX (calculation components) are topcoded, *but WAGEXM is.* In this situation WAGEXM can be recalculated to obtain its original value by inserting the non-topcoded values into equation (2) and solving it. In order to prevent this, the non-topcoded terms in equation (2) will be suppressed (blanked out) and their associated flags will be assigned a value of 'T'.

The following chart describes in detail the specific rules that are applied to prevent the potential disclosure outlined above.

If WAGEXM is greater than the critical value but ANFEDTXM, GROSPAYX, and FEDTXX are not, then the values for ANFEDTXM, GROSPAYX, and FEDTXX are suppressed and their flag variables are assigned a value of 'T'.

If WAGEXM is greater than the critical value but ANGVXM, GROSPAYX, and GVX are not, then the values for ANGVXM, GROSPAYX, and GVX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of 'T'.

If WAGEXM is greater than the critical value but ANPVTXM, GROSPAYX, and PVTX are not, then the values for ANPVTXM, GROSPAYX, and PVTX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of 'T'.

If WAGEXM is greater than the critical value but ANRRXM, GROSPAYX, and RRX are not, then the values for ANRRXM, GROSPAYX, and RRX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of 'T'.

If WAGEXM is greater than the critical value but ANSTATXM, GROSPAYX, and STATXX are not, then the values for ANSTATXM, GROSPAYX, and STATXX are suppressed and their flag variables assigned a value of 'T'.

The same special suppression for MEMB file variables occurs with the original (pre-income imputation) variables that correspond to the variables noted above (WAGEX, ANFEDTXX, etc.)

C. DETAILED EXPENDITURE FILE (EXPN)

The following table lists UCCs for which the EXPN variable COST is subject to topcoding as well as their associated critical values and topcode values (rounded to the nearest dollar). If the value of COST is greater (less) than the designated critical values for the above UCCs, COST is set to the topcode value and the associated flag variable, COST_, is set to 'T'.

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 001000 | Purchase price of stocks, bonds, mutual funds | 1,693 | NA | 4,169 | NA |
| 009000 | Mortgage payment including coop | 3,360 | NA | 4,492 | NA |
| 210110 | Rent of dwelling, includes parking fees | 2,095 | NA | 3,242 | NA |
| 210210 | Lodging away from home | 869 | NA | 1,897 | NA |
| 210310 | Housing for someone at school | 0 | NA | 208 | NA |
| 220400 | Purchase of property | 0 | NA | 3,929 | NA |
| 550320 | Medical equipment for general use | 65 | NA | 142 | NA |
| 550330 | Supportive convalescent or medical equipment | 110 | NA | 164 | NA |
| 560110 | Physicians' services | 223 | NA | 460 | NA |
| 560210 | Dental services | 950 | NA | 1,450 | NA |
| 560310 | Eyecare services | 650 | NA | 1,663 | NA |
| 560330 | Lab tests and x-rays | 195 | NA | 317 | NA |
| 560400 | Service by professionals other than physicians | 260 | NA | 508 | NA |
| 570000 | Hospital care not specified | 700 | NA | 1,219 | NA |
| 570220 | Nursing or convalescent home care | 4,745 | NA | 6,386 | NA |
| 570230 | Other medical care service | 150 | NA | 497 | NA |
| 570901 | Rental of medical equipment | 26 | NA | 40 | NA |
| | | | | | |

D. INCOME FILE (DTAB)

The following table lists UCCs for which the DTAB variable AMOUNT is subject to topcoding as well as their associated critical values and topcode values (rounded to the nearest dollar). If the value of AMOUNT is greater (less) than the designated critical values for the above UCCs, AMOUNT is set to the topcode value and the associated flag variable, AMOUNT_, is set to 'T'

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 900040 | Amount received from pensions or annuities | 72,000 | NA | 76,637 | NA |

| Variable | Description | 2010 Upper Critical Value | 2010 Lower Critical Value | 2010 Upper Topcode Value | 2010 Lower Topcode Value |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 900050 | Amount received from regular income from dividends, royalties, estates or trusts | 75,000 | NA | 64,696 | NA |
| 900060 | Amount received from net income or loss received from roomers or boarders | 30,600 | NA | 41,182 | NA |
| 900080 | Amount received from interest on savings accounts or bonds | 35,000 | NA | 46,372 | NA |
| 900131 | Amount received from other child support payments | 15,600 | NA | 17,598 | NA |
| 900132 | Amount received from other regular contributions, including alimony | 30,000 | NA | 46,150 | NA |
| 900140 | Amount received from other money income | 32,000 | NA | 48,069 | NA |
| 910000 | Amount received from lump sum payments from estates, trusts, etc. | 124,000 | NA | 321,333 | NA |
| 910010 | Amount received from money from sale household furnishings etc. | 7,000 | NA | 27,400 | NA |
| 910020 | Amount of overpayment on Social Security | 2,040 | NA | 5,725 | NA |
| 910030 | Amount of refund from insurance policies | 4,800 | NA | 18,800 | NA |
| 910040 | Amount of refunds from property taxes | 1,800 | NA | 5,300 | NA |
| 910041 | Amount received from lump sum child | 4,800 | NA | 15,240 | NA |
| 950001 | Amount received from federal income tax refunds | NA | -9,902 | NA | -15,046 |
| 950003 | Amount of additional federal income tax paid (not deducted) | 24,000 | NA | 52,023 | NA |
| 950011 | Amount received from state/local income tax refunds | NA | -2,500 | NA | -4,639 |
| 950013 | Amount of additional state/local income tax paid (not deducted) | 6,000 | NA | 21,770 | NA |
| 950021 | Amount of other taxes paid | 10,000 | NA | 16,143 | NA |
| 950022 | Amount of personal property taxes paid | 1,200 | NA | 2,258 | NA |
| 950023 | Amount of other tax refund received from other sources | NA | -1,000 | NA | -3,327 |

¹ ADDFEDX (amount of Federal tax paid in addition to that withheld) and FFEDTXX (Federal tax withheld from last pay annualized for all CU members) are mapped to UCCs 950003 and 950002, respectively, as separate records. Records for UCC 950002 that represent FFEDTXX are topcoded through their components (ANFEDTXM) at the MEMB level and thus, these records will not have a DTAB critical value. DTAB records for UCC 950003 that represent ADDFEDX are topcoded for all amounts greater than \$24,000.

² ADDSTAX (amount of state and local taxes paid in addition to that withheld) and FSTATXX (state and local income tax deduction from last pay annualized for all CU members) are mapped to UCCs 950013 and 950012, respectively, as separate records. Records for UCC 950012 that represent FSTATXX are topcoded through their components (ANSTATXM) at the MEMB level and thus, these records will not have a DTAB critical value. Create the DTAB VALUE

field for these records by dividing FSTATXX by 12. If FSLTAXX is topcoded, then set VALUE_ to 'T'. DTAB records for UCC 950013 that represent ADDSTAX are topcoded for all amounts greater than \$6,000.

AMOUNT for the following UCC's is topcoded because the FMLY file variables corresponding to these UCC's are topcoded due to recalculation. (See Section IV.A. CU CHARACTERISTICS AND INCOME FILE on topcoding of FMLY variables.)

| UCC | FMLY variable | <u>Description</u> |
|--------|---------------|---|
| 800910 | FGVXM, FGVX | Amount of government retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| 800920 | FRRXM ,FRRX | Amount of Railroad Retirement deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| 800931 | FPVTXM, FPVTX | Amount of private pension fund deducted from last pay, annualized for all CU members |
| 800932 | FIRAX | Amount of money placed in individual retirement plan |
| 800940 | FJSSDEDM, | Estimated amount of annual Social Security contribution |
| | FJSSDED1-5, | · |
| | FJSSDEDX | |
| 900000 | FWAGEXM, | Amount received from wage and salary income before deduction |
| | FWAGEX1-5, | |
| | FWAGEX | |
| 900010 | FBSNSXM, | Amount of income from non-farm business |
| | FBSNSX1-5, | |
| | FBSNSX | |
| 900020 | FFARMXM, | Amount of income or loss received from own farm |
| | FFARMX1-5, | |
| | FFARMX | |
| 980000 | FINCBEFM, | Amount of CU income before taxes |
| | FINCBEF1-5, | |
| | FINCBEFX | |
| 980070 | FINCAFTM, | Amount of CU income after taxes |
| | FINCAFT1-5, | |
| | FINCAFTX | |

V. ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

This section provides users of the CE Diary microdata files with procedures for estimating means and variances of data associated with any U.S. subpopulation. The production of *Consumer Expenditures in 2010* used an integration methodology which incorporated information from *both* Diary and Interview Surveys. Diary data users will not be able to match published CE estimates because of this. In addition, users will not be able to match all values because of suppression of some values, due to topcoding. See the topcoding and other nondisclosure requirements in Section IV.

A. DEFINITION OF TERMS

Consider the following general situation. We wish to estimate expenditures on certain food items for a special group (subpopulation) of U.S. CUs; for example, all CUs of three persons. Our specific objective is to estimate the expenditures for item k over a period of q months, where data collected over r months are used in the estimate. The following definitions will be helpful in formulating the above type of estimate.

Definition of Terms:

Let

S = all CUs in the subpopulation of interest

x =expenditure item(s) of interest

q = number of months for which estimate is desired

r = number of months in which expenditures were made to be used in calculating the estimate

D = number of days in each of the months in which expenditures were made

j = individual CU in subpopulation S

t = month of expenditure

Then

 $X_{(j,k,t)}$ = the amount of money $CU_{(j)}$ spent on item k for a week during month t $W_{(j,t,F21)}$ = the weight assigned to $CU_{(j)}$ during month t

The F21 denotes FINLWT21 which is used for population estimates.

NOTE: The CUs on the Diary Survey microdata files represent the U.S. population. Some CUs represent more of the population than others; and hence carry more weight. The weight, $W_{(j,t,F21)}$, is a complex estimate of this representation. Refer to Section X.C. WEIGHTING for an explanation of weights. The weights have been adjusted so that the sum of all CU weights for one month approximates one third of the U.S. population. Consequently, the weights for three months (one quarter) of data approximate the total U.S. population.

Using the above terminology, we may define:

 $X_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ as an estimate for the expenditures of subpopulation S on item k over a period of q months, where data collected over r months are used.

 $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ as an estimate of the mean expenditures of subpopulation S on item k over a period of q months, where data collected over r months are used.

B. ESTIMATION OF TOTAL AND MEAN EXPENDITURES

As an example, let us estimate total expenditures on milk (item k) of subpopulation S over a 12-month period. Data collected over 6 months will be used to make the estimate. Users may use less than 12 months of data to perform seasonal calculations. In the notation described above, the estimate is $X_{(S,k)(12.6)}$.

$$X_{(S,k)(12,6)} = 3^{\binom{12}{6}} \sum_{t=1}^{6} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7} \right) W_{(j,t,F21)} X_{(j,k,t)} \right)_{t}$$
 (1a)

where the inner summation sums expenditures for all j in S, indexed from j=1 through n and the outer summation sums over months t=1 through 6. The factor "3" compensates for the fact that the weights for the CUs visited in one month have been adjusted to represent one third of the U.S. population. The factor "12" reflects our desire to estimate expenditures over a 12-month period; and the "6" is the adjustment made because data for 6 months are used. Since the data $X_{(j,k,t)}$ are in terms of weekly expenditures, the factors, (number of days in the month)/7, are used to convert weekly expenditures into their monthly equivalents.

The above formula can be generalized to estimate the total expenditures of subpopulation S on item k for q months, but using data collected over r months. The generalization is

$$X_{(S,k)(q,r)} = 3 \binom{q/r}{r} \sum_{t=1}^{r} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7} \right) W_{(j,t,F21)} X_{(j,k,t)} \right)_{t}$$
(1b)

where the inner summation sums expenditures for all j in S, indexed from j = 1 through n and the outer summation sums over months t = 1 through r.

An estimate for the expenditures for two or more items may be obtained by summing those expenditures at the CU level and then proceeding as before.

The next example will give an estimate, $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(12,6)}$, of mean expenditures over twelve months (q), on item k, of CUs in subpopulation S, where data collected over a six month period (r) are used. The result is

$$\overline{X}_{(S,k)(12,6)} = \frac{3\binom{12/6}{5}\sum_{t=1}^{6} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7}\right) W_{(j,t,F21)} X_{(j,k,t)}\right)_{t}}{3\sum_{t=1}^{6} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j,t,F21)}\right)_{t}}$$
(2a)

where the numerator is an estimate of aggregate expenditures as formulated in equation (1a), and where the denominator is an estimate of the population of CUs in the U.S. during the sixmonth period for which the expenditure data are collected. The inner summation in the

denominator of (2a) sums FINLWT21 for a given month (t), for all j in S, indexed from j=1 through n, and the outer summation in the denominator of (2a) sums over months t=1 through 6. As in the estimate of aggregate expenditures, the factor "3" to the left of the outer summation in the denominator of equation (2a) adjusts FINLWT21 to represent the entire population for each month of data used. The proper U.S. population count is arrived at by dividing the denominator by r, or in this case "6", (representing the 6 month period of collected data in this example).

The above formula generalizes to $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,k)}$, (i.e., the estimate of the mean expenditure by subpopulation S on item k for q months using data collected over r months). In detail:

$$\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)} = \frac{q \sum_{t=1}^{r} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} \left(\frac{D_{(t)}}{7} \right) W_{(j,t,F21)} X_{(j,k,t)} \right)_{t}}{\sum_{t=1}^{r} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j,t,F21)} \right)_{t}}$$
(2b)

Note: The factors "3" (adjustment of FINLWT21 to one U.S. population) and "6", (number of months, r, for which the data are collected), which appear both in the numerator and the denominator of (2a), cancel. These scalars are dropped from the general form of $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}$.

The estimates for total ($X_{(S,k)(q,r)}$) and mean expenditures ($\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}$) are based on all CUs; not just the CUs with positive expenditures for item k. Consider the calculation for the mean expenditure of tobacco. The formula $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ includes all CUs, both smoking and nonsmoking. One might be more interested in the mean expenditures on tobacco but only for those CUs that actually have expenditures. This can be accounted for by properly defining the initial subpopulation S so as to restrict it to CUs with positive tobacco expenditures.

C. ESTIMATION OF MEAN ANNUAL INCOME

Let $\overline{Z}_{(S,r)}$ be an estimate of the mean annual income of CUs in subpopulation S, where income data collected over r months is to be used.

Let $Z_{(j,t)}$ = the annual income reported by $\mathrm{CU}_{(j)}$ in month t. Then the estimated mean annual income is

$$\overline{Z}_{(S,r)} = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{r} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j,t,F21)} Z_{(j,t)} \right)_{t}}{\sum_{t=1}^{r} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} W_{(j,t,F21)} \right)_{t}}$$

VI. RELIABILITY STATEMENT

A. DESCRIPTION OF SAMPLING ERROR AND NONSAMPLING ERROR

Sample surveys are subject to two types of errors, sampling and nonsampling. Sampling errors occur because observations are not taken from the entire population. The standard error, which is the accepted measure for sampling error, is an estimate of the difference between the sample data and the data that would have been obtained from a complete census. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enables one to construct confidence intervals.

Assuming the Normal Distribution applies to the means of expenditures, the following statements can be made:

- (1) The chances that an estimate from a given sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than one standard error are approximately 68 out of 100.
- (2) The chances that the difference would be less than 1.6 times the standard error are approximately 90 out of 100.
- (3) The chances that the difference would be less than two times the standard error are approximately 95 out of 100.

Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources, such as definitional difficulties, differences in the interpretation of questions, inability or unwillingness of the respondent to provide correct information, mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained, and other errors of collection, response, processing, coverage, and estimation for missing data. The full extent of the nonsampling error is unknown. Estimates using a small number of observations are less reliable. A small amount of nonsampling error can cause a small difference to appear significant even when it is not. It is probable that the levels of estimated expenditure obtained in the Diary Survey are generally lower than the "true" level due to the above factors.

B. ESTIMATING SAMPLING ERROR

1. VARIANCE ESTIMATION

Variance estimation can be done in many ways. The method illustrated below (a pseudo-replication technique) is chosen because it is accurate yet simple to understand. The basic idea is to artificially construct several "subsamples" from the original sample data. This construction is done in a manner so that the variance information of the original data is preserved in these subsamples. These subsamples (or pseudo-replications) can then be used to obtain approximate variances for the estimates.

The Diary microdata files contain information that facilitates this form of variance estimation procedure. Specifically, 45 weights are associated with each CU. The forty-fifth weight, called FINLWT21 at BLS, (which is the weight for the total sample) is used for estimations of total or mean expenditures. The other weights (replicates 1 through 44) are used for variance estimation of the totals or means. Note that half of the weights in each replicate are zero. This reflects the fact that in this technique only half the CUs are used in each of the 44 pseudo-replicates. Recall

that $X_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ is an estimate for the expenditures of subpopulation S on item k over a period of q months, where data collected over r months are used. This notation does not reveal the fact that 45 replicate weights are to be used for estimation of variance. We expand the notation to include this information. Specifically, let

 $X_{(S,k)(q,r),a}$ = an estimate of the same quantity as $X_{(S,k)(q,r)}$, but using the weights of the a^{th} replicate.

That is $X_{(S,k)(q,r),a}$ is an estimate of the total expenditures by CUs in subpopulation S on item k over q months using r months of collection data, and where the weights from the a^{th} replicate are used. Note that the estimate using any one of the first 44 replicate weights only uses part of the data; hence in general $X_{(S,k)(q,r),a}$ is not equal to $X_{(S,k)(q,r)}$.

An estimate for the variance of $X_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ (denoted by $V(X_{(S,k)(q,r)})$) can be calculated using the following formula:

$$V(X_{(S,k)(q,r)}) = \frac{1}{44} \sum_{a=1}^{44} (X_{(S,k)(q,r),a} - X_{(S,k)(q,r)})^2$$

Estimates for the variances of $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ and $\overline{Z}_{(S,r)}$ are similar and are given below.

$$V\left(\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}\right) = \frac{1}{44} \sum_{a=1}^{44} \left(\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r),a} - \overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}\right)^2$$

and

$$V(\overline{Z}_{(S,r)}) = \frac{1}{44} \sum_{a=1}^{44} (\overline{Z}_{(S,r),a} - \overline{Z}_{(S,r)})^2$$

where $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r),a}$ and $\overline{Z}_{(S,r),a}$ are estimates similar to $\overline{X}_{(S,k)(q,r)}$ and $\overline{Z}_{(S,r)}$ except weights of the a^{th} replicates are used.

2. STANDARD ERROR OF THE MEAN

The standard error of the mean, $S.E.(\bar{x})$, is defined as the square root of the variance of the mean. $S.E.(\bar{x})$, is used to obtain confidence intervals that evaluate how close the estimate may be to the true population mean. A 95 percent confidence interval can be constructed around an estimate, bounded by values 1.96 times the standard error less than and greater than the estimate. For example, the average weekly expenditure for beef for All CUs in 2010 was \$4.17. The standard error for this estimate is \$0.19. Hence, the 95 percent confidence interval around this estimate is from \$3.80 to \$4.54. Therefore, we could conclude with 95 percent confidence that the mean weekly expenditures for beef all CUs in 2010 lies within the interval \$3.80 to \$4.54.

3. <u>STANDARD ERROR OF THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO MEANS</u>

Standard errors may also be used to perform hypothesis testing, a procedure for distinguishing between population parameters using sample estimates. The most common types of hypotheses are: 1) the population parameters are identical; versus 2) they are different.

For example, in 2010 the estimated average weekly expenditures for total food for CUs in the \$30,000 to \$39,999 income range is \$88.96 and the estimate for CUs in the \$40,000 to \$49,999 income range is \$100.55. The apparent difference between the two mean expenditures is \$100.55 - \$88.96 = \$11.59. The standard error on the estimate of \$88.96 is \$2.96 and the estimated standard error for the \$100.55 estimate is \$3.41. The standard error (S.E.) of a difference is approximately equal to

$$S.E.(\overline{X}_1, \overline{X}_2) = \sqrt{\left(V(\overline{X}_1) + V(\overline{X}_2)\right)}$$

where

$$V(\overline{X}_i) = \left(S.E.(\overline{X}_i)\right)^2$$

This assumes that \bar{x}_1 and \bar{x}_2 are disjoint subsets of the population. Hence, the standard error of the difference in food expenditures between CUs in the \$30,000 to \$39,999 and in the \$40,000 to \$49,999 income ranges is about

$$\sqrt{\left(2.96\right)^2 + \left(3.41\right)^2} = 4.52$$

This means that the 95 percent confidence interval around the difference is from \$2.73 to \$20.45. Since this interval does not include zero, we can conclude with 95 percent confidence that the mean weekly food expenditures for the \$40,000 to \$49,999 income group is greater than the mean weekly food expenditures for the \$30,000 to \$39,999 income group.

Analyses of the difference between two estimates can also be performed on nondisjoint sets of population, where one is a subset of the other. The formula for computing the standard error (S.E.) of the difference between two nondisjoint estimates is

$$S.E.(\overline{X}_1, \overline{X}_2) = \sqrt{\left(V(\overline{X}_1) + V(\overline{X}_2) - 2r\left(V(\overline{X}_1) * V(\overline{X}_2)\right)\right)}$$

where

$$V(\overline{X}_i) = \left(S.E.(\overline{X}_i)\right)^2$$

and where r is the correlation coefficient between \overline{x}_1 and \overline{x}_2 . The correlation coefficient is generally no greater than 0.2 for CE estimates.

VII. MICRODATA VERIFICATION AND ESTIMATION METHODOLOGY

This section is designed to help users become familiar with the microdata files. The following program gives users a benchmark to verify that their copy of the CD-ROM contains valid data, illustrate the methodology CE uses in producing publication tables, and offer an example of coding to access the data and produce a sample table. The program is written in SAS and shows usage of the SAS datasets available on the SAS CD-ROM. A program written in SAS but utilizing the ASCII datasets is present on the ASCII CD-ROM but will not be referenced here. Refer to the output file on the CD to check output. (Note: CE data published by BLS may not match some values estimated using the microdata due to topcoding of data and CE publication programming methodology.) All variables and ranges referred to in the program are described in detail in the diary data dictionary.

This program produces a table of selected expenditures by income class of the Consumer Unit (CU). The first section reads in the processing file and manipulates it into a usable form suitable for formatting an expenditure table. The second section of the program extracts the relevant variables from the FMLY files, while the third section extracts the expenditure and income data from the EXPN and DTAB files. These three datasets are then used along with the Dstub processing file to construct the sample table output. This output is the product of two SAS arrays. The values in one array are divided by the value in the other array to obtain weighted mean expenditures. The base, or denominator, for the division is a vector consisting of the weighted total population for the U.S. and selected income class categories. The numerator is a matrix of aggregate weighted costs for each line item in the table for the total U.S. population and each income class category.

It should be emphasized that this program has been written solely for the verification of the microdata and as an illustration of the CE estimation methodology. It should not be used for any other purpose.

Note: This program processes large amounts of data. If you are using a PC with limited capabilities it may be necessary to run this program in sections.

```
/*****************************
       /* PROGRAM NAME: CEX DIARY SURVEY SAMPLE PROGRAM (SAS)
                                                                                * /
      /* LOCATION: D:\PROGRAMS
382
                                                                                 * /
      /* FUNCTION: CREATE A DIARY SURVEY EXPENDITURE TABLE BY INCOME CLASS USING */
383
384
                   MICRODATA FROM THE BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTIC'S CONSUMER
                                                                                * /
      /*
385
                   EXPENDITURE SURVEY.
                                                                                * /
386
      /* WRITTEN BY: ERIC KEIL
387
      /* MODIFICATIONS:
388
      /* DATE-
                MODIFIED BY-
389
                                      REASON-
390
      /* ----
                    _____
      /* 03/21/02 ERIC KEIL
391
                                     IMPROVE EFFICIENCY
      /* 10/22/03 ERIC KEIL
392
                                     UPDATE FOR 2002 DATA
      /* 11/20/03 ERIC KEIL
                                      INCLUDE ROUTINE TO AGGREGATE EASIER
393
      /*
394
395
      /* FOR SAS VERSION 8 OR HIGHER
                                                                                 * /
396
397
      /* DATA AND INPUT FILES USED IN THIS SAMPLE PROGRAM WERE UNZIPPED
398
       /\star OR COPIED TO THE LOCATIONS BELOW:
399
400
      /* DIARY DATA -- C:\2009_CEX\DIARY09
401
      /* DSTUB2008.TXT -- C:\2009_CEX\Programs
402
403
404
405
                                                                                     Sets the calendar year and
406
      /*Enter Data Year*/
                                                                                     drive used as macro variables
407
        %LET YEAR = 2010;
                                                                                     that can be used throughout
      /*Enter location of the unzipped microdata file*/
408
                                                                                     the program.
        %LET DRIVE = C:\2010_CEX;
410
      411
412
      /* STEP1: READ IN THE STUB PARAMETER FILE AND CREATE FORMATS
413
      /* ------
414
      /* 1 CONVERTS THE STUB PARAMETER FILE INTO A LABEL FILE FOR OUTPUT
      ^{\prime \star} 2 CONVERTS THE STUB PARAMETER FILE INTO AN EXPENDITURE AGGREGATION FILE ^{\star \prime}
415
      /* 3 CREATES FORMATS FOR USE IN OTHER PROCEDURES
416
417
418
419
420 %LET YR1 = %SUBSTR(&YEAR, 3, 2);
421 LIBNAME D&YR1 "&DRIVE\DIARY&YR1";
NOTE: Libref D10 was successfully assigned as follows:
     Engine:
               V9
     Physical Name: C:\2010_CEX\DIARY10
422
423
424 DATA STUBFILE (KEEP= COUNT TYPE LEVEL TITLE UCC SURVEY GROUP LINE);
                                                                                     Reads in the aggregation stub
425
     INFILE "&DRIVE\PROGRAMS\DSTUB&YEAR..TXT"
                                                                                     file and dynamically creates
426
      PAD MISSOVER;
                                                                                     numbers associated with
      INPUT @1 TYPE $1. @ 4 LEVEL $1. @7 TITLE $CHAR60. @70 UCC $6.
427
                                                                                     each expenditure line item.
428
           @80 SURVEY $1. @86 GROUP $7.;
429
      IF (TYPE = '1');
                                                                                     Note: This aggregation file
      IF GROUP IN ('CUCHARS' 'FOOD' 'EXPEND' 'INCOME');
430
                                                                                     can be modified to
      IF SURVEY = 'T' THEN DELETE;
431
                                                                                     accommodate any
432
        RETAIN COUNT 9999;
                                                                                     customized aggregation
433
        COUNT + 1;
                                                                                     scheme.
        LINE = PUT(COUNT, $5.) | LEVEL ;
WARNING: Variable COUNT has already been defined as numeric.
                                                                                     One needs only to make sure
        /* READS IN THE STUB PARAMETER FILE AND CREATES LINE NUMBERS FOR UCCS */
        /* A UNIQUE LINE NUMBER IS ASSIGNED TO EACH EXPENDITURE LINE ITEM
                                                                                     that the column start positions
436
                                                                                     in the file match the start
437 RUN;
                                                                                     positions in the input
NOTE: The infile "C:\2010_CEX\PROGRAMS\DSTUB2010.TXT" is:
                                                                                     statement.
     File Name=C:\2010_CEX\PROGRAMS\DSTUB2010.TXT,
     RECFM=V, LRECL=256
NOTE: 794 records were read from the infile "C:\2010_CEX\PROGRAMS\DSTUB2010.TXT".
     The minimum record length was 91.
      The maximum record length was 92.
```

```
NOTE: The data set WORK.STUBFILE has 480 observations and 8 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
      real time 0.04 seconds
      cpu time
                         0.01 seconds
438
439
440 DATA AGGFMT1 (KEEP= UCC LINE LINE1-LINE10);
                                                                                        Subsequent program steps
441
      SET STUBFILE;
                                                                                        manipulate the aggregation
      LENGTH LINE1-LINE10 $6.;
442
                                                                                        stub file into a dataset that
443
      ARRAY LINES(9) LINE1-LINE9;
                                                                                        associates UCCs with line
          IF (UCC > 'A') THEN
444
                                                                                        numbers.
445
            LINES(SUBSTR(LINE, 6, 1)) = LINE;
446
           RETAIN LINE1-LINE9;
447
           IF (UCC < 'A') THEN
            LINE10 = LINE;
448
449
     IF (LINE10);
450 RUN;
NOTE: Character values have been converted to numeric values at the places given by:
(Line): (Column).
      445:15 449:7
NOTE: There were 480 observations read from the data set WORK.STUBFILE.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGFMT1 has 354 observations and 12 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
                         0.04 seconds
      real time
      cpu time
                         0.01 seconds
451
452
453 PROC SORT DATA= AGGFMT1 (RENAME=(LINE= COMPARE));
     BY UCC;
454
455
       /* MAPS LINE NUMBERS TO UCCS */
456 RUN;
NOTE: There were 354 observations read from the data set WORK.AGGFMT1.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGFMT1 has 354 observations and 12 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SORT used (Total process time):
                         0.06 seconds
     real time
      cpu time
                         0.03 seconds
457
458
    PROC TRANSPOSE DATA= AGGFMT1 OUT= AGGFMT2 (RENAME=(COL1= LINE));
      BY UCC COMPARE;
460
461
       VAR LINE1-LINE10;
462 RUN;
NOTE: There were 354 observations read from the data set WORK.AGGFMT1.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGFMT2 has 3540 observations and 4 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE TRANSPOSE used (Total process time):
     real time
                         0.04 seconds
      cpu time
                         0.01 seconds
463
464
465 DATA AGGFMT (KEEP= UCC LINE);
     SET AGGFMT2;
466
467
        IF LINE;
468
         IF SUBSTR(COMPARE,6,1) > SUBSTR(LINE,6,1) OR COMPARE=LINE;
469
        /* AGGREGATION FILE. EXTRANEOUS MAPPINGS ARE DELETED
470
        /* PROC SQL WILL AGGANGE LINE#/UCC PAIRS FOR USE IN PROC FORMAT */
471 RUN;
NOTE: Character values have been converted to numeric values at the places given by:
(Line):(Column).
      467:8
```

```
NOTE: There were 3540 observations read from the data set WORK.AGGFMT2.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGGFMT has 1420 observations and 2 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
                          0.01 seconds
      real time
      cpu time
                          0.01 seconds
472
473
474 PROC SQL NOPRINT;
475
       SELECT UCC, LINE, COUNT(*)
       INTO : UCCS SEPARATED BY " "
476
             :LINES SEPARATED BY " ",
477
478
             :CNT
479
       FROM AGGFMT;
NOTE: The query requires remerging summary statistics back with the original data.
      OUIT;
NOTE: PROCEDURE SQL used (Total process time):
      real time
                          0.04 seconds
                          0.01 seconds
      cpu time
481 RUN;
482
483
484 %MACRO MAPPING;
485
       %DO T = 1 %TO &CNT;
486
         "%SCAN(&UCCS,&I,%STR())" = "%SCAN(&LINES,&I,%STR())"
487
488 %MEND MAPPING;
489
490
                                                                                           Creates a Dataset that can be
491 DATA LBLFMT (RENAME=(LINE= START TITLE= LABEL));
                                                                                           used to associate titles with
492
       SET STUBFILE (KEEP= LINE TITLE);
                                                                                           line numbers with a format
493
       RETAIN FMTNAME 'LBLFMT' TYPE 'C';
                                                                                           procedure.
494
      /* LABEL FILE. LINE NUMBERS ARE ASSIGNED A TEXT LABEL */
      /* DATASET CONSTRUCTED TO BE READ INTO A PROC FORMAT */
495
496 RUN;
NOTE: There were 480 observations read from the data set WORK.STUBFILE.
NOTE: The data set WORK.LBLFMT has 480 observations and 4 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
     real time
                        0.01 seconds
      cpu time
                          0.00 seconds
497
498
499 PROC FORMAT;
                                                                                           Formats:
500
501
       VALUE $AGGFMT (MULTILABEL)
                                                                                           Puts the aggregation scheme
502
        %MAPPING
                                                                                           into a SAS format.
503
        OTHER= 'OTHER';
NOTE: Format $AGGFMT is already on the library.
NOTE: Format $AGGFMT has been output.
504
         /* CREATE AGGREGATION FORMAT */
505
506
       VALUE $INC (MULTILABEL)
507
                                                                                           Puts the income groupings
         '01' = '01'
508
         '01' = '10'
                                                                                           into a SAS format.
509
         '02' = '02'
510
         '02' = '10'
511
         '03' = '03'
512
         '03' = '10'
                                                                                           Note: The multilabel option is
513
         '04' = '04'
                                                                                           necessary in the aggregation
514
515
         '04' = '10'
                                                                                           format and income format
                                                                                           since multiple mappings
         '05' = '05'
516
         '05' = '10'
517
                                                                                           occur. This option is
518
         '06' = '06'
                                                                                           available in SAS V8 or higher.
         '06' = '10'
519
```

```
'07' = '07'
        '07' = '10'
521
522
        '08' = '08'
        '08' = '10'
523
        '09' = '09'
524
        '09' = '10';
525
NOTE: Format $INC is already on the library.
NOTE: Format $INC has been output.
    /* CREATE INCOME CLASS FORMAT */
526
527 RUN;
NOTE: PROCEDURE FORMAT used (Total process time):
                  3.21 seconds
     real time
     cpu time
                         3.20 seconds
528
529
                                                                                    Puts the titles into a SAS
530 PROC FORMAT LIBRARY= WORK CNTLIN= LBLFMT;
                                                                                    format for use in the final
NOTE: Format $LBLFMT has been output.
                                                                                    output.
531
      /* CREATE LABEL FILE FORMATS */
532 RUN;
NOTE: PROCEDURE FORMAT used (Total process time):
     real time
                        0.00 seconds
     cpu time
                         0.00 seconds
NOTE: There were 480 observations read from the data set WORK.LBLFMT.
533
534
      535
536
      /* STEP2: READ IN ALL NEEDED DATA FROM THE CD-ROM
      /* -----
537
538
      /* 1 READ IN THE DIARY FMLY FILES
                                                                                * /
539
      /* 2 READ IN THE DIARY EXPM AND DTAB FILES
      /* 3 MERGE FMLY AND EXPENDITURE FILES TO DERIVE WEIGHTED EXPENDITURES
540
                                                                                    Reads in the necessary
541
      /*****************************
                                                                                    variables from the fmly files.
542
                                                                                    Newid is the code given to a
543
                                                                                    consumer unit each time it
544 DATA FMLY (KEEP = NEWID INCLASS REPWT1-REPWT45);
                                                                                    participates. Finlwt21 and
545
      SET D&YR1..FMLD&YR1.1
                                                                                    Wtrep01-Wtrep44 are weight
546
          D&YR1..FMLD&YR1.2
                                                                                    variables used to weight each
547
          D&YR1..FMLD&YR1.3
                                                                                    consumer unit such that it
548
          D&YR1..FMLD&YR1.4;
                                                                                    represents some portion of
                                                                                    the population. Inclass is a
          /* READ IN FMLY FILE DATA */
550
                                                                                    code that represents the
551
                                                                                    range within which the
552
        ARRAY REPS_A(45) WTREP01-WTREP44 FINLWT21;
                                                                                    consumer unit's annual
553
        ARRAY REPS_B(45) REPWT1-REPWT45;
                                                                                    income falls.
554
555
          DO i = 1 TO 45;
556
          IF REPS_A(i) > 0 THEN
                                                                                    Lines 555-559 adjust the
           REPS_B(i) = (REPS_A(i) / 4);
557
558
             ELSE REPS_B(i) = 0;
                                                                                    weights so that they will sum
                                                                                    up to US populations.
559
          END;
560
          /* ADJUST WEIGHTS TO COMPENSATE FOR HAVING FOUR QUARTERS OF DATA */
561 RUN;
NOTE: There were 3725 observations read from the data set D10.FMLD101.
NOTE: There were 3619 observations read from the data set D10.FMLD102.
NOTE: There were 3511 observations read from the data set D10.FMLD103.
NOTE: There were 3441 observations read from the data set D10.FMLD104.
NOTE: The data set WORK.FMLY has 14296 observations and 47 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
     real time 0.35 seconds
                        0.31 seconds
     cpu time
562
563
```

```
564
565 DATA EXPEND (KEEP = NEWID UCC COST);
      SET D&YR1..DTBD&YR1.1 (RENAME=(AMOUNT=COST))
566
                                                                                    Reads in all DTAB income
567
          D&YR1..DTBD&YR1.2 (RENAME=(AMOUNT=COST))
                                                                                    data and EXPN expenditure
568
          D&YR1..DTBD&YR1.3 (RENAME=(AMOUNT=COST))
569
          D&YR1..DTBD&YR1.4 (RENAME=(AMOUNT=COST))
570
          D&YR1..EXPD&YR1.1
                                                                                    Newid is the consumer unit
571
          D&YR1..EXPD&YR1.2
                                                                                    code. UCC is a code that
572
          D&YR1..EXPD&YR1.3
                                                                                    represents the type of
573
          D&YR1..EXPD&YR1.4;
                                                                                    expenditure variable. Cost is
574
      BY NEWID;
                                                                                    the value that corresponds to
575
      /* READ IN INCOME AND EXPENDITURE DATA */
                                                                                    the UCC code.
576 RUN;
NOTE: There were 63052 observations read from the data set D10.DTBD101.
NOTE: There were 61362 observations read from the data set D10.DTBD102.
NOTE: There were 59099 observations read from the data set D10.DTBD103.
NOTE: There were 58151 observations read from the data set D10.DTBD104.
NOTE: There were 130295 observations read from the data set D10.EXPD101.
NOTE: There were 130265 observations read from the data set D10.EXPD102.
NOTE: There were 119867 observations read from the data set D10.EXPD103.
NOTE: There were 119285 observations read from the data set D10.EXPD104.
NOTE: The data set WORK.EXPEND has 741376 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
                        1.65 seconds
     real time
     cpu time
                         0.67 seconds
577
578
579
580 DATA PUBFILE (KEEP = NEWID INCLASS UCC RCOST1-RCOST45);
      MERGE FMLY (IN = INFAM)
                                                                                    Merges the FMLY and
582
            EXPEND (IN = INEXP);
                                                                                    EXPEND data sets together
583
      BY NEWID;
                                                                                    and changes missing cost
584
      IF INEXP AND INFAM;
                                                                                    values to zero.
585
586
      IF COST = . THEN
         COST = 0;
587
588
589
         ARRAY REPS_A(45) REPWT1-REPWT45;
590
         ARRAY REPS_B(45) RCOST1-RCOST45;
                                                                                    Weights the cost values by
591
                                                                                    the 44 replicate weights and
592
         DO i = 1 TO 45;
                                                                                    full sample weight. RCOST1-
593
           IF REPS A(i)> 0
                                                                                    RCOST45 represents the
             THEN REPS_B(i) = (REPS_A(i) * COST);
594
                                                                                    weighted costs for each
595
             ELSE REPS_B(i) = 0;
                                                                                    expenditure.
596
         END;
597
         ^{\prime \star} MERGE FMLY FILE WEIGHTS AND CHARACTERISTICS WITH EXPN/DTAB COSTS ^{\star \prime}
598
         /* MULTIPLY COSTS BY WEIGHTS TO DERIVE WEIGHTED COSTS
599 RUN;
NOTE: There were 14296 observations read from the data set WORK.FMLY.
NOTE: There were 741376 observations read from the data set WORK.EXPEND.
NOTE: The data set WORK.PUBFILE has 741376 observations and 48 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
     real time
                      12.31 seconds
     cpu time
                        4.03 seconds
600
601
       602
      /* STEP3: CALCULATE POPULATIONS
603
604
      /* -----
605
      /* 1 SUM ALL 45 WEIGHT VARIABLES TO DERIVE REPLICATE POPULATIONS
606
       /* 2 FORMAT FOR CORRECT COLUMN CLASSIFICATIONS
       607
608
609
610
    PROC SUMMARY NWAY DATA=FMLY;
```

```
CLASS INCLASS / MLF;
                                                                                      The weights in the FMLY file
612
       VAR REPWT1-REPWT45;
                                                                                      are summed to create
                                                                                      replicate populations and the
613
       FORMAT INCLASS $INC.;
614
       OUTPUT OUT = POP (DROP = _TYPE_ _FREQ_) SUM = RPOP1-RPOP45;
                                                                                      full US population for each
615
      /* SUMS WEIGHTS TO CREATE POPULATIONS PER REPLICATE */
                                                                                      income class.
616
      /* FORMATS TO CORRECT COLUMN CLASSIFICATIONS
                                                                                      Replicate populations
617 RIIN;
                                                                                      (Repwt1-Repwt44) and the
                                                                                      US population (Repwt45) are
NOTE: There were 14296 observations read from the data set WORK.FMLY.
                                                                                      used as the denominator in
NOTE: The data set WORK.POP has 10 observations and 46 variables.
                                                                                      means estimation.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SUMMARY used (Total process time):
      real time
                         0.20 seconds
      cpu time
                         0.06 seconds
618
619
620
       621
622
      /* STEP4: CALCULATE WEIGHTED AGGREGATE EXPENDITURES
      /* -----
623
      /* 1 SUM THE 45 REPLICATE WEIGHTED EXPENDITURES TO DERIVE AGGREGATES
                                                                                 * /
624
625
       /* 2 FORMAT FOR CORRECT COLUMN CLASSIFICATIONS AND AGGREGATION SCHEME
       /*****************************
626
627
628
629 PROC SUMMARY NWAY DATA=PUBFILE SUMSTZE=MAX COMPLETETYPES;
630
      CLASS UCC INCLASS / MLF;
                                                                                      Weighted costs are summed
       VAR RCOST1-RCOST45;
631
                                                                                      and formatted into income
632
       FORMAT UCC $AGGFMT. INCLASS $INC.;
                                                                                      classes and by the
633
       OUTPUT OUT=AGG (DROP= _TYPE_ _FREQ_ RENAME=(UCC=LINE))
                                                                                      aggregation scheme of the
634
       SUM = RCOST1 - RCOST45;
                                                                                      stub file. These aggregate
635
      /* SUMS WEIGHTED COSTS PER REPLICATE TO GET AGGREGATES */
                                                                                      expenditures will become the
      /* FORMATS INCOME TO CREATE COMPLETE REPORTING COLUMN */
636
                                                                                      numerator in means
637
      /* FORMATS EXPENDITURES TO CORRECT AGGREGATION SCHEME */
                                                                                      estimation.
638 RUN;
NOTE: There were 741376 observations read from the data set WORK.PUBFILE.
NOTE: The data set WORK.AGG has 4680 observations and 47 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE SUMMARY used (Total process time):
                         8.34 seconds
      real time
      cpu time
                         9.54 seconds
639
640
641
642
643
      /* STEP5: CALCULTATE MEAN EXPENDITURES
644
      /* 1 READ IN POPULATIONS AND LOAD INTO MEMORY USING A 2 DIMENSIONAL ARRAY */
645
646
           POPULATIONS ARE ASSOCIATED BY INCLASS(i), AND REPLICATE(j)
                                                                                  * /
                                                                                 * /
      /* 2 READ IN AGGREGATE EXPENDITURES FROM AGG DATASET
647
           CALCULATE MEANS BY DIVIDING AGGREGATES BY CORRECT SOURCE POPULATIONS */
649
       /* 4 CALCULATE STANDARD ERRORS USING REPLICATE FORMULA
650
651
652
653 DATA TAB1 (KEEP = LINE MEAN SE);
654
       /* READS IN POP DATASET. _TEMPORARY_ LOADS POPULATIONS INTO SYSTEM MEMORY */
655
                                                                                      This data step calculates
656
       ARRAY POP{01:10,45} _TEMPORARY_;
657
       IF _N_ = 1 THEN DO i = 1 TO 10;
                                                                                      means and standard errors:
658
        SET POP;
                                                                                      Lines 665-662 read in the
659
         ARRAY REPS(45) RPOP1-RPOP45;
660
          DO j = 1 TO 45;
                                                                                      column populations and
            POP{INCLASS,j} = REPS(j);
661
                                                                                      stores them into temporary
662
                                                                                      memory. Populations in
663
                                                                                      memory are associated with
         END;
664
                                                                                      INCLASS(i), and
665
       /* READS IN AGG DATASET AND CALCULATES MEANS BY DIVIDING BY POPULATIONS */
                                                                                      REPLICATE(j).
```

```
SET AGG (KEEP = LINE INCLASS RCOST1-RCOST45);
667
        ARRAY AGGS(45) RCOST1-RCOST45;
                                                                                   Line 667 reads in the
668
        ARRAY AVGS(45) MEAN1-MEAN44 MEAN;
                                                                                   aggregated expenditures.
669
          DO k = 1 TO 45;
670
            IF AGGS(k) = . THEN AGGS(k) = 0;
                                                                                   Lines 668-672 calculate
671
            AVGS(k) = AGGS(k) / POP{INCLASS,k};
                                                                                   means by dividing the
672
          END;
                                                                                   aggregate expenditures by
673
                                                                                   the appropriate populations in
      /* CALCULATES STANDARD ERRORS USING REPLICATE FORMULA */
674
                                                                                   memory as determined by
      ARRAY RMNS(44) MEAN1-MEAN44;
675
                                                                                   INCLASS and REPLICATE.
676
      ARRAY DIFF(44) DIFF1-DIFF44;
677
      DO n = 1 TO 44;
                                                                                   Lines 675-680 calculate
678
         DIFF(n) = (RMNS(n) - MEAN)**2;
                                                                                   standard errors using the
679
        END;
                                                                                   replicate weight formula.
680
      SE = SQRT((1/44)*SUM(OF DIFF(*)));
681 RIIN;
NOTE: Character values have been converted to numeric values at the places given by:
(Line):(Column).
     661:13 671:33
NOTE: There were 10 observations read from the data set WORK.POP.
NOTE: There were 4680 observations read from the data set WORK.AGG.
NOTE: The data set WORK.TAB1 has 4680 observations and 3 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
                        0.14 seconds
     real time
     cpu time
                        0.07 seconds
682
683
684
      685
      /* STEP6: TABULATE EXPENDITURES
687
      /* ----- */
688
      /* 1 ARRANGE DATA INTO TABULAR FORM
689
      /* 2 SET OUT DIARY POPULATIONS FOR POPULATION LINE ITEM
                                                                              * /
                                                                              * /
      /* 3 INSERT POPULATION LINE INTO TABLE
690
691
      /* 4 INSERT ZERO EXPENDITURE LINE ITEMS INTO TABLE FOR COMPLETENESS
      692
693
694
695 PROC TRANSPOSE DATA=TAB1 OUT=TAB2
                                                                                   Arranges output for
     NAME = ESTIMATE PREFIX = INCLASS;
696
                                                                                   tabulation. This will give a
697
      BY LINE;
                                                                                   rough expenditure table.
698
      VAR MEAN SE;
      /*ARRANGE DATA INTO TABULAR FORM */
699
NOTE: There were 4680 observations read from the data set WORK.TAB1.
NOTE: The data set WORK.TAB2 has 936 observations and 12 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE TRANSPOSE used (Total process time):
     real time 0.03 seconds
                        0.00 seconds
     cpu time
701
702
                                                                                   All populations are put into
703 PROC TRANSPOSE DATA=POP (KEEP = RPOP45) OUT=CUS
                                                                                   dataset POP. A special
704
      NAME = LINE PREFIX = INCLASS;
                                                                                   dataset, CUS, is created
705
      VAR RPOP45;
                                                                                   specifically for inserting the
      /* SET ASIDE POPULATIONS FROM DIARY */
706
                                                                                   full US population into the
707 RUN;
                                                                                   output.
NOTE: There were 10 observations read from the data set WORK.POP.
NOTE: The data set WORK.CUS has 1 observations and 11 variables.
NOTE: PROCEDURE TRANSPOSE used (Total process time):
                        0.01 seconds
     real time
                        0.00 seconds
     cpu time
708
```

```
710 DATA TAB3;
       SET CUS TAB2;
711
                                                                                           Population totals per income
       IF LINE = 'RPOP45' THEN DO;
712
                                                                                           class are inserted into the
       LINE = '100001';
713
                                                                                           output.
714
         ESTIMATE = 'N';
715
         END:
716
       /* INSERT POPULATION LINE ITEM INTO TABLE AND ASSIGN LINE NUMBER */
717 RUN;
NOTE: There were 1 observations read from the data set WORK.CUS.
NOTE: There were 936 observations read from the data set WORK.TAB2.
NOTE: The data set WORK.TAB3 has 937 observations and 12 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
     real time 0.01 seconds
      cpu time
                          0.01 seconds
718
719
720 DATA TAB;
                                                                                           This data step further
721
      MERGE TAB3 STUBFILE;
                                                                                           processes data by deleting
722
       BY LINE;
                                                                                           unwanted table line items and
        IF LINE NE '100001' THEN DO;
723
                                                                                           inserting zero expenditure
           IF SURVEY = 'S' THEN DELETE;
724
                                                                                           lines for items that are not
725
         END;
                                                                                           reported. This is to get the
        ARRAY CNTRL(10) INCLASS1-INCLASS10;
726
                                                                                           output as close to publication
727
           DO i = 1 TO 10;
                                                                                           tables as possible.
728
            IF CNTRL(i) = . THEN CNTRL(i) = 0;
729
             IF SUM(OF CNTRL(*)) = 0 THEN ESTIMATE = 'MEAN';
730
731
732
         IF GROUP IN ('CUCHARS' 'INCOME') THEN DO;
           IF LAG(LINE) = LINE THEN DELETE;
733
734
         END;
735
       /* MERGE STUBFILE BACK INTO TABLE TO INSERT EXPENDITURE LINES */
       ^{\prime} * THAT HAD ZERO EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR
736
NOTE: There were 937 observations read from the data set WORK.TAB3.
NOTE: There were 480 observations read from the data set WORK.STUBFILE.
NOTE: The data set WORK.TAB has 872 observations and 20 variables.
NOTE: DATA statement used (Total process time):
     real time
                          0.03 seconds
      cpu time
                           0.03 seconds
738
739
                                                                                           Tabulate the data. Line
740 PROC TABULATE DATA=TAB;
                                                                                           numbers are formatted to give
741
       CLASS LINE / GROUPINTERNAL ORDER=DATA;
                                                                                           titles
742
       CLASS ESTIMATE;
743
       VAR INCLASSI-INCLASSIO;
       FORMAT LINE $LBLFMT.;
744
745
746
         TABLE (LINE * ESTIMATE), (INCLASS10 INCLASS1 INCLASS2 INCLASS3 INCLASS4
747
                                    INCLASS5 INCLASS6 INCLASS7 INCLASS8 INCLASS9)
         *SUM='' / RTS=25;
748
749
         LABEL ESTIMATE=ESTIMATE LINE=LINE
                                              INCLASS2='$5,000 TO $9,999'
750
               INCLASS1='LESS THAN $5,000'
               INCLASS3='$10,000 TO $14,999' INCLASS4='$15,000 TO $19,999'
751
               INCLASS5='$20,000 TO $29,999' INCLASS6='$30,000 TO $39,999'
752
753
               INCLASS7='$40,000 TO $49,999' INCLASS8='$50,000 TO $69,999'
               INCLASS9='$70,000 AND OVER' INCLASS10='ALL CONSUMER UNITS';
754
755
         OPTIONS NODATE NOCENTER NONUMBER LS=167 PS=MAX;
756
         WHERE LINE NE 'OTHER';
757
         TITLE "DIARY EXPENDITURES FOR &YEAR BY INCOME BEFORE TAXES";
758 RUN;
NOTE: There were 870 observations read from the data set WORK.TAB.
      WHERE LINE not = 'OTHER';
```

NOTE: PROCEDURE TABULATE used (Total process time):
real time 0.10 seconds
cpu time 0.03 seconds

VIII. DESCRIPTION OF THE SURVEY

The CE program consists of two separate components, each with its own questionnaire and independent sample:

- 1) A Diary or recordkeeping survey completed by the sample CUs for two consecutive 1-week periods; the sample is surveyed across a 12-month period.
- 2) An Interview panel survey in which each CU in the sample is interviewed once every 3 months over five consecutive quarters to obtain a year's worth of data. New panels are initiated every month of the year.

Data are collected by the Bureau of the Census under contract with BLS. All data collected in both surveys are subject to The U.S. Census Bureau confidentiality requirements, which prevent the disclosure of the CU member's identity.

The Diary survey collects expenditure data for items purchased each day over two one-week periods. This survey is designed to collect expenditure data for small, frequently purchased items such as food, beverages, food consumed away from home, gasoline, housekeeping supplies, nonprescription drugs and medical supplies, and personal care products and services. Respondents are not limited to recording expense for these items only.

A Household Characteristics Questionnaire is completed to record demographic and family characteristics data pertaining to age, sex, race, marital status, and CU relationships each CU member. Income information, such as wage, salary, unemployment compensation, child support, and alimony, as well as information on the employment of each CU member age 14 and over is collected. The expenditure collection instrument is a self-reporting, product-oriented diary on which respondents record all expenses for two consecutive one-week periods. It is divided by day of purchase and by broad classification of goods and services, a format designed to aid the respondents when recording daily purchases.

At the beginning of the two-week collection period, the interviewer uses the Household Characteristics Questionnaire to record demographic and characteristics information pertaining to CU members. Also at this time, a diary for the first week is left with the participating CU. At the completion of the first week, the interviewer picks up the diary, reviews the entries, clarifies any questions, and leaves a second diary for the following week. At the end of the second week, the diary is picked up and reviewed. At this point, the interviewer again uses the Household Characteristics Questionnaire to collect information on CU income, employment and earnings of CU members. These data, along with the other household characteristics information, permit data users to classify sample units for research purposes, and allow BLS to adjust population weights for CUs who do not cooperate in the survey.

IX. DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING

In addition to its data collection duties, the U.S. Census Bureau is responsible for field editing and coding, consistency checking, quality control, and data transmittal to BLS. BLS performs additional review and editing procedures in preparing the data for publication and release.

A. BUREAU OF THE CENSUS ACTIVITIES

Data collection activities have been conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau on a continuing basis since October 1979. Due to differences in format and design, the Diary Survey and the Interview Survey data are collected and processed separately. Preliminary Diary survey data processing carried out by the U.S. Census Bureau includes programming the Computer Assisted Personal Interview (CAPI) instrument used to collect household characteristics, keying the expenditure data from the diary questionnaire, clerical data editing, and correcting for inconsistencies in the collected data.

The data collected on household characteristics using CAPI are sent directly to the Census Demographic Surveys Division (DSD). Upon completion of the written questionnaire by respondents, the diaries are sent from the regional offices to the Census National Processing Center (NPC) in Jeffersonville, IN. At the NPC, the expenditure data are keyed and codes are applied. The keyed expenditure data are sent to DSD, where they are merged with the household characteristic data. Inconsistencies and errors in the combined data are identified and corrected.

After clerical processing at the NPC, the data are transmitted to the Census Processing Center in Suitland, MD, where they pass through basic quality checks of control counts, missing values, etc. The data are then electronically transmitted to BLS in Washington, DC.

B. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS ACTIVITIES

Upon receipt from the U.S. Census Bureau, the data undergo a series of computer edits that identify and correct irregularities and inconsistencies. Other adjustments apply appropriate sales taxes and derive CU weights based on BLS specifications. In addition, demographic and work experience items are imputed when missing or invalid. All data changes and imputations are identified with flags on the Interview data base.

Next, BLS conducts an extensive review to ensure that severe data aberrations are corrected. The review takes place in several stages: a review of counts, weighted means, and unweighted means by region; a review of family relationship coding inconsistencies; a review of selected extreme values for expenditure and income categories; and a verification of the various data transformations.

Cases of extreme data values are investigated by reviewing images of the questionnaires. Errors discovered through this procedure are corrected prior to release of the data.

Two major types of data adjustment routines--imputation and allocation--are carried out to improve and classify the estimates derived from the Diary Survey. Data imputation routines correct for missing or invalid entries among selected CU characteristic fields. Allocation routines are applied when respondents provided insufficient expenditure detail to meet tabulation requirements. For example, reports of combined expenditures for fuels and utilities are allocated among gas, electricity, and other items in this group. To analyze the effects of these adjustments, tabulations are made before and after the data adjustments.

X. SAMPLING STATEMENT

A. SURVEY SAMPLE DESIGN

Samples for the CE are national probability samples of households designed to be representative of the total U. S. civilian population. Eligible population includes all civilian noninstitutional persons.

The first step in sampling is the selection of primary sampling units (PSUs), which consist of counties (or parts thereof) or groups of counties. The set of sample PSUs used for the 2010 sample is composed of 91 areas. The design classifies the PSUs into four categories:

- 21 "A" certainty PSUs are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSA's) with a population greater than 1.5 million.
- 38 "X" PSUs, are medium-sized MSAs.
- 16 "Y" PSUs are nonmetropolitan areas that are included in the CPI.
- 16 "Z" PSUs are nonmetropolitan areas where only the urban population data will be included in the CPI.

The sampling frame (that is, the list from which housing units were chosen) for the 2010 survey is generated from the 2000 Population Census file. The sampling frame is augmented by new construction permits and by techniques used to eliminate recognized deficiencies in census coverage. All Enumeration Districts (EDs) from the Census that fail to meet the criterion for good addresses for new construction, and all EDs in nonpermit-issuing areas are grouped into the area segment frame.

To the extent possible, an unclustered sample of units is selected within each PSU. This lack of clustering is desirable because the sample size of the Diary Survey is small relative to other surveys, while the intraclass correlations for expenditure characteristics are relatively large. This suggests that any clustering of the sample units could result in an unacceptable increase in the within-PSU variance and, as a result, the total variance.

Each selected sample unit is requested to keep two 1-week diaries of expenditures over consecutive weeks. The earliest possible day for placing a diary with a household is predesignated with each day of the week having an equal chance to be the first of the reference week. The diaries are evenly spaced throughout the year.

B. COOPERATION LEVELS

The annual target sample size at the United States level for the Diary Survey is 7,050 participating sample units. To achieve this target the total estimated work load is 12,100 sample units. This allows for refusals, vacancies, or nonexistent sample unit addresses.

Each participating sample unit selected is asked to keep two 1-week diaries. Each diary is treated independently, so response rates are based on twice the number of housing units sampled.

The response rate for the 2010 Diary Survey is 71.5% as shown below. This response rate refers to all diaries in the year.

| Number of | | Eligib | le housing unit inte | rviews |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| diaries designated | Type B or C | Number of | Type A | Total respondent |
| for the survey | ineligible cases | potential diaries | nonresponses | <u>interviews</u> |
| 25,158 | 5,170 | 19,988 | 5,692 | 14,296 |

Type B or C cases are housing units that are vacant, nonexistent, or ineligible for diary placement. Type A nonresponses are housing units which the interviewers were unable to contact or the respondents refused to participate in the survey. The response rate stated above is based only on the eligible housing units (i.e., the designated sample cases less type B and type C ineligible cases).

C. WEIGHTING

Each CU included in the CE represents a given number of CUs in the U.S. population, which is considered to be the universe. The translation of sample families into the universe of families is known as weighting. However, since the unit of analysis for the CE is a CU, the weighting is performed at the CU level. Several factors are involved in determining the weight for each CU for which a diary is obtained. There are four basic steps in the weighting procedure:

- 1) The basic weight is assigned to an address and is the inverse of the probability of selection of the housing unit.
- 2) A weight control factor is applied to each diary if subsampling is performed in the field.
- 3) A noninterview adjustment is made for units where data could not be collected from occupied housing units. The adjustment is performed as a function of region, housing tenure, family size and race.
- 4) A final adjustment is performed to adjust the sample estimates to national population controls derived from the Current Population Survey. The adjustments are made based on both the CU's member composition and on the CU as a whole. The weight for the CU is adjusted for individuals within the CU to meet the controls for the 14 age/race categories, 4 regions, and 4 region/urban categories. The CU weight is also adjusted to meet the control for total number of CUs and total number of CU who own their living quarters. The weighting procedure uses an iterative process to ensure that the sample estimates will meet all the population controls.

NOTE: The weight for a consumer unit (CU) can be different for each week in which the CU participates in the survey as the CU may represent a different number of CUs with similar characteristics.

D. STATE IDENTIFIER

Since the CE is not designed to produce state-level estimates, summing the consumer unit weights by state will not yield state population totals. A CU's basic weight reflects its probability of selection among a group of primary sampling units of similar characteristics. For example,

sample units in an urban nonmetropolitan area in California may represent similar areas in Wyoming and Nevada. Among other adjustments, CUs are post-stratified nationally by sex-agerace. For example, the weights of consumer units containing a black male, age 16-24 in Alabama, Colorado, or New York, are all adjusted equivalently. Therefore, weighted population state totals will not match population totals calculated from other surveys that are designed to represent state data.

To summarize, the CE sample was not designed to produce precise estimates for individual states. Although state-level estimates that are unbiased in a repeated sampling sense can be calculated for various statistical measures, such as means and aggregates, their estimates will generally be subject to large variances. Additionally, a particular state-population estimate from the CE sample may be far from the true state-population estimate.

XI. INTERPRETING THE DATA

Several factors should be considered when interpreting the expenditure data. The average expenditure for an item may be considerably lower than the expenditure by those CUs that purchased the item. The less frequently an item is purchased, the greater the difference between the average for all consumer units and the average of those purchasing. (See Section V.B. for ESTIMATION OF TOTAL AND MEAN EXPENDITURES). Also, an individual CU may spend more or less than the average, depending on its particular characteristics. Factors such as income, age of family members, geographic location, taste and personal preference also influence expenditures. Furthermore, even within groups with similar characteristics, the distribution of expenditures varies substantially.

Expenditures reported are the direct out-of-pocket expenditures. Indirect expenditures, which may be significant, may be reflected elsewhere. For example, rental contracts often include utilities. Renters with such contracts would record no direct expense for utilities, and therefore, appear to have no utility expenses. Employers or insurance companies frequently pay other costs. CUs with members whose employers pay for all or part of their health insurance or life insurance would have lower direct expenses for these items than those who pay the entire amount themselves. These points should be considered when relating reported averages to individual circumstances.

XII. APPENDIX 1--GLOSSARY

Population

The civilian non-institutional population of the United States as well as that portion of the institutional population living in the following group quarters: Boarding houses, housing facilities for students and workers, staff units in hospitals and homes for the aged, infirm, or needy, permanent living quarters in hotels and motels, and mobile home parks. Urban population is defined as all persons living in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA's) and in urbanized areas and urban places of 2,500 or more persons outside of MSA's. Urban, defined in this survey, includes the rural populations within MSA. The general concept of an MSA is one of a large population nucleus together with adjacent communities that have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. Rural population is defined as all persons living outside of an MSA and within an area with less than 2,500 persons.

Consumer unit (CU)

A consumer unit comprises either: (1) all members of a particular household who are related by blood, marriage, adoption, or other legal arrangements; (2) a person living alone or sharing a household with others or living as a roomer in a private home or lodging house or in permanent living quarters in a hotel or motel, but who is financially independent; or (3) two or more persons living together who use their income to make joint expenditures. Financial independence is determined by the three major expense categories: housing, food, and other living expenses. To be considered financially independent, at least two of the three major expense categories have to be provided entirely or in part by the respondent.

Reference person

The first member mentioned by the respondent when asked to "Start with the name of the person or one of the persons who owns or rents the home." It is with respect to this person that the relationship of other CU members is determined.

Income before taxes

The combined income earned by all CU members 14 years old or over during the 12 months preceding the interview. The components of income are: Wage and salary income, business income, farm income, Social Security income and Supplemental Security income, unemployment compensation, workmen's compensation, public assistance, welfare, interest, dividends, pension income, income from roomers or boarders, other rental income, income from regular contributions, other income, and food stamps.

Income after taxes

Income before taxes minus personal taxes, which includes Federal income taxes, state and local taxes, and other taxes.

Geographic regions

CUs are classified by region according to the address at which they reside during the time of participation in the survey. The regions comprise the following States:

Northeast - Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont

Midwest - Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin

South - Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia

West - Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming

XIII. APPENDIX 2 -- UNIVERSAL CLASSIFICATION CODE (UCC) TITLES

*L denotes UCCs that could have negative values.

An underlined UCC represents either a new UCC or a deleted UCC. Please note that new UCCs may not be represented in all quarters. The quarter in which the addition (deletion) occurs is denoted by a leading superscript directly prior to the UCC code. For example, N(D)071 (UCC) identifies a new (deleted) UCC beginning in Q071.

A. EXPENDITURE UCC'S ON EXPN FILE

| 001000 | Stocks, bonds, mutual funds |
|--------|--|
| 001000 | Precious metals |
| 001100 | Miscellaneous investments |
| 001200 | Employment counseling & fees |
| 002000 | Savings account deposit |
| 002000 | Insurance other than health, hospital, vehicle and property |
| 002100 | Retirement plans |
| 004000 | Contributions |
| 004000 | Cash gifts |
| 004100 | Gifts not specified |
| 005000 | Alimony and child support |
| 009000 | Mortgage payment including coop |
| 009000 | Property assessment |
| 010110 | Flour |
| 010110 | Prepared flour mixes |
| 010120 | Cereal |
| 010210 | Rice |
| 010310 | Pasta, cornmeal, other cereal products |
| 020110 | White bread |
| 020110 | Bread other than white |
| 020310 | Fresh biscuits, rolls, muffins |
| 020410 | Cakes and cupcakes, fresh and other, excluding frozen |
| 020510 | Cookies, excluding refrigerated dough |
| 020610 | Crackers, excluding crumbs |
| 020620 | Bread and cracker products |
| 020710 | Doughnuts, sweet rolls, coffeecakes, fresh and other, excluding frozen |
| 020810 | Frozen refrigerated and canned bakery products, such as biscuits, rolls, muffins, cakes, |
| | cupcakes, doughnuts, pies, tarts, turnovers, and miscellaneous products, including dough |
| | and batter |
| 020820 | Pies, tarts, turnovers, fresh and other, excluding frozen |
| 030110 | Ground beef, excluding canned |
| 030210 | Chuck roast, excluding canned |
| 030310 | Round roast, excluding canned |
| 030410 | Other beef roast, excluding canned |
| 030510 | Round steak, excluding canned |
| 030610 | Sirloin steak, excluding canned |
| 030710 | Other steak, excluding canned |
| 030810 | Other beef, excluding canned |
| 040110 | Bacon |
| 040210 | Pork chops |
| 040310 | Ham, excluding canned |
| 040410 | Other pork, excluding canned |

| 040510 | Pork sausage, excluding canned |
|--------|--|
| 040610 | Canned ham |
| 050110 | Frankfurters, excluding canned |
| 050210 | Bologna, liverwurst, salami, excluding canned |
| 050310 | Other lunchmeat |
| 050410 | Lamb and organ meats, excluding canned |
| 050900 | Mutton, goat, game |
| 060110 | Fresh and frozen whole chicken |
| 060210 | Fresh or frozen chicken parts |
| 060310 | Other poultry |
| | |
| 070110 | Canned fish, seafood and shellfish |
| 070230 | Fresh fish and shellfish |
| 070240 | Frozen fish and shellfish |
| 080110 | Eggs |
| 090110 | Fresh milk all types |
| 090210 | Cream |
| 100110 | Butter |
| 100210 | Cheese |
| 100410 | Ice cream and related products, including frozen yogurt |
| 100510 | Other dairy products, including powdered milk, and fresh, canned and non-frozen yogurt |
| 110110 | Apples |
| 110210 | Bananas |
| 110310 | Oranges |
| 110410 | Other fresh fruits |
| 110510 | Citrus fruits excluding oranges |
| 120110 | Potatoes |
| 120210 | Lettuce |
| 120310 | Tomatoes |
| 120410 | Other fresh vegetables |
| 130110 | Frozen orange juice |
| 130121 | Frozen fruits |
| 130122 | Frozen fruit juices |
| 130211 | Fresh fruit juices |
| 130212 | Canned/bottled fruit juices |
| 130310 | Canned fruits |
| 130320 | Dried fruits |
| 140110 | |
| 140210 | Frozen vegetables Canned beans |
| 140210 | Canned corn |
| 140220 | Miscellaneous canned vegetables, not collected in a separate UCC |
| 140230 | |
| | Other processed dried vegetables, such as squash, not collected in a separate UCC |
| 140320 | Dried peas |
| 140330 | Dried beans |
| 140340 | Dried carrots, onions, leafy greens, and cabbage |
| 140410 | Frozen vegetable juices |
| 140420 | Fresh/canned vegetable juices |
| 150110 | Candy and chewing gum |
| 150211 | Sugar |
| 150212 | Artificial sweeteners |
| 150310 | Jams, jellies, preserves and other sweets |
| 160110 | Margarine |
| 160211 | Fats and oils |
| 160212 | Salad dressings |
| 160310 | Non-dairy cream substitutes |
| 160320 | Peanut butter |
| 170110 | Cola drinks |
| | |

| 170210 | Other carbonated drinks |
|--------|---|
| 170210 | Coffee, roasted |
| | |
| 170410 | Coffee, instant or freeze dried |
| 170510 | Noncarbonated fruit flavored drinks, including lemonade-non frozen |
| 170520 | Tea |
| 170531 | Other noncarbonated beverage/ice |
| 170532 | Bottled water |
| 170533 | Sports Drinks |
| 180110 | Soup |
| 180210 | Frozen meals |
| 180220 | Frozen prepared food other than meals |
| 180310 | Potato chips and other snacks |
| 180320 | Nuts |
| 180410 | Salt, other seasonings & spices |
| 180420 | Olives, pickles, relishes |
| 180510 | Sauces and gravies |
| 180520 | Other condiments |
| 180611 | Prepared salads |
| 180612 | Prepared desserts |
| 180620 | Baby food |
| 180710 | Miscellaneous prepared foods including items such as canned meats (see UCC's 030110 - |
| | 030810, 040410 - 040510, 050110, 050310 - 050410, 060110 - 060310), fresh and canned |
| | ethnic foods, fresh and canned pizza |
| 180720 | Vitamin supplements |
| 190111 | Lunch at Fast Food |
| 190112 | Lunch at Full Service |
| 190113 | Lunch at Vending Machine |
| 190114 | Lunch at Employer |
| 190115 | Lunch at Board |
| 190116 | Lunch at Catered Affairs |
| 190211 | Dinner at Fast Food |
| 190212 | Dinner at Full Service |
| 190213 | Dinner at Vending Machine |
| 190214 | Dinner at Employer |
| 190215 | Dinner at Board |
| 190216 | Dinner at Catered Affairs |
| 190311 | Snacks at Fast Food |
| 190312 | Snacks at Full Service |
| 190313 | Snacks at Vend Machine |
| 190314 | Snacks at Employer |
| 190315 | Snacks at Board |
| 190316 | Snacks at Catered Affairs |
| 190321 | Breakfast at Fast Food |
| 190322 | Breakfast at Full Service |
| 190323 | Breakfast at Vending Machine |
| 190324 | Breakfast at Employer |
| 190325 | Breakfast at Board |
| 190326 | Breakfast at Catered Affairs |
| 190911 | Board at Fast Food |
| 190912 | Board at Full Service |
| 190913 | Board at Vending Machine |
| 190914 | Board at Employer |
| 190915 | Board |
| 190916 | Board at Catered Affairs |
| 190921 | Catered Affairs at Fast Food |
| 190922 | Catered Affairs at Full Service |
| | |

| 190923 | Catered Affairs at Vending Machine |
|-------------------|--|
| 190924 | Catered Affairs at Employer |
| 190925 | Catered Affairs at Board |
| 190926 | Catered Affairs |
| 200111 | Beer and ale at home |
| 200112 | Nonalcoholic beer |
| 200210 | Whiskey at home |
| 200310 | Wine at home |
| 200410 | Other alcoholic beverages at home |
| 200511 | Beer at Fast Food |
| 200512 | Beer at Full Service |
| 200513 | Beer at Vending Machine |
| 200514 | Beer at Employer |
| 200515 | Beer at Board |
| 200516 | Beer at Catered Affairs |
| 200510 | Wine at Fast Food |
| 200521 | Wine at Full Service |
| 200523 | Wine at Vending Machine |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 200524 | Wine at Employer |
| 200525 | Wine at Cotton of Affairs |
| 200526 | Wine at Catered Affairs |
| 200531 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Fast Food |
| 200532 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Full Service |
| 200533 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Vending Machine |
| 200534 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine at Employer |
| 200535 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine at Board |
| 200536 | Alcoholic Beverage Excluding Beer/Wine Catered Affairs |
| 210110 | Rent of dwelling, including deposit and parking fees |
| 210210 | Lodging away from home |
| 210310 | Housing for someone at school |
| 210900 | Ground or land rent |
| 220000 | Capital improvements, not specified |
| 220110 | Fire/extended coverage insurance |
| 220120 | Homeowners insurance |
| 220210 | Property taxes |
| 220400 | Purchase of property or real estate |
| 220510 | Capital improvements - commodities |
| 220610 | Capital improvements - services |
| 220900 | Parking, owned dwelling |
| 230000 | Repair, maintenance, and improvements for built in dishwasher, garbage disposal, and |
| 200000 | range hood |
| 230110 | Maintenance of property, including items such as ceiling repair, black top, brick, or masonry |
| 250110 | work, air conditioner repair, roof and awning repair, house painting, papering, chimney |
| | cleaning, electrical inspection, furnace inspection and repair, wiring, pest control, carpenter, |
| | |
| 220120 | plumber, etc |
| 230120 | Installed hard surface flooring |
| 230130 | Installed wall-to-wall carpet |
| 230140 | Repair disposal, dishwasher, range hood |
| 230900 | Maintenance fees, such as service repair of property fees, management fees, homeowners association dues, condo fees, and community pool fees |
| 240110 | Paint, wallpaper and supplies |
| 240120 | Tools and equipment for painting and papering |
| 240210 | Lumber, paneling, tile, awning, glass, plywood, doors, windows, screens, siding, roofing and |
| | fencing materials |
| 240220 | Blacktop and masonry materials |
| 240310 | Plumbing supplies, fixtures and equipment |
| | |

| 240320 | Electric heating and air conditioning supplies and equipment |
|--|--|
| 240900 | Soft surface floor covering |
| 250110 | Fuel oil |
| 250210 | Bottled or tank gas |
| 250220 | Coal |
| 250900 | Miscellaneous fuels, such as wood, kerosene, charcoal, oil mix for gas, lawnmower oil, |
| | lamp oil, duraflame log, and sterno |
| 260110 | Electricity |
| 260210 | Utility - natural gas |
| 270000 | Telephone service, including public pay phones |
| 270210 | Water and sewerage maintenance |
| 270310 | Cable/Satellite/Com Antenna Serv |
| 270410 | Garbage, trash collection |
| 270900 | Septic tank cleaning |
| 270905 | Steam heat |
| 280110 | Bathroom linens |
| 280120 | Bedroom linens |
| 280130 | Kitchen and dining room linens |
| 280210 | Curtains and drapes, excluding shower |
| 280220 | Slipcovers, decorative pillows, and cushions |
| 280230 | Sewing materials for slipcovers, curtains, and other home handiwork |
| 280900 | Other linens |
| 290110 | Mattress and springs |
| 290120 | Other bedroom furniture |
| 290210 | Sofas |
| 290310 | Living room chairs |
| 290320 | Living room tables |
| 290410 | Kitchen and dining room furniture |
| 290420 | Infants' furniture |
| 290430 | Patio, porch or outdoor furniture |
| 290440 | Modular wall units, shelves or cabinets, or other living room, family or rec-room furniture |
| 300110 | including desks |
| | Refrigerator, home freezer Washers |
| 300210 300220 | |
| 300220 300310 | Dryers |
| 300310 300320 | Stoves, ovens |
| 300320 | Microwave ovens Portable dishwashers |
| 300330 300410 | Window air conditioners |
| 300900 | Miscellaneous household appliances |
| 310140 | Televisions |
| 310210 | Video players, video recorders, video tape player, video tape recorder, video disc player, |
| 310210 | video players, video recorders, video tape player, video tape recorder, video disc player, video camera receiver and recorder, and camcorder |
| 310220 | Video cassettes, tapes and discs, laser discs, reels, prerecorded and blank video cassettes, |
| 310220 | video tassettes, tapes and disces, laser discs, reels, prerecorded and blank video cassettes, |
| 310230 | Video game cartridges, TV computer games and software, Atari cartridges and supplies, |
| 310230 | computer joystick, games, and game cartridges |
| 310311 | Radio, not installed in vehicles |
| 310312 | Phonograph or record player |
| 310312 | Tape recorder and player |
| 310315 | Digital media players and recorders |
| 310320 | Sound components, component systems, amplifiers, receivers, turn tables, tape decks, |
| 0.0020 | tuners, stereos, speakers, and compact disc sound systems |
| 310241 | Streaming Video Files |
| 310241 | Downloading Video Files |
| 310314 | Digital Audio Players |
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| 310331 | Miscellaneous sound equipment |
|-------------------|---|
| 310332 | Sound equipment accessories |
| 310334 | Satellite dishes |
| 310335 | Miscellaneous video equipment |
| 310340 | Records, CDs, and Audio Tapes |
| 310351 | Streaming Audio Files |
| 310352 | Downloading Audio Files |
| 310900 | Accessories for electronic equipment |
| 320110 | Room-size rugs and other non-permanent floor coverings |
| 320120 | Venetian blinds, window shades and other window coverings |
| 320130 | Infants' equipment |
| 320140 | Laundry and cleaning equipment |
| 320150 | Outdoor equipment |
| 320220 | Lamps and other lighting fixtures |
| 320232 | Telephones and accessories |
| 320233 | Clocks and other household decorative items |
| 320310 | Plastic dinnerware |
| 320320 | China and other dinnerware |
| 320330 | Stainless, silver and other flatware |
| 320340 | Glassware |
| 320350 | Silver serving pieces |
| 320360 | Serving pieces other than silver |
| 320370 | Nonelectric cookware |
| 320380 | Tableware, nonelectric kitchenware |
| 320410 | Lawnmowing equipment and other yard machinery, powered and nonpowered |
| 320420 | Power tools |
| 320430 | Other hardware, including curtain and drapery hardware, rope, portable ladders, sheds, |
| | non-permanent shelves and shelving |
| 320511 | Electric floor cleaning equipment |
| 320512 | Sewing machines |
| 320521 | Small electrical kitchen appliances |
| 320522 | Portable heating and cooling equipment |
| 320610 | Miscellaneous supplies and equipment, such as caulking compound, duct tape, carpet tape, |
| | carpet knife, bolts, screws, drill bits, door knobs, tool box, keys, mailbox, gutter screens, |
| | clamps, shelf brackets, tool table, work bench, etc |
| 320620 | Permanent hard surface floor covering |
| 320630 | Landscaping items, such as grass, grass seed, trees, shrubs, plants, sod, and fork lift |
| 320901 | Office furniture for home use |
| 320902 | Non-powered tools |
| 320903 | Fresh flowers or potted plants |
| 320904 | Closet and storage items |
| 320905 | Miscellaneous household equipment and parts |
| 320906 | Electronic testing equipment |
| 330110 | Soaps and detergents, excluding hand soaps |
| 330210 | Other laundry and cleaning products |
| 330310 | Paper towels, napkins, toilet tissue, facial tissue |
| 330410 | Stationery, giftwrap and wrap accessories, greeting cards, pens, pencils, tape |
| 330510 | Miscellaneous household products, including paper, plastic and foil products |
| 330610 | Lawn and garden supplies, including outdoor plants |
| 340110 | Postage |
| 340120 | Delivery services |
| 340210 | Babysitting or other home care for children |
| 340310 | Housekeeping service, such as housekeeping, cooking, maid service, interior decorating, |
| 0.40.446 | and carpet and upholstery cleaning services |
| 340410 | Gardening and lawn care services, such as mowing, tree services, fertilizing, and yard work |
| 340510 | Moving, storage, and freight express |
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| 340520 | Non-clothing household laundry or dry cleaning not coin operated |
| 340530 | Non-clothing household laundry or dry cleaning - coin-operated |
| 340610 | Repair of television, radio, and sound equipment, excluding installed in vehicles |
| 340620 | Repair of household appliances; including stove, vacuum, washer, dryer, sewing machine, |
| | refrigerator, and calculator; excluding garbage disposal, range hood, and built-in |
| | dishwasher |
| 340630 | Furniture repair, refurnishing, or reupholstery |
| 340901 | Rental or repair of lawnmowing equipment and other yard machinery, power and non-power |
| | tools |
| 340903 | Miscellaneous home services and small repair jobs not already specified |
| 340904 | Rental of furniture |
| 340906 | Care for invalids, convalescents, handicapped or elderly persons in the CU |
| 340907 | Rental of household equipment items, such as refrigerators, home freezers, washers, |
| | microwave ovens, dishwashers, water cooler, stroller, china; excluding tools and |
| | lawn/garden equipment |
| 340908 | Rental of office equipment for non-business use, includes items such as calculators, |
| | typewriters, projectors, and other office machines. |
| 340909 | Rental of TV or radio sound equipment |
| 340913 | Repair and alterations of miscellaneous household equipment, furnishings, and textiles |
| 350110 | Tenants' insurance |
| 360110 | Men's suits |
| 360120 | Men's sportcoats and tailored jackets |
| 360210 | Men's coats, jackets, and furs |
| 360311 | Men's underwear |
| 360312 | Men's hosiery |
| 360320 | Men's sleepwear/loungewear |
| 360330 | Men's accessories |
| 360340 | Men's sweaters and vests |
| 360350 | Men's active sportswear |
| 360410 | Men's shirts |
| 360513 | Men's pants and shorts |
| 360901 | Men's uniforms |
| 370110 | Boys' coats, jackets, and furs |
| 370120 | Boys' sweaters |
| 370130 | Boys' shirts |
| 370211 | Boys' underwear |
| 370212 | Boys' sleepwear/loungewear |
| 370213 | Boys' hosiery |
| 370220 | Boys' accessories |
| 370311 | Boys' suits, sportcoats, and vests |
| 370314 | Boys' pants and shorts |
| 370901 | Boys' uniforms and active sportswear |
| 380110 | Women's coats, jackets and furs |
| 380210 | Women's deats, jackets and rurs Women's dresses |
| 380311 | Women's sportcoats and tailored jackets |
| 380312 | Women's vests, sweaters, and sweater sets |
| 380313 | Women's shirts, tops, and blouses |
| 380320 | Women's skirts and culottes |
| 380333 | Women's pants and shorts |
| 380340 | Women's active sportswear |
| 380410 | Women's sleepwear/loungewear |
| 380420 | Women's undergarments |
| 380430 | Women's hosiery |
| 380510 | Women's suits |
| 380901 | Women's accessories |
| 380902 | Women's uniforms |
| JUU3UZ | WORKERS WINDING |

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| 390110 | Girls' coats, jackets, and furs |
| 390120 | Girls' dresses and suits |
| 390210 | Girls' sport coats, tailored jackets, shirts, blouses, sweaters, sweater sets, and vests |
| 390223 | Girls' pants and shorts |
| 390230 | Girls' active sportswear |
| 390310 | Girls' undergarments and sleepwear/loungewear |
| 390321 | Girls' hosiery |
| 390322 | Girls' accessories |
| 390901 | Girls' uniforms |
| 400110 | Men's footwear |
| 400210 | Boys' footwear |
| 400220 | Girls' footwear |
| 400310 | Women's footwear □□ |
| 410110 | Infants' coats, jackets, and snowsuits |
| 410120 | Infants' rompers, dresses, and sweaters |
| 410130 | Infants' undergarments, including diapers |
| 410140 | Infants' sleeping garments |
| 410901 | Infants' accessories, hosiery, and footwear |
| 420110 | Sewing material for making clothes |
| 420120 | Sewing notions, patterns |
| 430110 | Watches |
| 430120 | Jewelry |
| 430130 | Travel items, including luggage, and luggage carriers |
| 440110 | Shoe repair and other shoe services |
| 440120 | Apparel laundry and dry cleaning - coin-operated |
| 440130 | Alteration, repair, tailoring of apparel and accessories |
| 440140 | Clothing rental |
| 440150 | Watch and jewelry repair |
| 440210 | Apparel laundry and dry cleaning not coin operated |
| 440900 | Clothing storage |
| 450110 | New cars |
| 450210 | New trucks, pick-ups, vans, or jeeps |
| 450220 | New motorcycles, motor scooters, or mopeds |
| 450310 | Lease payment (car lease) |
| 450410 | Lease payment (truck/pick-up/van/jeep lease) |
| 460110 | Used cars |
| 460901 | Used trucks or vans |
| 460902 | Used motorcycles, motor scooters, or mopeds |
| 460903 | Used aircraft |
| 470111 | Gasoline |
| 470112 | Diesel fuel |
| 470114 | Gasohol |
| 470211 | Motor oil |
| 470220 | Coolant/antifreeze, oil, brake & transmission fluids, additives, and radiator/cooling system |
| 47 0220 | protectant |
| 480110 | Tires (new, used or recapped); replacement and mounting of tires, and belting |
| 480212 | Vehicle products, such as wax, touch up paint, de-icer, protectant, polish, tar and bug |
| 400212 | remover, polish cloth, rubbing compound, auto freshener, etc |
| 480213 | Battery replacement, floormats, seatcovers, filter, brake parts, and other equipment, |
| 400213 | supplies, parts, and accessories for auto; boating supplies and accessories |
| 480214 | Vehicle audio equipment, excluding labor |
| 490000 | Miscellaneous auto repair and servicing |
| | |
| 490110 | Body work, painting, repair and replacement of upholstery, vinyl/convertible top, and glass |
| 490211 490212 | Clutch and transmission repair |
| 43UZ IZ | Drive chaff and rear and repair |
| 490220 | Drive shaft and rear-end repair Brake work, excluding brake adjustment |

| 490231 | Steering or front end repair |
|--------|---|
| 490232 | Cooling system repair |
| 490311 | Motor tune-up |
| 490312 | Lubrication and oil changes |
| 490313 | Front end alignment, wheel balance and rotation |
| 490314 | Shock absorber replacement |
| 490315 | Brake adjustment |
| 490316 | Gas tank repair and replacement |
| 490411 | Exhaust system repair |
| 490412 | Electrical system repair |
| 490413 | Motor repair and replacement |
| 500110 | Vehicle insurance |
| 520110 | State or local vehicle registration |
| 520310 | Drivers' license |
| 520410 | Vehicle inspection |
| 520511 | Auto rental, excluding trips |
| 520521 | Truck or van rental, excluding trips |
| 520531 | Parking fees at garages, meters, and lots, excluding fees that are costs of property |
| | ownership in home city |
| 520541 | Tolls or electronic toll passes |
| 520550 | Towing charges |
| 520560 | Global Positioning Services |
| 520901 | Docking and landing fees for boats and planes, boat ramp fees |
| 520902 | Rental of motorcycle, motor scooters, moped, etc., including mileage charges |
| 520904 | Rental of non camper-type trailer, such as for boat or cycle |
| 530110 | Airline fares |
| 530210 | Intercity bus fares |
| 530311 | Intracity mass transit fares |
| 530412 | Taxi fares |
| 530510 | Intercity train fares |
| 530901 | Ship fares |
| 530902 | Private school bus |
| 530903 | Car/van pool & non-motorized transportation |
| 540000 | Prescription drugs and medicines |
| 550110 | Purchase of eye glasses or contact lenses, excluding exam fee |
| 550210 | Over-the-counter drugs |
| 550310 | Topicals and dressings, such as band aids, gauze, cotton balls/rolls Purchase of medical or surgical equipment for general use, such as thermometers, |
| 550320 | |
| 550330 | needles/syringes, ice bags, heating pads, (not including band aids, gauze, cotton rolls/balls) Purchase of supportive or convalescent medical equipment, such as crutches, wheelchairs, |
| 330330 | braces, and ace bandages |
| 550340 | Hearing aids |
| 550410 | Nonprescription vitamins |
| 550900 | Recreational drugs |
| 560110 | Physicians' services |
| 560210 | Dental services |
| 560310 | Eye exams, treatment or surgery, glass/lens service, glasses repaired |
| 560330 | Lab tests and x-rays |
| 560400 | Services by medical professionals other than physicians |
| 570000 | Hospital care not specified |
| 570220 | Care in convalescent in nursing home |
| 570230 | Other medical care service, such as ambulance service |
| 570901 | Rental of medical or surgical equipment for general use |
| 570902 | Repair of medical equipment |
| 570903 | Rental of supportive and convalescent equipment |
| 580000 | Hospital and health insurance not spec. |
| 30000 | op and modific modification for open |

| E00110 | |
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| 580110 | Commercial health insurance |
| 580210 | Blue Cross or Blue Shield |
| 580310 | Health maintenance plans |
| 580901 | Medicare payments . |
| 590110 | Newspapers (single copy and subscriptions) |
| 590210 | Magazines and periodicals (single copy and subscriptions) |
| 590220 | Books purchased through book clubs |
| | |
| 590230 | Books not purchased through book clubs |
| 590900 | Newsletters |
| 600110 | Outboard motor |
| 600120 | Unpowered boats, trailers |
| 600130 | Powered sports vehicles |
| 600210 | Ping pong, pool tables, other similar items, general sports equipment, and health and |
| | exercise equipment |
| 600310 | Bicycles |
| 600410 | Camping equipment |
| 600420 | Hunting and fishing equipment |
| 600430 | Winter sports equipment |
| | Water sports and miscellaneous sports equipment |
| 600900 | |
| 600903 | Global Positioning System Devices |
| 610110 | Toys, games, hobbies, tricycles, and battery powered riders |
| 610120 | Playground equipment |
| 610130 | Musical instruments and accessories |
| 610140 | Stamp And Coin Collecting |
| 610210 | Film |
| 610220 | Other photographic supplies |
| 610230 | Photographic equipment |
| 610310 | Pet food |
| 610320 | Pets, pet supplies and medicine for pets |
| 610901 | Fireworks |
| 610902 | Souvenirs |
| 610902 | |
| | Visual goods |
| | |
| 620111 | Membership fees for country clubs, health clubs, swimming pools tennis clubs, social or |
| | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations |
| 620112 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships |
| 620112 620113 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs |
| 620112 620113 620121 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships |
| 620112 620113 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs |
| 620112 620113 620121 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, |
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| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 620912 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 620912 620913 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs Coin-operated pinball/electronic video games |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 620912 620913 620915 620925 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs Coin-operated pinball/electronic video games Sport vehicle rental Lotteries and Parimutuel Losses |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 620912 620913 620915 620925 620926 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs Coin-operated pinball/electronic video games Sport vehicle rental Lotteries and Parimutuel Losses Miscellaneous Fees |
| 620112 620113 620121 620211 620221 620310 620320 620330 620410 620420 620510 620610 620710 620810 620912 620913 620915 620925 | other recreational organizations, civic, service, or fraternal organizations Membership fees for credit card memberships Membership fees for automobile service clubs Fees for participant sports, such as golf, tennis, and bowling Admission fees for entertainment activities, including lectures, movie, theatre, concert, opera or other musical series Admission fees to sporting events Fees for recreational lessons or other instructions Photographer fees Film processing Pet services Veterinarian expenses for pets Miscellaneous fees for admissions Miscellaneous entertainment services Camp fees Rental and repair of sports, photographic and music equipment, passport fees Rental of video cassettes, tapes, and discs Coin-operated pinball/electronic video games Sport vehicle rental Lotteries and Parimutuel Losses |

| 000040 | Cinama mina tahanna and athantahanna madusta |
|--------|---|
| 630210 | Cigars, pipe tobacco, and other tobacco products |
| 630220 | Smoking accessories |
| 630900 | Marijuana |
| 640110 | Hair care products |
| 640120 | Non-electric articles for the hair |
| 640130 | Wigs, hairpieces, and toupees |
| 640210 | Oral hygiene products, articles |
| 640220 | Shaving needs |
| 640310 | Cosmetics, perfume, cologne, bath preparations, hand soap, face and body powder, skin care products, nail preparations, manicure and eye make-up implements and accessories |
| 640410 | Deodorant, female hygiene products, miscellaneous personal care products and supplies |
| 640420 | Electrical personal care appliances |
| 650110 | Personal care services for females, including haircuts |
| 650210 | Personal care services for males, including haircuts |
| 650900 | Rental and repair of personal care appliances |
| 660000 | School supplies., etc unspec., including reference books not in a set |
| 660110 | School books, supplies, and equipment for college |
| 660210 | School books, supplies, and equipment for elementary and high school |
| 660310 | Encyclopedia and other sets of reference books |
| 660900 | School books, supplies, and equipment for day care center, nursery school and other |
| 670110 | Tuition for college |
| 670210 | Tuition for elementary and high school |
| 670310 | Other expenses for day care centers and nursery schools, including tuition |
| 670901 | Tuition for other schools |
| 670902 | Rentals of books and equipment, and other school-related expenses |
| 680110 | Legal fees, excluding real estate closing costs |
| 680140 | Funeral, burial or cremation expenses |
| 680210 | Safe deposit box rental |
| 680220 | Charges for checking accounts and other banking services, excluding safe deposit |
| 680901 | Purchase and upkeep of cemetery lots or vaults |
| 680902 | Accounting fees |
| 680903 | Miscellaneous personal services, advertising, fines, duplicating services |
| 680904 | Dating Services |
| 690110 | Computers for non-business use, hardware and software excluding video games |
| 690114 | Computer information services |
| 690115 | Personal Digital Assistants |
| 690116 | Internet Services Away From Home |
| 690210 | Telephone answering devices |
| 690230 | Typewriters and other office machines for non-business use |
| 999000 | Home ownership expense not specified |
| 999900 | Taxes not specified |
| | |

NOTE: The following lists the UCCs necessary to derive expenditures for these "food away" items:

[1] for LUNCH

190111, 190112, 190113, 190114, 190115, 190116

[2] for DINNER

190211, 190212, 190213, 190214, 190215, 190216

[3] for SNACKS

190311, 190312, 190313, 190314, 190315, 190316

[4] for BREAKFAST

190321, 190322, 190323, 190324, 190325, 190326

[5] for CATERED AFFAIRS

190921, 190922,190923, 90924, 190925, 190926

[6] for BOARD

190911, 190912, 190913,190914, 190915, 190916

[7] for BEER

200511, 200512, 200513, 200514, 200515, 200516

[8] for WINE

910010

200521, 200522, 200523, 200524, 200525, 200526

[9] for ALCOHLIC BEVERAGES, EXCL. BEER AND WINE 200531, 200532, 200533, 200534, 200535, 200536

B. INCOME AND RELATED UCC'S ON DTAB FILE

*L denotes UCC's could have negative values

| | 800700 | Meals received as pay |
|----|--------|---|
| | 800710 | Rent received as pay |
| | 800910 | Payroll deductions for government retirement |
| | 800920 | Payroll deductions for railroad retirement |
| | 800931 | Payroll deductions for private pensions |
| | 800932 | Non-payroll deposit to individual retirement plan, such as IRA's |
| | 800940 | Payroll deductions for social security |
| | 900000 | Wages and salaries |
| *L | 900010 | Net business income |
| *L | 900020 | Net farm income |
| | 900030 | Social security and railroad retirement income |
| | 900040 | Pensions and annuities |
| | 900050 | Dividends, royalties, estates, or trusts |
| *L | 900060 | Income from roomers and boarders |
| *L | 900070 | Other rental income |
| | 900080 | Interest from saving accounts or bonds |
| | 900090 | Supplemental security income |
| | 900100 | Unemployment compensation |
| | 900110 | Worker's compensation and veterans payments including education benefits |
| | 900120 | Public assistance or welfare including money received from job training grants such |
| | | as job corps |
| | 900131 | Child support payments received |
| | 900132 | Other regular contributions received including alimony |
| | 900140 | Other income including money received from care of foster children, cash |
| | | scholarships and fellowships or stipends not based on working |
| | 900150 | Food stamps |
| | 910000 | Lump sum payments from estates, trusts, royalties, alimony, child support, prizes or games of chance, or from persons outside of the CU |

Money from sale of household furnishings, equipment, clothing, jewelry, pets or other

| | | belongings, excluding the sale of vehicles or property |
|----|--------|--|
| | 910020 | Overpayment on social security |
| | 910030 | Refund from insurance policies |
| | 910040 | Refunds from property taxes |
| | 910041 | Lump sum child support payments received |
| | 950002 | Federal income tax (deducted) |
| | 950003 | Additional federal income tax (paid) |
| *L | 950001 | Federal income tax refunds |
| | 950012 | State/local income tax (deducted) |
| | 950013 | Additional state/local income tax (paid) |
| *L | 950011 | State and local income tax refunds |
| | 950021 | Other taxes |
| | 950022 | Personal property taxes |
| *L | 950023 | Other tax refunds |
| *L | 980000 | Income before taxes |
| | 980010 | Family size |
| | 980020 | Age of reference person |
| | 980030 | Number of earners |
| | 980040 | Number of vehicles |
| | 980050 | Number of persons under 18 |
| | 980060 | Number of persons 65 and over |
| *L | 980070 | Income after taxes |
| | | |

The following UCCs contain values of 100 depending on whether the CU satisfies the condition. For example, if the CU owns the home, then UCC 980090, homeowner, will have a value of 100. These UCCs are used at BLS to compute percentages for the published tables.

| 980090 | Percent homeowner |
|--------|--|
| 980210 | Percent male reference person |
| 980220 | Percent female reference person |
| 980230 | Percent homeowner with mortgage |
| 980240 | Percent homeowner without mortgage |
| 980250 | Percent homeowner with mortgage not reported |
| 980260 | Percent renter |
| 980270 | Percent black reference person |
| 980280 | Percent non-black reference person |
| 980290 | Percent reference person with elementary education |
| 980300 | Percent reference person with high school education |
| 980310 | Percent reference person with college education |
| 980320 | Percent reference person with no education and other |
| 980330 | Percent vehicle owner |

XIV. APPENDIX 3 – UCC AGGREGATION

The Dstub file in the Programs folder on the CD shows the UCC aggregation used in the sample program.

XV. APPENDIX 4 – FMLY AND MEMB VARIABLES ORDERED BY START POSITION

This appendix lists FMLY and MEMB variables in the order that they appear on the files. The diary data dictionary contains detailed descriptions of these variables arranged on a functional basis.

A. FMLY FILE

| Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position |
|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| NEWID | 1 | FINCAFTX | 130 | LUMPX_ | 468 |
| ADDFEDX | 9 | FINC_FTX | 138 | MARITAL1 | 469 |
| ADDFEDX | 17 | FINCBEFX | 139 | MARI AL1 | 470 |
| ADDOTHX | 18 | FINC_EFX | 147 | NO_EARNR | 471 |
| ADDOTHX | 26 | FINLWT21 | 148 | NO_E_RNR | 473 |
| ADDSTAX | 27 | FIRAX | 159 | OCCEXPNX | 483 |
| ADDSTAX_ | 35 | FIRAX_ | 167 | OCCE_PNX | 491 |
| AGE_REF | 36 | FJSSDEDX | 168 | OCCULIS2 | 492 |
| AGE_REF_ | 38 | FJSS_EDX | 176 | OCCU_IS2 | 494 |
| AGE2 | 39 | FPVTX | 177 | OTHINX | 499 |
| AGE2_ | 41 | FPVTX_ | 185 | OTHINX_ | 507 |
| BLS_URBN | 42 | FREEMLX | 186 | OTHRECX | 508 |
| CUTENURE | 43 | FREEMLX_ | 194 | OTHRECX_ | 516 |
| CUTE_URE | 44 | FRRX | 195 | OTHREFX | 517 |
| DESCRIP | 45 | FRRX_ | 203 | OTHREFX_ | 525 |
| DESCRIP_ | 47 | FS_MTHI | 348 | OTHRNTX | 526 |
| DIVX | 48 | FS_MTHI_ | 350 | OTHRNTX_ | 534 |
| DIVX_ | 56 | FSS_RRX | 351 | PENSIONX | 535 |
| EARNCOMP | 57 | FSS_RRX_ | 359 | PENS_ONX | 543 |
| EARN_OMP | 58 | FSTATXX | 360 | PERSLT18 | 544 |
| EDUC_REF | 68 | FSTATXX_ | 368 | PERS_T18 | 546 |
| EDUC0REF | 70 | FSUPPX | 369 | PERSOT64 | 547 |
| EDUCA2 | 71 | FSUPPX_ | 377 | PERS_T64 | 549 |
| EDUCA2_ | 73 | FWAGEX | 378 | PERSTAX | 550 |
| EMPLTYP1 | 74 | FWAGEX_ | 386 | PERSTAX_ | 558 |
| EMPL_YP1 | 75 | HRSPRWK1 | 387 | OCCULIS1 | 561 |
| EMPLTYP2 | 76 | HRSP_WK1 | 390 | OCCU_IS1 | 563 |
| EMPL_YP2 | 77 | HRSPRWK2 | 391 | POPSIZE | 564 |
| FAM_SIZE | 78 | HRSP_WK2 | 394 | PTAXREFX | 565 |
| FAMIZE | 80 | INSREFX | 405 | PTAX_EFX | 573 |
| FAM_TYPE | 81 | INSREFX_ | 413 | RACE2 | 574 |
| FAMYPE | 82 | INTX | 414 | RACE2_ | 575 |
| FBSNSX | 83 | INTX_ | 422 | REC_FS | 576 |
| FBSNSX_ | 91 | JFS_AMT | 423 | REC_FS_ | 577 |
| FD_STMPS | 92 | JFS_AMT_ | 431 | REF_RACE | 578 |
| FD_S_MPS | 93 | JGRCFDMV | 432 | REF_ACE | 579 |
| FEDREFX | 94 | JGRC_DMV | 438 | REGION | 580 |
| FEDREFX_ | 102 | JGRCFDWK | | RESPSTAT | 582 |
| FFARMX | 103 | JGRC_DWK | 445 | RESP_TAT | 583 |

| FFARMX_ | 111 | JGROCYMV | 446 | ROOMX | 584 |
|----------|-----|----------|-----|---------|-----|
| FFEDTXX | 112 | JGRO_YMV | 452 | ROOMX_ | 592 |
| FFEDTXX_ | 120 | JGROCYWK | 453 | SALEX | 593 |
| FGVX | 121 | JGRO_YWK | 459 | SALEX_ | 601 |
| FGVX_ | 129 | LUMPX | 460 | SEX_REF | 602 |
| | | | | | |

| Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position |
|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| SEX_REF_ | 603 | WTREP11 | 797 | MILKPROD | 1291 |
| SEX2 | 604 | WTREP12 | 808 | OTHDAIRY | 1303 |
| SEX2_ | 605 | WTREP13 | 819 | FRSHFRUT | 1315 |
| SMSASTAT | 606 | WTREP14 | 830 | FRSHVEG | 1327 |
| SSREFX | 607 | WTREP15 | 841 | PROCFRUT | 1339 |
| SSREFX_ | 615 | WTREP16 | 852 | PROCVEG | 1351 |
| STATREFX | 616 | WTREP17 | 863 | SWEETS | 1363 |
| STAT_EFX | 624 | WTREP18 | 874 | NONALBEV | 1375 |
| STRTDAY | 625 | WTREP19 | 885 | OILS | 1387 |
| STRTMNTH | 627 | WTREP20 | 896 | MISCFOOD | 1399 |
| STRTYEAR | 629 | WTREP21 | 907 | FOODAWAY | 1411 |
| TAXPROPX | 633 | WTREP22 | 918 | ALCBEV | 1423 |
| TAXP_OPX | 641 | WTREP23 | 929 | SMOKSUPP | 1435 |
| TYPOWND | 642 | WTREP24 | 940 | PET_FOOD | 1447 |
| TYPOWND_ | 643 | WTREP25 | 951 | PERSPROD | 1459 |
| UNEMPX | 644 | WTREP26 | 962 | PERSSERV | 1471 |
| UNEMPX_ | 652 | WTREP27 | 973 | DRUGSUPP | 1483 |
| VEHQ | 653 | WTREP28 | 984 | HOUSKEEP | 1495 |
| VEHQ_ | 655 | WTREP29 | 995 | HH_CU_Q | 1507 |
| WEEKI | 656 | WTREP30 | 1006 | HH_CU_Q_ | 1509 |
| WEEKI_ | 657 | WTREP31 | 1017 | HHID | 1510 |
| WEEKN | 658 | WTREP32 | 1028 | HHID_ | 1513 |
| WELFRX | 659 | WTREP33 | 1039 | CHILDAGE | 1514 |
| $WELFRX_{_}$ | 667 | WTREP34 | 1050 | CHIL_AGE | 1515 |
| WHYNWRK1 | 668 | WTREP35 | 1061 | INCLASS | 1516 |
| WHYN_RK1 | 669 | WTREP36 | 1072 | STATE | 1518 |
| WHYNWRK2 | 2 670 | WTREP37 | 1083 | CHDOTHX | 1521 |
| WHYN_RK2 | 671 | WTREP38 | 1094 | CHDOTHX_ | 1529 |
| WK_WRKD1 | 672 | WTREP39 | 1105 | ALIOTHX | 1530 |
| WK_W_KD1 | 674 | WTREP40 | 1116 | ALIOTHX_ | 1538 |
| WK_WRKD2 | 675 | WTREP41 | 1127 | CHDLMPX | 1539 |
| WK_W_KD2 | 677 | WTREP42 | 1138 | CHDLMPX_ | 1547 |
| WRKRSX | 678 | WTREP43 | 1149 | INC_RANK | 1559 |
| WRKRSX_ | 686 | WTREP44 | 1160 | INC_ANK | 1568 |
| WTREP01 | 687 | FOODTOT | 1171 | CUID | 1569 |
| WTREP02 | 698 | FOODHOME | 1183 | HORREF1 | 1576 |
| WTREP03 | 709 | CEREAL | 1195 | HORREF1_ | 1577 |
| WTREP04 | 720 | BAKEPROD | 1207 | HORREF2 | 1578 |
| WTREP05 | 731 | BEEF | 1219 | HORREF2_ | 1579 |
| WTREP06 | 742 | PORK | 1231 | ALIOTHXM | 1580 |
| WTREP07 | 753 | OTHMEAT | 1243 | ALIO_HXM | 1590 |
| WTREP08 | 764 | POULTRY | 1255 | ALIOTHX1 | 1591 |
| WTREP09 | 775 | SEAFOOD | 1267 | ALIOTHX2 | 1599 |
| WTREP10 | 786 | EGGS | 1279 | ALIOTHX3 | 1607 |

| Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position |
|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| ALIOTHX4 | 1615 | FINCAFTM | 1922 | FSTATXX1 | 2215 |
| ALIOTHX5 | 1623 | FINC_FTM | 1933 | FSTATXX2 | 2223 |
| ALIOTHXI | 1631 | FINCAFT1 | 1934 | FSTATXX3 | 2231 |
| CHDOTHXM | 1634 | FINCAFT2 | 1943 | FSTATXX4 | 2239 |
| CHDO_HXM | 1644 | FINCAFT3 | 1952 | FSTATXX5 | 2247 |
| CHDOTHX1 | 1645 | FINCAFT4 | 1961 | FSUPPXM | 2255 |
| CHDOTHX2 | 1653 | FINCAFT5 | 1970 | FSUPPXM_ | 2265 |
| CHDOTHX3 | 1661 | FINCBEFM | 1979 | FSUPPX1 | 2266 |
| CHDOTHX4 | 1669 | FINC_EFM | 1990 | FSUPPX2 | 2274 |
| CHDOTHX5 | 1677 | FINCBEF1 | 1991 | FSUPPX3 | 2282 |
| CHDOTHXI | 1685 | FINCBEF2 | 2000 | FSUPPX4 | 2290 |
| DIVXM | 1688 | FINCBEF3 | 2009 | FSUPPX5 | 2298 |
| DIVXM_ | 1698 | FINCBEF4 | 2018 | FSUPPXI | 2306 |
| DIVX1 | 1699 | FINCBEF5 | 2027 | FWAGEXM | 2309 |
| DIVX2 | 1707 | FINCBEFI | 2036 | FWAGEXM_ | 2319 |
| DIVX3 | 1715 | FJSSDEDM | 2039 | FWAGEX1 | 2320 |
| DIVX4 | 1723 | FJSS_EDM | 2049 | FWAGEX2 | 2328 |
| DIVX5 | 1731 | FJSSDED1 | 2050 | FWAGEX3 | 2336 |
| DIVXI | 1739 | FJSSDED2 | 2058 | FWAGEX4 | 2344 |
| FBSNSXM | 1742 | FJSSDED3 | 2066 | FWAGEX5 | 2352 |
| FBSNSXM_ | 1753 | FJSSDED4 | 2074 | FWAGEXI | 2360 |
| FBSNSX1 | 1754 | FJSSDED5 | 2082 | INC_RNKM | 2363 |
| FBSNSX2 | 1763 | FPVTXM | 2090 | INCNKM | 2372 |
| FBSNSX3 | 1772 | FPVTXM_ | 2098 | INC_RNK1 | 2373 |
| FBSNSX4 | 1781 | FRRXM | 2099 | INC_RNK2 | 2382 |
| FBSNSX5 | 1790 | FRRXM_ | 2107 | INC_RNK3 | 2391 |
| FBSNSXI | 1799 | FS_AMTXM | 2108 | INC_RNK4 | 2400 |
| FFARMXM | 1802 | FS_A_TXM | 2116 | INC_RNK5 | 2409 |
| FFARMXM_ | 1813 | FS_AMTX1 | 2117 | INTXM | 2418 |
| FFARMX1 | 1814 | FS_AMTX2 | 2123 | INTXM_ | 2428 |
| FFARMX2 | 1823 | FS_AMTX3 | 2129 | INTX1 | 2429 |
| FFARMX3 | 1832 | FS_AMTX4 | 2135 | INTX2 | 2437 |
| FFARMX4 | 1841 | FS_AMTX5 | 2141 | INTX3 | 2445 |
| FFARMX5 | 1850 | FS_AMTXI | 2147 | INTX4 | 2453 |
| FFARMXI | 1859 | FSS_RRXM | 2150 | INTX5 | 2461 |
| FFEDTXXM | 1862 | FSSRXM | 2160 | INTXI | 2469 |
| FFED_XXM | 1872 | FSS_RRX1 | 2161 | JFS_AMTM | 2472 |
| FFEDTXX1 | 1873 | FSS_RRX2 | 2169 | JFSMTM | 2480 |
| FFEDTXX2 | 1881 | FSS_RRX3 | 2177 | JFS_AMT1 | 2481 |
| FFEDTXX3 | 1889 | FSS_RRX4 | 2185 | JFS_AMT2 | 2487 |
| FFEDTXX4 | 1897 | FSS_RRX5 | 2193 | JFS_AMT3 | 2493 |
| FFEDTXX5 | 1905 | FSS_RRXI | 2201 | JFS_AMT4 | 2499 |
| FGVXM | 1913 | FSTATXXM | 2204 | JFS_AMT5 | 2505 |
| FGVXM_ | 1921 | FSTA_XXM | 2214 | OTHINXM | 2511 |

| Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| OTHINXM_ | 2521 | UNEMPX5 | 2824 | OTHINB_ | 3006 |
| OTHINX1 | 2522 | UNEMPXI | 2830 | OTHINBX | 3007 |
| OTHINX2 | 2530 | WELFRXM | 2833 | OTHINBX_ | 3013 |
| OTHINX3 | 2538 | WELFRXM_ | 2843 | OTHLOSSB | 3014 |
| OTHINX4 | 2546 | WELFRX1 | 2844 | OTHL_SSB | 3016 |
| OTHINX5 | 2554 | WELFRX2 | 2852 | OTHLOSBX | 3017 |
| OTHINXI | 2562 | WELFRX3 | 2860 | OTHL_SBX | 3023 |
| OTHRNTXM | 2565 | WELFRX4 | 2868 | PNSIONB | 3024 |
| OTHR_TXM | 2576 | WELFRX5 | 2876 | PNSIONB_ | 3026 |
| OTHRNTX1 | 2577 | WELFRXI | 2884 | PNSIONBX | 3027 |
| OTHRNTX2 | 2586 | WRKRSXM | 2887 | PNSI_NBX | 3033 |
| OTHRNTX3 | 2595 | $WRKRSXM_{_}$ | 2897 | ROOMLOSB | 3034 |
| OTHRNTX4 | 2604 | WRKRSX1 | 2898 | ROOM_OSB | 3036 |
| OTHRNTX5 | 2613 | WRKRSX2 | 2906 | ROOMLSBX | 3037 |
| OTHRNTXI | 2622 | WRKRSX3 | 2914 | ROOM_SBX | 3043 |
| PENSIONM | 2625 | WRKRSX4 | 2922 | SALEB | 3044 |
| PENS_ONM | 2635 | WRKRSX5 | 2930 | SALEB_ | 3046 |
| PENSION1 | 2636 | WRKRSXI | 2938 | SALEBX | 3047 |
| PENSION2 | 2644 | PICKCODE | 2941 | SALEBX_ | 3053 |
| PENSION3 | 2652 | ALIOTHB | 2944 | UNEMPB | 3054 |
| PENSION4 | 2660 | ALIOTHB_ | 2946 | UNEMPB_ | 3056 |
| PENSION5 | 2668 | ALIOTHBX | 2947 | UNEMPBX | 3057 |
| PENSIONI | 2676 | ALIO_HBX | 2953 | UNEMPBX_ | 3063 |
| PERSTAXM | 2679 | CHDLMPB | 2954 | WELFRB | 3064 |
| PERS_AXM | 2690 | CHDLMPB_ | 2956 | WELFRB_ | 3066 |
| PERSTAX1 | 2691 | CHDLMPBX | 2957 | WELFRBX | 3067 |
| PERSTAX2 | 2700 | CHDL_PBX | 2963 | WELFRBX_ | 3073 |
| PERSTAX3 | 2709 | CHDOTHB | 2964 | WRKRSB | 3074 |
| PERSTAX4 | 2718 | CHDOTHB_ | 2966 | WRKRSB_ | 3076 |
| PERSTAX5 | 2727 | CHDOTHBX | 2967 | WRKRSBX | 3077 |
| ROOMXM | 2743 | CHDO_HBX | 2973 | WRKRSBX_ | 3083 |
| $ROOMXM_{_}$ | 2752 | DIVB | 2974 | PSU | 3084 |
| ROOMX1 | 2753 | DIVB_ | 2976 | POVLEVCY | 3088 |
| ROOMX2 | 2760 | DIVBX | 2977 | POVLEVPY | 3096 |
| ROOMX3 | 2767 | DIVBX_ | 2983 | POV_CY | 3104 |
| ROOMX4 | 2774 | INTB | 2984 | POV_PY | 3105 |
| ROOMX5 | 2781 | INTB_ | 2986 | POV_CYM | 3106 |
| ROOMXI | 2788 | INTBX | 2987 | POV_CY1 | 3107 |
| UNEMPXM | 2791 | INTBX_ | 2993 | POV_CY2 | 3108 |
| UNEMPXM_ | 2799 | LUMPB | 2994 | POV_CY3 | 3109 |
| UNEMPX1 | 2800 | LUMPB_ | 2996 | POV_CY4 | 3110 |
| UNEMPX2 | 2806 | LUMPBX | 2997 | POV_CY5 | 3111 |
| UNEMPX3 | 2812 | LUMPBX_ | 3003 | POV_PYM | 3112 |
| UNEMPX4 | 2818 | OTHINB | 3004 | POV_PY1 | 3113 |

| D' | |
|--------|------|
| Diary: | FMLY |

| | DOLL DIL | 2111 |
|-----------|----------|------|
| | POV_PY2 | 3114 |
| | POV_PY3 | 3115 |
| | POV_PY4 | 3116 |
| | POV_PY5 | 3117 |
| * N(Y091) | HISP_REF | 3118 |
| * N(Y091) | HISP2 | 3119 |

Diary: MEMB

| Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position |
|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| NEWID | 1 | RRX | 153 | RC_B_ACK | 257 |
| AGE | 9 | RRX_ | 161 | RC_NATAM | 258 |
| AGE_ | 11 | SCHLNCHQ | 162 | RC_N_TAM | 259 |
| ANFEDTXX | 12 | SCHL_CHQ | 164 | RC_ASIAN | 260 |
| ANFE_TXX | 20 | SCHLNCHX | 165 | RC_A_IAN | 261 |
| ANGVX | 21 | SCHL_CHX | 173 | RC_PACIL | 262 |
| ANGVX_ | 29 | SEX | 174 | RC_P_CIL | 263 |
| ANPVTX | 30 | SLFEMPSS | 176 | RC_OTHER | 264 |
| ANPVTX_ | 38 | SLFE_PSS | 182 | RC_O_HER | 265 |
| ANRRX | 39 | SS_RRX | 183 | RC_DK | 266 |
| ANRRX_ | 47 | SS_RRX_ | 191 | RC_DK_ | 267 |
| ANSTATXX | 48 | STA_SUPP | 192 | ANFEDTXM | 268 |
| ANST_TXX | 56 | STAUPP | 193 | ANFE_TXM | 276 |
| ANYRAIL | 57 | STATXX | 194 | ANGVXM | 277 |
| ANYRAIL_ | 58 | STATXX_ | 202 | ANGVXM_ | 285 |
| ANYSSINC | 59 | SUPPX | 203 | ANPVTXM | 286 |
| ANYS_INC | 60 | SUPPX_ | 211 | ANPVTXM_ | 294 |
| BSNSX | 61 | US_SUPP | 212 | ANRRXM | 295 |
| BSNSX_ | 69 | US_SUPP_ | 213 | $ANRRXM_{_}$ | 303 |
| CU_CODE1 | 70 | WAGEX | 214 | ANSTATXM | 304 |
| EDUCA | 72 | WAGEX_ | 222 | ANST_TXM | 312 |
| EDUCA_ | 74 | WHYNOWR | X 223 | BSNSXM | 313 |
| EMPLTYPE | 75 | WHYN_WRK | 224 | BSNSXM_ | 324 |
| EMPL_YPE | 76 | WKS_WRKD | 225 | BSNSX1 | 325 |
| FARMX | 77 | WKSRKD | 227 | BSNSX2 | 334 |
| FARMX_ | 85 | SS_RRQ | 228 | BSNSX3 | 343 |
| FEDTXX | 86 | $SS_RRQ_$ | 232 | BSNSX4 | 352 |
| FEDTXX_ | 94 | SOCRRX | 233 | BSNSX5 | 361 |
| GROSPAYX | 95 | SOCRRX_ | 241 | BSNSXI | 370 |
| GROS_AYX | 103 | ARM_FORC | 242 | FARMXM | 373 |
| GVX | 104 | ARM_ORC | 243 | FARMXM_ | 384 |
| GVX_{-} | 112 | IN_COLL | 244 | FARMX1 | 385 |
| HRSPERWK | 113 | IN_COLL_ | 245 | FARMX2 | 394 |
| HRSP_RWK | 116 | MEDICARE | 246 | FARMX3 | 403 |
| IRAX | 117 | MEDI_ARE | 247 | FARMX4 | 412 |
| IRAX_ | 125 | PAYPERD | 248 | FARMX5 | 421 |
| JSSDEDX | 126 | PAYPERD_ | 249 | FARMXI | 430 |
| JSSDEDX_ | 132 | HORIGIN | 250 | JSSDEDXM | 433 |
| MARITAL | 133 | HISPANIC | 251 | JSSD_DXM | 441 |
| MEMBNO | 135 | HISP_NIC | 252 | JSSDEDX1 | 442 |
| OCCULIST | 137 | MEMBRACE | 253 | JSSDEDX2 | 448 |
| OCCU_IST | 139 | RC_WHITE | 254 | JSSDEDX3 | 454 |
| PVTX | 142 | RC_W_ITE | 255 | JSSDEDX4 | 460 |
| PVTX_ | 150 | RC_BLACK | 256 | JSSDEDX5 | 466 |

Diary: MEMB

| Variable Name | Start Position | Variable Name | Start Position |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| SLFEMPSM | 472 | FARMBX | 737 |
| SLFE_PSM | 480 | FARMBX_ | 743 |
| SLFEMPS1 | 481 | SS_RRB | 744 |
| SLFEMPS2 | 487 | SS_RRB_ | 746 |
| SLFEMPS3 | 493 | SS_RRBX | 747 |
| SLFEMPS4 | 499 | SS_RRBX_ | 753 |
| SLFEMPS5 | 505 | SUPPB | 754 |
| SOCRRXM | 511 | SUPPB_ | 756 |
| SOCRRXM_ | 521 | SUPPBX | 757 |
| SOCRRX1 | 522 | SUPPBX_ | 763 |
| SOCRRX2 | 530 | WAGEB | 764 |
| SOCRRX3 | 538 | WAGEB_ | 766 |
| SOCRRX4 | 546 | WAGEBX | 767 |
| SOCRRX5 | 554 | WAGEBX_ | 773 |
| SS_RRXM | 562 | ASIAN | 774 |
| SS_RRXM_ | 572 | ASIAN_ | 775 |
| SS_RRX1 | 573 | | |
| SS_RRX2 | 581 | | |
| SS_RRX3 | 589 | | |
| SS_RRX4 | 597 | | |
| SS_RRX5 | 605 | | |
| SS_RRXI | 613 | | |
| SUPPXM | 616 | | |
| SUPPXM_ | 626 | | |
| SUPPX1 | 627 | | |
| SUPPX2 | 635 | | |
| SUPPX3 | 643 | | |
| SUPPX4 | 651 | | |
| SUPPX5 | 659 | | |
| SUPPXI | 667 | | |
| WAGEXM | 670 | | |
| $WAGEXM_{_}$ | 680 | | |
| WAGEX1 | 681 | | |
| WAGEX2 | 689 | | |
| WAGEX3 | 697 | | |
| WAGEX4 | 705 | | |
| WAGEX5 | 713 | | |
| WAGEXI | 721 | | |
| BSNSB | 724 | | |
| BSNSB_ | 726 | | |
| BSNSBX | 727 | | |
| BSNSBX_ | 733 | | |
| FARMB | 734 | | |
| FARMB_ | 736 | | |
| | | | |

XVI. APPENDIX 5--PUBLICATIONS AND DATA RELEASES FROM THE CONSUMER EXPENDITURE SURVEY

CONSUMER EXPENDITURE SURVEY DATA ON THE INTERNET

CE reports and data tables can be found on-line at http://www.bls.gov/cex/home.htm. The following One and Two-year Tables of integrated Diary and Interview data are available under the Tables Created by BLS heading:

One Year Tables

Standard Tables from 1984-2010 Expenditure Shares Tables from 1998-2010 Aggregate Expenditure Shares Tables from 1998-2010

Two Year Tables

Cross-Tabulated Tables from 1986-2010 Metropolitan Statistical Area Tables from 1986-2010 Region Tables from 1998-2010 High Income Tables from 1998-2002 Multi-Year Tables for 1984-1992 and 1994-2010

CD-ROMS

CE microdata on CD-ROM are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics for 1972-73, 1980-81, 1990-91, 1992-93, and for each individual year from 1994-2010. The 1980-81 through 2010 releases contain Interview and Diary data, while the 1972-73 CD includes Interview data only. The 1980-81, and the 1990 files (of the 1990-91 CD) include selected EXPN data, while the 1991 files (from the 1990-91 CD) and the 1992-93 CD do not. In addition to the Interview and Diary data, the CDs from 1994-2004 include the complete collection of EXPN files. A 1984-94 "multi-year" CD that presents Interview FMLY file data is also available. In addition to the microdata, the CD's also contain the same integrated Diary and Interview tabulated data (1984-present) that are found on the Consumer Expenditure Survey web site (http://www.bls.gov/cex).

More information on the particular CD-ROMs available and the order form can be found on the Consumer Expenditure Survey web site: http://www.bls.gov/cex/csxmicro.htm

XVII. INQUIRIES, SUGGESTIONS, AND COMMENTS

If you have any questions, suggestions, or comments about the survey, the microdata, or its documentation please call (202) 691-6900 or email cexinfo@bls.gov.

Written suggestions and comments should be forwarded to:

Division of Consumer Expenditure Survey Branch of Information and Analysis Bureau of Labor Statistics, Room 3985 2 Massachusetts Ave. N.E. Washington, DC. 20212-0001

The Bureau of Labor Statistics will use these responses in planning future releases of the microdata.