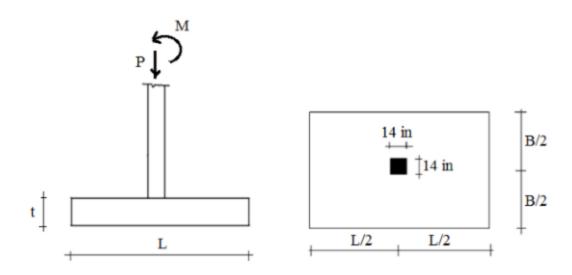
### Problem #1

A square/rectangular footing supporting a square column is shown below.

- (a) Determine the footing dimensions L and B. Use 3 inch increments
- (b) Determine the required t. Use 2 inch increments.
- (c) Determine the required reinforcing. Use #8 bars. Show the reinforcing arrangements.

Assume:

$$f_e = 4000 \text{ psi } f_y = 60,000 \text{ psi }, q_e = 4.5 \text{ kip/ft}^2$$
.  
 $P_D = 140 \text{ kip }, P_L = 160 \text{ kip }, M_D = 60 \text{ kip ft }, M_L = 80 \text{ kip ft}$ 



#### **Concrete Properties:**

$$fy := 60000 psi$$

$$yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$$

$$qe := 4.5 \text{ ksf}$$

$$ys := .12 \text{ kcf}$$

 $\alpha := 40$ 

$$\beta 1 = 0.85$$

# Assumptions:

Footing Thickness: t := 20 in

**Soil depth:** Df := 3 ft

### **Loading Conditions:**

$$Md := 60 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$Ml := 80 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$P := Pd + Pl = 300 \text{ kip}$$

$$M := Md + Ml = 140 \text{ kip-ft}$$

ft

### Factored Loads:

$$Pu1 := 1.4 \cdot Pd \text{ kip}$$

$$Pu2 := 1.2 \cdot Pd + 1.6 \cdot Pl = 42 \text{ kip}$$

$$Pu := max(Pu1, Pu2) = 424$$

$$Mu1 := 1.4 \cdot Md = 84$$
 kip·ft

$$Mu2 := 1.2 \cdot Md + 1.6 \cdot Ml = 20( kip \cdot ft)$$

$$Mu := max(Mu1, Mu2) = 200 \text{ kip-ft}$$

### **Footing Dimensions:**

# Factors:

$$a1 := 14$$
 in  $a2 := 14$  in

$$\phi t := .9$$
  $\phi v := .75$ 

### **FOOTING DESIGN:**

1. Determining L, B, t, As and Id:

Trial t: 
$$t = 20$$
 in

 $hs := Df \cdot 12 - t = 16$  in

$$qe = 4.5$$
 ksf

$$q1 := \frac{P}{B \cdot L} + 6 \cdot \frac{M}{B \cdot L^2} = 3.84$$

$$q1 := \frac{P}{B \cdot L} + 6 \cdot \frac{M}{B \cdot L^2} = 3.84$$
  $q2 := \frac{P}{B \cdot L} + -6 \cdot \frac{M}{B \cdot L^2} = 2.16$ 

Satisfy Equation

$$qu := \frac{Pu}{A} = 4.24$$

$$qum := \frac{Mu}{\Delta \cdot R^2} = 0.02$$

Area satisfy for area and moment;

$$e := \frac{M}{P} = 0.467$$
 <  $ec := \frac{L}{6} = 1.667$ 

$$ec := \frac{L}{c} = 1.667$$

# **Footing Thickness:**

Reinforcement:

Using #8 bars: dbar8 := 1 As8 := 0.79  $cover := 3 + 1.5 \cdot dbar8$  d := t - cover = 15.5

$$b0 := 2 \cdot (a1 + d) + 2 \cdot (a2 + d) = 118$$

$$\beta c := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a1}{a2} & \text{if } a2 \le a1 \\ \frac{a2}{a1} & \text{otherwise} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta c = 1$$

Vu1 := qu·B·
$$\left[\left(\frac{L}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{a1}{2\cdot 12}\right) - \left(\frac{d}{12}\right)\right] = 13$$

$$Vu1 := qu \cdot B \cdot \left\lceil \left(\frac{L}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{a1}{2 \cdot 12}\right) - \left(\frac{d}{12}\right) \right\rceil = 132.5 \qquad \qquad Vu2 := qu \cdot \left\lceil B \cdot L - (a1+d) \cdot \frac{(a2+d)}{12 \cdot 12} \right\rceil = 398.376$$

$$d1req := Vu1 \cdot \frac{1000}{\varphi v \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{fcp} \cdot B \cdot 12} = 11.639$$

$$d2a := Vu2 \cdot \frac{1000}{\varphi v \cdot 4 \cdot \sqrt{fcp \cdot b0}} = 17.793$$

$$d2b := Vu2 \cdot \frac{1000}{\varphi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{4}{\beta c}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp} \cdot b0} = 11.862$$

$$d2c := Vu2 \cdot \frac{1000}{\varphi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{\alpha \cdot d}{b0}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp} \cdot b0} = 9.811$$

$$d2reqd := max(d2a, d2b, d2c) = 17.793$$

$$dreqd := max(d2reqd, d1req) = 17.793$$

Compare Required d1 and d2 with assumed d:

d = 15.5

Value Assumed is OK

# Reinforcing in long direction

MuL := qu·
$$\left[ \left( \frac{L}{2} \right) - a1 \cdot \frac{1}{24} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{B}{2} = 413.547$$

RnreqL := 
$$MuL \cdot \frac{12000}{\varphi t \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d^2} = 191.258$$

$$\rho reqL := .85 \cdot \frac{fcp \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot RnreqL}{.85 \cdot fcp}}\right)}{fy} = 3.283 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho max := .85 \cdot 0.428 \cdot \beta 1 \cdot \frac{fcp}{fy} = 0.021$$

$$\rho max := .85 \cdot 0.428 \cdot \beta 1 \cdot \frac{fcp}{fy} = 0.021$$

$$\rho min1 := 3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{fcp}}{fy} = 3.162 \times 10^{-3} \qquad \rho min2 := \frac{200}{fy} = 3.333 \times 10^{-3} \qquad \rho min := max(\rho min1, \rho min2) = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho min2 := \frac{200}{fy} = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

# Area of Steel Required:

$$AsreqL := \left| \begin{array}{ll} \rho reqL \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d & if \quad \rho reqL \geq \rho min \\ (\rho min \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d) & otherwise \end{array} \right|$$

Using #8 bars:

AsregL = 6.2

$$\frac{AsreqL}{As8} = 7.848$$

Nbars := 8 As := Nbars As 8 = 6.32

 $\rho := \left(\frac{As}{B.12.d}\right) = 3.398 \times 10^{-3}$ 

$$\begin{split} \rho L \coloneqq & \left[ \begin{array}{ccc} \rho & \text{if} & \rho max \geq \rho \\ \\ \text{"Re-design"} & \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right] \end{split}$$

$$\rho L = 3.398 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$a := As \cdot \frac{fy}{0.85 \cdot fcn \cdot B \cdot 12} = 0.929$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta 1} = 1.093$$

$$\varepsilon t := (d - c) \cdot \frac{0.003}{c} = 0.04$$

$$\phi t = 0.9$$

$$\phi MnL := \phi t \cdot As \cdot fy \cdot \frac{\left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)}{12000} = 427.604$$

$$MuL = 413.547$$

$$BL := \begin{bmatrix} "OK" & if & \phi MnL \ge MuL \\ "Re-design" & otherwise \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BL = "OK"$$

### **Spacing Between Bars:**

spacing := 
$$\frac{\left[B \cdot 12 - 2 \cdot \left(3 + \frac{\text{dbar}8}{2}\right)\right]}{\text{Nbars} - 1} = 16.143 \text{ in}$$

# Spacing to be used:

spacingL := 16 in

### **Development Length**

Cb1 := 
$$\frac{\text{spacing}}{2} = 8.071$$

Cb1 := 
$$\frac{\text{spacing}}{2} = 8.071$$
 Cb2 :=  $\left(3 + \frac{\text{dbar8}}{2}\right) = 3.5$ 

$$Cb := min(Cb1, Cb2) = 3.5 in$$

ACI Code factors, for bottom reinforcing, non coated bars, for no. 7 and larger bars and normal weight concrete, respectively:

$$\psi t := 1$$

$$\psi t := 1 \qquad \qquad \psi e := 1 \qquad \qquad \lambda := 1$$

$$\lambda := 1$$

$$Ktr := 0$$

$$coef := \begin{cases} 2.5 & \text{if } \frac{(Ktr + Cb)}{dbar8} \ge 2.5 \\ \frac{(Ktr + Cb)}{dbar8} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$ld := \frac{3 \cdot \left(\frac{fy}{\sqrt{fcp}}\right) \cdot \left(\psi t \cdot \psi e \cdot \psi s \cdot \frac{\lambda}{coef}\right) \cdot dbar8}{40} = 28.46$$

$$\frac{1d}{12} = 2.372$$
 ft

### Reinforcing in short direction

Mus := 
$$\operatorname{qu} \cdot \left[ \left( \frac{B}{2} \right) - a2 \cdot \frac{1}{24} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{L}{2} = 413.547$$
 kip·ft

Rnreqs := Mus·
$$\frac{12000}{\phi t \cdot L \cdot 12 \cdot d^2}$$
 = 191.258

$$\rho reqs := .85 \cdot \frac{fcp \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot Rnreqs}{.85 \cdot fcp}}\right)}{fv} = 3.283 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$Asreqs = 6.2$$

Using #8 bars:

$$\frac{\text{Asreqs}}{\text{As8}} = 7.848$$

AsUs := Nsbars 
$$\cdot$$
 As8 = 6.32

$$Nsbars := 8 \hspace{1cm} AsUs := Nsbars \cdot As8 = 6.32 \hspace{1cm} \rho B1 := \left(\frac{AsUs}{B \cdot 12 \cdot d}\right) = 3.398 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho B := \left| \begin{array}{l} \rho B1 \ \ \text{if} \ \ \rho B1 \geq \rho reqs \\ \\ \text{"Re-design"} \ \ \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right|$$

$$\rho B = 3.398 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\beta := \frac{L}{B} = 1$$

Ff := 
$$\gamma$$
s·Asreqs = 6.2

Number of Bars placed within the Bandwidth area:

$$NBb := \frac{Ff}{A_5 8} = 7.848$$
  $Nbb := 8$ 

### **Bars Spacing**

# Spacing to be used with amount of Reinf:

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{(Nsbars - 1)} = 17.143$$
  $L \cdot \frac{12}{(Nsbars - 1)} = 17.143$   $B \cdot \frac{12}{(NBb - 1)} = 17.523$  spS := 17.5 in

$$L \cdot \frac{12}{\text{(Nsbars} - 1)} = 17.143$$

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{(NBb - 1)} = 17.523$$

$$spS := 17.5$$
 in

# Additional Reinforcement configuration dependent on Bandwidth Area:

$$AB := \frac{(Asreqs - \gamma s \cdot Asreqs)}{2} = 0$$

$$OL1 := (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 0$$

OL1 := 
$$(L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 0$$
 OL2 :=  $0.018 \cdot t \cdot (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 0$ 

OL3 := 
$$\left[ (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} \right] - 3.5 = -3.5$$
 OL := min(OL1, OL2, OL3) = -3.5

$$OL := min(OL1, OL2, OL3) = -3.5$$

spacing:

$$sS := \frac{OL}{AB} = \blacksquare$$

### Strength Check:

$$a := As \cdot \frac{fy}{0.85 \cdot fcp \cdot B \cdot 12} = 0.929$$

$$c = \frac{a}{31} = 1.093$$

$$c := \frac{a}{\beta 1} = 1.093$$
  $c := (d - c) \cdot \frac{0.003}{c} = 0.04$ 

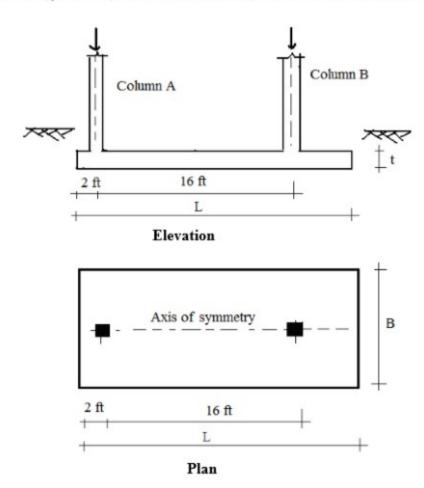
$$\phi MnS := \phi t \cdot As \cdot fy \cdot \frac{\left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)}{12000} = 427.604$$

MuS := 291.176 BS := 
$$|"OK" \text{ if } \phi MnS \ge MuS |$$
 $|"Re\text{-design}" \text{ otherwise}$ 

$$|BS = |"OK"|$$

# Problem #2

A combined footing supports two square columns. Column A is 14 inches x 14 inches and carries a dead load of 140 kip and a live load of 220 kip. Column B is 16 inches x 16 inches and carries a dead load of 260 kip and a live load of 300 kip. The effective soil pressure is  $q_{\rm e} = 4.0~{\rm kip/ft}^2$ . Assume the soil pressure distribution is uniform.



- (a) Determine the footing dimensions L and B. Use 3 inch increments.
- (b) Establish the shear and moment diagrams corresponding to the factored loading, Pu  $=1.2 P_D + 1.6 P_L$
- (c) Determine the required t. Use 2 inch increments.
- (d) Determine the required reinforcing. Use #9 bars. Show the reinforcing arrangements.

Assume:  $f_{e} = 4000 \text{ psi}$  and  $f_{y} = 60,000 \text{ psi}$ .

### **Concrete Properties:**

$$fy := 60000 \text{ psi}$$
  $yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$ 

$$yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$$

$$ge := 4.0 \text{ ksf}$$
  $ys := .12 \text{ kcf}$ 

 $\alpha = 40$ 

$$\beta 1 = 0.85$$

**Assumptions:** 

Footing Thickness: t = 20 in

Soil depth: Df := 3 ft

Factors:

$$\phi t := .9$$
  $\phi y := .75$ 

# **Footing Dimensions:**

$$a1 := 14$$
 in  $a2 := 14$  in

edge distance: e1 := 2 ft

distance between columns: d = 16 ft

# b1 := 16 in b2 := 16 in

# **Loading Conditions:**

### Column A

$$Pd1 := 140 \text{ kip} \qquad Pl1 := 220 \text{ kip}$$

$$P1 := Pd1 + P11 = 360$$
 kip

$$Md1 := 0 \text{ kip-ft} \qquad \qquad Ml1 := 0 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$M1 := Md1 + Ml1 = 0$$
 kip·ft

### Column B

$$Pd2 := 260 \text{ kip} \quad Pl2 := 300 \text{ kip}$$

$$P2 := Pd2 + Pl2 = 560$$
 kip

$$Md2 := 0 \text{ kip-ft}$$
  $M12 := 0 \text{ kip-ft}$ 

$$M2 := Md2 + Ml2 = 0$$
 kip·ft

### **Factored Loads:**

$$Pu1 := 1.2 \cdot Pd1 + 1.6 \cdot Pl1 = 520 \text{ kip}$$

$$Mu1 := 1.2 \cdot Md1 + 1.6 \cdot Ml1 = 0 \text{ kip} \cdot ft$$

$$Pu2 := 1.2 \cdot Pd2 + 1.6 \cdot Pl2 = 792 \text{ kip}$$

$$Mu2 := 1.2 \cdot Md2 + 1.6 \cdot M2 = 0$$
 kip·ft

### **Combined Footing Resultant:**

$$Rc := P1 + P2 = 920 \text{ kip}$$

$$Mc := M1 + M2 = 0$$

Rcu := 
$$Pu1 + Pu2 = 1.312 \times 10^3$$
 kip

$$x1 := \frac{P1 \cdot d}{Pa} = 6.261 \text{ ft}$$

$$x2 := \frac{P2 \cdot d}{Pc} = 9.739 \text{ ft}$$

$$x1 + x2 = 16$$

Mcu := Mu1 + Mu2 = 0

For the design of this footing, lets set Combined Area centroid to the location where resultant is applied, i.e, x1.

### **FOOTING DESIGN:**

Trial Area:

Centroid of the area should be in x, at cx:

$$TA := \frac{Rc}{ae} = 230$$
 ft<sup>2</sup>

$$cx := x1 + e1 = 8.261$$

$$L := L1 + L2$$

L is larger than 18, thus use trial L Lt := 22 ft

$$L:=L$$

$$Bt := \frac{TA}{Lt} = 10.455$$

$$\mathbf{B} := \mathbf{B}$$

$$Bt := \frac{TA}{Lt} = 10.455$$
 Use  $Bt := 16$  ft  $Bt := Bt$   $At := Bt = 352$  ft area-checks

$$gu := \frac{Rcu}{A} = 3.727 \text{ ksf}$$
  $wu := \frac{Rcu}{L} = 59.636$ 

$$vu := \frac{Rcu}{L} = 59.636$$
 k

$$V := A \cdot t = 7.04 \times 10^3$$

# 1. Determining L, B, t, As and Id:

$$qe = 4$$
 ksf

$$a_{WV}^{1} = \frac{Rc}{B \cdot L} + 6 \cdot \frac{Mc}{B \cdot L^{2}} = 2.614$$

Satisfy Equation

**Critical Eccentricity:** if e < ec, OK.

$$e := \frac{Mc}{Rc} = 0$$

$$e := \frac{Mc}{Rc} = 0$$
 <  $ec := \frac{L}{6} = 3.667$ 

$$\label{eq:contricity} \mbox{Eccentricity} := \left[ \begin{tabular}{ll} "OK" & \mbox{if } ec \geq e \\ \begin{tabular}{ll} "Re-design" & \mbox{otherwise} \\ \end{tabular} \right]$$

Eccentricity = "OK"

3. Determining the size of each individual length L1 and L2:

$$B2 := B = 16$$
 ft  $B1 := 14$ 

$$B1 := 14$$

d2 := d - x1 = 9.739 d1 := x1

$$d1 := x1$$

$$L1 := \frac{(B2 \cdot L \cdot d2)}{(B1 \cdot d1 + d2 \cdot B2)} = 14.08$$
  $L2 := L - L1 = 7.92$ 

$$L2 := L - L1 = 7.92$$

$$A1 := L1 \cdot B1 = 197.12$$
 ft<sup>2</sup>  $A2 := L2 \cdot B2 = 126.72$  ft<sup>2</sup>  $AT := A1 + A2 = 323.84$  ft<sup>2</sup>

$$A2 := L2 \cdot B2 = 126.72$$
 ft

$$AT := A1 + A2 = 323.84 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\label{eq:AreaCheck} AreaCheck := \left| \begin{array}{ll} "OK" & if \ AT \geq TA \\ "Re-design" & otherwise \end{array} \right|$$

$$quT := \frac{Rcu}{\Delta T} = 4.051$$
 ultimate bearing check

Eccentricity = "OK"

**Footings Dimensions:** 

$$L1 = 14.08$$
  $L2 = 7.92$ 

$$1.2 = 7.92$$

$$B1 = 14$$
  $B2 = 16$ 

$$B2 = 16$$

Moment of Inertia with Respect to Individual Area Centroid:

Iy1 := B1·
$$\frac{L1^3}{12}$$
 = 3.257 × 10<sup>3</sup> ft<sup>4</sup> Iy2 := B2· $\frac{L2^3}{12}$  = 662.391 ft<sup>4</sup>

$$Iy2 := B2 \cdot \frac{L2^3}{12} = 662.391 \text{ ft}^4$$

**Parallel Axis Theorem:** 

$$Iyp1 := Iy1 + A1 \cdot d1^2 = 1.098 \times 10^4 \text{ ft}^4$$

$$Iyp1 := Iy1 + A1 \cdot d1^{2} = 1.098 \times 10^{4} \text{ ft}^{4} \qquad Iyp2 := Iy2 + A2 \cdot d2^{2} = 1.268 \times 10^{4} \text{ ft}^{4}$$

**Combined Footing Information:** 

$$IT := Iyp1 + Iyp2 = 2.367 \times 10^4$$
 ft<sup>4</sup>

Create different vectors for each position x, dx:

$$x := 1$$

$$qx := \frac{Rc}{AT} + Mc \cdot \frac{x}{IT} = 2.841$$

$$qux := \frac{Rcu}{\Delta T} + Mcu \cdot \frac{x}{IT} = 4.051$$

2. Shear and Moment Diagrams for Factored Load Ru:

For values up to x, xc:

$$Vax := \int_0^x qux \cdot B dx = 64.822$$

$$Vux1 := qux \cdot B \cdot x = 64.822 \quad kip$$

$$Va1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e1 = 129.644$$
 kip

$$Vux2 := qux \cdot B \cdot x - Pu1 = -455.178$$
 kip

$$Mux1 := Vux1 \cdot x = 64.822 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$Mux2 := \left[ qux \cdot B \cdot \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^{2} \right] - Pu1 \cdot x + Mux1 = -438.972 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

Exactly where the load A is located:

$$Va2 := qux \cdot B \cdot \left(e1 + \frac{a1}{12}\right) - Pu1 = -314.73$$

$$V @ xv = 0$$

$$Vb2 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 259.289 \text{ kip}$$

Vb1 := 
$$-\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\text{e2} + \frac{\text{b1}}{12}\right) + \text{Pu2} = 446.282 \text{ kip}$$

$$x = e2$$

Vbx := 
$$\int_{\mathbf{v}}^{0} qu \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{B} d\mathbf{x} = -259.289$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 259.289 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -259.289 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = 532.711 kip$$

$$Mubx1 := Vbux1 \cdot x = -1.037 \times 10^{3} kip \cdot ft$$

$$Mubx2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + Pu2 \cdot x + Mubx1 = 1.872 \times 1 \cdot \hat{kip} \cdot ft$$

at Shear V=0, Mumax, in xv:

$$Vu := B \cdot qux \cdot xv - Pu1 = 0$$

$$xv := \frac{Pu1}{B \cdot qux} = 8.02 \text{ ft}$$

Using Equation Vux1 and Mux1 @ points of shear inflection:

$$x := xv = 8.022$$
 ft

$$Vux1:= qux \cdot B \cdot x = 520$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux1}}_{:=} := \text{Vux1} \cdot \text{x} = 4.171 \times 10^3 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{:=} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}} := \left[ \text{qu·B·} \left( \frac{\text{x}}{2} \right)^2 \right] - \text{Pu1·x} + \text{Mux1} = 959.425$$
 kip·ft

$$x = e1$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux1}}_{\text{c}} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} = 129.644$$

$$Mux1 := Vux1 \cdot x = 259.289$$
 kip·ft

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{\text{:=}} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = -390.356$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{:=} = \left[ \text{qu·B·} \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 \right] - \text{Pu1·x} + \text{Mux1} = -721.075 \quad \text{kip·}$$

$$x := e1 + \frac{a1}{12}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux}_{1}}_{1} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} = 205.27$$

$$Mux1 := Vux1 \cdot x = 650.022$$
 kip·ft

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{\text{:= qux}} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = -314.73$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{\text{max}} := \left[ qu \cdot B \cdot \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 \right] - Pu1 \cdot x + Mux1 = -847.14$$
 kip-1

$$x := cx$$

$$Vux1 := qux \cdot B \cdot x = 535.487$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux1}}_{:=} := \text{Vux1} \cdot \text{x} = 4.424 \times 10^3 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{:=} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = 15.487$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{} := \left[ \text{qu·B·} \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^{2} \right] - \text{Pu1·x} + \text{Mux1} = 1.145 \times 10^{3} \quad \text{kip·ft}$$

$$x_{A} := xv = 8.022$$
 ft

$$Vbx := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -520$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 259.289 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -520 \qquad kip$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = 272$$
 kip

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{::} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -4.171 \times 10^{3} \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{\text{www}} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{\text{x}}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = 1.139 \times 1 \cdot \hat{\text{kip}} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x := cx$$

$$V_{x} = \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -535.487$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -535.487 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = 256.51$$
; kip 10/34

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{::} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot \text{x} = -4.424 \times 10^{3} \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{:=} -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = 1.013 \times 1 \cdot \hat{\text{kip}} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$xb := cx + d2 = 18$$

$$x := xb = 18$$
 f

$$V_{\text{NNN}} = \int_{x}^{0} \text{qux} \cdot \text{B dx} = -1.167 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.167 \times \hat{kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{:=} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -2.1 \times 10^4 \quad \text{kip-ft}$$

$$x = xb - \frac{b1}{12 \cdot 2} = 17.333$$
 ft

$$\text{Nbx} := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.124 \times 10^{3}$$

$$V_{\text{bux 1}} := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.124 \times kip$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{:=} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -1.948 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x := xb + \frac{b1}{2.12} = 18.667$$
 ft

$$Vbx := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.21 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.21 \times 1 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{:=} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -2.259 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x_b := xb + e2 = 22$$
 ft

$$Vbx := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.426 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.426 \times kip$$

$$\underline{\text{Mubx1}} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -3.137 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 259.289 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -374.75 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{:=} -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot x + \text{Mubx1} = -1.2 \times 10^{\circ} \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 259.289$$
 kip

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -331.5 \{ kip \}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{\text{www.}} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -1.062 \times 10^4 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -418.01 \text{kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -1.345 \times 10^4 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$L = 22$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 259.289 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -634.08 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{\text{mubx2}} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -2.179 \times 10^4 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

### Reinforcement:

**Footing Thickness:** 

$$t = 42$$
 in

hs: 
$$Df \cdot 12 - t = -6$$
 in

Using #9 bars:

$$dbar9 := 1.128$$
  $As9 := 1$ 

$$cover := 3 + 1.5 \cdot dbar9$$

$$\underbrace{\text{cover}}_{:=} := 3 + 1.5 \cdot \text{dbar}$$
 
$$\underbrace{\text{d}}_{:=} := t - \text{cover} = 37.308$$
 in

$$b0 := 2 \cdot (a1 + d) + 2 \cdot (a2 + d) = 205.232$$
 in

$$\beta c := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{a1}{a2} & \text{if } a2 \le a1 \\ \left(\frac{a2}{a1}\right) & \text{otherwise} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Vul} := \text{qu·B} \cdot \left[ \left( \frac{L}{2} \right) - \left( \frac{\text{al}}{2 \cdot 12} \right) - \left( \frac{\text{d}}{12} \right) \right] = 435.803$$

$$Vu2 := qu \cdot \left[ B \cdot L - (a1 + d) \cdot \frac{(a2 + d)}{12 \cdot 12} \right] = 1.244 \times 10^3 \text{ kip}$$

$$Vu1 := Va1 = 129.644 \text{ kip}$$

$$\frac{\text{d1req}}{\text{dv} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{\text{fcp} \cdot B} \cdot 12} = 7.118 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{d2a}{\text{dv} \cdot 4 \cdot \sqrt{\text{fcp} \cdot \text{b0}}} = 31.943 \quad \text{in}$$

$$\frac{d2b}{\varphi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{4}{\beta c}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp} \cdot b0} = 21.295 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{d2c}{\varphi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{\alpha \cdot d}{b0}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp} \cdot b0} = 13.781 in$$

$$d2reqd := max(d2a, d2b, d2c) = 31.943$$

$$dreqd := max(d2reqd, d1req) = 31.943$$

Compare Required d1 and d2 with assumed d:

$$d = 37.308$$

Value Assumed is OK

Thickness := 
$$\begin{bmatrix} \text{"t trial is OK"} & \text{if } d \geq \text{dreqd} \\ \text{"Re-design"} & \text{otherwise} \end{bmatrix}$$

Use Thickness 
$$tu := \frac{t}{12} = 3.5$$
 ft

### Reinforcing in long direction

$$\underbrace{\text{MuL}}_{:=} = \text{qu} \cdot \left[ \left( \frac{\text{L}}{2} \right) - \text{a1} \cdot \frac{1}{24} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{\text{B}}{2} = 3.235 \times 10^3$$

$$\underbrace{\text{RnreqL}}_{\text{obt} \cdot \text{B} \cdot 12 \cdot \text{d}^2} = 161.426$$

$$\underset{\text{oregL}}{\text{oregL}} := .85 \cdot \frac{\text{fcp} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot \text{RnreqL}}{.85 \cdot \text{fcp}}}\right)}{\text{fy}} = 2.758 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{omax}}_{:=} : 85 \cdot 0.428 \cdot \beta 1 \cdot \frac{\text{fcp}}{\text{fy}} = 0.021$$

$$\underset{fy}{\text{pmin1}} := 3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\text{fcp}}}{\text{fy}} = 3.162 \times 10^{-3} \qquad \underset{fy}{\text{pmin2}} := \frac{200}{\text{fy}} = 3.333 \times 10^{-3} \qquad \underset{\text{pmin1}}{\text{pmin2}} := \max(\text{pmin1}, \text{pmin2}) = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\underset{\text{fy}}{\text{pmin2}} := \frac{200}{\text{fy}} = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho \min := \max(\rho \min 1, \rho \min 2) = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

Area of Steel Required:

Using #9 bars:

$$AsreqL = 23.877$$

$$rA := \frac{AsreqL}{As9}$$

$$As := Nbars \cdot As9 = 24$$

$$\rho := \left(\frac{As}{B \cdot 12 \cdot d}\right) = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho L := \left| \begin{array}{l} \rho \quad \text{if} \quad \rho max \geq \rho \\ \text{"Re-design"} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right|$$

$$\rho L = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$a := As \cdot \frac{fy}{0.85 \cdot fcp \cdot B \cdot 12} = 2.206$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta 1} = 2.595$$

$$\text{et} := (d - c) \cdot \frac{0.003}{c} = 0.04$$

$$\phi MnL := \phi t \cdot As \cdot fy \cdot \frac{\left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)}{12000} = 3.91 \times 10^3$$
  $MuL = 3.235 \times 10^3$ 

$$\begin{array}{lll} BL := & \text{"}OK\text{"} & \text{if } \varphi MnL \geq MuL \\ & \text{"}Re\text{-}design" & \text{otherwise} \end{array}$$

### **Spacing Between Bars:**

$$\underbrace{\text{Spacing to be used:}}_{\text{Nbars} = 1} = \underbrace{\left[ B \cdot 12 - 2 \cdot \left( 3 + \frac{\text{dbar}8}{2} \right) \right]}_{\text{Nbars} = 1} = 8.043 \quad \text{in} \quad \underbrace{\text{Spacing L}}_{\text{spacingL}} := \text{floor(spacing)} = 8 \quad \text{in}$$

### **Development Length**

Cb1:= 
$$\frac{\text{spacing}}{2} = 4.022$$
 Cb2:=  $\left(3 + \frac{\text{dbar8}}{2}\right) = 3.5$  Cb:=  $\min(\text{Cb1}, \text{Cb2}) = 3.5$  in

ACI Code factors, for bottom reinforcing, non coated bars, for no. 7 and larger bars and normal weight concrete, respectively:

$$\frac{\text{wt} := 1}{\text{coef}} := \frac{1}{\text{ws}} := 1 \qquad \frac{\text{ktr} := 0}{\text{wt}} := 1$$

$$\frac{2.5 \text{ if } \frac{(\text{Ktr} + \text{Cb})}{\text{dbar8}}}{\text{dbar8}} \ge 2.5 \qquad \text{coef} = 2.5$$

$$\frac{(\text{Ktr} + \text{Cb})}{\text{dbar8}} \text{ otherwise}$$

### Reinforcing in short direction

Mus:= qu·
$$\left[\left(\frac{B}{2}\right) - a2 \cdot \frac{1}{24}\right]^2 \cdot \frac{L}{2} = 2.255 \times 10^3 \text{kip·ft}$$

Rnregs:= 
$$Mus \cdot \frac{12000}{\varphi t \cdot L \cdot 12 \cdot d^2} = 81.834$$

$$\underset{\text{oregs} := .85 \cdot \frac{\text{fcp} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot \text{Rnreqs}}{.85 \cdot \text{fcp}}}\right)}{\text{fy}} = 1.381 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho \underline{I} := \begin{bmatrix} \rho & \text{if } \rho \text{max} \ge \rho \\ \text{"Re-design"} & \text{otherwise} \end{bmatrix}$$

Area of Steel Required:

Asregs:= 
$$\rho reqs \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d$$
 if  $\rho reqs \ge \rho min$  Asreqs = 23.877  $\rho reqs \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d$  otherwise

Using #9 bars:

$$rAs := \frac{Asreqs}{As9}$$

$$\rho B := \begin{cases} \rho B1 & \text{if } \rho B1 \ge \rho \text{reqs} \\ \text{"Re-design"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\rho B = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\beta := \frac{L}{B} = 1.375$$

$$\beta := \frac{L}{B} = 1.375$$
  $\gamma_s := \frac{2}{(\beta + 1)} = 0.842$  Ff :=  $\gamma_s \cdot Asreqs = 20.107$ 

Ff: 
$$\gamma s \cdot Asreqs = 20.107$$

Number of Bars placed within the Bandwidth area:

$$\underbrace{NBb}_{A \text{ s}Q} := \underbrace{Ff}_{A \text{ s}Q} = 20.107 \qquad \underbrace{Nbb}_{A \text{ s}Q} := \text{ceil}(\text{NBb}) = 21$$

$$Nbb := ceil(NBb) = 21$$

# **Bars Spacing**

# Spacing to be used with amount of Reinf:

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{\text{(Nsbars} - 1)} = 8.348$$

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{\text{(Nsbars} - 1)} = 8.348$$
  $L \cdot \frac{12}{\text{(Nsbars} - 1)} = 11.478$   $B \cdot \frac{12}{\text{(Nbb} - 1)} = 9.6$  spS := 9.5 in

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{(\text{Nbb} - 1)} = 9.6$$

$$spS := 9.5$$
 in

# Additional Reinforcement configuration dependent on Bandwidth Area:

Amount of Additional Bars:

$$Ab := Nsbars - Nbb = 3$$

Lets place each half a half of Ab:

Additional Bars needed:

$$AB := \frac{(Asreqs - \gamma s \cdot Asreqs)}{2} = 1.885$$

Outer Length to be reinforced:

$$OL1 := (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 36$$

$$OL1 := (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 36$$

$$OL2 := 0.018 \cdot t \cdot (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 27.216$$

$$OL3 := \left[ (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} \right] - 3.5 = 32.5 \quad OL := min(OL1, OL2, OL3) = 27.216 \text{ in}$$

spacing:

$$sS := \frac{OL}{AB} = 14.438 \qquad ir$$

### Strength Check:

$$a := As \cdot \frac{fy}{0.85 \cdot fcp \cdot B \cdot 12} = 2.206$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta 1} = 2.595$$

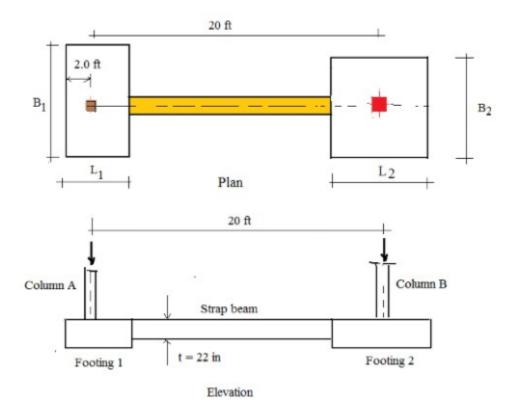
$$\text{et} := (d - c) \cdot \frac{0.003}{c} = 0.04$$

$$\phi MnS := \phi t \cdot As \cdot fy \cdot \frac{\left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)}{12000} = 3.91 \times 10^3$$
 $MuS := 291.176$ 

### Problem #3

Column A is 14 inches x 14 inches and carries a dead load of 160 kip and a live load of 140 kip. The interior column B is 18 inches x 18 inches and carries a dead load of 230 kip and a live load of 200 kip. The distance between the center lines of the columns is 18 ft. A strap footing is used to support the columns. The center line of column A is 2.ft. from the property line. Assume the strap is placed such that it does not bear directly on the soil. Assume f = 4000 psi and f = 60,000 psi.

- (a) Determine the dimensions L<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>1</sub>, B<sub>2</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> for the pad footings that will result in a uniform effective soil pressure not exceeding 4.5 kip/ft<sup>2</sup> under each pad footing. Use ½ ft. increments.
- (b) Establish the shear and moment diagrams corresponding to the factored loading, P<sub>u</sub> =1.2 P<sub>D</sub> +1.6 P<sub>L</sub>.
- (c) Design the strap beam (i.e., determine the required width and reinforcing). Use #8 bars. Show the reinforcing arrangements.
- (d) Determine the soil pressure profile under the footings determined in part (a) when an additional loading, consisting of an uplift force of 90 kip at the exterior column and an uplift force of 40 kip at the interior column, is applied to the factored loads.



### **Concrete Properties:**

 $\alpha exa := 40$ 

 $\alpha$ inb := 20

$$fy := 60000 \text{ psi} \qquad yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$$

 $\beta$ 1.:=
| .85 if fcp ≤ 4000
| .65 if fcp ≥ 8000
|  $1.85 - (\text{fcp} - 4000) \cdot \frac{0.05}{1000}$  otherwise

$$yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$$

$$ge := 4.5 \text{ ksf}$$

$$ys := .12 \text{ kcf}$$

**Assumptions:** 

Footing Thickness: t = 20 in

Soil depth:

$$Df := 3 \text{ ft}$$

Factors:

$$\phi t := .9$$

$$\phi t := .9 \qquad \phi y := .75$$

# **Footing Dimensions:**

$$a1 := 14$$
 in  $a2 := 14$  in

edge distance: e1 := 2 ft

distance between columns: d := 18 ft

 $\beta 1 = 0.85$ 

# b1 := 18 in b2 := 18 in

$$ts := 22$$
 in

# **Loading Conditions:**

### Column A

$$P1 := Pd1 + Pl1 = 300$$
 kip

$$M1 := Md1 + M11 = 0 \qquad kip \cdot ft$$

# Column B

$$P_{AAA} := Pd2 + P12 = 430$$
 kip

$$Md2 := 0 \text{ kip-ft}$$
  $Ml2 := 0 \text{ kip-ft}$ 

$$M2 := Md2 + Ml2 = 0$$
 kip·ft

### Factored Loads:

Pu1:= 
$$1.2 \cdot Pd1 + 1.6 \cdot Pl1 = 416$$
 kip  
Mu1:=  $1.2 \cdot Md1 + 1.6 \cdot Ml1 = 0$  kip·ft

Pu2:= 
$$1.2 \cdot \text{Pd}2 + 1.6 \cdot \text{Pl}2 = 596$$
 kip  
Mu2:=  $1.2 \cdot \text{Md}2 + 1.6 \cdot \text{M}2 = 0$  kip·ft

### **Combined Footing Resultant:**

### Distance force application to resultant:

$$Rc := P1 + P2 = 730 \text{ kip}$$

$$Mc := M1 + M2 = 0$$

Rcu:= 
$$Pu1 + Pu2 = 1.012 \times 10^3$$
 kip

$$x_1^1 := \frac{P1 \cdot d}{Rc} = 7.397 \text{ ft}$$
  $x_2^2 := \frac{P2 \cdot d}{Rc} = 10.600 \text{ ft}$   $x_1 + x_2 = 18$ 

$$x^2 = \frac{P2 \cdot d}{Rc} = 10.600$$

$$x1 + x2 = 18$$

$$Rcu := Pu1 + Pu2 = 1.012 \times 10$$
 kip  
 $Mcu := Mu1 + Mu2 = 0$  x1u

$$x1u := \frac{Pu1 \cdot d}{Pcu} = 7.399 f$$

$$x1u := \frac{Pu1 \cdot d}{Rcu} = 7.395 \text{ ft}$$
  $x2u := \frac{Pu2 \cdot d}{Rcu} = 10.601 \text{ ft}$   $x1 + x2 = 18$ 

For the design of this footing, lets set Combined Area centroid to the location where resultant is applied, i.e, x1.

### **FOOTING DESIGN:**

Trial Area:

Centroid of the area should be in x, at cx:

$$TA := \frac{Rc}{ge} = 162.21 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$cx := x1 + e1 = 9.397$$

$$L := L1 + L2$$

L is larger than 18, thus use trial L

$$Lt := 20 \text{ ft}$$

$$L := L$$

Ana Gouveia

$$\underbrace{Bt}_{Lt} = \underbrace{TA}_{Lt} = 8.111 \qquad \qquad Use \qquad \underbrace{Bt}_{t} = 12 \quad ft \qquad \qquad \underbrace{A}_{t} = B \cdot L = 240 \quad ft^{2}$$

$$Bt := 12$$
 f

$$\mathbf{B} := \mathbf{B}$$

$$A := B \cdot L = 240 \text{ f}$$

$$gu := \frac{Rcu}{A} = 4.217 \text{ ksf} \qquad \qquad \text{wu} := \frac{Rcu}{L} = 50.6$$

$$ww := \frac{Rcu}{L} = 50.6$$

$$V := A \cdot t = 4.8 \times 10^3 \quad \text{ft}^3$$

# 1. Determining L, B, t, As and Id:

$$qe = 4.5$$
 ksf

$$a_{\text{NW}}^{1} = \frac{\text{Rc}}{\text{B} \cdot \text{L}} + 6 \cdot \frac{\text{Mc}}{\text{B} \cdot \text{L}^{2}} = 3.042$$

Satisfy Equation

Critical Eccentricity: if e < ec, OK.

$$e := \frac{Mc}{Rc} = 0$$

 $e := \frac{Mc}{Rc} = 0$  <  $ec := \frac{L}{6} = 3.333$ 

ok

Eccentricity = "OK"

Determining the size of the strap based on the following assumptions:

$$t := \frac{ts}{12} = 1.833$$

**Assumptions:** 

$$L1 := 10 \quad \text{ft} \qquad \text{s} := 2.5$$

$$s = 2.5$$

$$B1 := 14$$
 ft  $B2 := B = 12$  ft

Results:

$$L_{2}^{2} := L - s - L_{1} = 7.5$$

$$A1 := L1 \cdot B1 = 140 \qquad \text{ft}^2$$

$$A2 := L2 \cdot B2 = 90 \qquad \text{ft}^2$$

$$A2 := L2 \cdot B2 = 90 \qquad \text{ft}^2$$

$$AT := A1 + A2 = 230$$
 ft<sup>2</sup>

$$\underset{\text{AT}}{\text{guT}} := \frac{\text{Rcu}}{\text{AT}} = 4.4$$
 ultimate bearing check

3. Determining the size of each individual length L1 and L2:

$$d2 := d - x1 = 10.603$$

$$x2 := d2 = 10.603$$
  $d1 := x1 = 7.397$ 

$$d1 := x1 = 7.397$$

Eccentricity = "OK"

**Footings Dimensions:** 

$$L1 = 10$$
  $L2 = 7.5$ 

$$L2 = 7.5$$

$$B1 = 14$$

$$B1 = 14$$
  $B2 = 12$ 

Moment of Inertia with Respect to Individual Area Centroid:

$$\underline{\text{Lv1}} := \text{B1} \cdot \frac{\text{L1}^3}{12} = 1.167 \times 10^3 \quad \text{ft}^4 \qquad \underline{\text{Lv2}} := \text{B2} \cdot \frac{\text{L2}^3}{12} = 421.875 \quad \text{ft}^4$$

$$I_{\text{WW}} := B2 \cdot \frac{L2^3}{12} = 421.875 \text{ ft}^4$$

Parallel Axis Theorem:

$$Iyp1 := Iy1 + A1 \cdot d1^2 = 8.827 \times 10^3$$
 for

$$Ivp1 := Iy1 + A1 \cdot d1^2 = 8.827 \times 10^3 \text{ ft}^4 \qquad Ivp2 := Iy2 + A2 \cdot d2^2 = 1.054 \times 10^4 \text{ ft}^4$$

**Combined Footing Information:** 

$$IT := Iyp1 + Iyp2 = 1.937 \times 10^4$$
 ft<sup>4</sup>

Create different vectors for each position x, dx:

$$x := 1$$

$$gx := \frac{Rc}{AT} + Mc \cdot \frac{x}{IT} = 3.174$$

$$\underset{\text{Qux}}{\text{gux}} = \frac{\text{Rcu}}{\text{AT}} + \text{Mcu} \cdot \frac{\text{x}}{\text{IT}} = 4.4$$

2. Shear and Moment Diagrams for Factored Load Ru:

For values up to x, xc:

$$Vax := \int_0^x qux \cdot B dx = 52.8$$

$$Vux1:= qux \cdot B \cdot x = 52.8 \qquad kip$$

$$Va1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e1 = 105.6$$
 ki

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{\text{:=}} = \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = -363.2 \quad \text{kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux1}}_{::=} := \text{Vux1} \cdot \text{x} = 52.8 \qquad \text{kip} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{:=} := \left[ \text{qux} \cdot \mathbf{B} \cdot \left( \frac{\mathbf{x}}{2} \right)^2 \right] - \text{Pu1} \cdot \mathbf{x} + \text{Mux1} = -350 \quad \text{kip} \cdot \mathbf{i}$$

Exactly where the load A is located:

$$Va2 := qux \cdot B \cdot \left(e1 + \frac{a1}{12}\right) - Pu1 = -248.8$$

V @ xv = 0

$$\bigvee_{A} b = qux \cdot B \cdot e^2 = 0 \qquad \text{kip}$$

$$V_{b1} := -qux \cdot B \cdot \left(e2 + \frac{b1}{12}\right) + Pu2 = 516.8$$
 kip

$$\text{Nbx} := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = 0$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 0 \qquad kip$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = 0$$
 kip

$$\frac{\text{Vbux2}}{\text{Vbux2}} = -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Pu2} = 596 \quad \text{kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{:=} \text{Vbux1} \cdot \mathbf{x} = 0 \qquad \qquad \text{kip-ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{:=} -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot x + \text{Mubx1} = 0$$
 kip·fu

at Shear V=0, Mumax, in xv:

$$xv := \frac{Pu1}{B \cdot qux} = 7.87' \text{ ft}$$

Using Equation Vux1 and Mux1 @ points of shear inflection:

$$x = xv = 7.879$$
 ft

$$Vux1 := qux \cdot B \cdot x = 416$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux1}}_{:=} := \text{Vux1} \cdot \text{x} = 3.278 \times 10^3 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{:=} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{} := \left[ \text{qu·B·} \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^{2} \right] - \text{Pu1·x} + \text{Mux1} = 785.253 \quad \text{kip·ft}$$

$$x = e1$$

$$Vux1 := qux \cdot B \cdot x = 105.6$$

$$Mux1 := Vux1 \cdot x = 211.2$$
 kip·ft

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{:=} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = -310.4$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{\text{max}} := \left[ \text{qu·B·} \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 \right] - \text{Pu1·x} + \text{Mux1} = -570.2 \quad \text{kip·ft}$$

$$x := e1 + \frac{a1}{12}$$

$$\underline{\text{Vux1}} := \text{qux} \cdot \mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{x} = 167.2$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux1}}_{::} := \text{Vux1} \cdot \text{x} = 529.467 \qquad \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = -248.8$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{} := \left[ qu \cdot B \cdot \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^{2} \right] - Pu1 \cdot x + Mux1 = -661.015 \quad \text{kip-fi}$$

$$x := cx$$

$$Vux1 := qux \cdot B \cdot x = 496.175$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux1}}_{:=} := \text{Vux1} \cdot \text{x} = 4.663 \times 10^3 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vux2}}_{:=} := \text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} - \text{Pu1} = 80.175$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mux2}}_{\text{www}} := \left[ qu \cdot B \cdot \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2 \right] - Pu1 \cdot x + Mux1 = 1.871 \times 10^3 \quad \text{kip-ft}$$

$$x := xv = 7.879$$
 ft

$$Vbx := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -416$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 0$$
 kip

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -416 \qquad kip$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = 180$$
 kip

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{:=} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -3.278 \times 10^{3} \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{:=} = -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = 598.788 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x := cx$$

$$V_{\text{NN}} = \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -496.175$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -496.175 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Vbux2}}_{:=} -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Pu2} = 99.825 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{\text{www.x}} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot \text{x} = -4.663 \times 10^{3} \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{\text{www.}} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -227.594 \text{ kip·ft}$$

$$xb := cx + d2 = 20$$

$$x := xb = 20$$
 ft

$$\text{Nbx} := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.056 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.056 \times \hat{kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{::} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -2.112 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x := xb - \frac{b1}{12 \cdot 2} = 19.25$$
 f

$$\text{Nbx} := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.016 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.016 \times kip$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{::} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -1.957 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x = xb + \frac{b1}{2.12} = 20.75$$
 f

$$Vbx := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.096 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.096 \times \hat{kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx1}}_{:=} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -2.273 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x = xb + e2 = 20$$
 ft

$$Vbx := \int_{x}^{0} qux \cdot B dx = -1.056 \times 10^{3}$$

$$Vbux1 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x = -1.056 \times kip$$

$$\underline{\text{Mubx1}} := \text{Vbux1} \cdot x = -2.112 \times 10^4 \text{kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 0$$
 kip

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -460 \quad kip$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{:=} -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -1.448 \times \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$\nabla b_1$$
 :=  $qux \cdot B \cdot e^2 = 0$  kip

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -420.4 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{:=} -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot x + \text{Mubx1} = -1.298 \times 10^4 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -499.6 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{\text{mubx2}} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{\text{x}}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -1.605 \times 10^4 \text{ kip-ft}$$

$$L = 20$$
 ft

$$Vb1 := qux \cdot B \cdot e2 = 0$$
 kip

$$Vbux2 := -qux \cdot B \cdot x + Pu2 = -460 \quad kip$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mubx2}}_{\text{c}} := -\text{qux} \cdot \text{B} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2 + \text{Pu2} \cdot \text{x} + \text{Mubx1} = -1.448 \times 10^4 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

# Part c) Determine the required width and reinforcing

### Reinforcement:

**Footing Thickness:** 

$$t = 42$$

hs:= 
$$Df \cdot 12 - t = -6$$
 in

Using #9 bars:

dbar9 := 1.128 As 9 := 1

$$cover := 3 + 1.5 \cdot dbar9$$

$$\underbrace{cover}_{} := 3 + 1.5 \cdot dbar9 \qquad \qquad \underbrace{d}_{} := t - cover = 37.308 \quad in$$

$$b0 := 2 \cdot (a1 + d) + 2 \cdot (a2 + d) = 205.232$$
 in

$$\beta c := \begin{vmatrix} \frac{a1}{a2} & \text{if } a2 \le a1 \\ \frac{a2}{a1} & \text{otherwise} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$Vu2 := qu \cdot \left[ B \cdot L - (a1 + d) \cdot \frac{(a2 + d)}{12 \cdot 12} \right] = 934.914$$
 kip

$$Vu1 := Va1 = 105.6$$
 kip

$$\frac{d1\text{reg}}{\text{dv} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{\text{fcp}} \cdot \text{B} \cdot 12} = 7.73 \quad \text{in} \qquad \qquad \frac{d2\text{a}}{\text{dv} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{\text{fcp}} \cdot \text{b0}} = 24.009 \quad \text{in}$$

$$d2a := Vu2 \cdot \frac{1000}{\varphi v \cdot 4 \cdot \sqrt{fcp \cdot b0}} = 24.009 \quad \text{in}$$

$$\frac{d2b}{\varphi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{4}{\beta c}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp \cdot b0}} = 16.006 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{d2c}{\varphi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{\alpha \cdot d}{b0}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp \cdot b0}} = 10.358 \text{ in}$$

$$\frac{d2c}{\phi v \cdot \left(2 + \frac{\alpha \cdot d}{b0}\right) \cdot \sqrt{fcp} \cdot b0} = 10.358 \text{ in}$$

$$d2read := max(d2a, d2b, d2c) = 24.009$$

$$\frac{\text{dregd}}{\text{dregd}} := \max(\text{d2reqd}, \text{d1req}) = 24.009$$

Compare Required d1 and d2 with assumed d:

$$d = 37.308$$

Value Assumed is OK

Thickness = "t trial is OK"

Use Thickness

$$tu := \frac{t}{12} = 3.5$$
 ft

### Reinforcing in long direction

$$\underbrace{\text{MuL}}_{:=} := qu \cdot \left[ \left( \frac{L}{2} \right) - a1 \cdot \frac{1}{24} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{B}{2} = 2.243 \times 10^3$$

RnregL: 
$$MuL \cdot \frac{12000}{\det B \cdot 12 \cdot d^2} = 149.241$$

$$\underset{\text{oregL} := .85}{\text{oregL}} := .85 \cdot \frac{\text{fcp} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot \text{RnreqL}}{.85 \cdot \text{fcp}}}\right)}{\text{fy}} = 2.544 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\underset{\leftarrow}{\text{omax}} := .85 \cdot 0.428 \cdot \beta \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{\text{fcp}}{\text{fy}} = 0.021$$

$$\underset{\text{fv}}{\text{pmin1}} := 3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\text{fcp}}}{\text{fv}} = 3.162 \times 10^{-3} \qquad \underset{\text{fv}}{\text{pmin2}} := \frac{200}{\text{fv}} = 3.333 \times 10^{-3} \qquad \underset{\text{pmin}}{\text{pmin}} := \max(\text{pmin1}, \text{pmin2}) = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\underset{\text{comin 2}}{\text{omin 2}} = \frac{200}{\text{fy}} = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\underline{\rho_{\text{min}}} := \max(\rho_{\text{min}} 1, \rho_{\text{min}} 2) = 3.333 \times 10^{-3}$$

# Area of Steel Required:

AsregL:= 
$$\rho \operatorname{reqL} \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d$$
 if  $\rho \operatorname{reqL} \geq \rho \min(\rho \min \cdot B \cdot 12 \cdot d)$  otherwise

Using #9 bars:

$$AsregL = 17.908$$

$$\underline{RA} := \frac{AsreqL}{As9}$$

$$As:= Nbars \cdot As9 = 18$$

$$\rho_{\text{M}} := \left(\frac{\text{As}}{\text{B} \cdot 12 \cdot \text{d}}\right) = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho L := \left| \begin{array}{l} \rho \quad \text{if} \quad \rho max \geq \rho \\ \text{"Re-design"} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right|$$

$$\rho L = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$a := As \cdot \frac{fy}{0.85 \cdot fcp \cdot B \cdot 12} = 2.206$$

$$c = \frac{a}{\beta 1} = 2.595$$

$$\text{et} := (d - c) \cdot \frac{0.003}{c} = 0.04$$

$$\phi t = 0.9$$

$$\oint MnL := \oint d\cdot As \cdot fy \cdot \frac{\left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)}{12000} = 2.933 \times 10^{3}$$

$$MuL = 2.243 \times 10^3$$

**Spacing Between Bars:** 

$$\underbrace{\text{Spacing to be used:}}_{\text{Nhars} - 1} = \underbrace{\left[ B \cdot 12 - 2 \cdot \left( 3 + \frac{\text{dbar 8}}{2} \right) \right]}_{\text{Nhars} - 1} = 8.059 \quad \text{in} \quad \underbrace{\text{Spacing L}}_{\text{spacing L}} := \text{floor(spacing)} = 8$$

### **Development Length**

Cb1:= 
$$\frac{\text{spacing}}{2} = 4.029$$
 Cb2:=  $\left(3 + \frac{\text{dbar 8}}{2}\right) = 3.5$  Cb:=  $\min(\text{Cb1}, \text{Cb2}) = 3.5$  in

ACI Code factors, for bottom reinforcing, non coated bars, for no. 7 and larger bars and normal weight concrete, respectively:

$$\frac{\text{yt} := 1}{\text{coef}} := \frac{1}{\text{coef}} := \frac{1}{\text{coef}$$

### Reinforcing in short direction

Mus:= qu·
$$\left[\left(\frac{B}{2}\right) - a2 \cdot \frac{1}{24}\right]^2 \cdot \frac{L}{2} = 1.237 \times 10^3 \text{ kip·ft}$$

Rnregs:= Mus· $\frac{12000}{\text{ot·L·12·d}^2} = 49.381$ 

$$\underset{\text{pregs} := .85}{\text{pregs}} = .85 \cdot \frac{\text{fcp} \cdot \left(1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{2 \cdot \text{Rnreqs}}{.85 \cdot \text{fcp}}}\right)}{\text{fy}} = 8.291 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\underset{\text{pregs} := .85}{\text{pregs}} = \frac{\text{pregs}}{.85 \cdot \text{fcp}} = 8.291 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\underset{\text{pregs} := .85}{\text{pregs}} = \frac{\text{pregs}}{.85 \cdot \text{fcp}} = \frac{\text{pregs}}{.85 \cdot \text{fc$$

Using #9 bars:

$$rAs := \frac{Asreqs}{As9}$$

$$AsUs := Nsbars \cdot As9 = 18$$

Nsbars:= ceil(rAs) = 18 AsUs:= Nsbars·As9 = 18 
$$\rho B1 := \left(\frac{AsUs}{B \cdot 12 \cdot d}\right) = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\rho B := \begin{cases} \rho B1 & \text{if } \rho B1 \ge \rho \text{reqs} \\ \text{"Re-design"} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\rho B = 3.35 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\beta = \frac{L}{R} = 1.667$$

$$\beta := \frac{L}{B} = 1.667$$
  $\gamma s := \frac{2}{(\beta + 1)} = 0.75$  Ff :=  $\gamma s \cdot Asreqs = 13.431$ 

Ff: 
$$\gamma s \cdot Asreqs = 13.431$$

Number of Bars placed within the Bandwidth area:

$$\underbrace{NBb}_{A \text{ sQ}} := \underbrace{Ff}_{A \text{ sQ}} = 13.431 \qquad \underbrace{Nbb}_{Nbb} := \text{ceil}(\text{NBb}) = 14$$

$$Nbb := ceil(NBb) = 14$$

### **Bars Spacing**

### Spacing to be used with amount of Reinf:

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{\text{(Nsbars} - 1)} = 8.471$$

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{(\text{Nsbars} - 1)} = 8.471$$
  $L \cdot \frac{12}{(\text{Nsbars} - 1)} = 14.118$   $B \cdot \frac{12}{(\text{Nbb} - 1)} = 11.077$   $\text{spS} := 9.5 \text{ in}$ 

$$B \cdot \frac{12}{(Nbb - 1)} = 11.077$$

$$spS := 9.5$$
 in

### Additional Reinforcement configuration dependent on Bandwidth Area:

Amount of Additional Bars:

$$Ab := Nsbars - Nbb = 4$$

Lets place each half a half of Ab:

Additional Bars needed:

$$AB := \frac{(Asreqs - \gamma s \cdot Asreqs)}{2} = 2.238$$

Outer Length to be reinforced:

$$OL1 := (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 48$$

$$OL1 := (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 48$$
  $OL2 := 0.018 \cdot t \cdot (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} = 36.288$ 

$$OL3 := \left[ (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} \right] - 3.5 = 44.5$$

$$OL3 := \left[ (L - B) \cdot \frac{12}{2} \right] - 3.5 = 44.5$$
  $OL := min(OL1, OL2, OL3) = 36.288 in$ 

spacing:

$$SS := \frac{OL}{AB} = 16.211$$
 in

# Strength Check:

$$a := As \cdot \frac{fy}{0.85 \cdot fcp \cdot B \cdot 12} = 2.206$$

$$c_{\text{M}} = \frac{a}{\beta 1} = 2.595$$

$$\text{et} := (d - c) \cdot \frac{0.003}{c} = 0.04$$

$$\oint t := \begin{bmatrix} .65 & \text{if } \varepsilon t \le 0.002 \\ .9 & \text{if } \varepsilon t \ge 0.005 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[ .65 + (\varepsilon t - 0.002) \cdot \frac{250}{3} \right] \text{ otherwise}$$

$$\phi \underline{MnS} := \phi t \cdot As \cdot fy \cdot \frac{\left(d - \frac{a}{2}\right)}{12000} = 2.933 \times 10^{3}$$

### d) Determining the Soil Pressure if Uplift forces occur:

$$\underbrace{\alpha exa}_{} := 40 \qquad Pap := -90$$

# **Loading Conditions:**

### Column A

$$P1 := Pd1 + P11 + Pap = 210$$
 kip

$$Md1 := 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$
  $M11 := 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$   $M11 := 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$ 

# Column B

$$P2 := Pd2 + Pl2 + Pbp = 390$$

$$Md2 := 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$
  $M12 := 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$   $M2 := Md2 + M12 = 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$ 

### **Combined Footing Resultant:**

### Distance force application to resultant:

$$Rc := P1 + P2 = 600 \text{ kip}$$
  
 $Mc := M1 + M2 = 0$ 

$$x_1 := \frac{P1 \cdot d}{Rc} = 13.058 f$$

$$x_1 := \frac{P1 \cdot d}{Rc} = 13.058 \text{ ft}$$
  $x_2 := \frac{P2 \cdot d}{Rc} = 24.25 \text{ ft}$   $x_1 + x_2 = 37.308$ 

$$x1 + x2 = 37.308$$

### Factored Loads:

Pu1:= 
$$1.2 \cdot Pd1 + 1.6 \cdot Pl1 = 416$$
 kip  
Mu1:=  $1.2 \cdot Md1 + 1.6 \cdot Ml1 = 0$  kip·ft

Rcu:= 
$$Pu1 + Pu2 = 1.012 \times 10^3$$
 kip  
Mcu:=  $Mu1 + Mu2 = 0$ 

$$Pu2 := 1.2 \cdot Pd2 + 1.6 \cdot Pl2 = 596 \text{ kip}$$

$$\underbrace{\text{Mu2}}_{:=} := 1.2 \cdot \text{Md2} + 1.6 \cdot \text{M2} = 0 \text{ kip} \cdot \text{ft}$$

$$x_1^1u := \frac{Pu \cdot d}{Rcu} = 15.33 \text{ ft}$$
  $x_2^2u := \frac{Pu \cdot d}{Rcu} = 21.972 \text{ ft}$   $x_1 + x_2 = 37.308$ 

For the design of this footing, lets set Combined Area centroid to the location where resultant is applied, i.e, x1.

### FOOTING DESIGN:

Trial Area:

Centroid of the area should be in x, at cx:

$$TA := \frac{Rc}{qe} = 133.333$$
 ft<sup>2</sup>

$$cx = x1 + e1 = 15.058$$

L is larger than 18, thus use trial L

$$Lt := 22 \text{ ft}$$

$$e2 := L - e1 - d = 2$$

Bt:= 
$$\frac{TA}{It} = 6.06$$

$$\mathbf{B} := \mathbf{B} \mathbf{t}$$

Bt:= 
$$\frac{TA}{L}$$
 = 6.061 Use Bt:= 10 ft B:= Bt A:= B·L = 220 ft area-checks

$$gu := \frac{Rcu}{\Delta} = 4.6$$
 ksf  $gu := \frac{Rcu}{L} = 46$ 

$$ww := \frac{Rcu}{L} = 46$$

$$V := A \cdot t = 9.24 \times 10^3 \text{ ft}^3$$

# 1. Determining L, B, t, As and Id:

$$qe = 4.5$$
 ksf

$$a_{WW}^{1} = \frac{Rc}{B \cdot L} + 6 \cdot \frac{Mc}{B \cdot L^{2}} = 2.727$$

$$g_{\text{WW}}^2 = \frac{\text{Rc}}{\text{B} \cdot \text{L}} + -6 \cdot \frac{\text{Mc}}{\text{B} \cdot \text{L}^2} = 2.727$$

Satisfy Equation

**Critical Eccentricity:** 

$$e := \frac{Mc}{Rc} = 0$$
 <  $ec := \frac{L}{6} = 3.667$ 

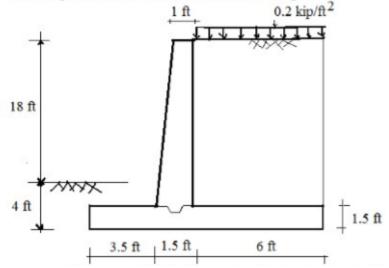
$$\frac{\text{ec}}{6} = \frac{L}{6} = 3.667$$

Eccentricity:= 
$$|"OK"|$$
 if  $ec \ge e$   $|"Re-design"|$  otherwise

Eccentricity = "OK"

### Problem # 4

- (a) For the cantilever retaining wall shown below, determine the following:
  - The soil pressure acting on the wall
  - (ii) The factor of safety for overturning
  - The factor of safety for sliding (111)
  - (iv) The soil pressure distribution under the footing



**Concrete Properties:** 

**Soil Properties:** 

$$fy := 60000 \text{ psi}$$
  $yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$ 

$$ge := 4.5$$
 kst

$$ge := 4.5 \text{ ksf}$$
  $ys := .12 \text{ kcf}$ 

Factors:

$$\beta$$
1:= | .85 if fcp ≤ 4000 | .65 if fcp ≥ 8000 |  $\boxed{ .85 - (\text{fcp} - 4000) \cdot \frac{0.05}{1000} }$  otherwise

 $\alpha exa := 40$  $\alpha$ inb := 20

$$\beta 1 = 0.85$$
  
 $\mu := .58$ 

$$\phi t := .9$$
  
 $\phi y := .75$ 

Soil depth: Df := 4 ft

Angle of Repose:

 $\varphi := 30 \cdot \deg$ 

**Surcharge Properies:** 

$$qs := 0.2$$
 ksf

 $\alpha s := 0 \cdot \deg$ 

Into Plane Info:

Known:

**Footing Information:** 

Footing Thickness:  $tf := 1.5 \cdot 12 = 18$  in

toe length: tl := 3.5 ft heel length: hl := 6

 $\mathbf{L} := \mathbf{tl} + \mathbf{wb} + \mathbf{hl} = 11$ Footing length:

e1:= 
$$tl + \frac{wb}{2} = 4.25$$

$$e2 := hl + \frac{wb}{2} = 6.75$$

**Retaining Wall Information:** 

wt := 1 ft wb := 1.5 ft

$$Hw := \left(H + Df - \frac{tf}{12}\right) = 20.5$$

$$ang := atan \left[ \frac{(wb - wt)}{Hw} \right] = 0.024$$

**Passive Case:** 

distance between columns: 
$$d := 0$$
 ft  $ts := 22$  in

 $Kp := \frac{1}{K} = 3$ 

Rankine Theory:

**Active Case:** 

$$Ka := \frac{1}{3}$$

 $\underbrace{\text{Ka}}_{\text{AM}} := \cos(\alpha s) \cdot \left[ \frac{\left[\cos(\alpha s) - \sqrt{\left(\cos(\alpha s)\right)^2 - \left(\cos(\phi)\right)^2}\right]}{\left[\cos(\alpha s) + \sqrt{\left(\cos(\alpha s)\right)^2 - \left(\cos(\phi)\right)^2}\right]} \right] = 0.333$ 

$$Ka := \frac{(1 - \sin(\varphi))}{(1 + \sin(\varphi))} = 0.333$$

Angle on back of the wall:

$$\theta a := 90 \deg$$

Angle on front of the wall:

$$\theta p := 90 \text{deg} + (\text{ang}) = 1.595$$

**Amount of Soil:** 

$$z := Hw = 20.5$$

W1 := 
$$\frac{-B \cdot 1 \cdot ys \cdot z^2}{2 \cdot \sin(\theta a)}$$
 = -25.215 kip

$$zp := Df = 4$$

W1P := 
$$\frac{B \cdot 1 \cdot ys \cdot zp^2}{2 \cdot \sin(\theta p)} = 0.96$$
 kip

**Active Force:** 

$$Pa := Ka \cdot W1 = -8.405 \text{ kip}$$

**Active Force:** 

$$Pp := Kp \cdot W1P = 2.881$$
 kip

Force Components:

Pah := 
$$Pa \cdot sin(\theta a) = -8.405$$

Pph := 
$$Pp \cdot sin(\theta p) = 2.88$$

$$Pav := Pa \cdot cos(\theta a) = 0$$

$$Ppv := Pp \cdot cos(\theta p) = -0.07$$

Located at: 
$$ya := \frac{Hw}{3} = 6.833$$
 ft

$$xa := wb + tl = 5$$

Located at: 
$$yp := \frac{zp}{3} = 1.333$$
 ft

$$xp := tl = 3.5$$

# Stability Analysis on Wall:

Af := 
$$L \cdot \frac{\text{tf}}{12} = 16.5 \text{ ft}^2$$

Af := 
$$L \cdot \frac{\text{tf}}{12} = 16.5 \text{ ft}^2$$
 Aw :=  $(wb + wt) \cdot \frac{Hw}{2} = 25.625 \text{ ft}^2$  AT := Af + Aw = 42.125 ft<sup>2</sup>

$$AT := Af + Aw = 42.125$$
 ft<sup>2</sup>

$$Wfc := B \cdot Af \cdot yc = 2.475 \quad kip \qquad Wwc := B \cdot Aw \cdot yc = 3.844 \quad kip \qquad WTc := B \cdot AT \cdot yc = 6.319 \quad kip$$

$$Wwc := B \cdot Aw \cdot yc = 3.844 \text{ kip}$$

$$WTc := B \cdot AT \cdot yc = 6.319$$
 ki

# Structure Centroids distance to toe:

$$xtf := \frac{L}{2} = 5.5$$

$$xtf := \frac{L}{2} = 5.5$$
 ft  $xw := \left[tl + \frac{wt}{2} + (wb - wt) \cdot \frac{2}{3}\right] = 4.333$  ft

# **Factor Against Sliding:**

$$N := WTc + W1 + W1P = -17.936 \text{ kip}$$

$$F := Pah + Pph = -5.525$$
 kip

Fmax := 
$$N \cdot \mu = -10.403$$
 kip

$$Fs := \frac{Fmax}{F} = 1.883$$

$$SlidingDesign := \left[ \begin{array}{ccc} "OK" & if & Fs \geq FSs \\ "Re-design" & otherwise \end{array} \right.$$

SlidingDesign = "OK"

### **Net Moment:**

$$Mnet := Pah \cdot ya + Pav \cdot (xa) + [Pph \cdot yp + Ppv \cdot (xp)] + Wfc \cdot xtf + Wwc \cdot xw$$

$$xcbar := \frac{Mnet}{N}$$

$$Mot := -Pah \cdot ya = 57.434$$

$$Mres := Pph \cdot yp + -Ppv \cdot (xp) + (Wfc \cdot xtf + Wwc \cdot xw) + Pav \cdot xa = 34.355 kip$$

# **Factor Against Overturning:**

$$FO := \frac{Mres}{Mot} = 0.598$$

$$FSo := 2$$

$$OverturningDesign := \begin{bmatrix} "OK" & if \ FO \ge FSo \\ "Re-design" & otherwise \end{bmatrix}$$

OverturningDesign = "Re-design"

# Soil Pressure Distribution Under the Footing:

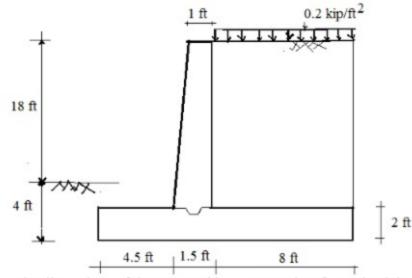
Iy := 
$$L \cdot \frac{B^3}{12} = 0.917$$

$$gx := \frac{N}{L \cdot B} + 6 \cdot Mnet \cdot \frac{x}{Iy} = -155.915$$

(b) To improve the soil pressure distribution under the footing, the footing size is increased as shown below. Select the reinforcing and show the reinforcing details. Use #8 or #4 bars.

Assume: Allowable soil pressure =  $4.5 \text{kip/ft}^2$ ,  $f_s = 4000 \text{ psi}$ ,  $f_s = 60,000 \text{ psi}$ ,

$$\gamma_{soil} = 0.12 \text{ kip/ft}^3$$
,  $\gamma_{concerts} = 0.15 \text{ kip/ft}^3$ ,  $k_s = 1/3$ , and  $\mu = .58$ 



(c) Are the dimensions of the stem and base appropriate for optimal design? What is your suggestion?

### **Concrete Properties:**

$$fy := 60000 \, \text{ps}$$

$$fy := 60000 \text{ psi}$$
  $yc := .15 \text{ kcf}$ 

$$ge := 4.5 \text{ ksf}$$
  $ys := .12 \text{ kcf}$ 

$$Df := 4 \text{ ft}$$

$$\varphi := 30 \cdot \deg$$

Factors:

$$\beta_{1}$$
:= 
| .85 if fcp ≤ 4000 | .65 if fcp ≥ 8000 |  $\left[ .85 - (\text{fcp} - 4000) \cdot \frac{0.05}{1000} \right]$  otherwise

$$\alpha = 40$$
 $\alpha = 20$ 

$$\beta 1 = 0.85$$

$$\beta 1 = 0.85$$
  $\phi t := .9$   $\phi v := .75$ 

### **Surcharge Properies:**

$$qs := 0.2$$
 ksf

Surcharge Angle, 
$$\alpha s$$
:  $\alpha s := 0 \cdot deg$ 

### Known:

$$H := 18$$
 ft

heel length:

#### **Footing Information:**

#### **Footing Thickness:** $tf_{AAA} := 2 \cdot 12 = 24$ in

toe length: tl := 4.5 ft

<u>hl</u>∴= 8 ft Footing length: L := tl + wb + hl = 14

#### **Retaining Wall Information:**

$$wt := 1$$
 ft  $wb := 1.5$  ft

$$a2 = 12$$
 in

$$Hw := \left(H + Df - \frac{tf}{12}\right) = 20$$

$$B := 1$$
 ft

$$\underset{\text{wwx}}{\text{ang}} := \text{ atan} \left[ \frac{(wb - wt)}{Hw} \right] = 0.025$$

e1:= 
$$tl + \frac{wb}{2} = 5.25$$

distance between columns: d := 0 ft ts := 22 in

$$d = 0$$

$$s := 22$$

Rankine Theory:

**Active Case:** 

$$Ka := \frac{1}{3}$$

**Passive Case:** 

$$Kp := \frac{1}{Ka} = 3$$

$$\underset{\text{MW}}{\text{Ka}} := \cos(\alpha s) \cdot \left[ \frac{\left[ \cos(\alpha s) - \sqrt{(\cos(\alpha s))^2 - (\cos(\phi))^2} \right]}{\left[ \cos(\alpha s) + \sqrt{(\cos(\alpha s))^2 - (\cos(\phi))^2} \right]} \right] = 0.333$$

$$Ka := \frac{(1 - \sin(\varphi))}{(1 + \sin(\varphi))} = 0.333$$

Angle on back of the wall:  $\theta_{a} := 90 \text{deg}$ 

Angle on front of the wall:

$$\theta p := 90 \text{deg} + (\text{ang}) = 1.596$$

**Amount of Soil:** 

$$z = Hw = 20$$

W1:= 
$$\frac{-B \cdot 1 \cdot ys \cdot z^2}{2 \sin(4s)} = -24$$
 kip

$$zp = Df = 4$$

W1P:= 
$$\frac{B \cdot 1 \cdot ys \cdot zp^2}{2 \cdot \sin(\theta p)} = 0.96$$
 kip

**Active Force:** 

$$Pa := Ka \cdot W1 = -8$$
 kip

**Active Force:** 

$$Pp := Kp \cdot W1P = 2.881$$
 kip

Force Components:

Pah := 
$$Pa \cdot \sin(\theta a) = -8$$

Force Components:

Pph := 
$$Pp \cdot sin(\theta p) = 2.88$$

 $Pay := Pa \cdot cos(\theta a) = 0$ 

Ppv :=  $Pp \cdot cos(\theta p) = -0.072$ 

Located at:

$$ya := \frac{Hw}{3} = 6.667$$
 ft

Located at:

$$yp := \frac{zp}{2} = 1.333$$
 ft

$$xa := wb + tl = 6$$

$$xp := tl = 4.5$$

Stability Analysis on Wall:

**Amount of Concrete:** 

$$Af := L \cdot \frac{tf}{12} = 28$$

$$Aw := (wb + wt) \cdot \frac{Hw}{2} = 2$$

$$\underbrace{Af}_{12} = 28 \quad \text{ft}^2 \qquad \underbrace{Aw}_{2} = (wb + wt) \cdot \frac{Hw}{2} = 25 \quad \text{ft}^2 \quad \underbrace{AT}_{2} = Af + Aw = 53$$

Wfc := 
$$B \cdot Af \cdot vc = 4.2$$
 kir

$$WTc := B \cdot AT \cdot vc = 7.95$$
 k

Structure Centroids distance to toe:

$$xtf := \frac{L}{2} = 7$$

$$\underbrace{\text{xtf}}_{} := \frac{L}{2} = 7 \qquad \text{ft} \qquad \underbrace{\text{xw}}_{} := \left[ \text{tl} + \frac{\text{wt}}{2} + (\text{wb} - \text{wt}) \cdot \frac{2}{3} \right] = 5.333 \quad \text{ft}$$

**Factor Against Sliding:** 

$$N := WTc + W1 + W1P = -15.09$$
 kip

$$F := Pah + Pph = -5.12$$
 k

Fmax := 
$$N \cdot \mu = -8.752$$
 kip

$$Fs := \frac{Fmax}{F} = 1.709$$

SlidingDesign = "OK"

Net Moment:  $\underline{\text{Mnet}} := Pah \cdot ya + Pav \cdot (xa) + [Pph \cdot yp + Ppv \cdot (xp)] + Wfc \cdot xtf + Wwc \cdot xw$ 

$$\underbrace{xcbar} := \frac{Mnet}{N}$$

Overturning Moments:  $Mot := -Pah \cdot ya = 53.333$  kip

Resisting Moments:  $\underbrace{\mathsf{Mres}}_{:=} = \mathsf{Pph} \cdot \mathsf{yp} + -\mathsf{Ppv} \cdot (\mathsf{xp}) + (\mathsf{Wfc} \cdot \mathsf{xtf} + \mathsf{Wwc} \cdot \mathsf{xw}) + \mathsf{Pav} \cdot \mathsf{xa} = 53.564 \ \mathsf{kip}$ 

Factor Against Overturning:  $FO := \frac{Mres}{Mot} = 1.004$ 

$$FSo := 2$$

OverturningDesign = "Re-design"

Soil Pressure Distribution Under the Footing:

$$gx := \frac{N}{L \cdot B} + 6 \cdot Mnet \cdot \frac{x}{Iy} = -3.224$$

Part c)