

AIM

Programs to handle data using pandas

Programming Code:

```
import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

s = pd.Series([1, 3, 5, 6, 8])
print(s)
```

OUTPUT:

```
0    1
1    3
2    5
3    6
4    8
dtype: int64
```

Programming Code:

```
dict = {"country": ["Brazil", "Russia", "India", "China", "South
Africa"],
        "capital": ["Brasilia", "Moscow", "New Dehli", "Beijing",
"Pretoria"],
        "area": [8.516, 17.10, 3.286, 9.597, 1.221],
        "population": [200.4, 143.5, 1252, 1357, 52.98] }
b = pd.DataFrame(dict)
print(b)
```

OUTPUT:

	country	capital	area	population
0	Brazil	Brasilia	8.516	200.40
1	Russia	Moscow	17.100	143.50
2	India	New Dehli	3.286	1252.00
3	China	Beijing	9.597	1357.00
4	South Africa	Pretoria	1.221	52.98

Programming Code:

```
b.index = ["BR", "RU", "IN", "CH", "SA"]  
print(b)
```

OUTPUT:

	country	capital	area	population
BR	Brazil	Brasilia	8.516	200.40
RU	Russia	Moscow	17.100	143.50
IN	India	New Dehli	3.286	1252.00
CH	China	Beijing	9.597	1357.00
SA	South Africa	Pretoria	1.221	52.98

Dataset used: cars1.csv

Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd  
cars = pd.read_csv('cars1.csv')  
print(cars)
```

OUTPUT:

	Car	Model	Volume	Weight	CO2
0	Toyoty	Aygo	1000	790	99
1	Mitsubishi	Space Star	1200	1160	95
2	Skoda	Citigo	1000	929	95
3	Fiat	500	900	865	90
4	Mini	Cooper	1500	1140	105
5	VW	Up!	1000	929	105
6	Skoda	Fabia	1400	1109	90
7	Mercedes	A-Class	1500	1365	92
8	Ford	Fiesta	1500	1112	98
9	Audi	A1	1600	1150	99
10	Hyundai	I20	1100	980	99
11	Suzuki	Swift	1300	990	101
12	Ford	Fiesta	1000	1112	99
13	Honda	Civic	1600	1252	94
14	Hundai	I30	1600	1326	97
15	Opel	Astra	1600	1330	97
16	BMW	1	1600	1365	99
17	Mazda	3	2200	1280	104
18	Skoda	Rapid	1600	1119	104
19	Ford	Focus	2000	1328	105
20	Ford	Mondeo	1600	1584	94
21	Opel	Insignia	2000	1428	99
22	Mercedes	C-Class	2100	1365	99
23	Skoda	Octavia	1600	1415	99
24	Volvo	S60	2000	1415	99
25	Mercedes	CLA	1500	1465	102
26	Audi	A4	2000	1490	104
27	Audi	A6	2000	1725	114
28	Volvo	V70	1600	1523	109
29	BMW	5	2000	1705	114
30	Mercedes	E-Class	2100	1605	115
31	Volvo	XC70	2000	1746	117
32	Ford	B-Max	1600	1235	104
33	BMW	216	1600	1390	108
34	Opel	Zafira	1600	1405	109
35	Mercedes	SLK	2500	1395	120

Programming Code:

```
# Print out first 4 observations
print(cars[0:4])

# Print out fifth and sixth observation
print(cars[4:6])
```

OUTPUT:

	Car	Model	Volume	Weight	CO2
0	Toyoty	Aygo	1000	790	99
1	Mitsubishi	Space Star	1200	1160	95
2	Skoda	Citigo	1000	929	95
3	Fiat	500	900	865	90

	Car	Model	Volume	Weight	CO2
4	Mini	Cooper	1500	1140	105
5	VW	Up!	1000	929	105

Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd
cars = pd.read_csv('cars1.csv', index_col = 0) #first column is t
aen as index column

print(cars.iloc[2])
```

OUTPUT:

```
Model      Citigo
Volume     1000
Weight      929
CO2         95
Name: Skoda, dtype: object
```

Programming Code:

```
#Slicing dataframe
import pandas as pd

df = pd.DataFrame([[ 'Jay','M',18],[ 'Jennifer','F',17],
                   [ 'Preity','F',19],[ 'Neil','M',17]],
                  columns = [ 'Name','Gender','Age'])

print(df)
df1 = df.iloc[2:,:]
df2 = df.iloc[:2,:]
print(df1)
print(df2)
```

OUTPUT:

```
      Name Gender  Age
0      Jay      M   18
1  Jennifer      F   17
2   Preity      F   19
3     Neil      M   17

      Name Gender  Age
2   Preity      F   19
3     Neil      M   17

      Name Gender  Age
0      Jay      M   18
1  Jennifer      F   17
```

Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a series with 4 random numbers
s = pd.Series(np.random.randn(4))
print(s)

print ("The actual data series is:")
print( s.values)
```

OUTPUT:

```
0    -1.138968
1    -1.097746
2     0.109717
3     1.159537
dtype: float64
The actual data series is:
[-1.13896826 -1.09774589  0.10971687  1.15953676]
```

Programming Code:

```
print (s.head(2))
```

OUTPUT:

```
0    -1.138968
1    -1.097746
dtype: float64
```

Programming Code:

```
print(s.tail(3))
```

OUTPUT:

```
1    -1.097746
2     0.109717
3     1.159537
dtype: float64
```

Programming Code:

```
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Tom','James','Ricky','Vin','Steve','Smith',
'Jack']),
      'Age':pd.Series([25,26,25,23,30,29,23]),
      'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}

# Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print(df)
print ("The transpose of the data series is:")
print(df.T)
```

OUTPUT:

```

   Name  Age  Rating
0   Tom   25   4.23
1  James   26   3.24
2  Ricky   25   3.98
3   Vin   23   2.56
4  Steve   30   3.20
5  Smith   29   4.60
6   Jack   23   3.80
The transpose of the data series is:
      0      1      2      3      4      5      6
Name   Tom  James  Ricky   Vin  Steve  Smith  Jack
Age     25     26     25     23     30     29     23
Rating 4.23  3.24  3.98  2.56  3.2  4.6  3.8
```

Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Tom','James','Ricky','Vin','Steve','Smith',
'Jack']),
      'Age':pd.Series([25,26,25,23,30,29,23]),
      'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
```

```
print(df)
print ("Row axis labels and column axis labels are:")
print (df.axes)
```

OUTPUT:

	Name	Age	Rating
0	Tom	25	4.23
1	James	26	3.24
2	Ricky	25	3.98
3	Vin	23	2.56
4	Steve	30	3.20
5	Smith	29	4.60
6	Jack	23	3.80

Row axis labels and column axis labels are:

```
[RangeIndex(start=0, stop=7, step=1), Index(['Name', 'Age', 'Rating'], dtype='object')]
```

Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Tom','James','Ricky','Vin','Steve','Smith',
', 'Jack']),
      'Age':pd.Series([25,26,25,23,30,29,23]),
      'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print ("The data types of each column are:")
print (df.dtypes)
```

OUTPUT:

The data types of each column are:

```
Name      object
Age        int64
Rating     float64
dtype: object
```


Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Tom','James','Ricky','Vin','Steve','Smith',
                      'Jack']),
      'Age':pd.Series([25,26,25,23,30,29,23]),
      'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print ("Is the object empty?")
print (df.empty)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Is the object empty?
False
```

Programming Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

#Create a Dictionary of series
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Tom','James','Ricky','Vin','Steve','Smith',
                      'Jack']),
      'Age':pd.Series([25,26,25,23,30,29,23]),
      'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])
    }

#Create a DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
print ("Our object is:")
print (df)
print ("The dimension of the object is:")
print (df.ndim)
```

OUTPUT:

Our object is:

	Name	Age	Rating
0	Tom	25	4.23
1	James	26	3.24
2	Ricky	25	3.98
3	Vin	23	2.56
4	Steve	30	3.20
5	Smith	29	4.60
6	Jack	23	3.80

The dimension of the object is:

2

Programming Code:

```
d = {'Name':pd.Series(['Tom','James','Ricky','Vin','Steve','Smith','Jack']),  
     'Age':pd.Series([25,26,25,23,30,29,30]),  
     'Rating':pd.Series([4.23,3.24,3.98,2.56,3.20,4.6,3.8])}
```

```
#Create a DataFrame
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(d)
```

```
print(df)
```

```
print ("Our object is:")
```

```
print ("The shape of the object is:")
```

```
print (df.shape)
```

OUTPUT:

	Name	Age	Rating
0	Tom	25	4.23
1	James	26	3.24
2	Ricky	25	3.98
3	Vin	23	2.56
4	Steve	30	3.20
5	Smith	29	4.60
6	Jack	30	3.80

Our object is:

The shape of the object is:

(7, 3)

Programming code:

```
print (df.size)

print (df.values)
```

OUTPUT:

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```
[['Tom' 25 4.23]
 ['James' 26 3.24]
 ['Ricky' 25 3.98]
 ['Vin' 23 2.56]
 ['Steve' 30 3.2]
 ['Smith' 29 4.6]
 ['Jack' 30 3.8]]
```

Programming code:

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Name      0
Age        0
Rating     0
dtype: int64
```

Programming code:

```
df = pd.DataFrame(np.arange(12).reshape(3, 4),  
                  columns=['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'])  
print(df)
```

OUTPUT:

	A	B	C	D
0	0	1	2	3
1	4	5	6	7
2	8	9	10	11