



# FINAL DESIGN REPORT

FALL 2014

Design Team: Ana Gouveia, Matthew Laskey, Zach Zavalianos



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## PROJECT SUMMARY

### Project Summary

Project Riverside is a two-story, steel-framed, office building located in Lowell, MA. GLZ Design has assigned the design team composed by Structural Engineers: Matthew Laskey, Ana Gouveia and Zachary Zavalianos to perform the structural analysis, evaluation and design of this project.

Guided by local regulations, the design team used of the most up to date reference codes, associated to outstanding optimization analysis, along efficient construction practices as the project's design criteria. A more accurate overview of these values can be found in page 7 of this report. Building classifications and initial information can be found in page 8 of this report.

Riverside's design process started through a complete identification of vertical and lateral loads, which were further analyzed by the Load & Resistance Factor Design (LRFD). These initial values were used in the preliminary-sizing of project horizontal and vertical members.

In the second phase of the project, these preliminary members were further evaluated and analyzed. Final framing plans for both first and roof floor were obtained. Two different lateral load resisting systems (LLRS) were designed: a moment-frame resists longitudinal loads, and braced-frames are responsible for transverse loads. Given building risk categories, per code used, ordinary moment-frame and braced-frame were allowed in the design, reducing the project's final budget.

In the project's final phase, composite floor deck, roof joists, girders and diaphragms, and connections were designed. For quality assurance and control, all of the project's information, calculations, analysis and drawings were further back checked. The final results of this project can be found in this report.

Calculations, Analysis and Drawings are referred in its respective section on the report and can also be found at this report's appendixes.

GLZ Design appreciates your business and hope to continue serving your Structural Engineering needs in the future.

Sincerely,

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Ana Gouveia, EIT

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Matt Laskey, EIT

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Zac Zavalianos, EIT

# GLZ Design

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# DESIGN TEAM

## Design Team

We are pleased to introduce you Riverside's design team:

MATTHEW LASKEY, EIT  
STRUCTURAL ENGINEER



[m.laskey86@gmail.com](mailto:m.laskey86@gmail.com)

Matt continued working as a Structural Engineer at CDM Smith after his summer internship at the firm

Matt has a bachelor's degree in Environmental and Resources Economics from UNH and a Civil Engineering degree from UMass Lowell.

ANA GOUVEIA, EIT  
STRUCTURAL ENGINEER



[acgouveia@live.com](mailto:acgouveia@live.com)

Ana was born in Brazil where she started her college education in Civil Engineering.

As a challenge-seeker, she immigrated to Massachusetts in 2009. Since then studied at Harvard University Extension School, acquired an associate's degree in Engineering from Bunker Hill Community College, a bachelor's degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Massachusetts Lowell.

ZAC ZAVALIANOS, EIT  
STRUCTURAL ENGINEER



[Zachary.Zavalianos@student.uml.edu](mailto:Zachary.Zavalianos@student.uml.edu)

Hardworking and enthusiastic structural engineer with experience in design and inspection of bridge structures. Certified in bridge inspection and proficient in inspection databases such as PONTIS and 4-D, as well as MDX and CSI-bridge analysis programs. Seeking to progress career by obtaining a masters degree and working towards a PE license through the upcoming years.

## Company Information

**GLZ Design**

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GLZ Design, LLC

1 University Ave, Lowell, MA

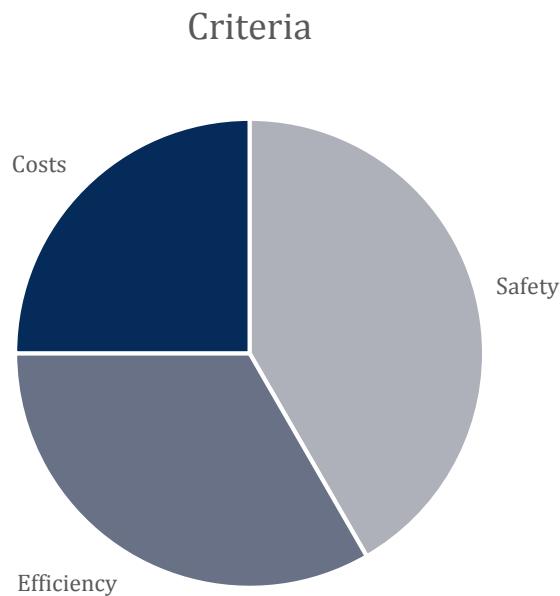
[www.glzdesign.com](http://www.glzdesign.com)

# DESIGN CRITERIA

## Design Criteria

### Design Criteria and Constraints

The following figure represents the design criteria which guided the team:



**Figure A – Riverside's guiding criteria.**

In order to satisfy the above criteria and constraints the following items were used:

### References and Regulations

The following literature was used in reference and support of the work done in this project. Please note that names in parentheses are abbreviations commonly cited throughout this project.

- Massachusetts Building Code (CMR 780)
- 2012 International Building Code (2012 IBC)
- Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures, (ASCE/SEI 7-10)
- 14<sup>th</sup> Edition of the Steel Construction Manual (AISC 14th)
- American Concrete Institute Manual (ACI)

# DESIGN CRITERIA

- 2007 Steel Deck Institute Design Manual (2007 SDI)
- Vulcraft Joists and Girders (VJG)
- 5<sup>th</sup> Edition Structural Steel Design, McCormac & Csernak (SSD 5<sup>th</sup>)

## Methods of Design and Analysis

The following methods of design and analysis were thoroughly applied to the different parts of this project.

- Loads: Load & Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) and ASCE 7-10 guidelines.
- Wind Loads: Directional Method (ASCE 7-10)
- Seismic Loads: (ASCE 7-10)
- Preliminary-Sizing: Principles of Structural Engineering Analysis
- Lateral Load Resisting Systems: Direct Analysis Method (DAM) and Effective Length Method (ELM)
- Composite Deck
- Roof Elements
- Connections

## Building Information and Requirements

### Classifications

- Occupancy: Group B, Office
- Construction: Type IIB
- Risk Category: II
- Seismic Site Class: C
- Environmental Exposure: C

### Building Layout

- Total Area = Approx. 17,000 sf (gross)
- Floor Plan: 110 ft. x 74ft
- Column Grid: 36 ft. x 24 ft.

### Loads

- The building shall be designed in accordance with 2012 IBC structural provisions and as modified by the Massachusetts Building Code (CMR780).
- Snow, wind, and seismic loads shall be calculated for the Lowell, MA location.

# DESIGN CRITERIA

- Minimum Uniform Live Load shall be 100 psf.

## Lateral Load Resisting Systems

- Braced Frame in one direction
- Moment Frame in opposite direction
- Rigid Floor and Roof Diaphragms

## Floor Systems

- 4,000 psi concrete Floor
- Metal deck
- Composite Steel W-shaped A992 beams
- Steel Girders (W)

## Roof Systems

- Single-ply 60 mil EPDM membrane
- 4" rigid insulation
- Metal deck
- Option 1: Open-web steel joists w/ steel girders (W)

## Exterior Wall Systems

- Primary Support: 6" Metal stud
- Exterior cladding: 2" Exterior Insulated Finishing Systems
- Fiberglass Batt. Insulation (6")

# SCOPE OF WORK

## Scope of Work

### Overview

In order to perform this project, GLZ Design determined the criteria and team mentioned in the previous pages.

During Phase 1 of the design process (30% Submittal), members were given the naming convention mentioned in Figures 1-4 below, load evaluations and analysis were done. Calculations can be found within appendix A, Section A-1 to A-10. Preliminary sizes were determined and are catalogued in Calculations Section A-11.

During Phase 2, preliminary sizes were used to determine the building's lateral load resisting system. New member sections were obtained, results catalogued in Calculations Section A-11, and building framing plans and elevations were drafted. Drawings S-2 to S-4 can be found within appendix B. Further, the building composite deck and roof open-web joists and girders were also designed. Calculations can be found in Section A-21 and A-22, respectively.

During Phase 3, connections and other details were designed. Calculations can be found in Sections A-23 to A-24, while final drawings can be found within appendix B.

### Members

The members in the project were labeled as shown in the figures below:

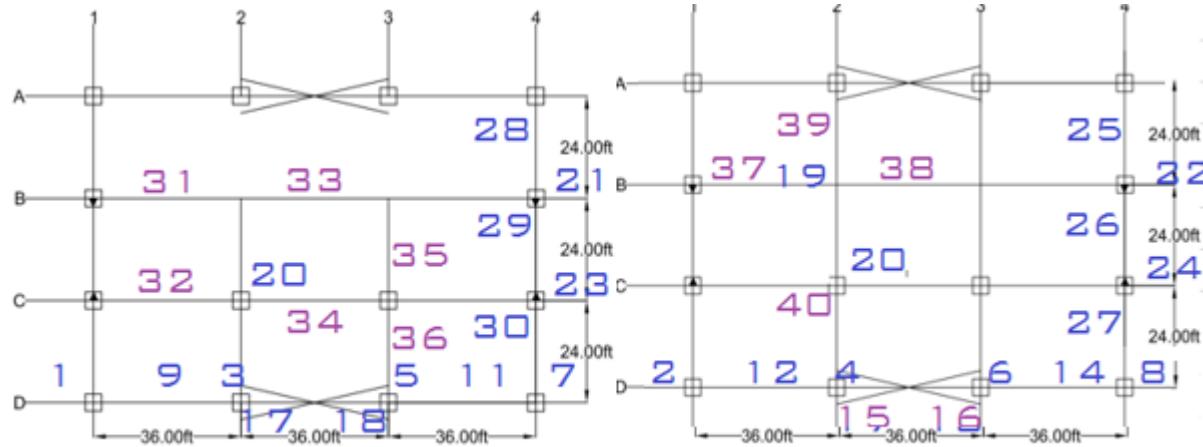


Figure 1 - First Floor Plan

Figure 2 - Roof Floor Plan

# SCOPE OF WORK

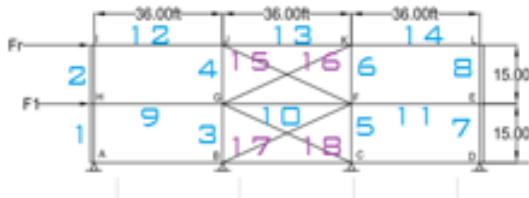


Figure 3 - Braced-Elevation

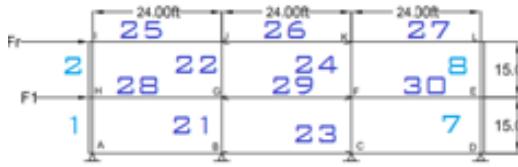


Figure 4 - Moment Frame - Elevation

## Lateral Load Resisting Systems

The design team designed two different lateral frame systems. Longitudinally a braced frame can be found, while transversely the project uses of a moment frame. The designed connections calculations can be found within Appendix A, section A-30.

## Connections

The designed connections calculations can be found within Appendix A, section A-40.

## Composite Deck & Roof Design

Using a parallel panels to the girders the buildings composite floor consists of 6" of concrete poured in 18" g.a. steel sheets. Calculations are found in appendix A. Further, GLZ Design team determined and used of open-web joists and girders for the roof. Calculations are found in appendix A, section A-50 Additional Details.

## Schedule

The project was completed within schedule.

## Cost Estimate

Attached in Appendix C.

## APPENDIX A: CALCULATIONS

### Appendix A: Calculations

- 1.1 Project Information
- 1.2 Project Loads & Combinations
- 1.3 Load Analysis: Dead, Snow and Seismic Weight
- 1.4 Wind Load Analysis: Moment and Braced Frame
- 1.5 Seismic Load Analysis: Moment-Frame
- 1.6 Seismic Load Analysis: Braced-Frame
- 1.7 Moment-Frame Internal Forces: Wind Load
- 1.8 Moment-Frame Internal Forces: Seismic Load
- 1.9 Brace-Frame Internal Forces: Wind Load
- 1.10 Brace-Frame Internal Forces: Seismic Load
- 1.11 Preliminary Sizing Summary

#### **A-30 Lateral Load Resisting System:**

- 1.12 Lateral Load Resisting System Analysis
- 1.13 Lateral Load Resisting System Analysis: Braced-Frame
- 1.14 Lateral Load Resisting System Analysis: Moment-Frame

#### **A-40 Connections:**

- 1.15 Connections: Base Plate Design
- 1.16 Connections: Gusset Plate Design
- 1.17 Connections: Full Restrained-Moment-Connection Design
- 1.18 Connections: Shear-Connections Design
- 1.19 Member: Hanger Design
- 1.20 Connections: Hanger Connections Design

#### **A-50 Structural Analysis:**

- 1.21 Composite Deck Design
- 1.22 Floor Vibration
- 1.23 Roof Joists & Girders Design

## 1. BUILDING SPECIFICATIONS:

### A. CLASSIFICATIONS:

Occupancy:	B	Office	
Construction Type:	II	B	
Risk Category:	II		
Seismic Site Class:	C		Importance Factor: 1
Environmental Exposure:	C		

### B. BUILDING LAYOUT

Number Columns:	3		End Clearance:	2	in
Total Area:	8140	ft <sup>2</sup>			
Floor Plan:	110	ft	x	74	ft
Column Grid:	36	ft	x	24	ft
Total Height:	30	ft			
Finish Floor to Fin. Floor Height:	15	ft		# Stories:	2
Structural Allowance:	4	ft			

### C. LATERAL LOAD RESISTING SYSTEMS:

### D. FLOOR SYSTEMS:

Concrete Floor Strength:	4	ksi	$\gamma =$	0.15	kcf
Concrete Floor Thickness:	6	in			
Metal Deck					
Composite Steel Beams:	W		Type:	A992	
Steel Girders:	W				

### E. ROOF SYSTEM

Single-ply 60 mil EPDM membrane	
Rigid Insulation Thickness:	4 in
Metal Deck	
Option 1:	Open-web steel joists w/ steel girders (W)

### F. EXTERNAL WALL SYSTEM

Primary Support:	Metal Stud	Thickness:	4	in
Insulation:	Fiberglass Batt. Insulation	Thickness:	6	in
Exterior Cladding:	Ex. Insulated Finishing Systems	Thickness:	2	in

## 1. BUILDING LOADS AS REQUIRED BY CODE:

Loads are in accordance to:

Modified by:

Snow

Wind

Seismic

Construction Live Load:

2012 IBC  
Massachusetts Building Code (CMR780)

Lowell MA

Lowell MA

Lowell MA

20 psf

Uniform Live Load:

100 psf

## 2.1 BUILDING VERTICAL LOADS:

	Roof		1st Floor	
2.1. Dead Load (D)	26.0	psf	128	psf
2.2. Live Load (L)		psf	100	psf
2.3. Roof Live Load (Lr)	20.0	psf		psf
2.4. Snow Load (S)	41.0	psf		psf
2.5. Rain Load (R)		psf		psf
2.6. Seismic Load (E )		psf		psf
2.7. Wind Load (W)	-23.0	psf		psf
<b>Total / Service Load:</b>	<b>64.0</b>	<b>psf</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>psf</b>

## 2.2 LOAD COMBINATIONS PER LRFD SPECIFICATIONS:

	Roof		1st Floor	
1. 1.4D	36.4	psf	179.2	psf
2. 1.2D + 1.6L + .5(Lr or S or R)	51.7	psf	313.6	psf
3. 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S or R) + (L or .5W)	85.2	psf	253.6	psf
4. 1.2D + 1.0W + L + .5(Lr or S or R)	28.7	psf	153.6	psf
5. 1.2D + 1.0E + L + .2S	39.4	psf	253.6	psf
6. 0.9D + 1.0W	0.4	psf	115.2	psf
7. 0.9D + 1.0E	23.4	psf	115.2	psf
<b>Controlling Load:</b>	<b>85.2</b>	<b>psf</b>	<b>313.6</b>	<b>psf</b>

## 3.1 BUILDING LATERAL LOAD ON LONGITUDINAL DIRECTION: BRACED-FRAME

	Roof		1st Floor	
2.1. Dead Load (D)		psf		psf
2.2. Live Load (L)		psf		psf
2.3. Roof Live Load (Lr)		psf		psf
2.4. Snow Load (S)		psf		psf
2.5. Rain Load (R)		psf		psf
2.6. Seismic Load (E )	20.8	psf	20.4	psf
2.7. Wind Load (W)	6.4	psf	12.9	psf
<b>Total / Service Load:</b>	<b>27.2</b>	<b>psf</b>	<b>33.3</b>	<b>psf</b>

### 3.2 LOAD COMBINATIONS PER LRFD SPECIFICATIONS:

	Roof		1st Floor	
1. 1.4D	0.0	psf	0.0	psf
2. 1.2D + 1.6L + .5(Lr or S or R)	0.0	psf	0.0	psf
3. 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S or R) + (L or .5W)	3.2	psf	6.4	psf
4. 1.2D + 1.0W + L + .5(Lr or S or R)	6.4	psf	12.9	psf
5. 1.2D + 1.0E + L + .2S	20.8	psf	20.4	psf
6. 0.9D + 1.0W	6.4	psf	12.9	psf
7. 0.9D + 1.0E	20.8	psf	20.4	psf

Controlling Load: 20.8 psf      20.4 psf

### 4.1 BUILDING LATERAL LOAD ON TRANSVERSE DIRECTION: MOMENT-FRAME

	Roof		1st Floor	
2.1. Dead Load (D)		psf		psf
2.2. Live Load (L)		psf		psf
2.3. Roof Live Load (Lr)		psf		psf
2.4. Snow Load (S)		psf		psf
2.5. Rain Load (R)		psf		psf
2.6. Seismic Load (E )	17.6	psf	17.0	psf
2.7. Wind Load (W)	9.8	psf	19.6	psf

Total / Service Load: 27.3 psf      36.6 psf

### 4.2 LOAD COMBINATIONS PER LRFD SPECIFICATIONS:

	Roof		1st Floor	
1. 1.4D	0.0	psf	0.0	psf
2. 1.2D + 1.6L + .5(Lr or S or R)	0.0	psf	0.0	psf
3. 1.2D + 1.6(Lr or S or R) + (L or .5W)	4.9	psf	9.8	psf
4. 1.2D + 1.0W + L + .5(Lr or S or R)	9.8	psf	19.6	psf
5. 1.2D + 1.0E + L + .2S	17.6	psf	17.0	psf
6. 0.9D + 1.0W	9.8	psf	19.6	psf
7. 0.9D + 1.0E	17.6	psf	17.0	psf

Controlling Load: 17.6 psf      19.6 psf

	Reference: Section	ASCE <i>Eq/Fig/Table/Notes</i>	7-10
<b>DEAD LOAD</b>	3		

Floor:	Roof					2nd				
	Item	Quantity (Area)	Units	Unit Weight (ksf or klf)	Weight (kip)	Item	Quantity (Area)	Units	Unit Weight (ksf or klf)	Weight (kip)
	<b>Metal Deck</b>	7776	sf	0.014	109	<b>Concrete Slab</b>	7776	sf	0.075	583
	<b>EPDM Membrane</b>	7776	sf	0.001	8	<b>Metal Deck 18 g.a.</b>	7776	sf	0.014	109
	<b>Insulation</b>	7776	sf	0.006	47	<b>Cladding</b>	7776	sf	0.01	78
	<b>Mechanical Equipment</b>	7776	sf	0.005	39	<b>Partitions</b>	7776	sf	0.01	78
						<b>Mechanical Equipment</b>	7776	sf	0.007	54
						<b>Steel Structure</b>	7776	sf	0.012	93
<b>Subtotal</b>		202		0.026	202		995		0.128	995
<b>Cummulative</b>		202			202		1198			<b>1198</b>

\*Unit Weights per ASCE 7-10

	Reference: Section	ASCE <i>Eq/Fig/Table/Notes</i>	7-10
<b>SNOW LOAD</b>	7		

Exposure Factor	$C_e = 0.90$	Table	7-2
Thermal Factor	$C_t = 1.00$	Table	7-3
Importance Factor	$I_s = 1.00$	Table	1.5-2
Ground Snow Load	$\rho_g = 65.00 \text{ psf}$	CMR	780
<b>Flat Roof Snow Load</b>	$\rho_f = 40.95 \text{ psf}$	Eq	7.3-1
	Reference:	ASCE	7-10

		Section		Eq/Fig/Table/Notes	
SEISMIC LOAD		12			
Number of Floors:		2			
Floor:		Roof		2nd	
	Item	Quantity (Area)	Units	Unit Weight (ksf or klf)	Weight (kip)
	Metal Deck	7776	sf	0.014	109
	EPDM Membrane	7776	sf	0.001	8
	Insulation	7776	sf	0.006	47
	Mechanical Equipment	7776	sf	0.005	39
	Snow	7776	sf	0.04095	318
<b>Subtotal</b>		521		<b>521</b>	
<b>Cummulative</b>		521		<b>521</b>	
Mass (kip*s^2/ft)		107		58	
<b>Concrete Slab</b>		7776	sf	0.075	583
<b>Metal Deck</b>		7776	sf	0.014	109
<b>Cladding</b>		7776	sf	0.01	78
<b>Partitions</b>		7776	sf	0.01	78
<b>Mechanical Equipment</b>		7776	sf	0.007	54
<b>Steel Structure</b>		7776	sf	0.012	93
		995		<b>995</b>	
		1516		<b>1516</b>	

## WIND LOAD ANALYSIS

		Reference: Section	ASCE Eq/Fig/Table/Notes	7-10
<b>1. BUILDING INFORMATION RELATED TO WIND LOAD ANALYSIS</b>		26/27/28		

Mean roof height	$H_{roof} =$	30	ft	<i>Height of highest level of structure</i>
Floor-Floor Height	$h_n =$	15	ft	
Building Length	$L =$	112	ft	
Building Width	$W =$	76	ft	
Number of Braces/Level		2		
Number of Moment Frames/ Level		2		

<b>2. WIND EXPOSURE, ROUGHNESS AND OCCUPANCY CATEGORY</b>	26.4
---	------

Occupancy Category:	B	Table	1-1
Ground Surface Roughness:	B		26.7.2
Exposure Category:	C		26.7.2

<b>3. ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS AND FACTORS</b>	26.5
---	------

Wind Speed	$V =$	120	mph	26.5	Figure	26.5-1A
Zone A	$P_{s30} =$	22.8	psf		Figure	28.6-1
Zone C	$P_{s30} =$	15.1	psf		Figure	28.6-1
	$a_1 =$	7.6	ft	.1*W		
	$a_2 =$	12	ft	.4*H_{roof}		
	$a =$	7.6	ft	<i>Min Value</i>		
	$2.a =$	15.2	ft			

### Weighted Average for $P_{s30}$ :

Longitudinal	16.1	psf
Transverse	16.6	psf

<b>4. DESIGN WIND PRESSURE</b>	26.8
--------------------------------	------

Adjustment Factor	$\lambda =$	1.4		Figure	28.6-1
	$K_{zt} =$	1	26.8		
Design wind pressure,	$P_{s-longitudinal} =$	22.6	kip		
Design wind pressure,	$P_{s-transverse} =$	23.3	kip		

<b>5. LOAD APPLIED TO EACH LEVEL</b>	26.8
--------------------------------------	------

Roof	$F_{u-longitudinal} =$	12.9	kip		Figure	28.6-1
	$F_{u-transverse} =$	19.6	kip	26.8		

<b>Level 1</b>	$F_{u\text{-longitudinal}} =$	25.8	kip
	$F_{u\text{-transverse}} =$	39.1	kip

## 6. LATERAL LOAD APPLIED TO BRACED AND MOMENT FRAME

---

		<b>Roof</b>	<b>Level 1</b>	
<b>Braced Frame</b>	(Longitudinal)	6.44	12.88	kip
<b>Moment Frame</b>	(Transverse)	9.78	19.57	kip

## 7. VERTICAL UPLIFT PRESSURES ON ROOF

---

Zone E $P_{s30}$	-27.4	psf
Zone F $P_{s30}$	-15.6	psf
Zone G $P_{s30}$	-19.1	psf
Zone H $P_{s30}$	-12.1	psf

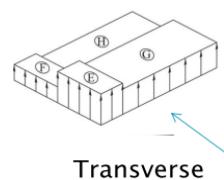
Figure 28.6-1  
Figure 28.6-1  
Figure 28.6-1  
Figure 28.6-1

Design wind pressure Zone E,	$P_s$	-38.36	psf
Design wind pressure Zone F,	$P_s$	-21.84	psf
Design wind pressure Zone G,	$P_s$	-26.74	psf
Design wind pressure Zone H,	$P_s$	-16.94	psf

## 7. UPLIFT PRESSURE (TRANSVERSE LOADING)

---

Area, Zone E	577.6	ft <sup>2</sup>
Area, Zone F	577.6	ft <sup>2</sup>
Area, Zone G	3678.4	ft <sup>2</sup>
Area, Zone H	3678.4	ft <sup>2</sup>
Total Roof Area	8512	ft <sup>2</sup>



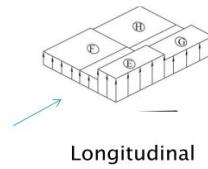
Weighted Uplift Pressure from Transverse Wind Load -22.96 psf

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### **8. UPLIFT PRESSURE (LONGITUDINAL LOADING)**

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Area, Zone E	851.2	ft <sup>2</sup>
Area, Zone F	851.2	ft <sup>2</sup>
Area, Zone G	3404.8	ft <sup>2</sup>
Area, Zone H	3404.8	ft <sup>2</sup>
Total Roof Area	8512	ft <sup>2</sup>



Weighted Uplift Pressure from Longitudinal Wind Load -23.49 psf

---

### **9. MAXIMUM UPLIFT PRESSURE**

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Controlling Uplift Pressure -23.49 psf Largest Absolute Value

**ASSUMPTIONS:**

Building Frame System: Steel moment-resisting frame

		Reference: Section	ASCE <i>Eq/Fig/Table/Notes</i>	7-10
<b>1. SEISMIC GROUD MOTION VALUES</b>		11.4		
<b>Seismic Site Class:</b>	C	11.4.2		<i>Soil Properties / Ch. 20</i>
<b>Maximum Considered Earthquake Spectral Response:</b>				
$S_s =$	0.250	11.4.1	Fig	22-1 / 22-4
$S_1 =$	0.077	11.4.1	Fig	22-1 / 22-4
<b>Adjusted MCE Spectral Response:</b>				
$F_a =$	1.200	11.4.3	Table	11.4-1
$F_v =$	1.700	11.4.3	Table	11.4-2
$S_{MS} = F_a S_s =$	0.3	11.4.3	Eq	11.4-1
$S_{M1} = F_v S_1 =$	0.131	11.4.3	Eq	11.4-2
<b>Design Spectral Response Acceleration Parameters:</b>				
$S_{DS} = 2/3 S_{MS} =$	0.2	11.4.4	Eq	11.4-3
$S_{D1} = 2/3 S_{M1} =$	0.087	11.4.4	Eq	11.4-4
<b>Design Response Spectrum:</b>				
$T_O = 0.2 S_{D1}/S_{DS} =$	s	11.4.5		
$T_S = S_{D1}/S_{DS} =$	0.436 s	11.4.5		
Long Period Transition	$T_L =$ 6 s	11.4.5	Fig	22-15
	$T =$ 0.60 s			<i>Fundamental Period of Structure</i>
$S_a =$ if $T < T_O : S_{DS}(0.4+0.6T/T_O) =$		11.4.5	Eq	11.4-5
if $T_O < T < T_S : S_{DS} =$		11.4.5		
if $T_S < T < T_L : S_{D1}/T =$	0.147	11.4.5	Eq	11.4-6
if $T > T_L : S_{D1}*T_L/T^2 =$		11.4.5	Eq	11.4-7
<b>2. IMPORTANCE FACTOR AND OCCUPANCY CATEGORY</b>		11.5		
Occupancy Category:	II		Table	1-1
Importance Factor:	1		Table	11.5-1
<b>3. SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY</b>		11.6		
SDC based on short period:	B		Table	11.6-1
SDS based on 1-s period:	B		Table	11.6-2
SDC =	B	Maximum from values above		
<b>4. EQUIVALENT LATERAL FORCE PROCEDURE</b>		12.8		
$R =$	8	12.8.1	Table	12.2-1
$\Omega_O =$	3	12.8.1	Table	12.2-1
$C_D =$	3	12.8.1	Table	12.2-1



**ASSUMPTIONS:**

Building Frame System:

Eccentrically braced steel frame

		Reference: Section	ASCE <i>Eq/Fig/Table/Notes</i>	7-10
<b>1. SEISMIC GROUD MOTION VALUES</b>		11.4		
<b>Seismic Site Class:</b>	C	11.4.2		<i>Soil Properties / Ch. 20</i>
<b>Maximum Considered Earthquake Spectral Response:</b>				
$S_s =$	0.250	11.4.1	Fig	22-1 / 22-4
$S_1 =$	0.077	11.4.1	Fig	22-1 / 22-4
<b>Adjusted MCE Spectral Response:</b>				
$F_a =$	1.200	11.4.3	Table	11.4-1
$F_v =$	1.700	11.4.3	Table	11.4-2
$S_{MS} = F_a S_s =$	0.300	11.4.3	Eq	11.4-1
$S_{M1} = F_v S_1 =$	0.131	11.4.3	Eq	11.4-2
<b>Design Spectral Response Acceleration Parameters:</b>				
$S_{DS} = 2/3 S_{MS} =$	0.2	11.4.4	Eq	11.4-3
$S_{D1} = 2/3 S_{M1} =$	0.087	11.4.4	Eq	11.4-4
<b>Design Response Spectrum:</b>				
$T_O = 0.2 S_{D1}/S_{DS} =$	s	11.4.5		
$T_S = S_{D1}/S_{DS} =$	0.436 s	11.4.5		
Long Period Transition	$T_L =$ 6 s	11.4.5	Fig	22-15
	$T =$ 0.54 s			<i>Fundamental Period of Structure</i>
$S_a =$ if $T < T_O : S_{DS}(0.4+0.6T/T_O) =$		11.4.5	Eq	11.4-5
if $T_O < T < T_S : S_{DS} =$		11.4.5		
if $T_S < T < T_L : S_{D1}/T =$	0.162	11.4.5	Eq	11.4-6
if $T > T_L : S_{D1} * T_L / T^2 =$		11.4.5	Eq	11.4-7
<b>2. IMPORTANCE FACTOR AND OCCUPANCY CATEGORY</b>		11.5		
Occupancy Category:	II		Table	1-1
Importance Factor:	1		Table	11.5-1
<b>3. SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY</b>		11.6		
SDC based on short period:	B		Table	11.6-1
SDS based on 1-s period:	B		Table	11.6-2
SDC =	B			<i>Maximum from values above</i>
<b>4. EQUIVALENT LATERAL FORCE PROCEDURE</b>		12.8		
$R =$	6	12.8.1	Table	12.2-1
$\Omega_O =$	2	12.8.1	Table	12.2-1
$C_D =$	3.25	12.8.1	Table	12.2-1

**Approximate Fundamental Period,  $T_a$ :**

$$C_t = 0.03$$

$$x = 0.75$$

$$h_n = 30 \text{ ft}$$

$$T_a = C_t h_n^x = 0.385 \text{ s}$$

12.8.2.1

Dependent on structure Table 12.8-2

Table 12.8-2

Height of highest level of structure

12.8.2.1 Eq 12.8-7

**Seismic Response Coefficient:**

$$C_{S\text{calc}} = S_{D1}/(R/I) = 0.033$$

$$C_{S\text{max}} = \text{if } T \leq T_L : S_{D1}/(T^2(R/I)) = 0.027$$

$$\text{if } T > T_L : S_{D1} \cdot T_L / (T^2 \cdot R/I) =$$

$$C_{S\text{min}} = 0.01$$

$$C_S = 0.033$$

12.8.1.1

Eq 12.8-2

Eq 12.8-3

Eq 12.8-4

Revised Sup. 2 Eq 12.8-5/12.8-6

**Seismic Base Shear:**

$$\text{Seismic Weight } W = 1268 \text{ kip} \quad 12.7.2 \quad \text{Table Below}$$

$$\text{Seismic Base Shear } V = 42.3 \text{ kip} \quad 12.8.1 \quad \text{Eq} \quad 12.8-1$$

**Vertical Distribution of Seismic Forces:**

$$\text{Lateral force per level } F_x = C_{vx}V \quad 12.8.3 \quad \text{Eq} \quad 12.8-11$$

$$C_{vx} = (w_x h_x^k) / (\sum w_i h_i^k)$$

$$k = 1.00 \quad 0.94$$

Vertical Distribution Factor

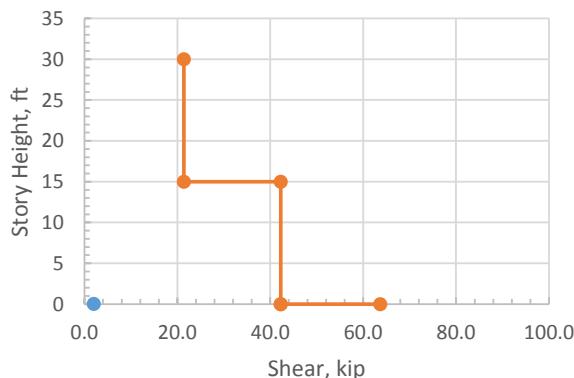
12.8.3

**Horizontal Distribution of Seismic Forces:**

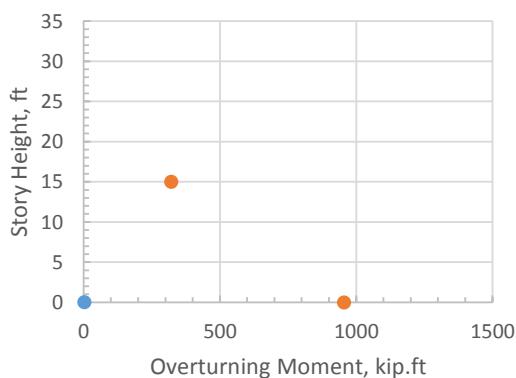
$$V_x = \sum F_i = \quad 12.8.4 \quad \text{Eq} \quad 12.8-13$$

Floor	Height (ft)	Weight (kip)	$w_x h_x^k$	$C_{vx}$	$F_x$ (kip)	$V_x$ (kip)	Overshooting Moment (kip.ft)	Total Height (ft)
Roof	15	430	12894	0.506	21.4	21.4		30
						21.4		15
2nd	15	838	12576	0.494	20.9	42.3	321	15
						42.3		0
Podium	0	0	0	0	0	42.3	955	0
SUM	30	1268	25470	1	42.3	63.7		0

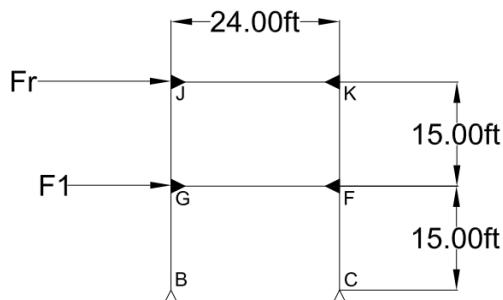
Base Shear Distribution



Overshooting Moment



## 1. MOMENT FRAME INFORMATION



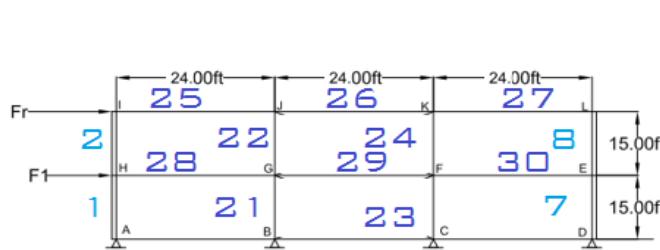
**Figure 1 - Moment Frame**

Story Height, H = 15 ft

Bay Width, W = 24 ft

$F_r = 9.78$  kip

$F_1 = 19.57$  kip



**Figure 2 - Member Reference**

## 2.1 MEMBER FORCES DISTRIBUTION

### Compute Shear Forces

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_r = 9.78 \text{ kips}$$

$$\# \text{ of shear forces} = 2$$

$$V_1 = 4.89 \text{ kips}$$

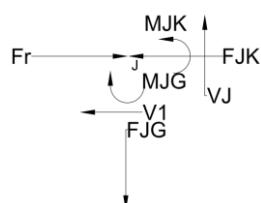
### Compute moments at top of columns

$$M_{JG} = 36.69 \text{ kip*ft}$$

$$M_{KF} = 36.69 \text{ kip*ft}$$

## METHOD OF JOINTS:

Joint J



Joint J:

$$M_{JK} = 36.69 \text{ kip*ft}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_{JK} = 4.89 \text{ kips}$$

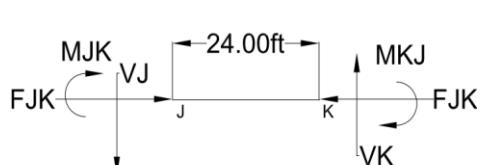
$$\sum M/W$$

$$V_J = 3.06 \text{ kips}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$F_{JG} = 3.06 \text{ kips}$$

Member J-K



Joint K:

$$M_{KJ} = 36.69 \text{ kip*ft}$$

$$C$$

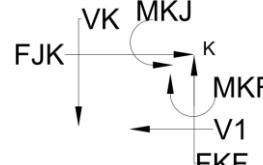
$$F_{JK} = 4.89 \text{ kips}$$

$$T$$

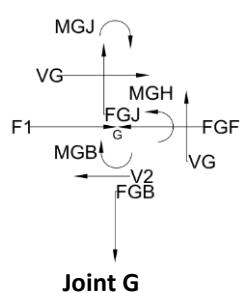
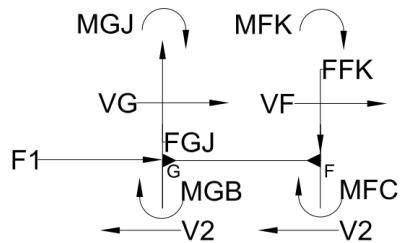
$$V_K = 3.06 \text{ kips}$$

$$F_{KF} = 3.06 \text{ kips}$$

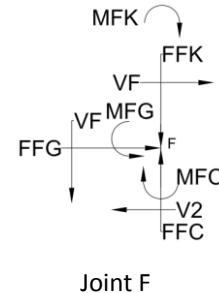
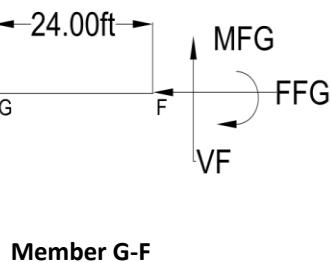
Joint K



**Section 2**



$(F1+FR)/2$	$V_2 = 14.68 \text{ kips}$
$F_{GJ}$	$F_{GJ} = 3.06 \text{ kips}$
$V2*H/2$	$M_{GB} = 110.1 \text{ kip*ft}$
$(M_{GJ})$	$M_{GJ} = 36.69 \text{ kip*ft}$
$(F_{GJ})$	$F_{GJ} = 3.06 \text{ kips}$
$\sum F_x=0$	$F_{GF} = 4.89 \text{ kips}$
$\sum M$	$M_{GF} = 146.76 \text{ kip*ft}$
$\sum M/W$	$V_G = 12.23 \text{ kips}$
$\sum F_y=0$	$F_{GB} = 15.29 \text{ kips}$



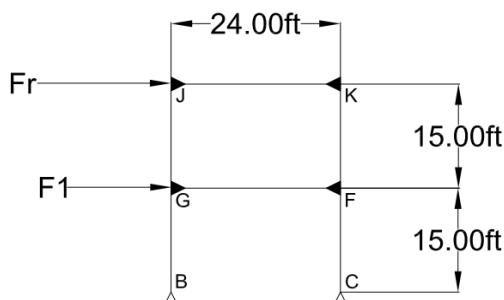
$(F1+FR)/2$	$V_2 = 14.68 \text{ kips}$
$F_{FK}$	$F_{FK} = 3.06 \text{ kips}$
$V2*H/2$	$M_{FC} = 110.1 \text{ kip*ft}$
$M_{FK}$	$M_{FK} = 36.69 \text{ kip*ft}$
$FFG$	$F_{FG} = 4.89 \text{ kips}$
$\sum M$	$M_{FG} = 146.76 \text{ kip*ft}$
$\sum M/W$	$V_G = 12.23 \text{ kips}$
$\sum F_y=0$	$F_{FC} = 15.29 \text{ kips}$

### **3. RESULTS**

---

Member (#)	Frame (type)	Floor (Units)	Function	Force (kip)	T/C		Moment (kip.ft)
					C	T	
GF	29	Moment	First	Beam	4.89	C	146.76
JK	26	Moment	Roof	Beam	4.89	C	36.69
BG	21	Moment	First	Column	15.29	T	110.07
CF	23	Moment	First	Column	15.29	C	110.07
JG	22	Moment	Roof	Column	4.89	T	36.69
KF	24	Moment	Roof	Column	4.89	C	36.69

## 1. MOMENT FRAME INFORMATION



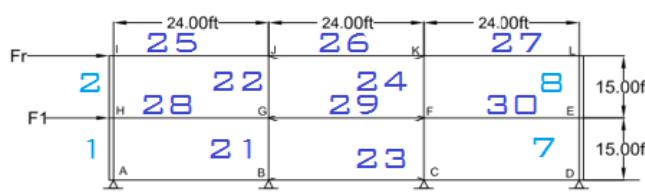
**Figure 1 - Moment Frame**

Story Height, H = 15 ft

Bay Width, W = 24 ft

$F_r = 3.23$  kip

$F_1 = 12.62$  kip



**Figure 2 - Member Reference**

## 2.1 MEMBER FORCES DISTRIBUTION

### Compute Shear Forces

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_r = 3.23 \text{ kips}$$

$$\# \text{ of shear forces} = 2$$

$$V_1 = 1.62 \text{ kips}$$

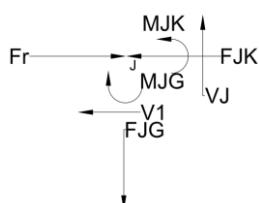
### Compute moments at top of columns

$$M_{JG} = 12.11 \text{ kip*ft}$$

$$M_{KF} = 12.11 \text{ kip*ft}$$

## METHOD OF JOINTS:

Joint J



Joint J:

$$M_{JK} = 12.11 \text{ kip*ft}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_{JK} = 1.62 \text{ kips}$$

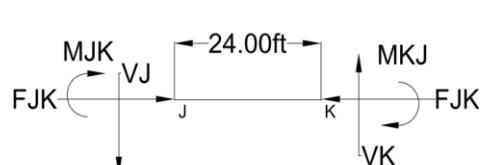
$$\sum M/W$$

$$V_J = 1.01 \text{ kips}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$F_{JG} = 1.01 \text{ kips}$$

Member J-K



Joint K:

$$M_{KJ} = 12.11 \text{ kip*ft}$$

$$C$$

$$F_{JK} = 1.62 \text{ kips}$$

$$C$$

$$V_K = 1.01 \text{ kips}$$

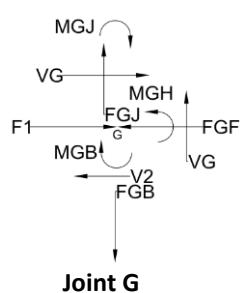
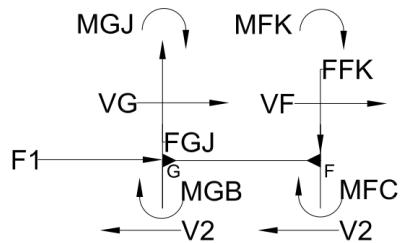
$$T$$

$$F_{KF} = 1.01 \text{ kips}$$

$$C$$

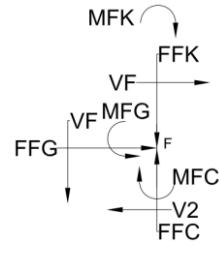
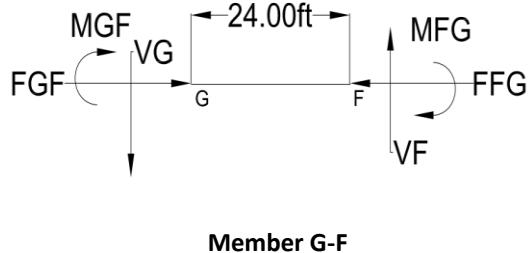
$$M_{KF} = 12.11 \text{ kips}$$

**Section 2**



**Joint G:**

$(F1+FR)/2$	$V_2 = 7.9$ kips
$F_{GJ}$	$F_{GJ} = 1.01$ kips
$V2*H/2$	$M_{GB} = 59.44$ kip*ft
$(M_{GJ})$	$M_{GJ} = 12.11$ kip*ft
$(F_{GJ})$	$F_{GJ} = 1.01$ kips
$\sum F_x=0$	$F_{GF} = 4.70$ kips
$\sum M$	$M_{GF} = 71.6$ kip*ft
$\sum M/W$	$V_G = 6.0$ kips
$\sum F_y=0$	$F_{GB} = 7.0$ kips



**Joint F**

$(F1+FR)/2$	$V_2 = 7.9$ kips
$F_{FK}$	$F_{FK} = 1.0$ kips
$V2*H/2$	$M_{FC} = 59.4$ kip*ft
$M_{FK}$	$M_{FK} = 12.1$ kip*ft
$FFG$	$F_{FG} = 4.70$ kips
$\sum M$	$M_{FG} = 71.6$ kip*ft
$\sum M/W$	$V_G = 6.0$ kips
$\sum F_y=0$	$F_{FC} = 7.0$ kips

### **3. RESULTS**

---

Member	Frame	Floor	Function	Force	T/C	Moment
(#)	(type)	(Units)		(kip)		(kip.ft)
GF	29	Moment	First	Beam	4.70	T 71.55
JK	26	Moment	Roof	Beam	1.62	C 12.11
BG	21	Moment	First	Column	6.97	T 59.44
CF	23	Moment	First	Column	6.97	C 59.44
JG	22	Moment	Roof	Column	4.70	T 12.11
KF	24	Moment	Roof	Column	4.70	C 12.11

## 1. MOMENT FRAME INFORMATION

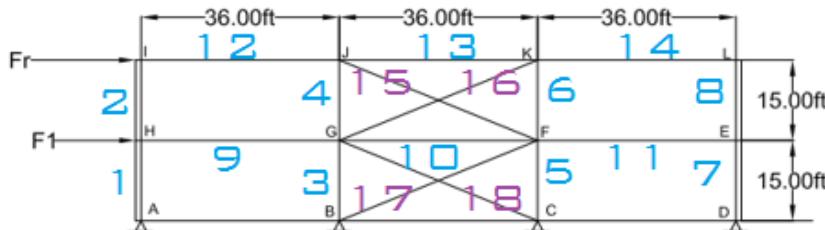


Figure 1 - Braced-Frame Member Reference

Diagonal, D	39	ft	
Story Height, H	15	ft	
Bay Width, W	36	ft	
$F_r$	9.78	kip	6.44
$F_1$	19.57	kip	0.00

## 2.1 MEMBER FORCES DISTRIBUTION

### Find Reactions

$$\begin{aligned} Cy &= \text{kip up} \\ By &= 0.00 \text{ kip down} \\ Cx &= -14.68 \text{ kip west} \\ Bx &= -14.68 \text{ kip west} \end{aligned}$$

### Joint B

$(F_r + F_1)/2$	$V_1$	14.68	kip	$V_1$	14.68	kip
	$F_{BFY}$	-6.12	kip	$F_{GCY}$	-6.12	kip
Brace Force	$F_{BF}$	15.90	kip	$F_{GC}$	15.90	kip
Vertical Force	$F_{BG}$	-6.1152	kip	$F_{FC}$	-6.12	kip

### Joint C

### To solve system:

Moment Equation	15	$F_{GF}$	27.69	$F_{GK}$	-36	$F_{GJ}$	=	-72.06	513.69
Forces in X	-1	$F_{GF}$	-0.923	$F_{GK}$	0	$F_{GJ}$	=	-4.8	-4.89
Forces in Y	0	$F_{GF}$	-0.385	$F_{GK}$	1	$F_{GJ}$	=	4	-12

### Inverse Matrix

$$\begin{matrix} 61.533 & 922 & 2215.2 \\ -66.666 & -1000 & -2400.0 \\ -25.666 & -385 & -923.0 \end{matrix}$$

### Solution

$$\begin{matrix} F_{GF} & 1.13 \\ F_{GK} & 3.95 \\ F_{GJ} & 5.49 \end{matrix}$$

### Joint G

Brace Force	$F_{GK}$	3.95	kip	C
Horizontal Force	$F_{GF}$	1.13	kip	C
Vertical Force	$F_{GJ}$	5.49	kip	T

### Joint F

$F_{FJ}$	14.67	kip	C
$F_{GF}$	1.13	kip	C
$F_{FK}$	1.52	kip	T

### Joint J

### Joint K

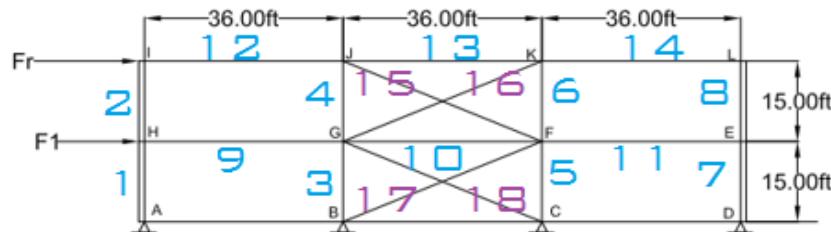
Brace Force	$F_{JF}$	14.7	kip	C	$F_{GK}$	4.0	kip	C
Horizontal Force	$F_{JK}$	3.6	kip	T	$F_{KJ}$	3.6	kip	T
Vertical Force	$F_{JG}$	5.49	kip	T	$F_{KF}$	1.5	kip	T

### 3. RESULTS

---

Member (#)	Frame (type)	Floor (Units)	Function	Force (kip)	T/C	Moment (kip.ft)
GF	10	Braced	First	Beam	14.67	C
JK	13	Braced	Roof	Beam	3.65	T
JF	15	Braced	Roof	Brace	14.67	C
GK	16	Braced	Roof	Brace	3.95	C
BF	17	Braced	First	Brace	15.90	T
GC	18	Braced	First	Brace	15.90	C
BG	3	Braced	First	Column	-6.12	T
JG	4	Braced	Roof	Column	5.49	T
CF	5	Braced	First	Column	-6.12	C
KF	6	Braced	Roof	Column	1.52	T

## 1. MOMENT FRAME INFORMATION



**Figure 1 - Braced-Frame Member Reference**

Diagonal, D	39	ft
Story Height, H	15	ft
Bay Width, W	36	ft
$F_r$	4.31	kip
$F_1$	16.82	kip

## 2.1 MEMBER FORCES DISTRIBUTION

### Find Reactions

Cy =	kip	up
By =	0 kip	down
Cx =	-10.565 kip	west
Bx =	-10.565 kip	west

### Joint B

(Fr+F1)/2	$V_1$	10.57	kip	$V_1$	10.57	kip	
	$F_{BFY}$	-4.40	kip	$F_{GCY}$	-4.40	kip	
Brace Force	$F_{BF}$	11.45	kip	T	$F_{GC}$	11.45	kip
Vertical Force	$F_{BG}$	-4.40	kip	T	$F_{FC}$	-4.40	kip

### To solve system:

Moment Equation	15	$F_{GF}$	27.69	$F_{GK}$	-36	$F_{GJ}$	=	29.1	#####
Forces in X	-1	$F_{GF}$	-0.923	$F_{GK}$	0	$F_{GJ}$	=	-6.25	-6.26
Forces in Y	0	$F_{GF}$	-0.385	$F_{GK}$	1	$F_{GJ}$	=	1.796	-8.80

### Inverse Matrix

61.533	922	2215.2
-66.666	-1000	-2400.0
-25.666	-385	-923.0

### Solution

$F_{GF}$	6.61
$F_{GK}$	-0.38
$F_{GJ}$	1.66

### Joint G

Brace Force	$F_{GK}$	-0.38	kip	C
Horizontal Force	$F_{GF}$	6.61	kip	C
Vertical Force	$F_{GJ}$	1.66	kip	T

### Joint F

$F_{FJ}$	4.29	kip	C
$F_{GF}$	6.61	kip	C
$F_{FK}$	-0.15	kip	T

### Joint J

### Joint K

Brace Force	$F_{JF}$	4.3	kip	C	$F_{GK}$	-0.4	kip	C
Horizontal Force	$F_{JK}$	-0.4	kip	T	$F_{KJ}$	-0.4	kip	T
Vertical Force	$F_{JG}$	1.66	kip	T	$F_{KF}$	-0.1	kip	T

### 3. RESULTS

---

Member	Frame	Floor	Function	Force	T/C	Moment
(#)	(type)	(Units)		(kip)		(kip.ft)
GF	10	Braced	First	Beam	4.29	C
JK	13	Braced	Roof	Beam	-0.35	T
JF	15	Braced	Roof	Brace	4.29	C
GK	16	Braced	Roof	Brace	-0.38	C
BF	17	Braced	First	Brace	11.45	T
GC	18	Braced	First	Brace	11.45	C
BG	3	Braced	First	Column	-4.40	T
JG	4	Braced	Roof	Column	1.66	T
CF	5	Braced	First	Column	-4.40	C
KF	6	Braced	Roof	Column	-0.15	T

**GIVEN:**

Number of Floors: 2  
Beam Length 36  
Short Column Height 15

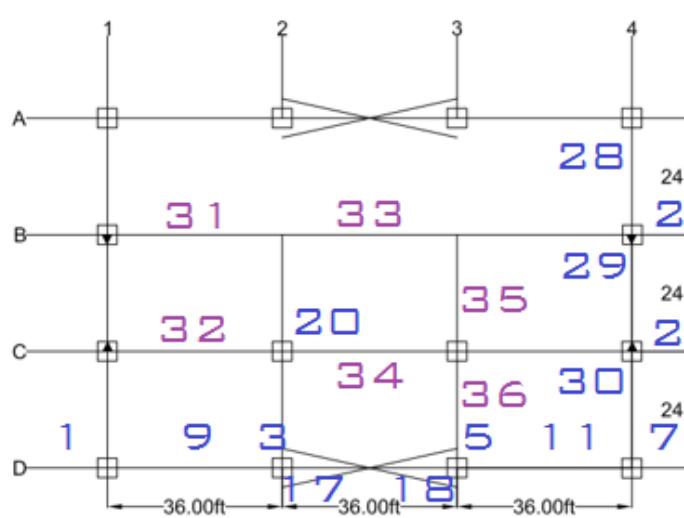


Figure 1 - First Floor Plan

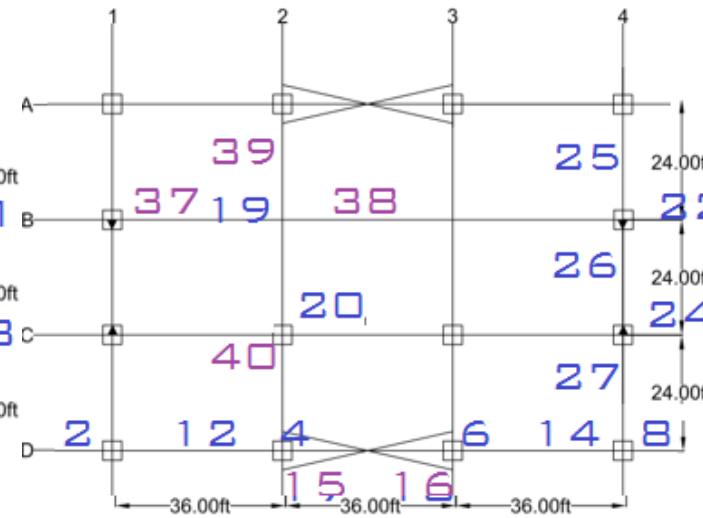


Figure 2 - Roof Floor Plan

Number of Bays/Rov 3  
Girder Length 24  
Long Column Height 30

	First	Roof
Number of Rows:	2	3
Interior Girder	48	

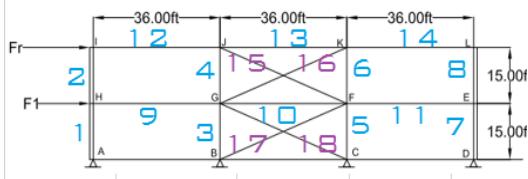


Figure 3 - Braced-Elevation

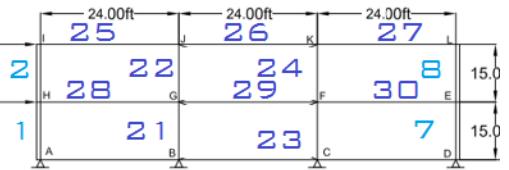


Figure 4 - Moment Frame - Elevation

**1. MEMBERS FOR ANALYSIS:**

Member Ref.	Frame	Floor	Member	Section	New Section	Length	Unit Weight	Spacing or a	Beams/Bay	Qty of Members	Amount of Steel	New Amount	Difference
	(#)	(type)	(Units)	(Shape)		(ft)	(plf)	(ft)	(Units)	(Units)	(kips)	(kips)	(%)
1	Braced	First	Column	W8X40	W12X50	15	40	12		2	1.20	1.50	0.25
2	Braced	Roof	Column	W8X40	W12X50	15	40	1.7		2	1.20	1.50	0.25
3	Braced	First	Column	W12X40	W12X50	15	40	5		2	1.20	1.50	0.25
4	Braced	Roof	Column	W12X40	W12X40	15	40			2	1.20	1.20	0
5	Braced	First	Column	W12X40	W12X50	15	40			2	1.20	1.50	0.25
6	Braced	Roof	Column	W12X40	W12X50	15	40			2	1.20	1.50	0.25
7	Braced	First	Column	W8X40	W12X50	15	40			2	1.20	1.50	0.25
8	Braced	Roof	Column	W8X40	W12X50	15	40			2	1.20	1.50	0.25
1m	Moment	First	Column	W8X40	W10X68	15	40			2	1.20	2.04	0.7
2m	Moment	Roof	Column	W8X40	W10X68	15	40			2	1.20	2.04	0.7
7m	Moment	First	Column	W8X40	W10X68	15	40			2	1.20	2.04	0.7
8m	Moment	Roof	Column	W8X40	W10X68	15	40			2	1.20	2.04	0.7
9	Braced	First	Beam	W14X30	W14X30	36	30			2	2.16	2.16	0
10	Braced	First	Interior Beam	W14X30	W14X30	36	30			2	2.16	2.16	0
11	Braced	First	Beam	W14X30	W14X30	36	30			2	2.16	2.16	0
12	Braced	Roof	Beam	W10X19	W10X19	36	19			2	1.37	1.37	0
13	Braced	Roof	Interior Beam	W10X19	W10X19	36	19			2	1.37	1.37	0
14	Braced	Roof	Beam	W10X19	W10X19	36	19			2	1.37	1.37	0
15	Braced	Roof	Braces	WT9X48.5	W10X33	39	48.5			2	3.78	2.57	-0.32
16	Braced	Roof	Braces	WT9X48.5	W10X33	39	48.5			2	3.78	2.57	-0.32
17	Braced	First	Braces	WT9X48.5	W10X33	39	48.5			2	3.78	2.57	-0.32
18	Braced	First	Braces	WT9X48.5	W10X33	39	48.5			2	3.78	2.57	-0.32
19	Interior	Roof	Roof Column	W8X40	W8X40	15	40			2	1.20	1.20	0.00
20	Interior	First	Interior Column	W8X40	W8X40	30	40			2	2.40	2.40	0.00
21	Moment	First	Column	W10X39	W10X68	15	39			2	1.17	2.04	0.74
22	Moment	Roof	Column	W10X39	W10X68	15	39			2	1.17	2.04	0.74

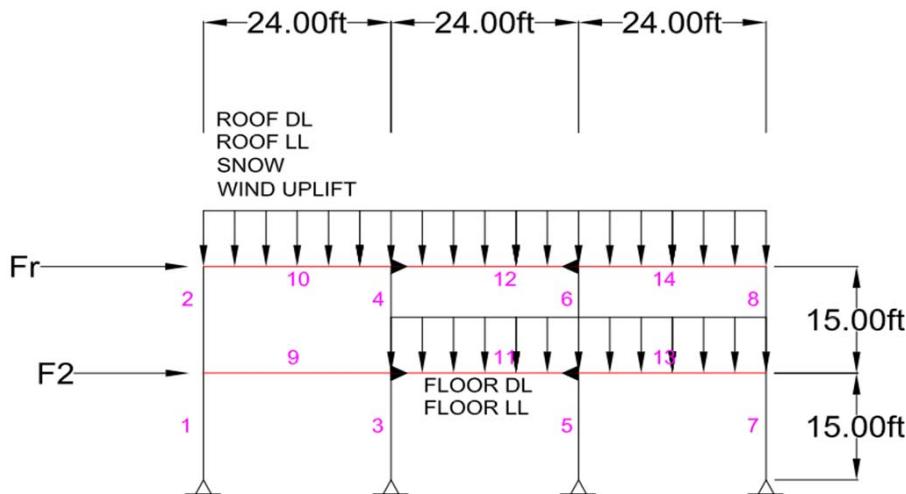
## Preliminary Sizing

Designed by : ARGouveia

## Summary

Checked by: Matt Laskey

23	Moment	First	Column	W10X39	W10X68	15	39			2	1.17	2.04	0.74
24	Moment	Roof	Column	W10X39	W10X68	15	39	5		2	1.17	2.04	0.74
25	Moment	Roof	Beam	W14X30	W14X30	24	30	8		2	1.44	1.44	0.00
26	Moment	Roof	Interior Beam	W8X40	W10X39	24	40			2	1.92	1.87	-0.02
27	Moment	Roof	Beam	W14X30	W14X30	24	30			2	1.44	1.44	0.00
28	Moment	First	Beam	W8X40	W8X40	24	40			2	1.92	1.92	0.00
29	Moment	First	Interior Beam	W8X40	W12X53	24	40			2	1.92	2.54	0.33
30	Moment	First	Beam	W8X40	W8X40	24	40			2	1.92	1.92	0.00
31	Interior	First	Beam	W21X44	W21X44	36	44			0	0.00	0.00	
32	Interior	First	Beam	W21X44	W21X44	36	44			0	0.00	0.00	
33	Interior	First	Interior Beam	W21X44	W21X44	36	44			0	0.00	0.00	
34	Interior	First	Interior Beam	W21X44	W21X44	36	44	12	6.00	18	28.51	28.51	0.00
35	Interior	First	Girder	W30X108	W30X108	24	108	8		2	5.18	5.18	0.00
36	Interior	First	Girder	W30X108	W30X108	24	108	8		2	5.18	5.18	0.00
37	Interior	Roof	Beam	W14X22	W14X22	36	22			0	0.00	0.00	
38	Interior	Roof	Interior Beam	W14X22	W14X22	36	22	12	8.00	24	19.01	19.01	0.00
39	Interior	Roof	Girder	W27X84	W27X84	48	84			2	8.06	8.06	0.00
40	Interior	First	Girder	W27X84	W27X84	24	84			2	4.03	4.03	0
<b>TOTAL</b>										118	128.94	133.62	6.55



## MOMENT FRAME

## Sizing (From 30%)

Members 10 & 14 W18x40  
 Member 12 W12x19  
 Members 9 & 13 W24x68  
 Member 11 W18x35  
 Exterior Columns W8x40  
 Interior Columns W8x40

Braced Frame Bay Width, $W_b$	36 ft	Plan Length, L	108 ft	Plan Area	$7776 \text{ ft}^2$
Moment Frame Bay Width, $W_m$	24 ft	Plan Width, W	72 ft		

## Vertical Loading

## Roof

Roof Live Load, $W_{RLL}$	0.9 klf
Snow, $W_s$	0.57 klf
Wind Uplift, $W_{WU}$	-0.42 klf

Roof Dead Load= self weight of beam

## Level 2

Floor Dead Load, $W_{DL}$	1.67 klf
Floor Live Load, $W_{FL}$	1.8 klf

Girder Reactions on Interior Columns	0 kips
Girder Reactions on Exterior Columns	0 kips

## Lateral Loading

Seismic Force, Roof Level	3.23 kips
Seismic Force, Level 2	12.62 kips

Wind Force, Roof Level	9.61 kips
Wind Force, Level 2	19.22 kips

Originator: ZZ

Reviewer: ML

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Determine Notional Loads

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## Roof

Roof Live Load	0.9 klf
Snow Load	0.57 klf
Wind Uplift	-0.42 klf
Dead Load (Beam Self Weight)	0.04 klf
$W_{u\text{-roof}}$	1.49 klf

## Level 2

Floor System Load	1.67 klf
Beam Self weight	0.068 klf
Dead Load	1.74 klf
Live Load	1.80 klf
$W_{u\text{-2}}$	4.99 klf

$Y_R = 107.14 \text{ kips}$

$Y_2 = 358.99 \text{ kips}$

$\alpha = 1$

$N_R = 0.214 \text{ kips} \quad \text{Eq C2-2}$

$N_2 = 0.718 \text{ kips} \quad \text{Eq C2-1}$

$F_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$

---

*Run Computer model in SAP2000*

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**Design of Columns (Data from Members 3 & 5)**

## First order analysis forces

	top	bottom			
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{u\text{nt}}$	57.15 kips	57.15 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.003 drift limit
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{u\text{lt}}$	29.35 kips	29.35 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.00267 Actual drift
Ultimate Moment, $M_{u\text{ntx}}$	31.08 kip*ft	0 kip*ft	SAP	H	30.215 kips SAP
Ultimate Moment, $M_{u\text{lx}}$	158.84 kip*ft	0 kip*ft	SAP		
Unbraced Length, $L_{bx}$	15 ft				
		Effective Length Factor, $K_y$		1	

---

 $P_{\text{story}} \& P_{\text{mf}}$ 

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Roof Level Uniform Pressure	0.08 ksf
Level 2 Uniform Pressure	0.27 ksf

$P_{\text{story-1}} = 622.08 \text{ kips}$

$P_{\text{story-2}} = 2111.96 \text{ kips}$

$P_{\text{story}} = 2734.04 \text{ kips}$

$\text{Moment Frame Column Tributary Area} = 432.00 \text{ ft}^2$

$P_{\text{mf}} = 607.56 \text{ kips}$

**TRIAL SECTION W10x68****Section Properties (Table 1-1)**

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	85.3 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	26.4 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	394 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_s$	2.59 in
$r_x$	4.44 in	$h_o$	9.63 in
$r_y$	2.59 in	J	3.56 in <sup>4</sup>
$A_g$	19.9 in <sup>2</sup>		
$b_f$	10.1 in		
$t_f$	0.77 in		
$h$	7.5 in		
$t_w$	0.47 in		

Originator: ZZ

Reviewer: ML

## Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	9.15 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_r$	40.6 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi F_B$	3.85 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	320 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT	NONSLENDER	
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT	NONSLENDER	

## Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM
KL	15 ft	
KL/r	69.50	4.71*sqrt(E/Fy) 113.4318
F <sub>e</sub>	59.26 ksi	
F <sub>cr</sub>	35.12 ksi	E3-2
F <sub>cr</sub>	51.97 ksi	E3-3
F <sub>cr</sub>	35.12 ksi	
$\phi$	0.90	
P <sub>c</sub>	629.06 kips	Table 4-1

## Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
M <sub>max</sub>	158.84 kip*ft	M <sub>ult</sub>
M <sub>A</sub>	23.54 kip*ft	SAP
M <sub>B</sub>	54.31 kip*ft	SAP
M <sub>C</sub>	81.47 kip*ft	SAP
C <sub>b</sub>	2.14	Eq F1-1
Zone 1, M <sub>c</sub>	320 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, M <sub>c</sub>	320.00 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, F <sub>cr</sub>	317.14 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, M <sub>c</sub>	697.72 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
M <sub>c</sub>	320.00 kip*ft	

Originator: ZZ

Reviewer: ML

Determine  $\tau_b$ 

$P_r$	86.50 kips	$P_{nt} + P_{lt}$
$P_y$	995.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.09	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

## Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	2784.45 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.60	Eq A-8-4
$B_1$	1.00	Eq A-8-3

## Determine B2

$R_M$	0.97	Eq A-8-8
$P_{estory}$	8762.35 kips	Eq A-8-7
$B_2$	1.45	Eq A-8-6
$M_r$	261.96 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	320.00 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	99.8 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	629.06 kips	Referenced Above

## Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.16	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.89	Eq H1-1a
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	0.90	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.90	SECTION OK

**Design of Level 2 Beam (Member 11)**First order analysis forces

Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{unt}}$	11.62 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.003 drift limit
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{ult}}$	5.69 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.00267 Actual drift
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{untx}}$	74.27 kip*ft	SAP	H	30.215 kips SAP
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{ultx}}$	112.88 kip*ft	SAP		
Unbraced Length, $L_{\text{bx}}$	24 ft		Effective Length Factor, $K_y$	1

 $P_{\text{story}}$  &  $P_{\text{mf}}$ 

Roof Level Uniform Pressure	0.08 ksf
Level 2 Uniform Pressure	0.27 ksf

$P_{\text{story-r}}$	622.08 kips
$P_{\text{story-2}}$	2111.96 kips
$P_{\text{story}}$	2734.04 kips

Moment Frame Column Tributary Area	432.00 ft <sup>2</sup>
$P_{\text{mf}}$	607.56 kips

## TRIAL SECTION W12x53

Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	77.9 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	70.6 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	425 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.79 in
$r_x$	5.23 in	$h_o$	11.5 in
$r_y$	2.48 in	J	1.58 in <sup>4</sup>
$A_g$	15.6 in <sup>2</sup>		
$b_f$	10 in		
$t_f$	0.575 in		
$h$	9.25 in		
$t_w$	0.345 in		

Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	8.76 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_r$	28.2 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi BF$	5.5 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	292 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		SLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM	
KI	24 ft		
KL/r	116.13	$4.71 * \sqrt{E/F_y}$	113.4318
$F_e$	21.22 ksi		
$F_{cr}$	18.65 ksi	E3-2	
$F_{cr}$	18.61 ksi	E3-3	
$F_{cr}$	18.61 ksi		
$\phi$	0.90		
$P_c$	261.33 kips		

## Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
C <sub>b</sub>	1.14	Table 3-1

Zone 1, M <sub>c</sub>	292 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, M <sub>c</sub>	249.06 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, F <sub>cr</sub>	49.54 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, M <sub>c</sub>	291.47 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
M <sub>c</sub>	249.06 kip*ft	

Determine τ<sub>b</sub>

P <sub>r</sub>	17.31 kips	P <sub>nt</sub> +P <sub>lt</sub>
P <sub>y</sub>	780.00 kips	A <sub>g</sub> *F <sub>y</sub>
α	1	
αP <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>y</sub>	0.02	
τ <sub>b</sub>	1.00	Eq C2-2a

## Determine B1

P <sub>e1</sub>	1173.25 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, C <sub>mx</sub>	0.99	Eq A-8-4
B <sub>1</sub>	1.01	Eq A-8-3

## Determine B2

R <sub>M</sub>	0.97	Eq A-8-8
P <sub>estory</sub>	8762.35 kips	Eq A-8-7
B <sub>2</sub>	1.45	Eq A-8-6
M <sub>r</sub>	239.01 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
M <sub>c</sub>	249.06 kip*ft	Referenced Above
P <sub>r</sub>	19.9 kips	Eq A-8-2
P <sub>c</sub>	261.33 kips	Referenced Above

## Combined Forces Interaction Equation

P <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>c</sub>	0.08	
P <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>c</sub> >0.2	0.93	Eq H1-1a
P <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>c</sub> <0.2	1.00	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.998	SECTION OK

**Design of Roof Level Beam (Member 12)**First order analysis forces

Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{unt}$	7.29 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.003 drift limit
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{ult}$	2.35 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.00267 Actual drift
Ultimate Moment, $M_{untx}$	14.41 kip*ft	SAP	H	30.215 kips SAP
Ultimate Moment, $M_{ultx}$	43.08 kip*ft	SAP		
Unbraced Length, $L_{bx}$	24 ft		Effective Length Factor, $K_y$	1

 $P_{story}$  &  $P_{mf}$ 

Roof Level Uniform Pressure	0.08 ksf
Level 2 Uniform Pressure	0.27 ksf

$P_{story-r}$	622.08 kips
$P_{story-2}$	2111.96 kips
$P_{story}$	2734.04 kips

Moment Frame Column Tributary Area	432.00 ft <sup>2</sup>
$P_{mf}$	607.56 kips

## TRIAL SECTION W10x39

Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	46.8 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	42.1 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	209 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.24 in
$r_x$	4.27 in	$h_o$	9.39 in
$r_y$	1.98 in	J	0.976 in <sup>4</sup>
$A_g$	11.5 in <sup>2</sup>		
$b_f$	7.99 in		
$t_f$	0.53 in		
$h$	7.5 in		
$t_w$	0.315 in		

Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	6.99 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_r$	24.2 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi BF$	3.78 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	176 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		SLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM	
KI	24 ft		
KL/r	145.45	$4.71 * \sqrt{E/F_y}$	113.4318
$F_e$	13.53 ksi		
$F_{cr}$	10.64 ksi	E3-2	
$F_{cr}$	11.86 ksi	E3-3	
$F_{cr}$	11.86 ksi		
$\phi$	0.90		
$P_c$	122.80 kips		

## Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
$C_b$	1.14	Table 3-1

Zone 1, $M_c$	176 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, $M_c$	136.34 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, $F_{cr}$	40.37 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, $M_c$	141.64 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
$M_c$	136.34 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$ 

$P_r$	9.64 kips	$P_{nt}+P_{lt}$
$P_y$	575.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r/P_y$	0.02	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

## Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	576.96 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.99	Eq A-8-4
$B_1$	1.01	Eq A-8-3

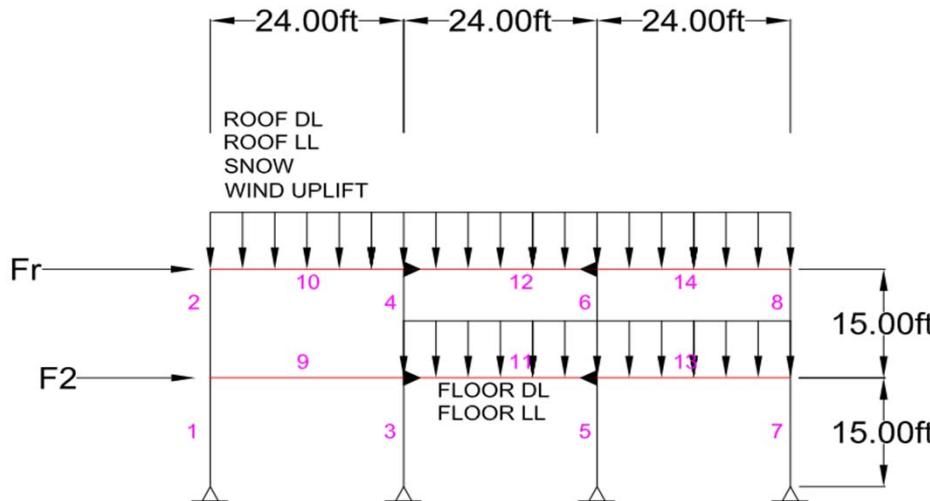
## Determine B2

$R_M$	0.97	Eq A-8-8
$P_{estory}$	8762.35 kips	Eq A-8-7
$B_2$	1.45	Eq A-8-6
$M_r$	77.18 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	136.34 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	10.7 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	122.80 kips	Referenced Above

## Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.09	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.59	Eq H1-1a
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	0.61	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.61	SECTION OK

## Moment Frame Design



# MOMENT FRAME

### Sizing (From 30%)

Members 10 & 14 W18x40

Member 12 W12x19

Members 9 & 13 W24x68

Member 11 W18x35

Exterior Columns W8x40

Interior Columns W8x40

Braced Frame Bay Width, $W_b$	36 ft	Plan Length, L	108 ft	Plan Area	$7776 \text{ ft}^2$
Moment Frame Bay Width, $W_m$	24 ft	Plan Width, W	72 ft		

### Vertical Loading

#### Roof

Roof Live Load, $W_{RLL}$	0.9 klf
Snow, $W_s$	0.57 klf
Wind Uplift, $W_{WU}$	-0.42 klf

Roof Dead Load= self weight of beam

#### Level 2

Floor Dead Load, $W_{DL}$	1.67 klf
Floor Live Load, $W_{FL}$	1.8 klf

Girder Reactions on Interior Columns	0 kips
Girder Reactions on Exterior Columns	0 kips

### Lateral Loading

Seismic Force, Roof Level	3.23 kips
Seismic Force, Level 2	12.62 kips

Wind Force, Roof Level	9.61 kips
Wind Force, Level 2	19.22 kips

Determine Notional Loads

Roof

Roof Live Load	0.9 klf
Snow Load	0.57 klf
Wind Uplift	-0.42 klf
Dead Load (Beam Self Weight)	0.04 klf
$W_{u\text{-roof}}$	1.49 klf

Level 2

Floor System Load	1.67 klf
Beam Self weight	0.068 klf
Dead Load	1.74 klf
Live Load	1.80 klf
$W_{u\text{-2}}$	4.99 klf

$Y_R$  107.14 kips

$Y_2$  358.99 kips

$\alpha$  1

$N_R$  0.214 kips Eq C2-2

$N_2$  0.718 kips Eq C2-1

$F_y$  50 ksi

*Run Computer model in SAP2000*

**Design of Columns (Data from Members 3 & 5)**

First order analysis forces

	top	bottom				
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{unt}$	57.15 kips	57.15 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.003	
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{ult}$	29.35 kips	29.35 kips	SAP	H	30.215 kips	SAP
Ultimate Moment, $M_{untx}$	31.08 kip*ft	0 kip*ft	SAP			
Ultimate Moment, $M_{ultx}$	158.84 kip*ft	0 kip*ft	SAP			
Unbraced Length, $L_{bx}$	15 ft					
			Effective Length Factor, $K_y$		1	

$P_{story}$  &  $P_{mf}$

Roof Level Uniform Pressure	0.08 ksf
Level 2 Uniform Pressure	0.27 ksf

$P_{story-r}$  622.08 kips

$P_{story-2}$  2111.96 kips

$P_{story}$  2734.04 kips

Moment Frame Column Tributary Area	432.00 ft <sup>2</sup>
$P_{mf}$	607.56 kips

TRIAL SECTION W10x68

Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	85.3 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	26.4 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	394 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.59 in
$r_x$	4.44 in	$h_o$	9.63 in
$r_y$	2.59 in	J	3.56 in <sup>4</sup>
$A_g$	19.9 in <sup>2</sup>		
$b_f$	10.1 in		
$t_f$	0.77 in		
$h$	7.5 in		
$t_w$	0.47 in		

Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $l_p$	9.15 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $l_r$	40.6 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi F$	3.85 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	320 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		NONSLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM
KL	15 ft	
KL/r	69.50	4.71*sqrt(E/Fy) 113.4318
F <sub>e</sub>	59.26 ksi	
F <sub>cr</sub>	35.12 ksi	E3-2
F <sub>cr</sub>	51.97 ksi	E3-3
F <sub>cr</sub>	35.12 ksi	
$\phi$	0.90	
P <sub>c</sub>	629.06 kips	Table 4-1

Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
M <sub>max</sub>	158.84 kip*ft	M <sub>ult</sub>
M <sub>A</sub>	23.54 kip*ft	SAP
M <sub>B</sub>	54.31 kip*ft	SAP
M <sub>C</sub>	81.47 kip*ft	SAP
C <sub>b</sub>	2.14	Eq F1-1
Zone 1, M <sub>c</sub>	320 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, M <sub>c</sub>	320.00 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, F <sub>cr</sub>	317.14 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, M <sub>c</sub>	697.72 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
M <sub>c</sub>	320.00 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$

$P_r$	86.50 kips	$P_{nt}+P_{lt}$
$P_y$	995.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.09	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	2784.45 kips	<i>Eq A-8-5</i>
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.60	<i>Eq A-8-4</i>
$B_1$	1.00	<i>Eq A-8-3</i>

Determine B2

$R_M$	0.97	<i>Eq A-8-8</i>
$P_{estory}$	8762.35 kips	<i>Eq A-8-7</i>
$B_2$	1.45	<i>Eq A-8-6</i>
$M_r$	261.96 kip*ft	<i>Eq A-8-1</i>
$M_c$	320.00 kip*ft	<i>Referenced Above</i>
$P_r$	99.8 kips	<i>Eq A-8-2</i>
$P_c$	629.06 kips	<i>Referenced Above</i>

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.16	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.89	<i>Eq H1-1a</i>
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	0.90	<i>Eq H1-1b</i>
Design Check	0.90	<b>SECTION OK</b>

### Design of Level 2 Beam (Member 11)

#### First order analysis forces

Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{unt}}$	11.62 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.003
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{ult}}$	5.69 kips	SAP	H	30.215 kips
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{untx}}$	74.27 kip*ft	SAP		SAP
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{ultx}}$	112.88 kip*ft	SAP		
Unbraced Length, $L_{\text{bx}}$	24 ft		Effective Length Factor, $K_y$	1

#### $P_{\text{story}}$ & $P_{\text{mf}}$

Roof Level Uniform Pressure	0.08 ksf
Level 2 Uniform Pressure	0.27 ksf
$P_{\text{story-r}}$	622.08 kips
$P_{\text{story-2}}$	2111.96 kips
$P_{\text{story}}$	2734.04 kips
Moment Frame Column Tributary Area	432.00 ft <sup>2</sup>
$P_{\text{mf}}$	607.56 kips

#### TRIAL SECTION W12x53

#### Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	77.9 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	70.6 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	425 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.79 in
$r_x$	5.23 in	$h_o$	11.5 in
$r_y$	2.48 in	J	1.58 in <sup>4</sup>
$A_g$	15.6 in <sup>2</sup>		
$b_f$	10 in		
$t_f$	0.575 in		
$h$	9.25 in		
$t_w$	0.345 in		

#### Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	8.76 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_t$	28.2 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi B F$	5.5 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	292 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_c$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		SLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

#### Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM	
KL	24 ft		
KL/r	116.13	$4.71 * \sqrt{E/F_y}$	113.4318
$F_e$	21.22 ksi		
$F_{cr}$	18.65 ksi	E3-2	
$F_{cr}$	18.61 ksi	E3-3	
$F_{cr}$	18.61 ksi		
$\phi$	0.90		
$P_c$	261.33 kips		

Flexure Capacity

Zone? ZONE 2  
 $C_b$  1.14

Table 3-1

Zone 1, $M_c$	292 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, $M_c$	249.06 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, $F_{cr}$	49.54 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, $M_c$	291.47 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
$M_c$	249.06 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$

$P_r$	17.31 kips	$P_{nt}+P_{lt}$
$P_y$	780.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.02	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	1173.25 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.99	Eq A-8-4
$B_1$	1.01	Eq A-8-3

Determine B2

$R_M$	0.97	Eq A-8-8
$P_{estory}$	8762.35 kips	Eq A-8-7
$B_2$	1.45	Eq A-8-6
$M_r$	239.01 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	249.06 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	19.9 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	261.33 kips	Referenced Above

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.08	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.93	Eq H1-1a
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	1.00	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.998	SECTION OK

### Design of Roof Level Beam (Member 12)

#### First order analysis forces

Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{unt}}$	7.29 kips	SAP	$\Delta_h/L$	0.003
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{ult}}$	2.35 kips	SAP	H	30.215 kips
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{untx}}$	14.41 kip*ft	SAP		SAP
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{ultx}}$	43.08 kip*ft	SAP		
Unbraced Length, $L_{\text{bx}}$	24 ft		Effective Length Factor, $K_y$	1

#### $P_{\text{story}}$ & $P_{\text{mf}}$

Roof Level Uniform Pressure	0.08 ksf
Level 2 Uniform Pressure	0.27 ksf
$P_{\text{story-r}}$	622.08 kips
$P_{\text{story-2}}$	2111.96 kips
$P_{\text{story}}$	2734.04 kips
Moment Frame Column Tributary Area	432.00 ft <sup>2</sup>
$P_{\text{mf}}$	607.56 kips

#### TRIAL SECTION W10x39

#### Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	46.8 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	42.1 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	209 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.24 in
$r_x$	4.27 in	$h_o$	9.39 in
$r_y$	1.98 in	J	0.976 in <sup>4</sup>
$A_g$	11.5 in <sup>2</sup>		
$b_f$	7.99 in		
$t_f$	0.53 in		
$h$	7.5 in		
$t_w$	0.315 in		

#### Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	6.99 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_t$	24.2 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi B F$	3.78 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	176 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_c$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		SLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

#### Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM	
KL	24 ft		
KL/r	145.45	$4.71 * \sqrt{E/F_y}$	113.4318
$F_e$	13.53 ksi		
$F_{cr}$	10.64 ksi	E3-2	
$F_{cr}$	11.86 ksi	E3-3	
$F_{cr}$	11.86 ksi		
$\phi$	0.90		
$P_c$	122.80 kips		

Flexure Capacity

Zone? ZONE 2  
 $C_b$  1.14

Table 3-1

Zone 1, $M_c$	176 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, $M_c$	136.34 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, $F_{cr}$	40.37 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, $M_c$	141.64 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
$M_c$	136.34 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$

$P_r$	9.64 kips	$P_{nt}+P_{lt}$
$P_y$	575.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.02	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	576.96 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.99	Eq A-8-4
$B_1$	1.01	Eq A-8-3

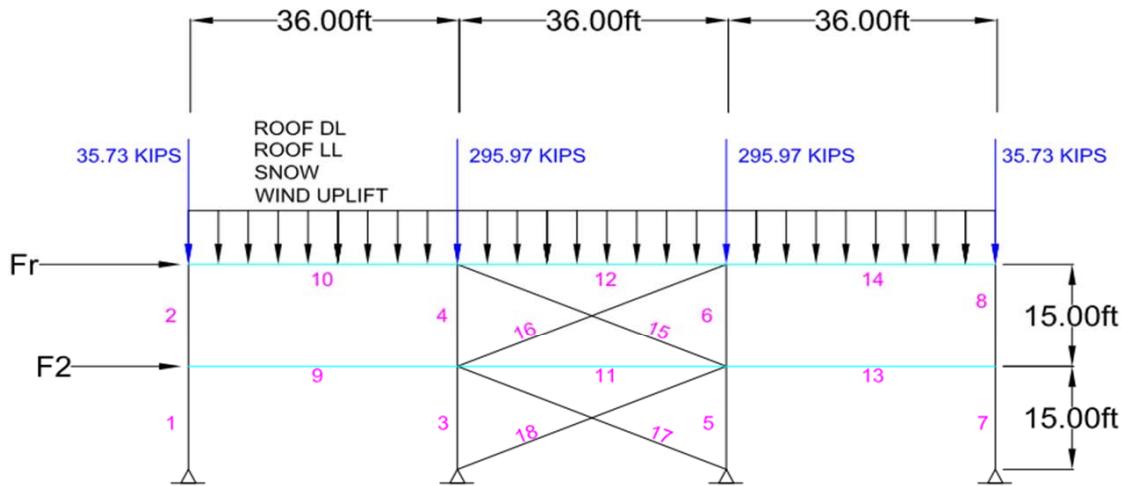
Determine B2

$R_M$	0.97	Eq A-8-8
$P_{estory}$	8762.35 kips	Eq A-8-7
$B_2$	1.45	Eq A-8-6
$M_r$	77.18 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	136.34 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	10.7 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	122.80 kips	Referenced Above

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.09	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.59	Eq H1-1a
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	0.61	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.61	SECTION OK

## North Braced Frame Design



# NORTH BRACED FRAME (COLUMN LINE A)

$F_y$  50 ksi

### Sizing (From 30%)

Level 2 Beams/Girders	W14x132
Roof Level Beams/Girders	W14x90
Columns	W12x40
Bracing	W10x33

### Vertical Loading

#### Roof

Roof Live Load, $W_{RLL}$	0.6 klf
Snow, $W_s$	0.38 klf
Wind Uplift, $W_{wu}$	-0.28 klf

Roof Dead Load= self weight of beam

#### Level 2

Floor Dead Load, $W_{DL}$	1.12 klf
Floor Live Load, $W_{FL}$	1.2 klf

Girder Reactions on Interior Columns	295.97 kips
Girder Reactions on Exterior Columns	35.73 kips

### Lateral Loading

Seismic Force, Roof Level	4.31 kips
Seismic Force, Level 2	16.82 kips

Wind Force, Roof Level	6.27 kips
Wind Force, Level 2	12.54 kips

Determine Notional Loads

Roof

Roof Live Load	0.6 klf
Snow Load	0.38 klf
Wind Uplift	-0.28 klf
Dead Load (Beam Self Weight)	0.09 klf
$W_{u\text{-roof}}$	1.07 klf
Girder Reactions	331.70 kips

Level 2

Floor System Load	1.12 klf	
Beam Self weight	0.132 klf	
Dead Load	1.25 klf	
Live Load	1.20 klf	
$W_{u\text{-2}}$	3.42 klf	
$Y_R$	447.26 kips	
$Y_2$	369.36 kips	
$\alpha$	1	
$N_R$	0.895 kips	Eq C2-2
$N_2$	0.739 kips	Eq C2-1

Eccentricity

Column Web Thickness, $t_w$	0.295 in
Connection Distance (Assumed)	2.5 in
$e$	2.6475 in
Say 3" eccentricity	

*Run Computer model in SAP2000*

**Design of Bottom Columns (Members 3 & 5)**

First Order Analysis Forces

	Top	Bottom	
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{unt}$	283.85 kips	283.85 kips	
Ultimate Moment, $M_{unt}$	14.2 kip*ft	0 kip*ft	
Unbraced Length, $L_b$	15 ft		
Braced Frame Bay Width, $W_b$	36 ft	Plan Length, L	108 ft
Moment Frame Bay Width, $W_m$	24 ft	Plan Width, W	72 ft

Section Used **W12x50**

Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	71.9 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	64.2 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	391 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.25 in
$r_x$	5.18 in	$h_o$	11.6 in
$A_g$	14.6 in <sup>2</sup>	J	1.71 in <sup>4</sup>
$b_f$	8.08 in	$c_w$	1880 in <sup>6</sup>
$t_f$	0.64 in		
$h$	9.25 in		
$t_w$	0.37 in		

Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	6.92 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_r$	23.8 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi BF$	5.98 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	270 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_c$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		NONSLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM
KI	15 ft	
$P_c$	355 kips	Table 4-1

Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
$M_{max}$	14.20 kip*ft	$M_{ult}$
$M_A$	4.50 kip*ft	SAP
$M_B$	10.40 kip*ft	SAP
$M_C$	15.59 kip*ft	SAP
$C_b$	1.29	Eq F1-1

Zone 1, $M_c$	270 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, $M_c$	270.00 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, $F_{cr}$	84.66 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, $M_c$	452.92 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
$M_c$	270.00 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$

$P_r$	283.85 kips	$P_{unt}$
$P_y$	730.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.39	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	2763.25 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.60	0.6-0.4*( $M_1/M_2$ )
$B_1$	1.00	Eq A-8-3

Summary

$M_r$	14.20 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	270.00 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	283.9 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	355 kips	Referenced Above

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.80	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.85	Eq H1-1a
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	0.45	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.85	SECTION OK

### Design of Top Columns (Members 4 & 6)

#### First Order Analysis Forces

	Top	Bottom
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{unt}}$	284.8 kips	284.8 kips
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{unt}}$	15.09 kip*ft	0 kip*ft
Unbraced Length, $L_b$	15 ft	
Braced Frame Bay Width, $W_b$	36 ft	Plan Length, $L$
Moment Frame Bay Width, $W_m$	24 ft	108 ft
Plan Width, $W$		72 ft

Section Used **W12x50**

#### Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	71.9 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	64.2 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	391 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.25 in
$r_x$	5.18 in	$h_o$	11.6 in
$A_g$	14.6 in <sup>2</sup>	$J$	1.71 in <sup>4</sup>
$b_f$	8.08 in	$c_w$	1880 in <sup>6</sup>
$t_f$	0.64 in		
$h$	9.25 in		
$t_w$	0.37 in		

#### Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	6.92 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L_r$	23.8 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi BF$	5.98 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	270 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		NONSLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM
KI	15 ft	
P <sub>c</sub>	355 kips	Table 4-1

Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
M <sub>max</sub>	15.09 kip*ft	M <sub>ult</sub>
M <sub>A</sub>	5.42 kip*ft	SAP
M <sub>B</sub>	10.84 kip*ft	SAP
M <sub>C</sub>	16.26 kip*ft	SAP
C <sub>b</sub>	1.29	Eq F1-1

Zone 1, M <sub>c</sub>	270 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, M <sub>c</sub>	270.00 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, F <sub>cr</sub>	84.57 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, M <sub>c</sub>	452.47 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
M <sub>c</sub>	270.00 kip*ft	

Determine τ<sub>b</sub>

P <sub>r</sub>	284.80 kips	P <sub>unt</sub>
P <sub>y</sub>	730.00 kips	A <sub>g</sub> *F <sub>y</sub>
α	1	
αP <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>y</sub>	0.39	
τ <sub>b</sub>	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

P <sub>e1</sub>	2763.25 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, C <sub>mx</sub>	0.60	0.6-0.4*(M1/M2)
B <sub>1</sub>	1.00	Eq A-8-3

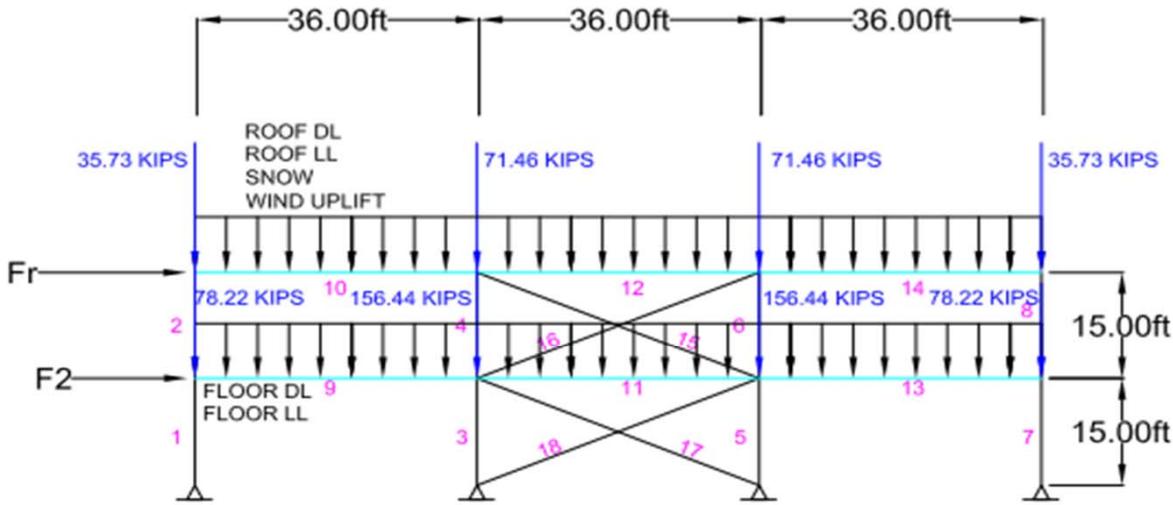
Summary

M <sub>r</sub>	15.09 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
M <sub>c</sub>	270.00 kip*ft	Referenced Above
P <sub>r</sub>	284.8 kips	Eq A-8-2
P <sub>c</sub>	355 kips	Referenced Above

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

P <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>c</sub>	0.80	
P <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>c</sub> >0.2	0.85	Eq H1-1a
P <sub>r</sub> /P <sub>c</sub> <0.2	0.46	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.85	SECTION OK

## South Braced Frame Design



# SOUTH BRACED FRAME (COLUMN LINE D)

$F_y$  50 ksi

### Sizing (From 30%)

Level 2 Beams/Girders	W14x132
Roof Level Beams/Girders	W14x90
Columns	W12x40
Bracing	W10x33

### Vertical Loading

Roof	
Roof Live Load, $W_{RLL}$	0.6 klf
Snow, $W_s$	0.38 klf
Wind Uplift, $W_{UU}$	-0.28 klf
Roof Dead Load= self weight of beam	
Girder Reactions on Interior Columns	71.46 kips
Girder Reactions on Exterior Columns	35.73 kips

### Level 2

Floor Dead Load, $W_{DL}$	1.12 klf
Floor Live Load, $W_{FL}$	1.2 klf
Girder Reactions on Interior Columns	156.44 kips
Girder Reactions on Exterior Columns	78.22 kips

### Lateral Loading

Seismic Force, Roof Level	4.31 kips
Seismic Force, Level 2	16.82 kips
Wind Force, Roof Level	6.27 kips
Wind Force, Level 2	12.54 kips

Determine Notional Loads

Roof

Roof Live Load	0.6 klf
Snow Load	0.38 klf
Wind Uplift	-0.28 klf
Dead Load (Beam Self Weight)	0.09 klf
$W_{u\text{-roof}}$	1.07 klf
Girder Reactions	107.19 kips

Level 2

Floor System Load	1.12 klf
Beam Self weight	0.132 klf
Dead Load	1.25 klf
Live Load	1.20 klf
$W_{u\text{-2}}$	3.42 klf
Girder Reactions	234.66 kips

$Y_R$  222.75 kips

$Y_2$  369.36 kips

$\alpha$  1

$N_R$  0.446 kips Eq C2-2

$N_2$  0.739 kips Eq C2-1

Eccentricity

Column Web Thickness, $t_w$	0.295 in
Connection Distance (Assumed)	2.5 in
$e$	2.6475 in
Say 3" eccentricity	

Run Computer model in SAP2000

Design of Bottom Columns (Members 3 & 5)

First Order Analysis Forces	Top	Bottom
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{unt}}$	295.93 kips	295.93 kips
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{unt}}$	13.37 kip*ft	0 kip*ft
Unbraced Length, $L_b$	15 ft	
Braced Frame Bay Width, $W_b$	36 ft	Plan Length, L 108 ft
Moment Frame Bay Width, $W_m$	24 ft	Plan Width, W 72 ft

Section Used **W12x50**

Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	71.9 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	64.2 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	391 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.25 in
$r_x$	5.18 in	$h_o$	11.6 in
$A_g$	14.6 in <sup>2</sup>	J	1.71 in <sup>4</sup>
$b_f$	8.08 in	$c_w$	1880 in <sup>6</sup>
$t_f$	0.64 in		
$h$	9.25 in		
$t_w$	0.37 in		

Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $l_p$	6.92 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $l_e$	23.8 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi BF$	5.98 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	270 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		NONSLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM
KI	15 ft	
$P_c$	355 kips	Table 4-1

Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
$M_{max}$	13.37 kip*ft	$M_{ult}$
$M_A$	4.79 kip*ft	SAP
$M_B$	9.58 kip*ft	SAP
$M_C$	14.37 kip*ft	SAP
$C_b$	1.29	Eq F1-1

Zone 1, $M_c$	270 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, $M_c$	270.00 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, $F_{cr}$	84.73 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, $M_c$	453.32 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
$M_c$	270.00 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$

$P_r$	295.93 kips	$P_{unt}$
$P_y$	730.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.41	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	2763.25 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.60	0.6-0.4*(M1/M2)
$B_1$	1.00	Eq A-8-3

Summary

$M_r$	13.37 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	270.00 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	295.9 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	355 kips	Referenced Above

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r / P_c$	0.83	
$P_r / P_c > 0.2$	0.88	Eq H1-1a
$P_r / P_c < 0.2$	0.47	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.88	SECTION OK

### Design of Top Columns (Members 4 & 6)

#### First Order Analysis Forces

	Top	Bottom	
Ultimate Axial Load, $P_{\text{unt}}$	103.15 kips	103.15 kips	
Ultimate Moment, $M_{\text{unt}}$	12.57 kip*ft	0 kip*ft	
Unbraced Length, $L_b$	15 ft		
Braced Frame Bay Width, $W_b$	36 ft	Plan Length, L	108 ft
Moment Frame Bay Width, $W_m$	24 ft	Plan Width, W	72 ft

Section Used **W12x40**

#### Section Properties (Table 1-1)

Plastic Section Modulus strong axis, $Z_x$	57 in <sup>3</sup>	$S_x$	51.5 in <sup>3</sup>
Moment of Inertia, $I_x$	307 in <sup>4</sup>	$r_{ts}$	2.21 in
$r_x$	5.13 in	$h_o$	11.4 in
$A_g$	11.7 in <sup>2</sup>	J	0.906 in <sup>4</sup>
$b_f$	8.01 in	$c_w$	1440 in <sup>6</sup>
$t_f$	0.515 in		
$h$	9.25 in		
$t_w$	0.295 in		

#### Beam Properties

Full plastic yielding unbraced length, $L_p$	6.85 ft	Table 3-2
Elastic/Inelastic LTB unbraced length, $L$	21.1 ft	Table 3-2
$\phi BF$	5.54 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi M_{px}$	214 kip*ft	Table 3-2

Slenderness Characteristics	Flexure		Compression
	$\lambda_p$	$\lambda_r$	$\lambda_r$
Flanges	9.15	24.08	13.49
	NONCOMPACT		SLENDER
Web	90.55	137.27	35.88
	COMPACT		NONSLENDER

#### Axial Capacity

K	1	K=1 for columns in DAM
KI	15 ft	
$P_c$	281 kips	Table 4-1

Flexure Capacity

Zone?	ZONE 2	
$M_{max}$	12.57 kip*ft	$M_{ult}$
$M_A$	14.37 kip*ft	SAP
$M_B$	9.58 kip*ft	SAP
$M_C$	4.79 kip*ft	SAP
$C_b$	1.24	Eq F1-1

Zone 1, $M_c$	214 kip*ft	Eq F2-1
Zone 2, $M_c$	219.14 kip*ft	Eq F2-2
Zone 3, $F_{cr}$	71.46 ksi	Eq F2-4
Zone 3, $M_c$	306.68 kip*ft	Eq F2-3
$M_c$	219.14 kip*ft	

Determine  $\tau_b$

$P_r$	103.15 kips	$P_{unt}$
$P_y$	585.00 kips	$A_g * F_y$
$\alpha$	1	
$\alpha P_r / P_y$	0.18	
$\tau_b$	1.00	Eq C2-2a

Determine B1

$P_{e1}$	2169.61 kips	Eq A-8-5
Modification Coefficient, $C_{mx}$	0.60	0.6-0.4*(M1/M2)
$B_1$	1.00	Eq A-8-3

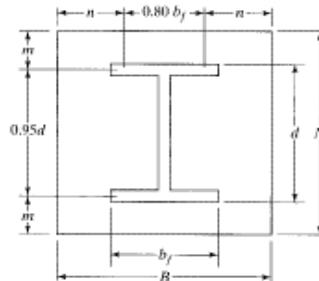
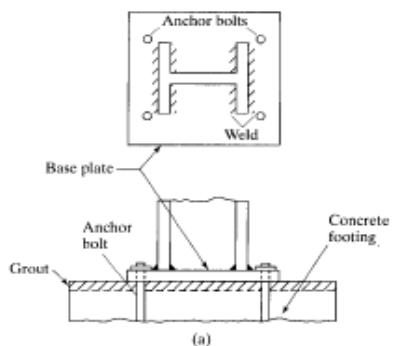
Summary

$M_r$	12.57 kip*ft	Eq A-8-1
$M_c$	219.14 kip*ft	Referenced Above
$P_r$	103.2 kips	Eq A-8-2
$P_c$	281 kips	Referenced Above

Combined Forces Interaction Equation

$P_r/P_c$	0.37	
$P_r/P_c > 0.2$	0.42	Eq H1-1a
$P_r/P_c < 0.2$	0.24	Eq H1-1b
Design Check	0.42	SECTION OK

## CONNECTIONS



Member Ref: 23  
Frame: Moment  
Floor: First  
Member: Column  
Ref. 2: 1-M

## ASSUMPTIONS:

**Footing dimensions**      B=      9      ft  
                                  L=      9      ft  
                                  A=      81      ft<sup>2</sup>

\*Loads

## 1. MATERIAL PROPERTIES:

Modulus of Elasticity: E = 29000 ksi  
Shear Modulus: G = 11200 ksi  
Yield Strength: F<sub>y</sub> = 36 ksi  
Concrete Compressive f'c = 3 ksi

## 2. LOADS:

Dead Load      DL=      200      kip  
Live Load      LL=      300      kip  
Factors       $\phi_t$ =      0.9  
                           $\phi_r$ =      0.75  
Compression       $\phi_c$ =      0.65

## LRFD

### 1) Demand:

Load      P<sub>u</sub> =      295      kip

### **1. PREVIOUS MEMBER GEOMETRIC INFORMATION:**

**Previous Selection:** **W10X68**

Plastic Modulus	Z =	85.3	in <sup>3</sup>
Flange Width	bf =	10.1	in
Depth:	d =	10.4	in

### **2. NEW MEMBER GEOMETRIC INFORMATION:**

**Base Plate:**

Width	Bw =	12	in	15 Project Information Least volume
Length	Nl =	12	in	
Area	A =	144	in <sup>2</sup>	
Thickness	t =	1.00	in	

**Minimal Area Check:** Amin = 89.0  
A>Amin ? OK

**Ratio Check** 31.18  
V(A2/A1)= OK

**Given Column Used:** m= 1.06 in  
n= 1.96 in  
n'= 2.56 in  
l = 2.56 in

Optimization m^n

D =	0.90
N =	10.33
B =	8.61
Acheck=	88.99 in <sup>2</sup>
Check	bf.d = 105.04 in <sup>2</sup>
	Acheck>bf.df ? YES

### **Concrete Bearing Strength Check**

$\phi_c P = 477.36 \text{ k}$
$\phi_c P > P_u ? \text{ YES}$

USE **1 18.00 18 in**  
w/ 2 in clearance for 3/4" diameter bolts

**ANSWER**

Prepared by: Matthew Laskey  
Checked by: Ana Gouveia

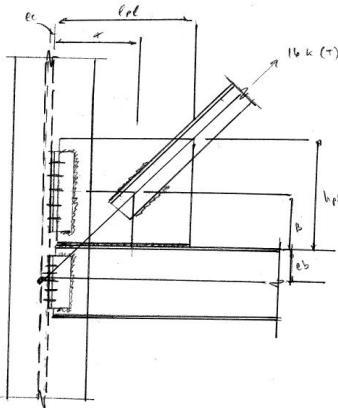
Date: 11/29/2014

This calculation is representative of all second floor bracing connections. This is due to the symmetrical values and the loading characteristics. The connection is also over designed, so any irregularities will be ok by inspection. The tensile forces acting on the connection from the brace below. Will also reduce the forces on the connector.

#### Connection Information:

Grid Line: 2  
Column Line: A  
Elevation: 2nd Floor

Story ht 15 ft  
Run 36 ft  
Angle from vert 67.38 deg  
  
P(t/c) 16 k  
E 29000 ksi



Column		Beam		Brace	
Section	W12x50	Section	W14x30	section	L6x4x.5
dbm	12.2 in	dbm	13.8 in	wbr	6 in
Fy	50 ksi	Fy	50 ksi	Fy	46 ksi
tf	0.64 in	k	0.785 in	Weld1 (br to gpl)	3 /16 in
tw	0.37 in	tw	0.27 in	lw=lamin	6 in

Gusset plate	
hpl	18 in
lpl	12 in
tpl	0.375 in
fy	36 ksi
Weld2 (gpl to bm)	6 /16 in
L1 (whit sec)	12.40 in

Note: 1) highest edge of brace set at 2" above top of beam  
2) left most edge of brace set at 1" from edge of connection angle

Connection angles	Desc	n rows	Angle		Length	Fy	Fu	Bolts
			size	leg2 /				
Gusset pl to column	dbl angle	5	4	3	0.5	15	36	0.75 A325
				2.81	3		58	
Beam to column	dbl angle	5	4	3	0.5	15	36	0.75 A325
				2.81	3		58	

Phi 0.75

#### 1. Brace to gusset connection

lamin load 1.077586 in >  
Use lamin 6 in

6 ?

USE 6 in

#### 2. calc min plate size

Check lplmin (min length to fit brace)

$$lplmin = (leg2 - .5" setback) + 1" clear + (wbr \cos(\theta)) + (lamin) \sin(\theta)$$

Iplmin= 11.35 in > 12 USE Ipl stated  
 Use Iplmin 12.00 = 12 in

Check hplmin (min height to fit brace)  
 $hplmin = 2'' \text{ clear} + (\text{wbrsin(theta)}) + (\text{laminCos(theta)})$   
 hplmin= 9.85 in > 18  
 Use hplmir 18.00 in

**3. Whitmore section check** 0.449219  
 Lwmin= 12.9282 in

calc tension yielding on whit sec (assumes all Lw in Gpl)  
 Ra 130.8981 k > 16 ? Plate OK

calc compr buckling on whit sec of Gpl (assume all Lw in Gpl)  
 K 0.5  
 L1 12.40  
 r 0.108253  
 $KL/r = 57.27279$  check if  $KL/r > 25$  eq for Ra buckling  
 Lambda c 0.642319  
 Fcr 30.29056  
 Ra bucklin 110.1382 k > 16 ? Plate OK

#### Geometry and force parameters

$\tan(\theta)$ : 2.399984  
 $eb=dbm/2$  6.9 in  
 $ec=dcol/2$  0.185 in  
 $Beta = (((ng-1)+3")/2) + 9$  in  
 $\alpha_{ideal} = eb\tan(\theta) - ec + \beta\tan(\theta)$   
 $\alpha_{ideal}$  37.97 in  
 $\alpha_{actual} = l_p/2 + 5"$  setback  
 $\alpha_{actual}$  6.5 in  
 Difference -31.47 in

#### 4. Forces

$r = \sqrt{(\alpha_{ideal} + ec)^2 + (beta + eb)^2}$   
 r= 41.33977 in

At gusset to col  
 $V_{nc} = (\beta/\alpha)rP_n$  3.483329 k  
 $H_{nc} = (ec/r)rP_n$  0.071602 k

At gusset to beam  
 $V_{nb} = (eb/r)rP_n$  2.670552 k  
 $H_{nb} = (\alpha_{ideal}/r)rP_n$  14.69761 k

At beam to col  
 $H = H_{nc} + H_{nb}$  14.76922 k  
 $V = V_{nb} + V_{nc}$  6.153881 k

#### 5. Gusset to column

Check bolts:  
 tensile force per bolt  $r_{nt} = H_c/2n$  0.00716 k/bolt < 19.9 allowable Bolts OK

Shear force per bolt  $r_{nv} = V_{nc}/2$  0.348333 k/bolt < 7.38 (slip critical)  
 Bolts OK  
 $f_v = r_{nv}/A_{bolt}$  0.788464 ksi

Check bearing strength at bolt holes

$$rbrg=\phi * 2.4 * dbolt * tl * Fu \quad 29.3625 \text{ k/bolt} \quad > \quad 0.348332885 \text{ Bearing strength OK}$$

#### 6. Check Angle

Prying action	b=g-tl/2	2.56 in
	a=osl-g	1.19 in
	b'=b-d/2	2.185 in
	a'=a+d/2	1.565 in
	p=b'/a'	1.396166
	d'=d+1/16	0.8125 in
	p=L/n	3 in
	small delta=1-(d'/p)	0.729167 in

$$\text{Beta} = (1/p) * (B/T) - 1 \quad 3.581236 \text{ if Beta} > 1 \text{ set alpha}' = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_{req} &= \sqrt{(4.44 * rnt * b') / (p * Fu * (1 + \delta\alpha'))} \\ t_{req} &= 0.022273 \text{ in} \quad < \quad 0.5 \text{ Angle thickness OK} \end{aligned}$$

#### 7. Check Weld of Angle to Gusset Plate

fillet welds on 3 sides of both angles

$$P_{nc} = \sqrt{H_{nc}^2 + V_{nc}^2}$$

$$P_{nc} = 3.484065$$

$$\Theta = \arctan(H_{nc}/V_{nc})$$

$$\theta = 34.13 \text{ deg}$$

$$\text{Length of Dbl Angle=} \quad 15 \text{ in}$$

$$kl = \text{leg2-1/2" setback=} \quad 2.5 \text{ in}$$

$$k=kl/l= \quad 0.167$$

From Table 8-8 w/ theta=30 Find x by interpolation.

$$x= \quad 0.022$$

$$xl= \quad 0.33 \text{ in}$$

$$al= \text{leg2-xl} \quad 2.67 \text{ in}$$

$$a=al/l= \quad 0.178$$

Find C by interpolation:

C=	2.69	0.15	2.43	0.167	0.2
		0.178		2.7784	2.95

phi=	0.75	0.2	2.29	2.625	2.79
------	------	-----	------	-------	------

$$\phi R_n = 181.575 \text{ k}$$

$$\phi R_n > P_{nc} = 3.484065 \text{ Weld OK}$$

#### 8. Check strength of angles

Check shear yielding due to V<sub>nc</sub>

$$\phi= \quad 1$$

$$Ag \text{ 1 angle=} \quad 7.5 \text{ in}^2$$

$$\phi R_n = \phi * 0.6 F_y * 2 * Ag = \quad 324 \text{ k} \quad > V_{nc}? = \quad 3.483328849 \text{ OK} \quad (\text{J4-3})$$

Check Shear Rupture

$$\phi= \quad 0.75$$

$$Anv= \quad 5.46875$$

$$\phi R_n = \phi * 0.6 F_u * 2 * Anv = \quad 285.4688 \text{ k} \quad > V_{nc}? = \quad 3.483328849 \text{ OK} \quad (\text{J4-4})$$

Check Block Shear Rupture

$$\phi R_n = \phi * [0.6 F_u * Anv + Ubs * Fu * Ant] * 2$$

$$\phi= \quad 0.75$$

$$Ubs= \quad 1 \text{ Tension stress uniform}$$

$.6FuAnv + UbsFuAnt =$  507.5  
 $.6FyAgv+UbsFuAnt =$  479.1875  
 $\phi R_n =$  718.7813 k  $> V_{nc}?$  = 3.483329 OK (J4-5)

Check Column Flange  
 $t_{flange} =$  0.64 >  $t_{req} =$  0.022273 OK

### 9. Gusset to Beam Design

$H_{nb} =$  14.69761 k [From Above]  
 $V_{nb} =$  2.670552 k [From Above]  
 $M_b = H_{beb} =$  101.4135 kin

$S_x = (h_{pl}-1)^2/3 =$  96.33333 in<sup>2</sup> Weld treated as a line.

Check gusset stress  
 $f_v = H_b/l_{pl}t_{pl} =$  3.266137 <  $\phi F_y =$  21.6 OK

$f_a =$  0.773649 ksi  $< \phi F_y =$  36 OK

User note on pg 16.1-126: When required stress is less than 30% of available stress, combined effects of stress need not be considered.

Weld Load  
 $f_r =$  0.629346 k/in  
 For ductility multiply by 1.4 = 0.881085 k/in

Weld Capacity AISC Part 8  
 $D =$  0.375 in  
 $\phi =$  0.75  
 $\theta =$  71.10  
 $\Delta u =$  0.024192 < .17D = 0.6375  
 $\Delta i =$  0.024192  
 $\Delta m =$  0.019848  
 $p =$  1.218859  
 $f(p) =$  0.993585  
 Weld Cap = 12.11488 k/in > 1.4fr? = 0.881 OK

Check beam web yielding @ gusset plate  
 $f_b =$  1.286635 ksi  $< \phi F_y b_m =$  37.5 OK

### 10. Beam to Column

$H_{nc} =$  14.76922 [From Above]  
 $V_{nc} =$  6.153881 [From Above]  
 $n =$  5

Check Bolts  
 $A_{bolt} =$  0.441786 in<sup>2</sup>  
 Tensile force per bolt  
 $r_{nt} =$  1.476922 k/bolt < 19.9 OK  
 Shear force per bolt  
 $r_{nv} =$  0.615388 k/bolt < 7.38 OK  
 $f_v =$  1.392954 ksi

Tension-shear interaction  
 $f_t =$  114.3534 < 90 Use 90  
 $\phi r_n =$  29.82059 k >  $r_{nt}?$  OK

Check Angle

### Prying

Because using same sized angle, all values same as section 6.

treq= 0.022273 in

check weld of angles to column

fillet welds on 3 sides of both angles

Pnc= 16 k

θ= 30.00

Length of Dbl Angle= 15 in

k<sub>l</sub>= leg2-1/2" setback = 2.5 in

k=k<sub>l</sub>/l= 0.167

From Table 8-8 w/ theta=30 Find x by interpolation.

x= 0.022

x<sub>l</sub>= 0.33 in

a<sub>l</sub>= leg2-x<sub>l</sub> 14.67 in

a=a<sub>l</sub>/l= 0.978

Find C by interpolation:

	0.1	0.167	0.2
--	-----	-------	-----

C= 2.69 0.15 2.43 2.7784 2.95

C<sub>1</sub>= 1 0.178 2.69

ϕ= 0.75 0.2 2.29 2.625 2.79

ϕRn= 181.575 k

ϕRn> Pnc= 16 Weld OK

Check Strength of angles

Check shear yielding due to V<sub>nc</sub>

ϕ= 1

Ag 1 angle= 7.5 in<sup>2</sup>

ϕRn= ϕ.6Fy2Ag= 324 k > V<sub>nc</sub>?= 6.153880967 OK (J4-3)

Check Shear Rupture

ϕ= 0.75

A<sub>nv</sub>= 5.46875

ϕRn= ϕ.6Fu2A<sub>nv</sub>= 285.4688 k > V<sub>nc</sub>?= 6.153880967 OK (J4-4)

Check Block Shear Rupture

ϕRn= ϕ[.6FuA<sub>nv</sub> + UbsFuAnt < .6FyAgv+UbsFuAnt]\*2

ϕ= 0.75

Ubs= 1 Tension stress uniform

.6FuA<sub>nv</sub> + UbsFuAnt= 507.5

.6FyAgv+UbsFuAnt= 479.1875

ϕRn= 718.7813 k >V<sub>nc</sub>?= 6.153881 OK (J4-5)

Check Column Flange

tflange= 0.64 > treq= 0.022273 OK

Prepared by: Matthew Laskey  
 Checked by: Ana Gouveia

Date: 11/29/2014

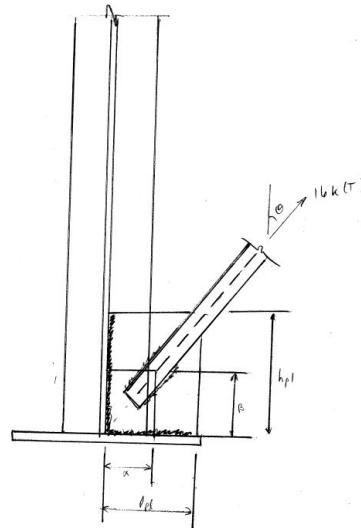
This calculation is representative of all first floor bracing connections. This is due to the symmetrical values and the loading characteristics. The connection is also over designed, so any irregularities will be ok by inspection.

Connection Information:

Grid Line: 2  
 Column Line: A  
 Elevation: 1st Floor

Story ht 15 ft  
 Run 36 ft  
 Angle from vert 67.38 deg

P(t/c) 16 k  
 E 29000 ksi



Column	
Section	W12x50
dbm	12.2 in
Fy	50 ksi
tw	0.37 in
tbplate	0.75 in
wbplate	16 in

Brace	
section	L6x4x.5
wbr	6 in
Fy	46 ksi
Weld1 (br to gpl)	3/16 in
w=lamin	8 in

Gusset plate	
hpl	18 in
lpl	12 in
tpl	0.375 in
fy	36 ksi
Weld2 (gpl to bm)	6/16 in
L1 (whit sec)	12.40 in

Note: 1) highest edge of brace set at 2" above top of beam  
 2) left most edge of brace set at 1" from edge of connection angle

Phi 0.75

**1. Brace to gusset connection**

lamin load 1.077586 in >  
 Use lamin= 6 in  
 U= 0.75  
 Lamin= 8 in

USE 6 in

**2. calc min plate size**

Check lplmin (min length to fit brace)

$I_{pl\min} = (\text{leg2} - 5\text{"setback}) + 1\text{"clear} + (\text{wbr}\cos(\theta)) + (\text{lamin})\sin(\theta)$   
 $I_{pl\min} = \boxed{11.69}$  in > 12 USE  $I_{pl}$  stated  
 Use  $I_{pl\min} = \boxed{12.00}$  = 12 in

Check  $h_{pl\min}$  (min height to fit brace)  
 $h_{pl\min} = 2\text{" clear} + (\text{wbr}\sin(\theta)) + (\text{lamin}\cos(\theta))$   
 $h_{pl\min} = \boxed{10.62}$  in > 18  
 Use  $h_{pl\min} = \boxed{18.00}$  in

**3. Whitmore section check** 0.449219  
 $L_{w\min} = 15.2376$  in

calc tension yielding on whit sec (assumes all  $L_w$  in Gpl)  
 $R_a = 154.2807$  k > 16 ? Plate OK

calc compr buckling on whit sec of Gpl (assume all  $L_w$  in Gpl)  
 $K = 0.5$   
 $L_1 = 12.40$   
 $r = 0.108253$   
 $KL/r = 57.27279$   
 $\Lambda_c = 0.642319$   
 $F_{cr} = 30.29056$   
 $R_a \text{ bucklin} = 129.8125$  k > 16 ? Plate OK

Geometry and force parameters

$\tan(\theta) = 2.40$   
 $e_b = d_{bm}/2 = 0.75$  in  
 $e_c = d_{col}/2 = 0.375$  in  
 $\beta = 1.242722$  in  
 $\alpha_{actua} = 4.41$  in  
 $\beta_{actl} = 9$   
 $\alpha_{actua} = 4.41$  in  
 Difference: 7.76 in

**4. Forces**  
 $r = \sqrt{(\alpha_{acti} + e_c)^2 + (e_b + \beta)^2}$   
 $r = 10.85978$  in

At gusset to col  
 $V_{nc} = (\beta/r)P_n = 13.25994$  k  
 $H_{nc} = (e_c/r)P_n = 0.552497$  k

At gusset to base plate  
 $V_{nb} = (e_b/r)P_n = 1.104995$  k  
 $H_{nb} = (\alpha_{ideal}/r)P_n = 6.493686$  k

## 5. Gusset to column Design

$H_{nc} = 0.552497$  k [From Above]  
 $V_{nc} = 13.25994$  k [From Above]

$S_x = (h_{pl} - 1)^{2/3} = 96.33333$  in<sup>2</sup> Weld treated as a line.

Check weld strength of vertical weld

$f_x = f_a = 0.06074 \text{ k/in}$   
 $f_y = f_v = 0.389998 \text{ k/in}$

$f_r = 0.3947 \text{ k/in}$   
For ductility, multiply by 1.4= 0.55258 k/in

Weld Capacity AISC Part 8  
D= 0.375 in  
 $\phi = 0.75$   
 $\theta = 9.86$   
 $\Delta u = 0.067608 < .17D = 0.6375$   
 $\Delta i = 0.067608$   
 $\Delta m = 0.035516$   
 $p = 1.903577$   
 $f(p) = 0.733282$   
Weld Cap= **8.94 k/in** > 1.4fr?= 0.553 **OK**

#### 6. Gusset to Base Plate

$H_{nb} = 6.493686 \text{ k}$  [From Above]  
 $V_{nb} = 1.104995 \text{ k}$  [From Above]

Check weld strength of horizontal weld

$l_{wh} = 6.815 \text{ in}$   
 $f_x = f_v = 0.48 \text{ k/in}$   
 $f_y = f_a = 0.08 \text{ k/in}$

$f_r = 0.48 \text{ k/in}$   
for ductility, multiply by 1.4= 0.677 k/in

Weld Capacity AISC Part 8  
D= 0.375 in  
 $\phi = 0.75$   
 $\theta = 9.66$   
 $\Delta u = 0.068 < .17D = 0.6375$   
 $\Delta i = 0.068$   
 $\Delta m = 0.036$   
 $p = 1.909$   
 $f(p) = 0.727998$   
Weld Cap= **8.88 k/in** > 1.4fr?= 0.677 **OK**

#### 7. Gusset plate stresses

##### a. Normal load

normal load = larger of  $f_{x\text{top}}$  or  $f_{y\text{bott}}$   
 $f_{x\text{top}} = 0.06$   
 $f_{y\text{bott}} = 0.08$   
Normal load= 0.08 k/in

Plate stress= normalload\* 2welds\* 1in long/ tpi\*1in long

plate stress= 0.432378 ksi <  $\phi F_y$ ?= 32.4 OK

b. Shear Load

Shear load larger of  $f_{ytop}$  or  $f_{xbott}$

$f_{ytop}$  0.389998

$f_{xbott}$  0.48

shear load 0.48 k/in

Plate stress=  $\text{shearload} * 2 \text{welds} * 1\text{in long} / \text{tpl} * 1\text{in long}$

Plate stress= 2.540939 ksi <  $\phi .6 F_y$ ?= 19.44 OK

## Moment Frame Connection Design-Level 2

Given:

Girder	W12x53	Column	W10x68
depth, d	12.1 in	depth, d	10.4 in
$t_f$	0.575 in	$t_f$	0.77 in
$b_f$	10 in	$b_f$	10.1 in
$t_w$	0.345 in	$t_w$	0.47 in
		k	1.27 in

### Flange Plates

t	3/4 in	$F_y$	36 ksi	$F_u$	58 ksi
w	10 in	<0.15*bf (column)?	CHECK FLANGE LOCAL BENDING J10.1		
unbraced length, $L_p$	3 in				
# of rows	2	Gage	7 in	Spacing	3 in
A325N, bolt dia.	7/8 in	Hole std		# bolts	10 per flange
				Conn. Length	12 in
				Edge Distance	2 in

### Flange-Column Weld

Electrode Strength,  $F_u$  70 ksi

### Flange CJP Weld:

Length	10 in
Size	1/2 in

### Double Angle Connection

t	1/4 in	weld size	1/4 in
# bolts/row, n	4	Weld Length	11.5 in (L)
A325N, bolt dia.	3/4 in	Hole	std

### Beam End Forces (LRFD)

Shear, V	78.22 kips
Moment, M	239.01 kip*ft

### Determine:

Connection adequacy and need for column stiffeners

## Solution

---

### Determine Flange and Web Shear Forces

Flange Force, T=C      237.03 kips      M/d  
Web Shear Force      78.22 kips      Given

### Tensile Strength of Flange Plate

a. Tensile Yield,  $P_n$

Gross Area,  $A_g$       7 1/2 in<sup>2</sup>

Nom. Tensile Yield,  $P_n$       270      kips      Eq D2-1

$\Phi$       0.9

$\Phi P_n$       243      kips

OK

b. Tensile Rupture,  $P_n$

Effective Area,  $A_e$       6.00 in<sup>2</sup>

Nom. Tensile Rupt.,  $P_n$       348.00 kips

$\Phi$       0.75

$\Phi P_n$       261.00 kips

OK

### Flange Plate Block Shear

$A_{nt}$       3.00 in<sup>2</sup>

$A_{nv}$       28.50 in<sup>2</sup>

$A_{gv}$       42.00 in<sup>2</sup>

x=y for WT6x26.5      1.02 in

U      1.00

$0.6 * F_u * A_{nv} + U * F_u * A_{nt}$        $0.6 * F_y * A_{gv} + U * F_u * A_{nt}$       Eq J4-5

1165.8 kips      1081 kips

$R_n$       1081.20 kips

$\Phi$       0.75

$\Phi R_n$       810.90 kips

OK

### Flange Plate Bolt Bearing

Find Minimum clear distance,  $L_c$

Interior  $L_c$  2.00 in

Edge  $L_c$  1.50 in

Min  $L_c$  1.50 in

Tearout

78.30 kips/bolt

Deformation

91.35 kips/bolt

Eq J3-6A

Nominal Strength,  $R_n$  78.30 kips/bolt

Nominal Plate Bearing

Strength,  $P_n$  783 kips

$\Phi$  0.75

$\Phi P_n$  587.25 kips

OK

### Bolt Shear

Bolt Area,  $A_b$  0.60 in<sup>2</sup>

A325N,  $F_{nv}$  54 ksi Table J3.2

$R_n$  32.47 kips/bolt

Bolt Shear Strength 324.71 kips

$\Phi$  0.75

$\Phi P_n$  243.53

OK

### Flange Plate Compressive Strength

K 0.65 Table C-A-7.1

$r_y$  0.22 in  $t/\sqrt{12}$

$KL_p/r$  9.01 Eq J-4-6 Applies

Effective Plate width,  $l_w$  10 in

Effective gross area,  $A_{ge}$  7.5 in<sup>2</sup>

$P_n$  270 kips Nominal Compressive Strength, Eq J4-6

$F_{cr}$  32.3 ksi Table 4-22

$\Phi$  0.9

$\Phi P_n$  243

OK

### Evaluate Double-angle connection

Strength of welds      **79.9 kips**      Table 10-2 (Case II)  
OK

Bolt/Angle Strength      **101 kips**      Table 10-1  
OK

Bolt bearing on web      **351 k/in**      **121.10 kips**      Table 10-1  
OK

### Check Column with concentrated forces

Flange local bending

$R_n$	133.40 kips	J10-1
$\Phi$	<b>0.9</b>	
$\Phi R_n$	120.06 kips	

OK

### Web Local Yielding

$R_n$	104.48 kips	J10-3
$\Phi$	<b>1</b>	
$\Phi R_n$	104.48 kips	

OK

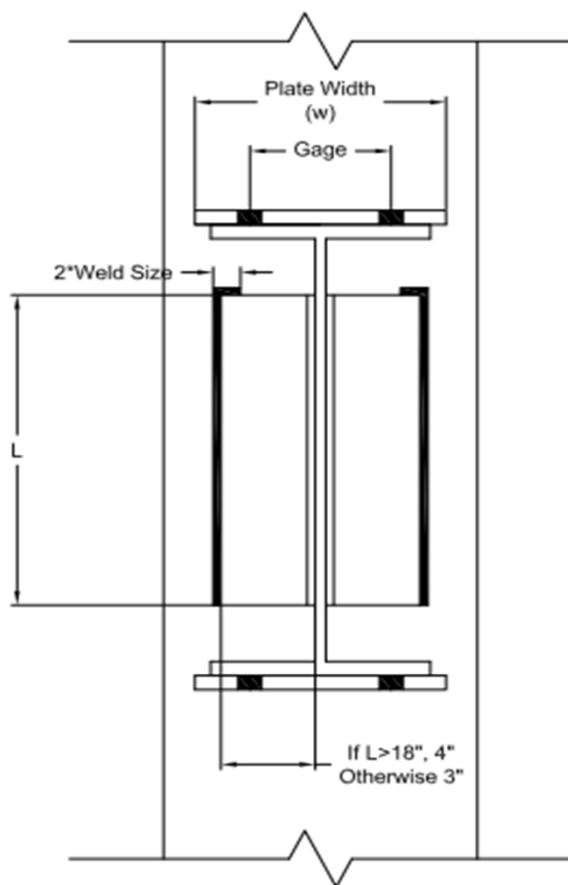
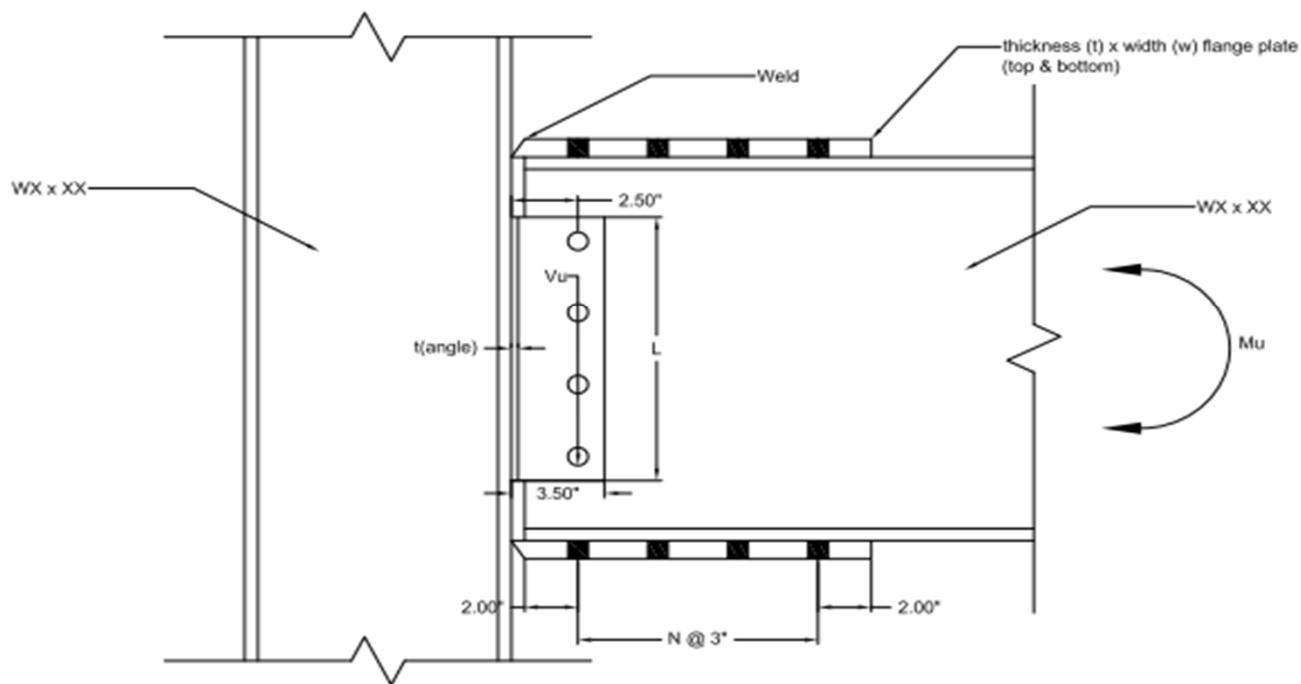
### Web Crippling Parameters

$R_n$	326.50	J10-4
$\Phi$	<b>0.75</b>	
$\Phi R_n$	244.87	

OK

## Summary

---



Girder: W12x53  $M_u = 239.01 \text{ kip*ft}$   
Column: W10x68  $V_u = 78.22 \text{ kips}$

Flange Plate:

Thickness, t	3/4 in	$F_y$	36 ksi	$F_u$	58 ksi
width, w	10 in				
# of rows	2				
Hole	std				
A325N, bolt dia.	7/8 in				
# bolts	10 per flange				
Gage	7 in				

Flange-Column Weld:

Electrode Strength,  $F_u$  70 ksi

Flange CJP Weld:

Length	10 in
Size	1/2 in

Double Angle Connection:

Weld to column, bolt to girder

Angle properties:

t	1/4 in
L	11.5 in
Leg Connect. to Column	3 in
Leg connect. To girder	3.5 in
weld size	1/4 in
Hole	std
# bolts/row, n	4 (Bolts spaced at 3" O.C.)
A325N, bolt dia.	3/4 in

## Moment Frame Connection Design-Roof Level

Given:

Girder	W10x39	Column	W10x68
depth, d	9.92 in	depth, d	10.4 in
$t_f$	0.53 in	$t_f$	0.77 in
$b_f$	7.99 in	$b_f$	10.1 in
$t_w$	0.315 in	$t_w$	0.47 in
		k	1.27 in

### Flange Plates

t	1/2 in	$F_y$	36 ksi	$F_u$	58 ksi
w	8 in	<0.15*bf (column)?	CHECK FLANGE LOCAL BENDING J10.1		
unbraced length, $L_p$	3 in				
# of rows	2	Gage	6 in	Spacing	3 in
A325N, bolt dia.	7/8 in	Hole std		# bolts	4 per flange
				Conn. Length	3 in
				Edge Distance	2 in

### Flange-Column Weld

Electrode Strength,  $F_u$  70 ksi

### Flange CJP Weld:

Length	8 in
Size	1/2 in

### Double Angle Connection

Thickness, t	1/4 in	weld size	1/4 in	
# bolts/row, n	3	Weld Length	8.5 in	(L)
A325N, bolt dia.	3/4 in	Hole	std	

### Beam End Forces (LRFD)

Shear, V	35.73 kips
Moment, M	77.18 kip*ft

### Determine:

Connection adequacy and need for column stiffeners

## Solution

---

### Determine Flange and Web Shear Forces

Flange Force, T=C      93.36 kips      M/d  
Web Shear Force      35.73 kips      Given

### Tensile Strength of Flange Plate

a. Tensile Yield,  $P_n$

Gross Area,  $A_g$       4      in<sup>2</sup>

Nom. Tensile Yield,  $P_n$       144      kips      Eq D2-1

$\Phi$       0.9

$\Phi P_n$       129.6 kips

OK

b. Tensile Rupture,  $P_n$

Effective Area,  $A_e$       3.00 in<sup>2</sup>

Nom. Tensile Rupt.,  $P_n$       174.00 kips

$\Phi$       0.75

$\Phi P_n$       130.50 kips

OK

### Flange Plate Block Shear

$A_{nt}$       1.00 in<sup>2</sup>

$A_{nv}$       7.00 in<sup>2</sup>

$A_{gv}$       10.00 in<sup>2</sup>

x=y for WT6x26.5      1.02 in

U      1.00

$0.6 * F_u * A_{nv} + U * F_u * A_{nt}$        $0.6 * F_y * A_{gv} + U * F_u * A_{nt}$       Eq J4-5

301.6 kips      274 kips

$R_n$       274.00 kips

$\Phi$       0.75

$\Phi R_n$       205.50 kips

OK

### Flange Plate Bolt Bearing

Find Minimum clear distance,  $L_c$

Interior  $L_c$  2.00 in

Edge  $L_c$  1.50 in

Min  $L_c$  1.50 in

Tearout

52.20 kips/bolt

Deformation

60.9 kips/bolt

Eq J3-6A

Nominal Strength,  $R_n$  52.20 kips/bolt

Nominal Plate Bearing

Strength,  $P_n$  208.8 kips

$\Phi$  0.75

$\Phi P_n$  156.6 kips

OK

### Bolt Shear

Bolt Area,  $A_b$  0.60 in<sup>2</sup>

A325N,  $F_{nv}$  54 ksi Table J3.2

$R_n$  32.47 kips/bolt

Bolt Shear Strength 129.89 kips

$\Phi$  0.75

$\Phi P_n$  97.41

OK

### Flange Plate Compressive Strength

K 0.65 Table C-A-7.1

$r_y$  0.14 in  $t/\sqrt{12}$

$KL_p/r$  13.51 Eq J-4-6 Applies

Effective Plate width,  $l_w$  8 in

Effective gross area,  $A_{ge}$  4 in<sup>2</sup>

$P_n$  144 kips Nominal Compressive Strength, Eq J4-6

$F_{cr}$  32.3 ksi Table 4-22

$\Phi$  0.9

$\Phi P_n$  129.6

OK

### Evaluate Double-angle connection

Strength of welds      **48.1 kips**      Table 10-2 (Case II)  
OK

Bolt/Angle Strength      **76.4 kips**      Table 10-1  
OK

Bolt bearing on web      **263 k/in**      **82.85 kips**      Table 10-1  
OK

### Check Column with concentrated forces

Flange local bending

$R_n$	133.40 kips	J10-1
$\Phi$	<b>0.9</b>	
$\Phi R_n$	120.06 kips	

OK

### Web Local Yielding

$R_n$	104.48 kips	J10-3
$\Phi$	<b>1</b>	
$\Phi R_n$	104.48 kips	

OK

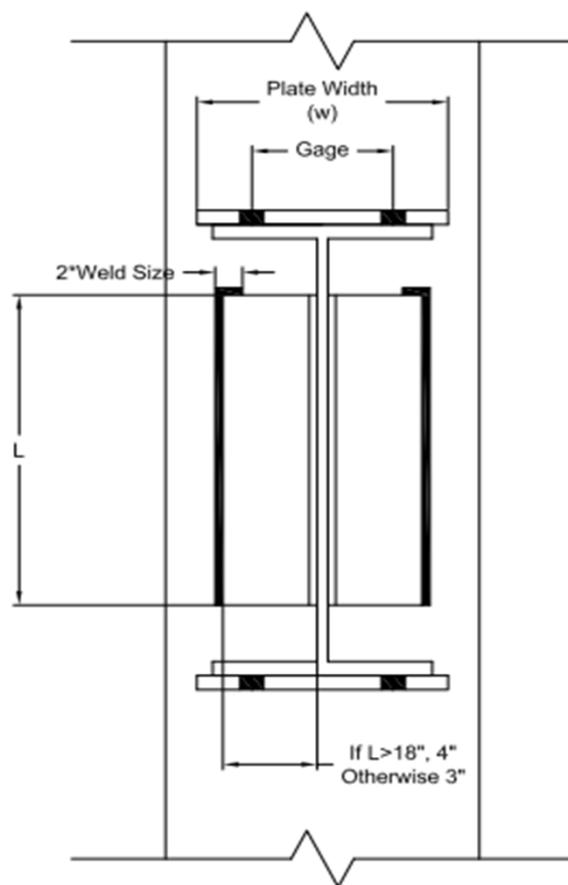
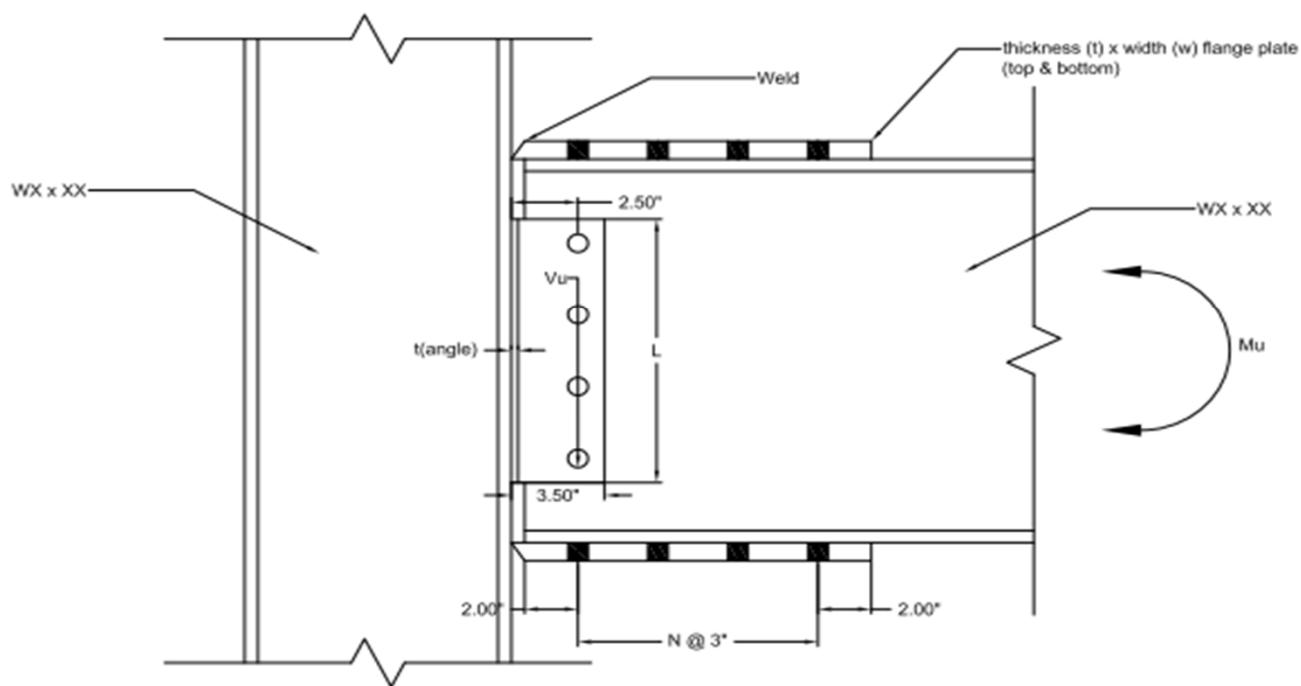
### Web Crippling Parameters

$R_n$	326.50	J10-4
$\Phi$	<b>0.75</b>	
$\Phi R_n$	244.87	

OK

## Summary

---



Girder: W10x39  $M_u = 77.18 \text{ kip*ft}$   
Column: W10x68  $V_u = 35.73 \text{ kips}$

Flange Plate:

Thickness, t	1/2 in	$F_y$	36 ksi	$F_u$	58 ksi
width, w	8 in				
# of rows	2				
Hole	std				
A325N, bolt dia.	7/8 in				
# bolts	4 per flange				
Gage	6 in				

Flange-Column Weld:

Electrode Strength,  $F_u$  70 ksi

Flange CJP Weld:

Length	8 in
Size	1/2 in

Double Angle Connection:

Weld to column, bolt to girder

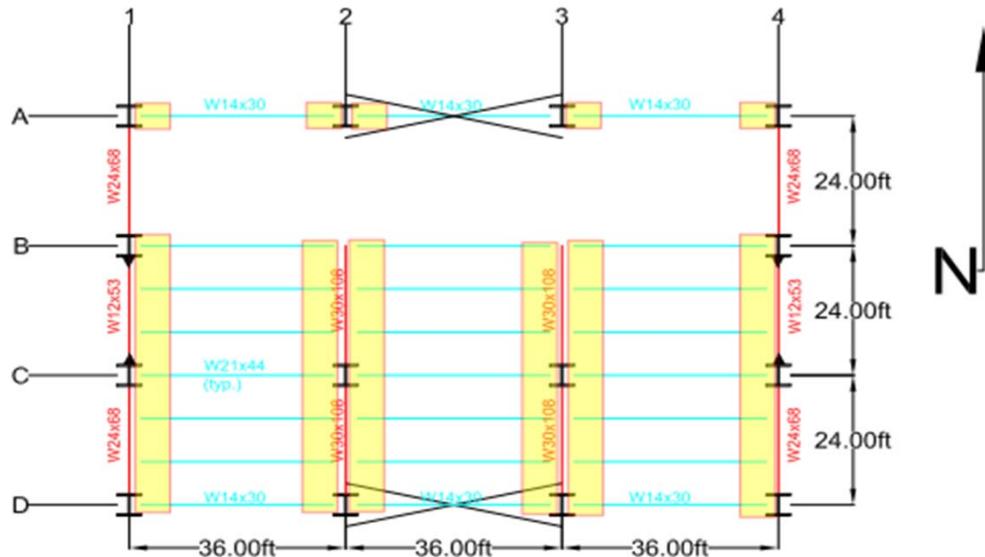
Angle properties:

t	1/4 in
L	8.5 in
Leg Connect. to Column	3 in
Leg connect. To girder	3.5 in
weld size	1/4 in
Hole	std
# bolts/row, n	3 (Bolts spaced at 3" O.C.)
A325N, bolt dia.	3/4 in

## Simple Shear Connection Design - Level 2

### BEAM CONNECTIONS

Connections highlighted below:

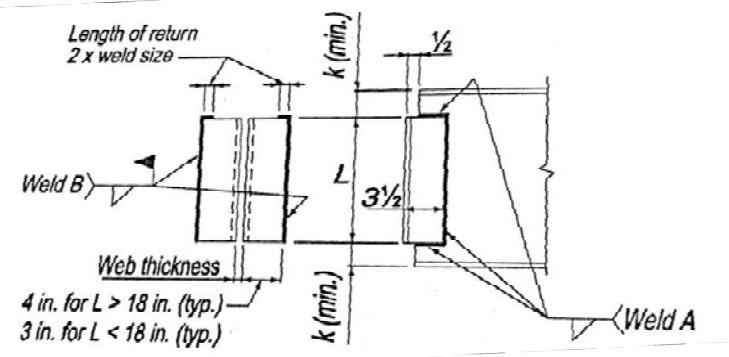


### LEVEL 2

$P_u$       39.11 kips      Shear reaction

Use all welded double angle connections

Table 10-3: Available Weld Strength of All-Welded Double Angle Connections



Welds with the following specifications meet requirements:

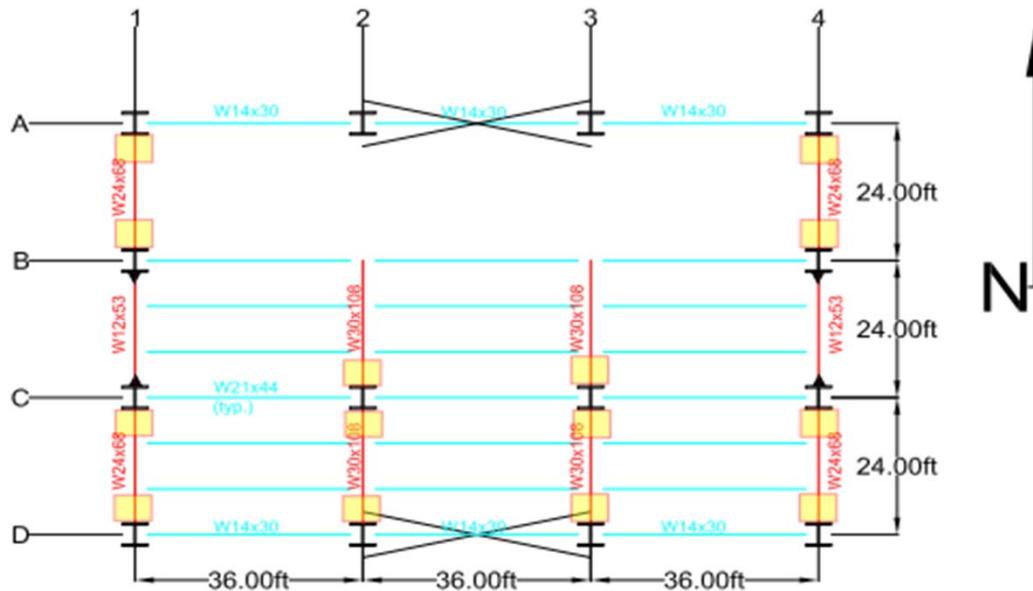
L            6 in  
Weld B      5/16 in

Angle Width on Supporting  
element        3 in  
Weld A        3/16 in  
Angle Thickness    0.25 in              Weld size+(1/16)

*Use (2) 3.5x3x1/4 angles*

## GIRDER CONNECTIONS

Connections highlighted below:



## LEVEL 2

$P_u$  156.44 kips

**Use all bolted double angle connection**

Table 10-1: All Bolted Double-Angle Connections

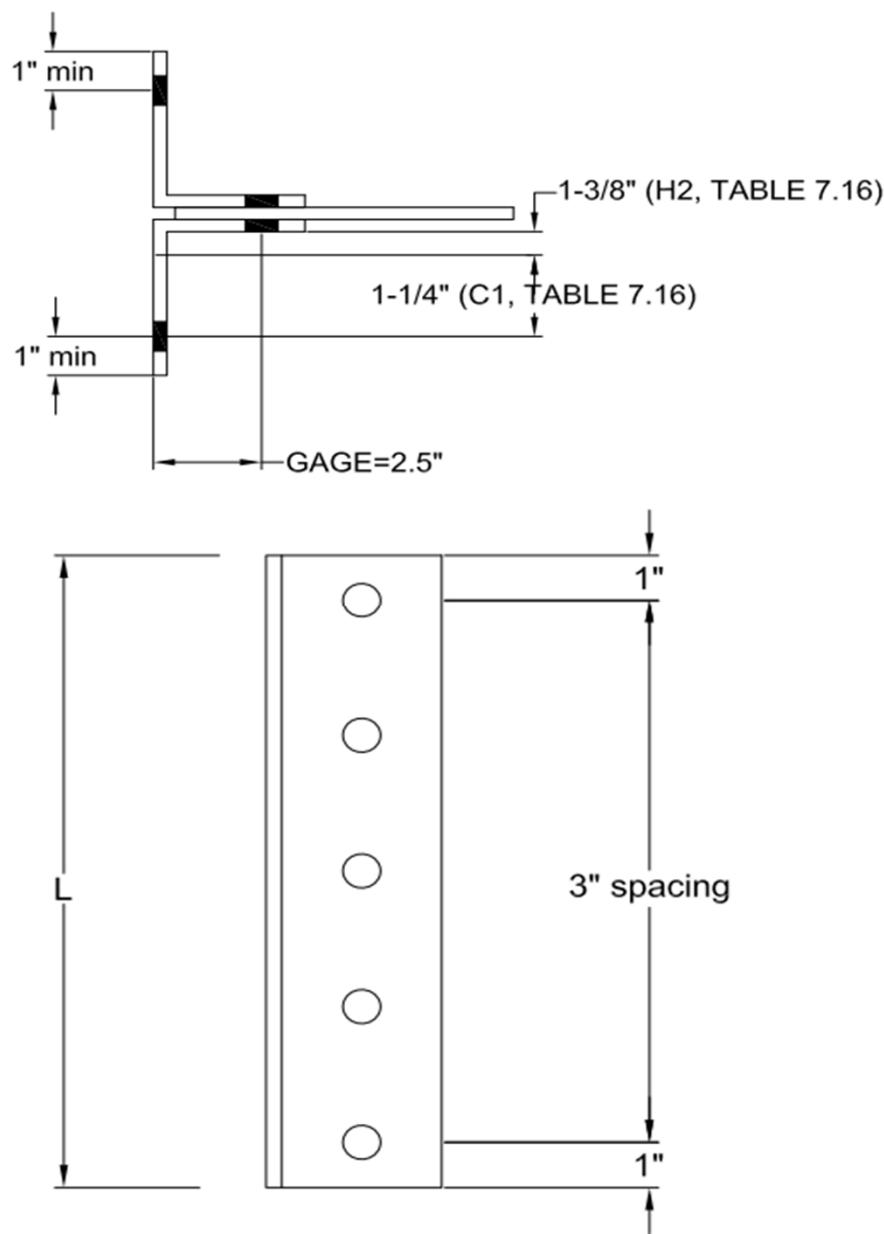
Following bolt specifications meet requirements:

5 rows, 3/4" bolts

Group A, threads included, STD hole

3/8" angle thickness

Size angle: \_\_\_\_\_



Number of spaces, N	4	
Girder $t_w$	0.545 in	
Angle thickness, t	3/8 in	
$H_2$	1 3/8 in	Table 7.16
$C_1$	1 1/4 in	Table 7.16
Gage	2.5 in	Assumed
Min. edge distance	1 in	Assumed

Leg Length bolted to girder: 3.5 in (Gage+1")  
Use 3.5 in

Leg length bolted to column: 4.00 in ( $t+H_2+C_1+1"$ )  
Use 4 in

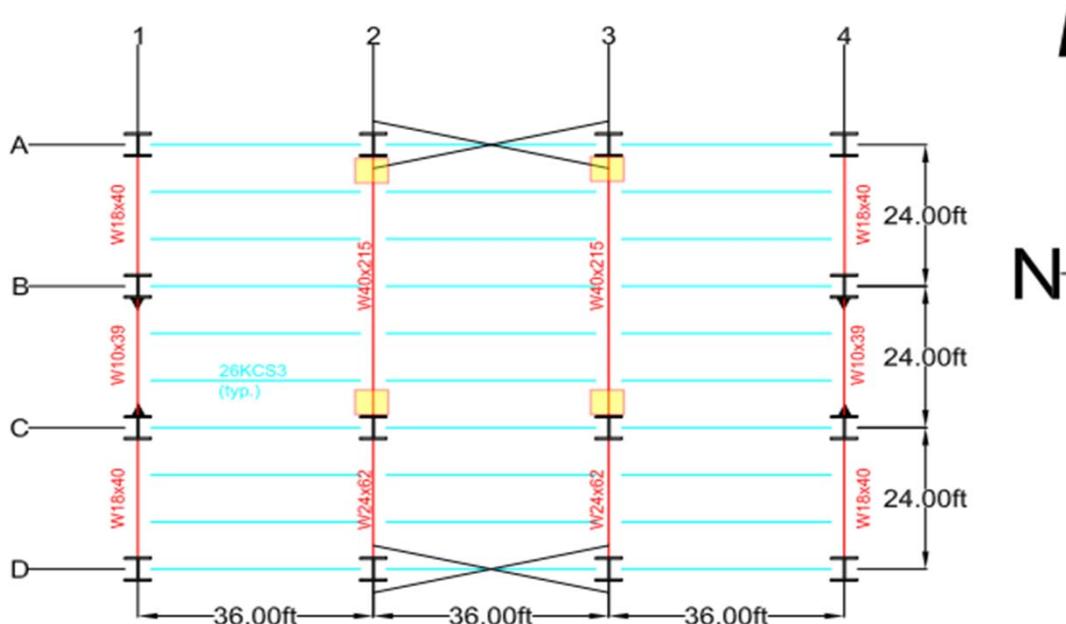
Angle Length 14

**Use (2) 4 x 3.5 x 3/8 x 1'-2" angles**

## Simple Shear Connection Design - Roof Level

### GIRDER CONNECTIONS

Connections highlighted below:



### ROOF LEVEL

$P_u$  295.97 kips

**Use all bolted double angle connection**

Table 10-1: All Bolted Double-Angle Connections

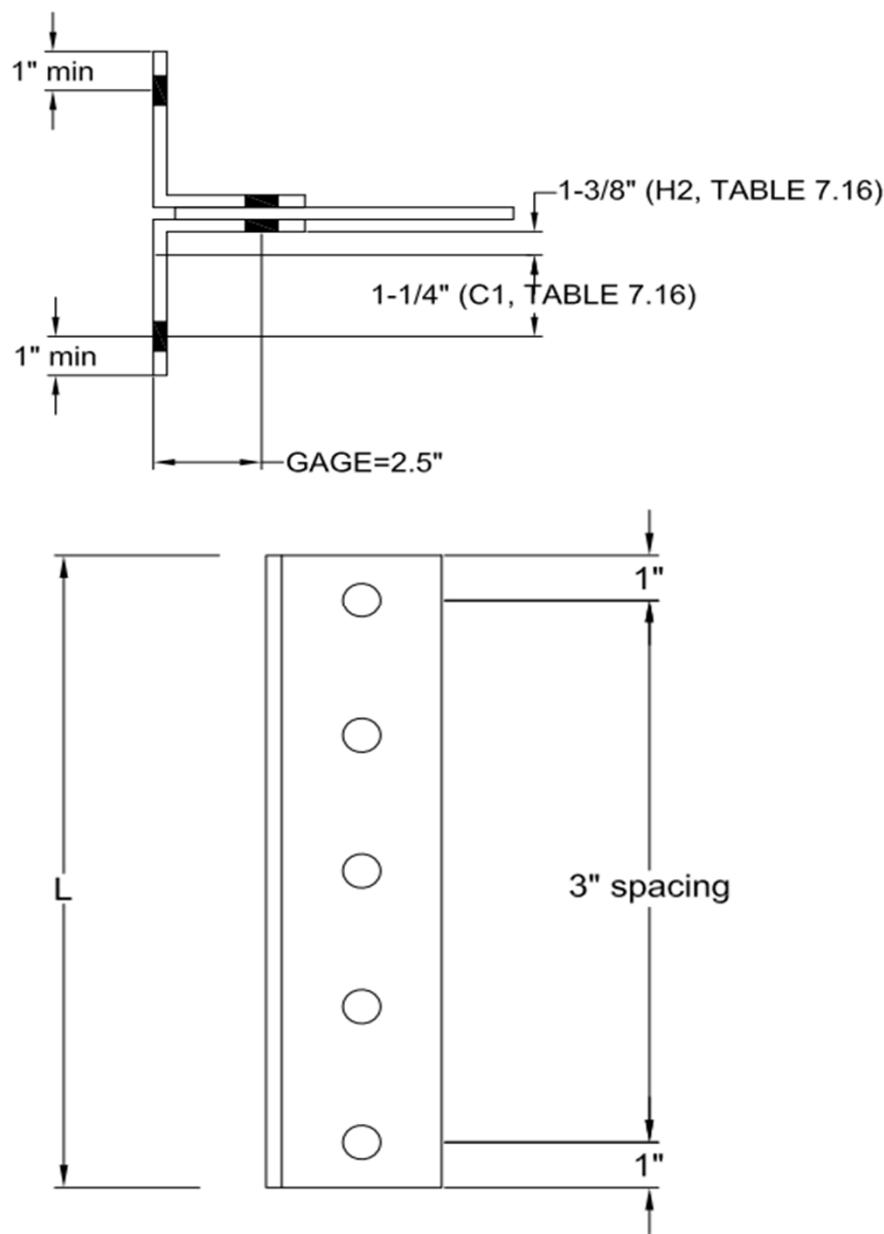
Following bolt specifications meet requirements:

9 rows, 3/4" bolts

Group A, threads included, STD hole

3/8" angle thickness

Size angle: \_\_\_\_\_



Number of spaces, N	8	
Girder t <sub>w</sub>	0.65 in	
Angle thickness, t	3/8 in	
H <sub>2</sub>	1 3/8 in	Table 7.16
C <sub>1</sub>	1 1/4 in	Table 7.16
Gage	2.5 in	Assumed
Min. edge distance	1 in	Assumed

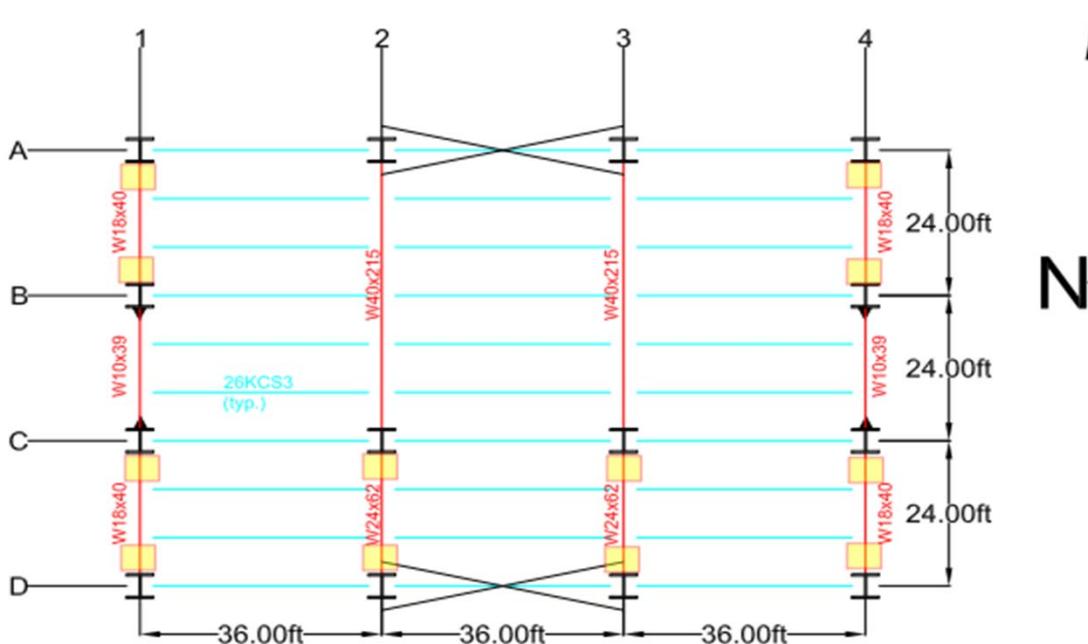
Leg Length bolted to  
girder: 3.5 in (Gage+1")  
Use 3.5 in

Leg length bolted to  
column: 4.00 in  $(t+H_2+C_1+1")$   
Use 4 in

Angle Length 26

**Use (2) 4 x 3.5 x 3/8 x 2'-2" angles**

Connections highlighted below:



## ROOF LEVEL

$P_u$  71.46 kips

**Use all bolted double angle connection**

Table 10-1: All Bolted Double-Angle Connections

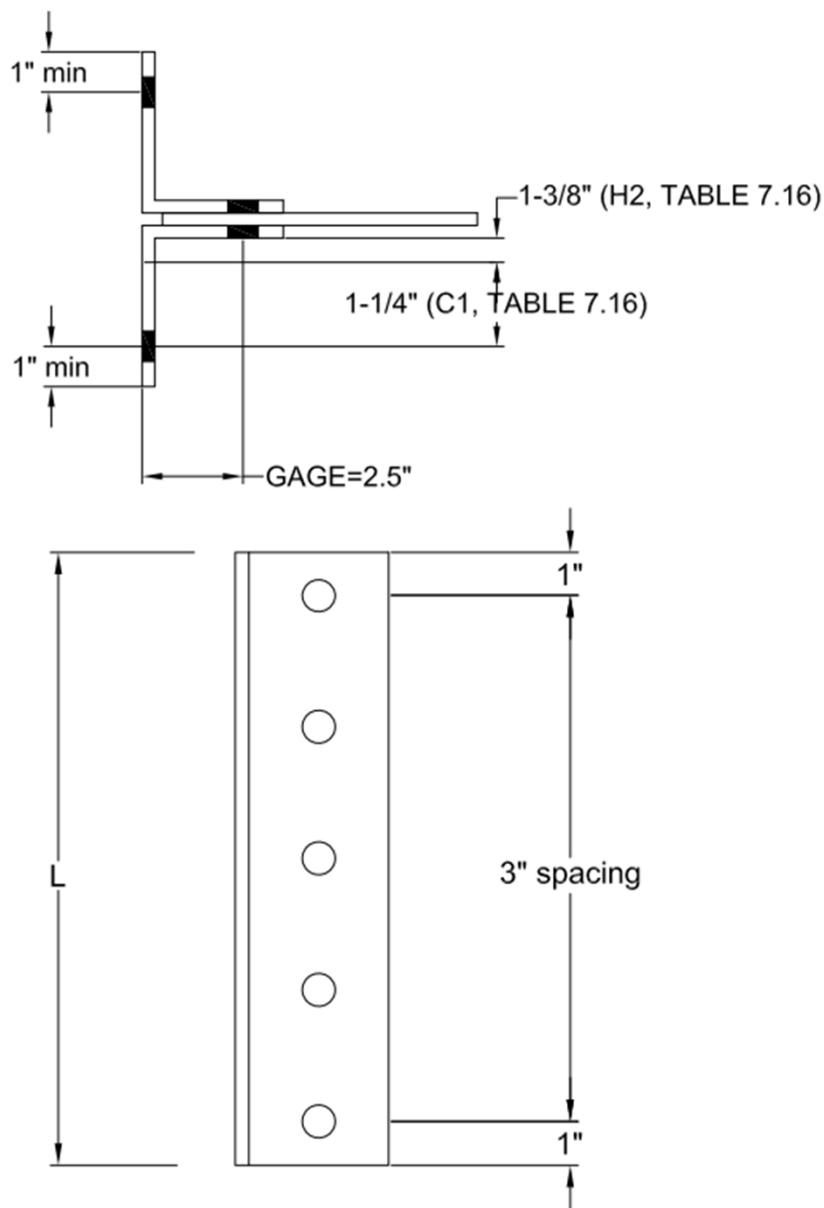
Following bolt specifications meet requirements:

4 rows, 3/4" bolts

Group A, threads included, STD hole

1/4" angle thickness

Size angle: \_\_\_\_\_



Number of spaces, N	3	
Girder $t_w$	0.43 in	
Angle thickness, t	1/4 in	
H <sub>2</sub>	1 3/8 in	Table 7.16
C <sub>1</sub>	1 1/4 in	Table 7.16
Gage	2.5 in	Assumed
Min. edge distance	1 in	Assumed

Leg Length bolted to girder: 3.5 in (Gage+1")  
Use 3.5 in

Leg length bolted to column: 3.88 in ( $t+H_2+C_1+1"$ )  
Use 4 in

Angle Length 11

**Use (2) 4 x 3.5 x 1/4 x 11" angles**

Prepared by: Matthew Laskey  
Checked by: Ana Gouveia

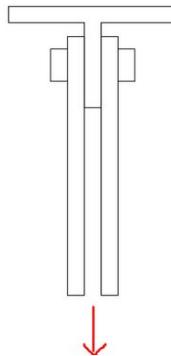
Date: 11/29/2014

Hanger Tension Member Design  
Loading Referenced from "Hanger Connection Design"

The tension member will consist of two narrow steel plates bolted together at the WT member. The only forces acting on this member is tension.

$$P_u = 117.33 \text{ k}$$
$$P_u = 58.665 \text{ k/tension member}$$

Steel Plates	WT12x96 Member		
tpl=	1 in	d=	12.7 in
wpl=	14 in	k=	1.96 in
Fy=	36 ksi	d-k=	10.74 in
Fu=	58 ksi		



**Plates**

Allowable tensile yielding (AISC 16.D.2)

$$\phi = 0.9$$
$$A_g = 14 \text{ in}^2$$
$$P_n = 504 \text{ k}$$
$$\phi P_n = 453.6 \text{ k/member}$$

Allowable Tensile rupture

$$\phi = 0.75$$
$$A_n = 11.375 \text{ in}^2$$
$$U = 1 \text{ Table D3.1}$$
$$A_e = 11.375 \text{ in}^2$$
$$P_n = 659.75 \text{ k}$$
$$\phi P_n = 494.8125 \text{ k/member}$$

Block Shear of Plates

$$\phi = 0.75$$
$$U_{bs} = 1 \text{ Uniform tension stress}$$
$$R_n = .6F_u A_n v + U_{bs} F_u A_{nt} < .6F_y A_g v + U_{bs} F_u A_{nt}$$
$$.6F_u A_n v + U_{bs} F_u A_{nt} = 659.75 \text{ k}$$
$$.6F_y A_g v + U_{bs} F_u A_{nt} = 659.75 \text{ k}$$
$$\phi R_n = 395.85 \text{ k/member}$$

Check

yield	453.6 k/member	>	58.665 OK
Rupture	494.8125 k/member	>	58.665 OK
Block	395.85 k/member	>	58.665 OK

## Bolts

Using A325N 3/4" diameter bolts

n= 3

dia= 0.75 in

Ab= 0.44 in<sup>2</sup>

Fnt= 90 ksi Table J3.2

Fnv= 54 ksi Table J3.3

Tensile Strength of Bolts AISC J3.6

ϕ= 0.75

Rnt= 39.76 k

ϕRnt= 29.82 k/bolt

Shear Strength of Bolts (double Shear) AISC J3.6

ϕ= 0.75

Rnv= 23.86 k

ϕRnv= 17.89 k/bolt

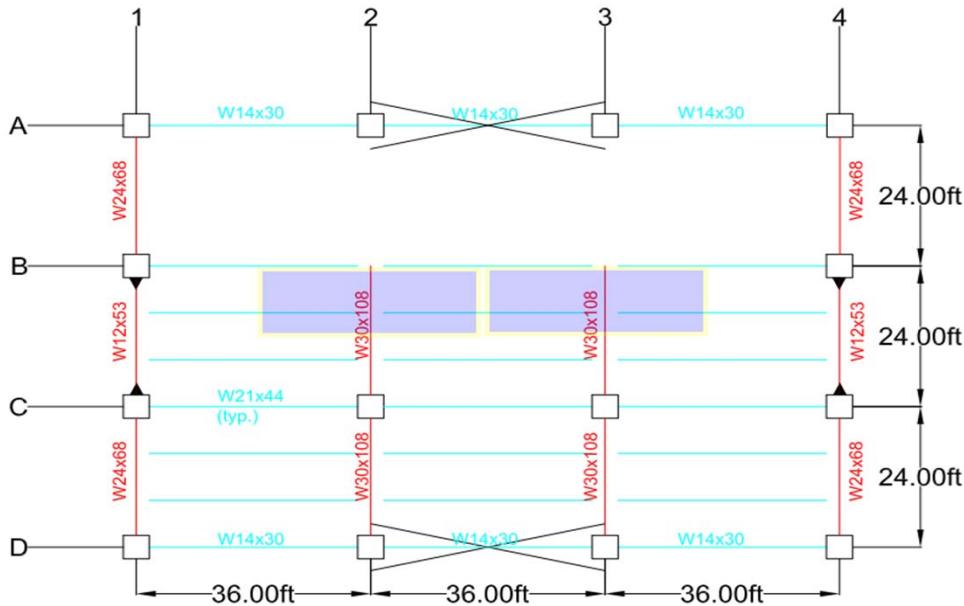
Check shear force per bolt

rnv=Pu/2n 9.78 < 17.89 OK

Check Tension force per bolt

rnt=Pu/n 19.56 < 29.82 OK

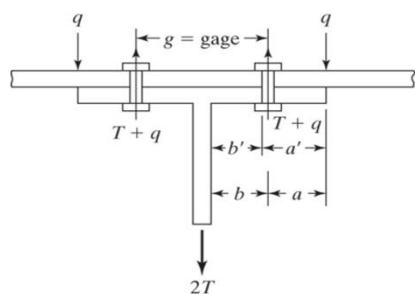
## Hanger Connection Design



Dead Load, DL      93 psf  
Live Load, LL      100 psf

Tributary width      36 ft  
Tributary Length      12 ft  
Tributary Area      432 ft<sup>2</sup>

$W_u$       271.6 psf  
 $P_u$       117.33 kips/hanger



Specify WT: **WT12x96**

Hanger will bear on a W30 girder

$\phi$	0.9
$\Omega$	1.67
$F_u$	58 ksi
$b_f$	13 in
$t_f$	1.46 in
$t_w$	0.81 in

bolt diameter,  $d_b$  3/4 in

hole diameter,  $d_h$  7/8 in +1/8

Edge distance 2 in

Gage	8.13 in	$b_f - (2 * \text{Edge distance}) - (2 * d_h / 2)$
a	2.44 in	
a'	2.00 in	
b	3.66 in	
b'	3.22 in	
S	8.13 in	
P	8.13 in	
T	58.67 kips	

$t_{min}$  1.33 in

$t_f > t_{min}$ ? YES

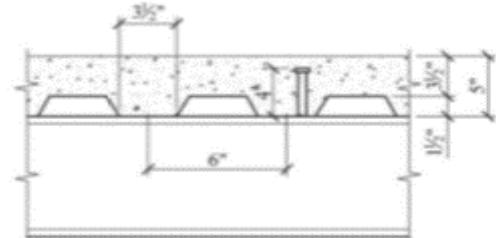
### Composite Beam Design

#### Deck

#### 1. Given:

Unshored Construction:

Steel beams must support all loads prior to .75f'c



Floor Slab/Deck Details

#### Steel Beam Properties:

<u>Section:</u>	<b>W 21X44</b>		<b>E</b>	29000	ksi
d	<b>20.7</b>	in	<b>F<sub>y</sub></b>	<b>50</b>	ksi
b <sub>f</sub>	<b>6.5</b>	in	r <sub>ts</sub>	<b>2.81</b>	in
t <sub>f</sub>	<b>0.45</b>	in	h <sub>0</sub>	<b>11.6</b>	in
t <sub>w</sub>	<b>0.35</b>	in	I <sub>xw</sub>	<b>843</b>	in <sup>4</sup>
A	<b>13</b>	in <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>yw</sub>	<b>20.7</b>	in <sup>4</sup>
S <sub>x</sub>	<b>81.6</b>	in <sup>3</sup>	J <sub>w</sub>	<b>0.77</b>	in <sup>4</sup>
Z	<b>95.4</b>	in <sup>3</sup>	r <sub>xw</sub>	<b>8.06</b>	in
Z <sub>y</sub>	<b>10.2</b>	in	r <sub>yw</sub>	<b>1.26</b>	in
S <sub>y</sub>	<b>6.37</b>	in <sup>3</sup>			

#### Beam/Slab Properties:

Beam Yield Stress, F <sub>y</sub>	50	ksi			
Beam Spacing	9	ft			
Beam Span Length	36	ft	Bay Width	24	ft
Deck height, hr	1.5	in	rib spacing	6	in
Overall Slab thickness, Y <sub>con</sub>	5	in	rib width	3.5	in
Deck orientation	Perpendicular			OK	
Thickness of Concrete, t <sub>c</sub>	4.25	in	t <sub>c</sub> = Y <sub>c</sub> - hr/2		
effective slab width	108	in	b <sub>eff</sub> = S <sub>1</sub> /2 + S <sub>2</sub> /2		
				13.2c	
				13.1a	

#### Concrete Properties:

Compressive Strength, f'c	4	ksi
Unit Weight of Concrete	145	pcf
Elastic Modulus, Ec	3492	ksi

Eq. I8-1

#### Load Transfer Device

Max Headed stud diameter	3/4	in	Stud Used length	3/4	in	OK	I8.2d
Min Length	3	in	Stud position	4	in	OK	
ASTM A108, Tensile Strength, Fu	65.00	ksi		weak			
Minimum longitudinal spacing	4.5	in		Rp	0.6		I8.2d
Maximum longitudinal spacing	36	in		Rg	1		I8.2d
Minimum transverse spacing	3	in		clearance	1.5	in	I8.2d

#### Loads

Superimposed Floor Live Load	150	psf	LRFD, $\phi$	0.9	
Superimposed Dead Load	171.5	psf			
Construction Live Load (staging)	20.00	psf			
Metal Deck	2	psf			
Beam Self Wt	44	psf	from beam used above		
Ceiling and utilities	10	psf			
Partitions	20	psf			8100

#### Method/Solution

##### 1. Design Loads on Beam

##### Service Loads (plf)

1,1 Construction Phase	D	L	TOTAL
Live Load		180	
Dead Loads:			
Metal Deck	18		
Beam Self Weight	44		
Wet Concrete	462		
Total with concrete	524	180	704
Total without concrete	62	180	242

##### Assumptions:

Value given \* beam spacing (twidth)

Calculated value based on beam spacing  
Concrete Thickness

Total Uniform Construction Design Load, wc	Factored Loads (plf)	TOTAL
--	----------------------	-------

##### Section A-50-1-21

LRFD, with concrete, wc-c	629	288	917
LRFD, without concrete, wc-wc	74	288	362

<b>1,2 Superimpose Loads (post Construction)</b>	D	L	TOTAL
Superimpose Floor Live Load		1543.5	
Superimpose Dead Loads:	288		
Total with concrete	288	1543.5	1832

Total Uniform Construction Design Load, wc	<b>Factored Loads (plf)</b>		
LRFD, with concrete, wc-c	346	2470	2815

## 2, Determine Required Beam Strength

### 2.1. Construction Phase

Live Moment, Mrcll	46.656	k-ft	total live load
Total Moment, Mrc	148.6	k-ft	with concrete
Total Shear, Vrc	16.5	kips	with concrete
Total Moment, Mr+rc	58.7	k-ft	Prior to fastening deck (no conc)

### 2,2 Superimposed (post-construction)

Moment, Mrs	456.06	k-ft
Shear, Vrs	50.67	kips

## 3. Select Feasible shapes assuming 100% composite action and superimposed loads

3,1 PNA is located in slab, estimate $a = 4 \times t_c$	1.7	in
3,2 Calculate $Y_2 = Y_{con} - a/2$	4.15	in
3,3 Select Feasible shapes		

<b>Required Superimposed Moment</b>	456.06	k-ft
-------------------------------------	--------	------

## 4,0, Check Construction Phase Required Strength/Capacity

### 4.1 Construction w/ DL + LL (before bracing top flange with unfastened deck)

*Check Elastic Lateral Torsional Capacity and temporary bracing requirements*

Cb

1

Required Moment

Mr-nc	58.7	k-ft
-------	------	------

Feasible Shape	Lb	Sx	rts (in)	ho	J	Lb/rts	Eq. F2-4 Fcr (ksi)	Mn (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_n$ (k-ft)	Check Mr-nc/ $\Phi_b M_n$	Is Temp. Bracing Req'd?
W18X35	36	57.6	1.42	15.5	0.506	304.2	6.98	33.5	30.1	1.95	Yes
W18X35	30	57.6	1.51	17.3	0.506	238.4	9.08	43.6	39.2	1.50	No

#### 4.2 Construction w/ DL + LL (with fastened deck) + Assume Fully Braced Top Flange

#### Construction Dead Load Deflection

Superimposed Load,  $w_u$

0.704 kips

Required Moment

Mrc	148.6	k-ft
-----	-------	------

Md=

114.08 k-ft

Feasible Shape	$\Phi_b M_{px}$ (k-ft)	Ix	$\Phi_b M_n$ (k-in)	Mrc/ $\Phi_b M_n$	$\Phi_b V_n$ (k)	Vrc/ $\Phi_b V_n$	Check $\Delta cdI$ (in)	Camber? ( $D > .75$ in)
W18X35	125	510	361.7	0.41	94.5	0.17	1.80	YES
W18X35	166	510	470.7	0.32	106	0.16	1.80	YES

Table 3-2  
Table 3-2

#### 5. Check Adequacy of Composite Sections

##### 5.1 Flexure & Shear

Feasible Shape	As	d	a	Y2	Mn (k-ft)	$\Phi_b M_n$ (k-in)	Mrs/ $\Phi_b M_n$	< 1,0 ?	$\Phi_b V_n$ (k)	Vrs/ $\Phi_b V_n$	< 1,0 ?
W18X35	10.3	17.7	1.40	4.30	515	463.5	0.98	OK	94.5	0.54	OK
W18X35	10.3	17.7	1.40	4.30	515	463.5	0.98	OK	106	0.48	OK

##### 5.2 Deflection/Serviceability

C1= 161  $(l/360) =$  1.2 in  $(l/240) =$  1.8 in

[Fig. 3-2 AISC]

Feasible Shape	Y2	Y1	Table 3-20 $I_{LB}$	Camber (in)	D $(l/360) =$	$\Delta sdl$ (in)	$\Delta sll$ (in)	Check $\Delta sll$ (in) < $(l/360)$	$\Delta tl$ (in)	Check $\Delta tl$ (in) < $(l/240)$
					Camber - $\Delta cdI$ (in)					
W18X35	4.30	0	1055	1	-0.20	0.36	1.20	OK	1.500	OK
W18X35	4.30	0	875	0	0.00	0.43	2.30	NG	2.730	NG

**6.0 Design Steel Anchor Studs**      Area of Steel Anchor, Asa      Asa = 0.44 in<sup>2</sup> ea.

**6.1 Strength of Steel Headed Anchors**

Qn1 26.1 Eq. I8-1

Qn2 17.2 Eq. I8-1

Qn 17.2 Control

Total Required Shear Transfer, SQn= Fy.As

**W18X35**

515

515

Number Steel Headed Anchors Required, Ns

29.9

29.9

USE: 30

30

Distance between max and zero moment = L/2

216

216

Required Stud Spacing

7.2

7.2

CHECK: OK

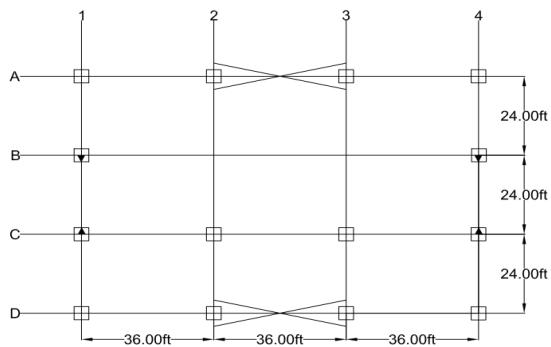
TOTAL ANCHORS REQUIRED: 60

RESULTS	<b>W18X35</b>	
<b>CAMBER</b>	1	in
<b># STUDS</b>	60	studs
<b>STUD Φ</b>	0.75	in
<b>STUD LENGTH</b>	4	in
<b>SPACING</b>	EQUAL	
<b>TEMPORARY BRACING</b>	Yes	
<b>Δsll (in)</b>	1.20	in

## Sizing-Roof Level

---

**Given:**  
Roof Level Plan below



\*Use open web steel joists w/ steel girders

\*Assume four beams per bay spaced @ 8' O.C.

\*Beams run parallel to braced frame

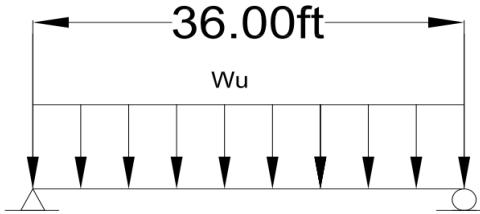
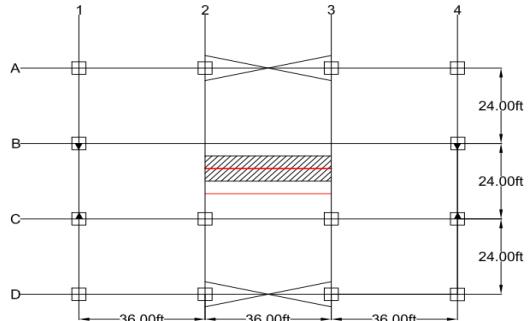
**Determine:**

Preliminary sizes for roof level members

### BEAMS

---

Typical beam highlighted in RED below:



Beam Length	36 ft
Beam Spacing	8 ft
Beam Tributary Area	288 ft <sup>2</sup>

**Roof Dead Load**

Roof Dead Load	46.50 psf
	<b>W<sub>D</sub>roof</b> 372 plf

**Roof Live Load**

Roof Live Load	50.00 psf
	<b>W<sub>L</sub>roof</b> 400 plf

**Snow Load**

Snow Load	31.50 psf
	<b>W<sub>snow</sub></b> 252 plf

**Wind Load**

Wind Uplift Pressure	-23.49 psf
	<b>W<sub>wind</sub></b> -187.94 plf

**LRFD Load Combinations**

Load Combo 2	646.4 plf
--------------	-----------

Load Combo 3 992.432 plf

Load Combo 4 458.464 plf

Load Combo 5 496.8 plf

Load Combo 6 146.864 plf

**W<sub>u</sub>** 992.432 plf

**W<sub>u</sub>** 0.99 klf

M<sub>u</sub> 160.77 kip\*ft

V<sub>u</sub> 17.86 kips

Select Beam

Try **W16x26**

ϕM<sub>n</sub> 166 kip\*ft Table 3-2

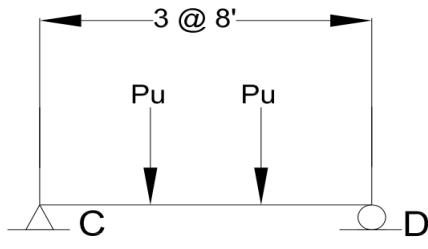
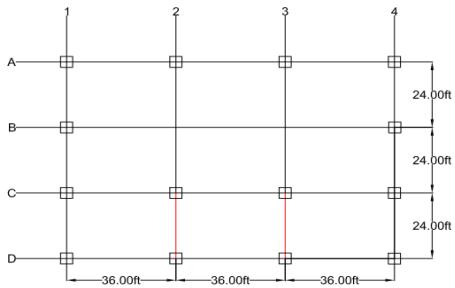
ϕM<sub>n</sub>>M<sub>u</sub>? YES

ϕV<sub>n</sub> 106 kips Table 3-2

ϕV<sub>n</sub>>V<sub>u</sub>? YES

## GIRDERS

Design Girders Highlighted in RED below:



Girder "CD" along Column line 2

Girder "CD" along Column line 3

Girder Length 24 ft

Beam Tributary Area 288 ft<sup>2</sup>

Loading from beams:

Roof Dead Load

Roof Dead Load 46.50 psf

P<sub>D, Roof</sub> 26.784 kips

Roof Live Load

Roof Live Load 50.00 psf

P<sub>L, Roof</sub> 28.8 kips

Snow Load

Snow Load 31.50 psf

P<sub>Snow</sub> 18.144 kips

Wind

Wind Uplift Pressure -23.49 psf

W<sub>wind</sub> -13.53 kips

LRFD Load Combinations

Load Combo 2 46.54 kips

Load Combo 3 71.46 kips

Load Combo 4 33.01 kips

Load Combo 5 35.77 kips

Load Combo 6 10.57 kips

**P<sub>u</sub>** 71.46 kips

V<sub>u</sub> 71.46 kips

M<sub>u</sub> 571.64 kip\*ft

Select Girder

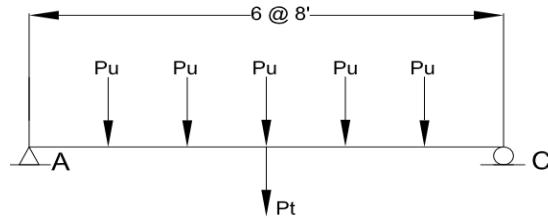
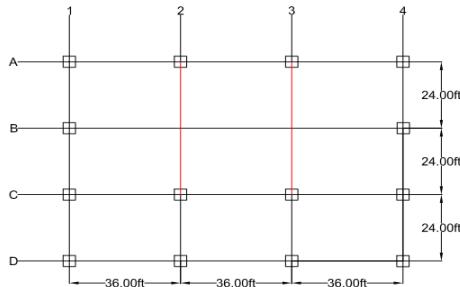
Try **W24x62**

ϕM<sub>n</sub> 574 kip\*ft Table 3-2

ϕM<sub>n</sub>>M<sub>u</sub>? YES

$\phi V_n$	306 kips	Table 3-2
$\phi V_n > V_u?$	YES	

Design Girders Highlighted in RED below :



Girder "AC" along Column line 2

Girder "AC" along Column line 3

Girder Length	48 ft
Beam Spacing	8 ft
Beam Tributary Area	288 ft <sup>2</sup>

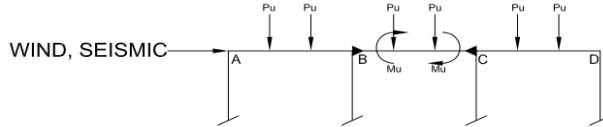
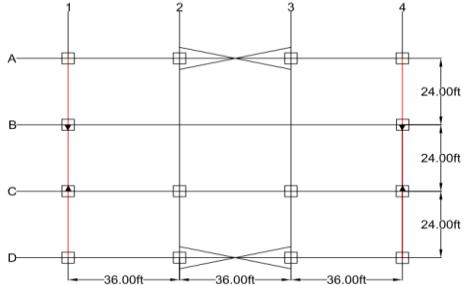
Loading from beams:

$P_u$	71.46 kips
$P_t$	234.66 kips
	Determined from "Sizing-Level 1"
$V_u$	295.97 kips
$M_u$	3551.63 kip*ft

#### Select Girder

Try	W40x215
$\phi M_n$	3620 kip*ft
$\phi M_n > M_u?$	YES
$\phi V_n$	761 kips
$\phi V_n > V_u?$	YES

Design roof level members of moment frame highlighted in RED below:



Member Length

24 ft

#### Members "AB" & "CD"

Flexure:

$P_u$  35.73 kips (1/2\* $P_u$  from Girder "CD" along CL 2 & 3)

$V_u$  35.73 kips  
 $M_u$  285.82 kip\*ft

Try	W18x40
$\phi M_n$	294 kip*ft
$\phi M_n > M_u?$	YES
$\phi V_n$	146 kips
$\phi V_n > V_u?$	YES

Axial:

$P_{seismic}$  3.23 kips  
 $P_{wind}$  9.61 kips

#### LRFD Load Combinations

Load Combination 4	9.61 kips
Load Combination 5	3.23 kips

Load Combination 6      9.61 kips  
 Load Combination 7      3.23 kips  
 $P_u$       9.61 kips

KL	24
$r_y$	1.27 in <sup>3</sup>
KL/r	18.90
A	11.8 in <sup>2</sup>
$\phi F_{cr}$	43.8 ksi
$\phi P_n$	516.84 kips
$\phi P_n > P_u?$	YES

#### Member "BC"

Flexure:

Roof Dead Load	46.50 psf
$P_{DLroof}$	6.70 kips
$W_{DLroof}$	0.56 klf
$M_{DLroof}$	<b>26.78 kip*ft</b>
	Negative moment at ends
Roof Live Load	50.00 psf
$P_{LLroof}$	7.20 kips
$W_{LLroof}$	0.60 klf
$M_{LLroof}$	<b>28.80 kip*ft</b>
	Negative moment at ends
Snow Load	31.50 psf
$P_{SNOW}$	4.54 kips
$W_{SNOW}$	0.38 klf
$M_{SNOW}$	<b>18.14 kip*ft</b>
	Negative moment at ends
Wind Uplift Pressure	-23.49 psf
$P_{WINDU}$	-3.38 kips
$W_{WINDU}$	-0.28 klf
Vertical $M_{WINDU}$	-13.53 kip*ft
Lateral $M_{WINDL}$	36.04 kip*ft
$M_{WIND}$	<b>22.50 kip*ft</b>
	Resulting Wind Moment
$M_{seismic}$	<b>12.13 kip*ft</b>
	Determined in frame analysis

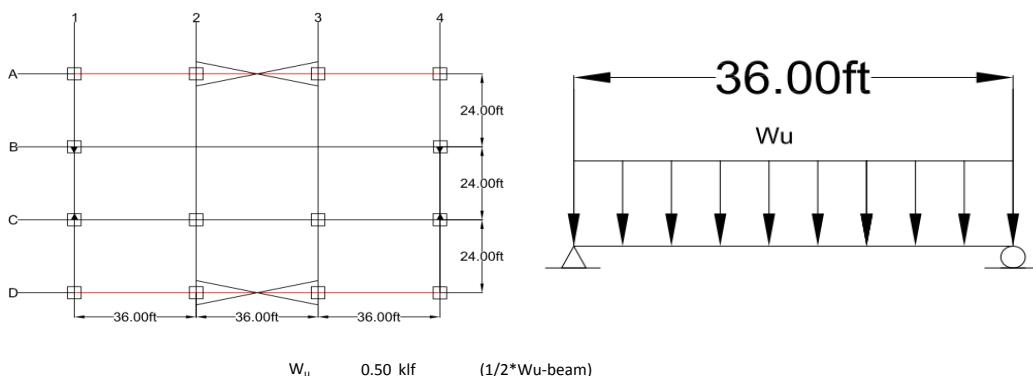
#### LRFD Load Combinations

Load Combo 2	46.54 kip*ft
Load Combo 3	89.47 kip*ft
Load Combo 4	69.05 kip*ft
Load Combo 5	47.90 kip*ft
Load Combo 6	46.61 kip*ft
Load Combo 7	36.23 kip*ft
$M_u$	<b>89.47 kips</b>

Try	<b>W12x19</b>
$\phi M_n$	92.6 kip*ft
$\phi M_n > M_u?$	YES

By observation, Member BC is sufficient for axial loads

Design roof level members of braced frame highlighted below

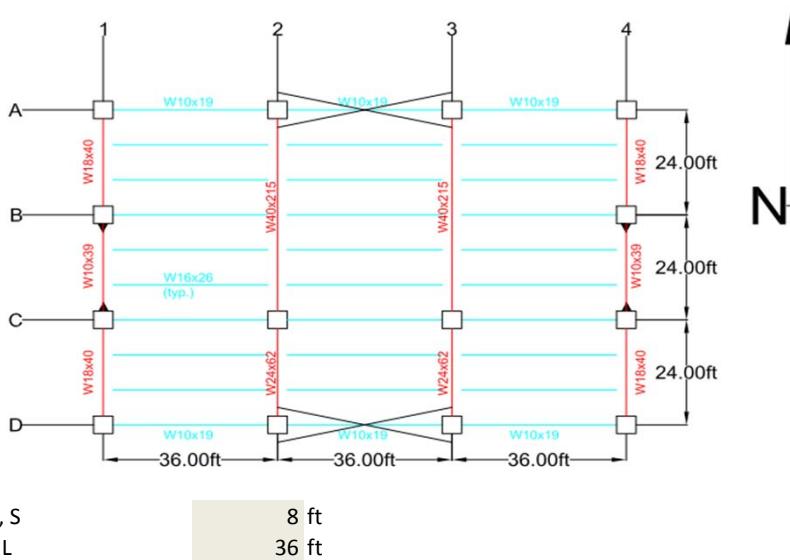


Member Length      36 ft

$M_u$       80.39 kip\*ft  
 $V_u$       8.93 kips

Try **W10x19**  
 $\phi M_n$       81 kip\*ft      Table 3-2  
 $\phi M_n > M_u?$       YES  
 $\phi V_n$       76.5 kips      Table 3-2  
 $\phi V_n > V_u?$       YES

## Roof Deck Specification (Vulcraft)



**1) Determine suitable metal roof deck to accommodate construction and permanent loads**

**Construction Loads**

Construction Live Load      20 psf      (Assumed)

Metal Deck Self Weight      1.6 psf      (Assumed)

$W_a$       16.6 psf      ASD LC3

**Superimposed Loads**

Roof Live Load      30 psf

Dead Roof      20 psf

Snow      31.5 psf

$W_a$       43.625 psf      ASD LC3

**Vulcraft Steel Roof and Floor Deck:**

**3 Span, B18 meets capacity (83/71 psf)**

**2) Determine fastening details for roof diaphragm to accommodate the design lateral loads in each direction**

By inspection, wind force control over seismic

Wind Force,  $F_{\text{roof}}$       6.27 kips      (per frame)

Linear Load,  $W_{\text{roof}}$       87.08 plf

Linear Load (Allowable)      52.25 plf       $0.6 * W_{\text{roof}}$

Vulcraft B18 table:

**36/3 fastener layout**

**Support Fasteners: 5/8" puddle welds**

**Side Lap Fasteners (2) #10 tek screws**

Shear Strength      278 plf

Shear Strength>Linear Load YES

3) Determine maximum diaphragm deflection in each orthogonal direction

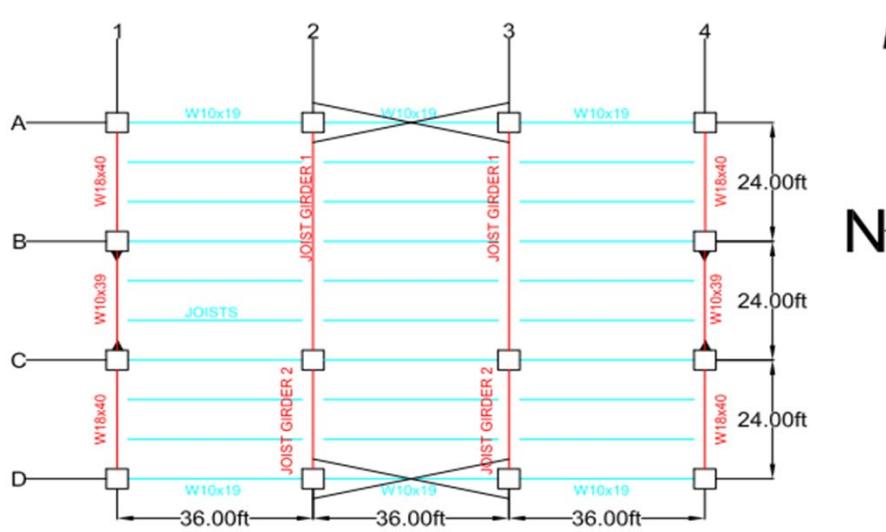
Vertical Diaphragm Deflection

w 43.625 psf  
L 8 ft  
E 2950000 psi  
I 0.289 in<sup>4</sup>/ft  
 $\Delta$  0.001446 in

Lateral Diaphragm Deflection

w 0.09 klf  
D<sub>B</sub> 1084  
K<sub>1</sub> 0.573  
K<sub>2</sub> 1398  
Span 8 ft  
G' 24.03 k/in  
L 108 ft  
B 72 ft  
 $\Delta_{CL}$  0.073 in

## Roof Joist Specification (Vulcraft)



### Superimposed Loads

Roof Live Load      30 psf

Dead Roof      20 psf

Snow      31.5 psf

*1) Design open web joist and girder system for the roof*

### Joists

Joist Spacing, S	8 ft
Joist Length, L	36 ft
$P_u$	74.4 psf      (LRFD LC 3)
$W_u$	595.20 plf
$W_u$	0.0041 pli
Moment, $M_u$	96.42 kip*in
Shear, $V_u$	10,713.60 lbs

Use KCS joist:

**26KCS3 meets capacity**

$M_c$       1662 kip\*in

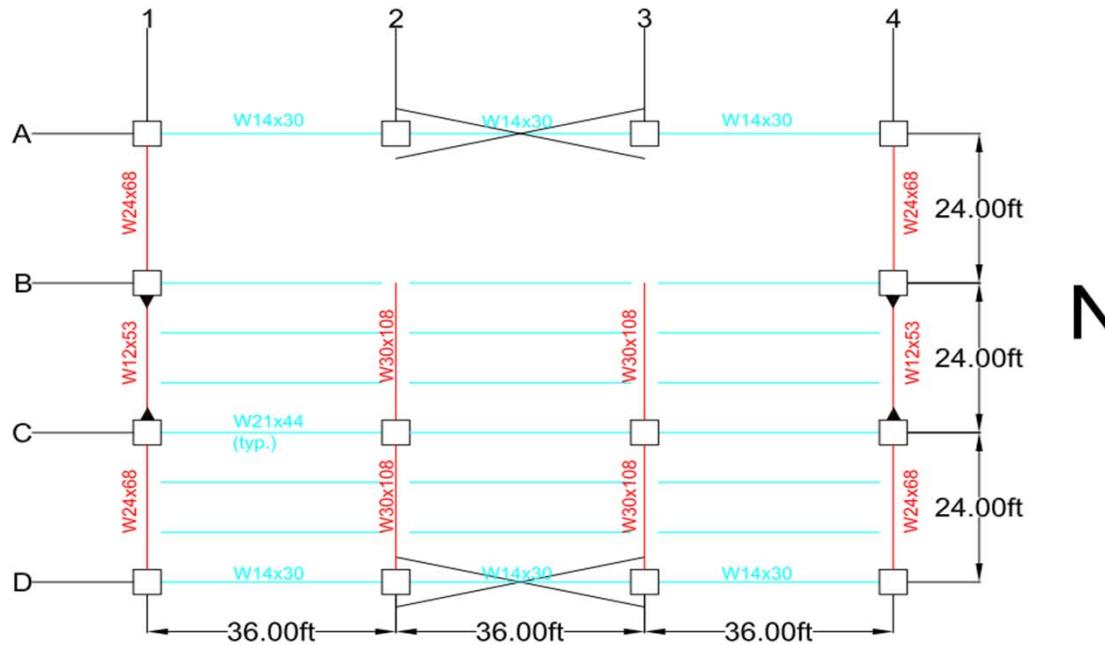
> $M_u$ ? YES

$V_c$       12600 lbs

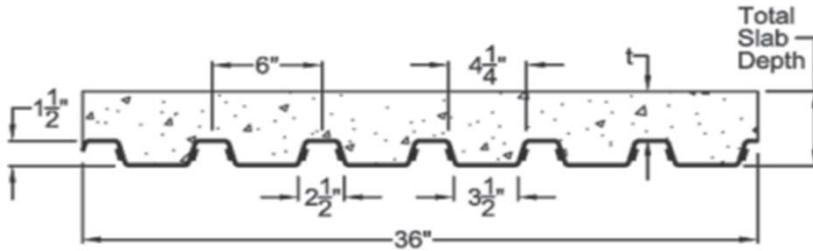
> $V_u$ ? YES

## Floor System Vibration Calculation

Interior Beam/Slab System:



**1.5 VLR**



Find:

- 1) Fundamental natural frequency of the interior beam, girder, and combined panels modes of the second floor.
- 2) Adequacy of the floor system for vibration due to walking excitation.

### Beam/Slab Properties

Beam Yield Stress, $F_y$	50 ksi
Elastic Modulus, $E_s$	29000 ksi
Beam Spacing	8 ft
Beam Span Length	36 ft
Deck Height, $h_r$	1.5 in
Overall Slab Thickness, $Y_{con}$	5.5 in
Deck Orientation on Beam	Perp.
Concrete Thickness, $t_c$	4 in
Rib Spacing	6 in
Rib Width	3.5 in

### Concrete Properties

Conc. Comp. Strength, $f'_c$	4 ksi	
Unit weight of conc., $w_c$	145 pcf	
Elastic Modulus, $E_c$	3492 ksi	$(w_c^{1.5} * \sqrt{f'_c})$
Dynamic Elastic Modulus	4714 ksi	$(1.35 * E_c)$
Modular ratio, $n$	6.15	$(E_s / 1.35 E_c)$

### Loads

Floor Live Load	100 psf	
Dead Load (No Conc.)	18 psf	
Concrete Dead Load	33.23 psf	$(Y_{con}/2) / 12 * w_c$
Deck Dead Load	2.5 psf	Vulcraft Manual
$W_{total}$	153.73 psf	Total uniform load

### Dynamic Parameters

Excitation force, $P_o$	65 lbs	Table 4.1
Damping Ratio, $\beta$	0.05 lbs	Table 4.1

Solution:

Determine  $I_{transformed}$  of Beams and Girders

	Girder	Beam	
Span, L	W30x108 24 ft	W21x44 36 ft	
Tributary Width	36 ft	8 ft	
Self Weight	108 plf	44 plf	
$I_x$	4470 in <sup>4</sup>	843 in <sup>4</sup>	
A	31.7 in <sup>2</sup>	13 in <sup>2</sup>	
d	29.8 in	20.7 in	
effective slab depth, $d_e$	4.75 in	4 in	
Effective w of conc., $b_e$	115.2 in	96 in	
Transformed Conc., $A_{TC}$	88.95 in <sup>2</sup>	62.42 in <sup>2</sup>	$b_e * d_e / n$
dist. To centroid, $y'$	2.38 in	2 in	$d_e / 2$ (from top of slab)
Area of Steel, $A_s$	31.7 in <sup>2</sup>	13 in <sup>2</sup>	
dist to centroid, $y''$	20.4 in	15.85 in	$Y_{con} + d / 2$ (from top of slab)
Dist to Trans, N.A., $y'''$	7.11 in	4.39 in	(from top of slab)
$I_x$ of transformed conc., $I_{TC}$	1028.85 in <sup>4</sup>	512 in <sup>4</sup>	
$A_{TC}(y' - y''')^2$	1995.04 in <sup>4</sup>	355.73 in <sup>4</sup>	
$A_s(y' - y''')^2$	5598.30 in <sup>4</sup>	1708.15 in <sup>4</sup>	
$I_x$	4470 in <sup>4</sup>	843 in <sup>4</sup>	
<b><math>I_x</math> (transformed)</b>	<b>13092.20 in<sup>4</sup></b>	<b>3418.88 in<sup>4</sup></b>	

Determine effective panel width

	Girder	Beam	
Coefficient, C	1.8	2	
$D_s$	17.42 in <sup>4</sup> /ft	10.40 in <sup>4</sup> /ft	16
$D_{j/g}$	363.67 in <sup>4</sup> /ft	427.36 in <sup>4</sup> /ft	
Effective Panel width, B	<b>44.98 ft</b>	<b>28.44 ft</b>	4.3a or b

Determine max deflection,  $\Delta$

	Girder	Beam	Combined
Uniform load, w	5642.25 plf	1273.83 plf	
$L_g/B_j$	0.84 <1?	YES	
max deflection, $\Delta$ (ft)	0.094 ft	0.410 ft	0.50 ft
max deflection, $\Delta$ (in)	1.12 in	4.92 in	6.04 in

Determine Fundamental Frequency of each panel,  $f_n$

	Girder	Beam	Combined
$f_n$	3.34 Hz	1.59 Hz	4.93 Hz

Determine peak acceleration ratio, a/g

	Girder	Beam	Combined
Total uniform floor load	153.73 psf	153.73 psf	
Girder/beam self weight	108 plf	44 plf	
Self Weight uniform load	0.125 psf	0.153 psf	
w	153.85 psf	153.88 psf	
$W_j$ & $W_g$	166083.02 lbs	157551.89 lbs	
Comb. Equiv panel weight	30888.9841 lbs	128249.5719 lbs	159138.6 lbs
peak acceleration ratio, a/g	0.24%	0.47%	0.15%
Peak accel<accel limit	0.50% OK	0.50% OK	0.50% OK

## APPENDIX A: CALCULATIONS

### Appendix A: Calculations

- 1.1 Project Information
- 1.2 Project Loads & Combinations
- 1.3 Load Analysis: Dead, Snow and Seismic Weight
- 1.4 Wind Load Analysis: Moment and Braced Frame
- 1.5 Seismic Load Analysis: Moment-Frame
- 1.6 Seismic Load Analysis: Braced-Frame
- 1.7 Moment-Frame Internal Forces: Wind Load
- 1.8 Moment-Frame Internal Forces: Seismic Load
- 1.9 Brace-Frame Internal Forces: Wind Load
- 1.10 Brace-Frame Internal Forces: Seismic Load
- 1.11 Preliminary Sizing Summary

#### **A-30 Lateral Load Resisting System:**

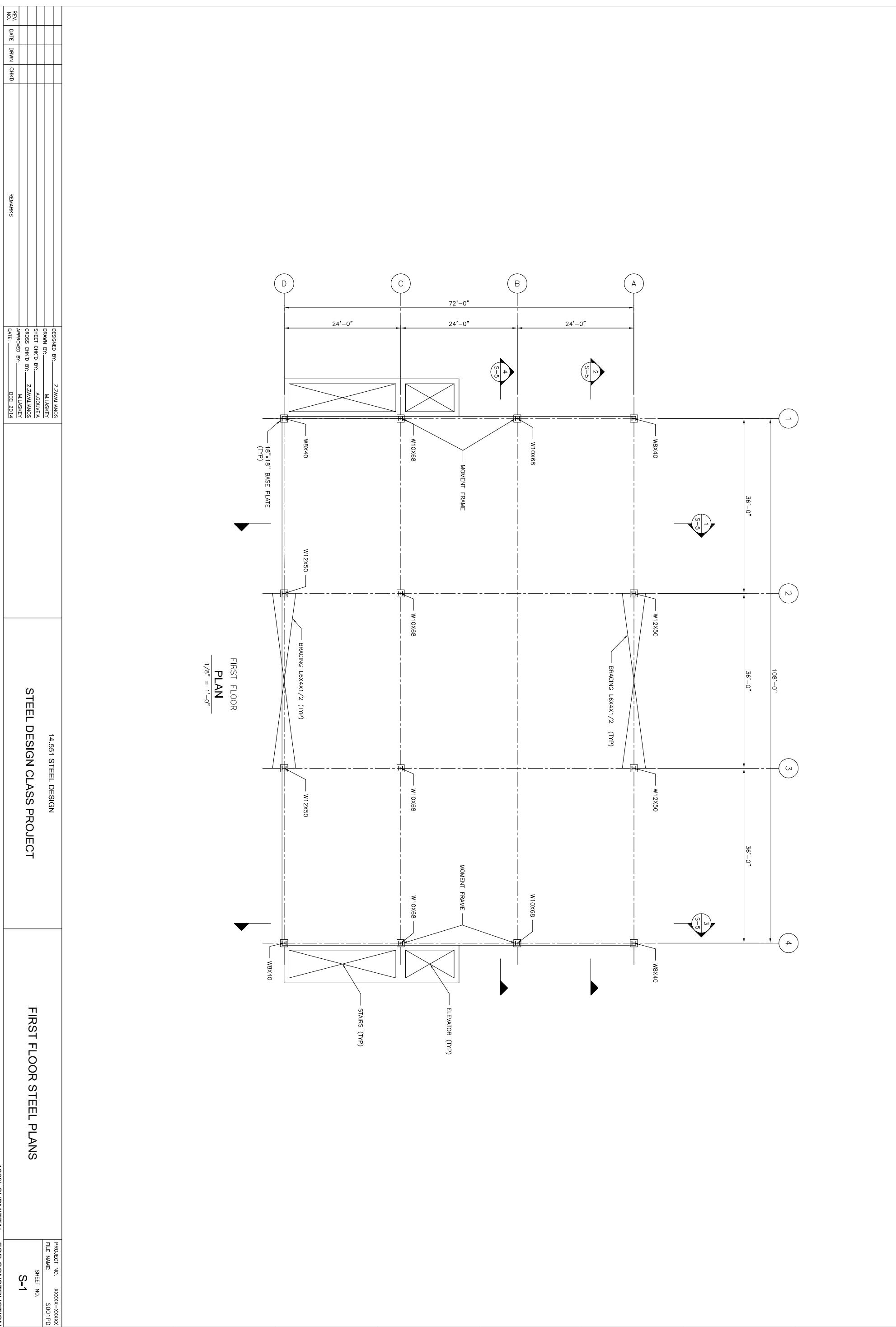
- 1.12 Lateral Load Resisting System Analysis
- 1.13 Lateral Load Resisting System Analysis: Braced-Frame
- 1.14 Lateral Load Resisting System Analysis: Moment-Frame

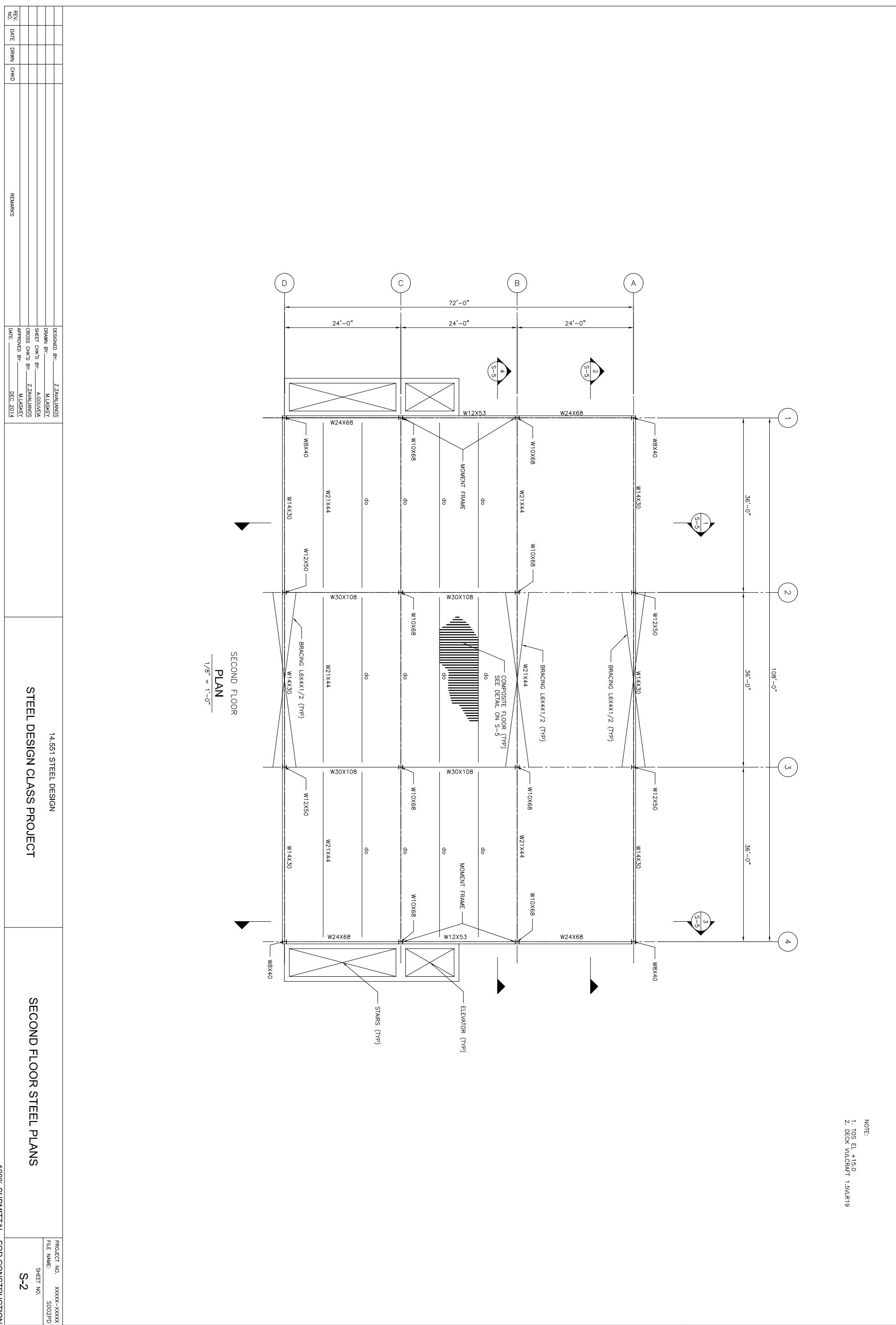
#### **A-40 Connections:**

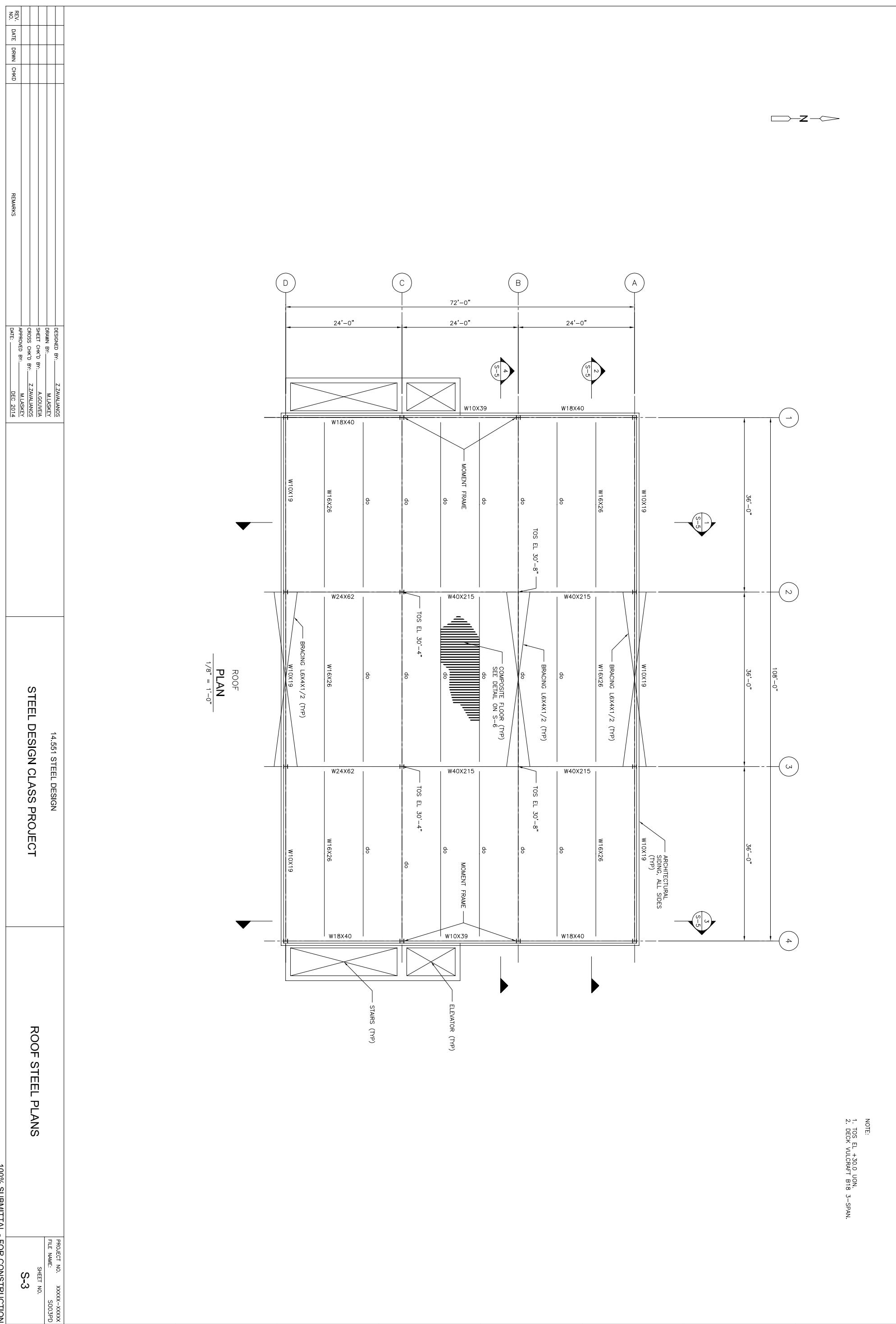
- 1.15 Connections: Base Plate Design
- 1.16 Connections: Gusset Plate Design
- 1.17 Connections: Full Restrained-Moment-Connection Design
- 1.18 Connections: Shear-Connections Design
- 1.19 Member: Hanger Design
- 1.20 Connections: Hanger Connections Design

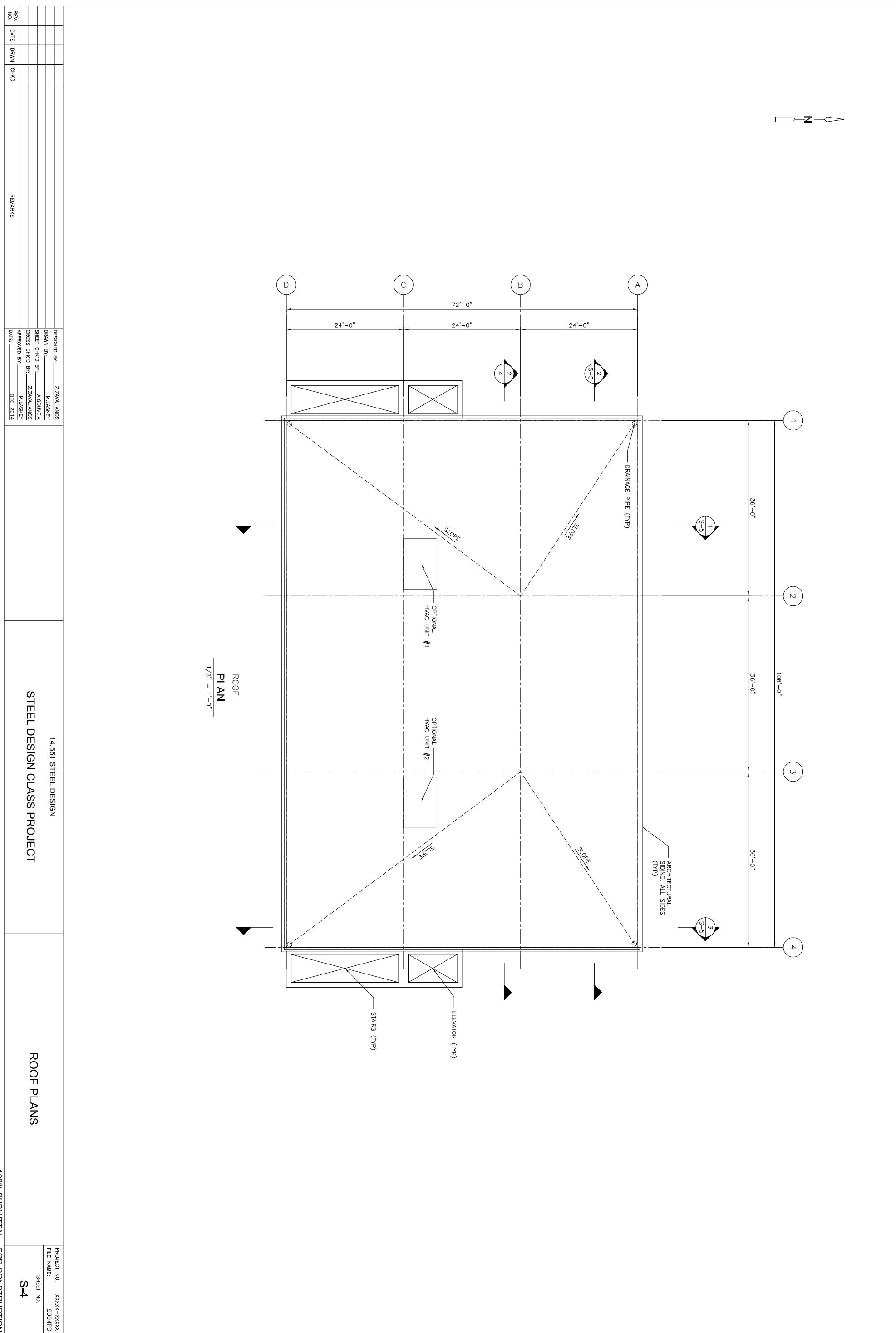
#### **A-50 Structural Analysis:**

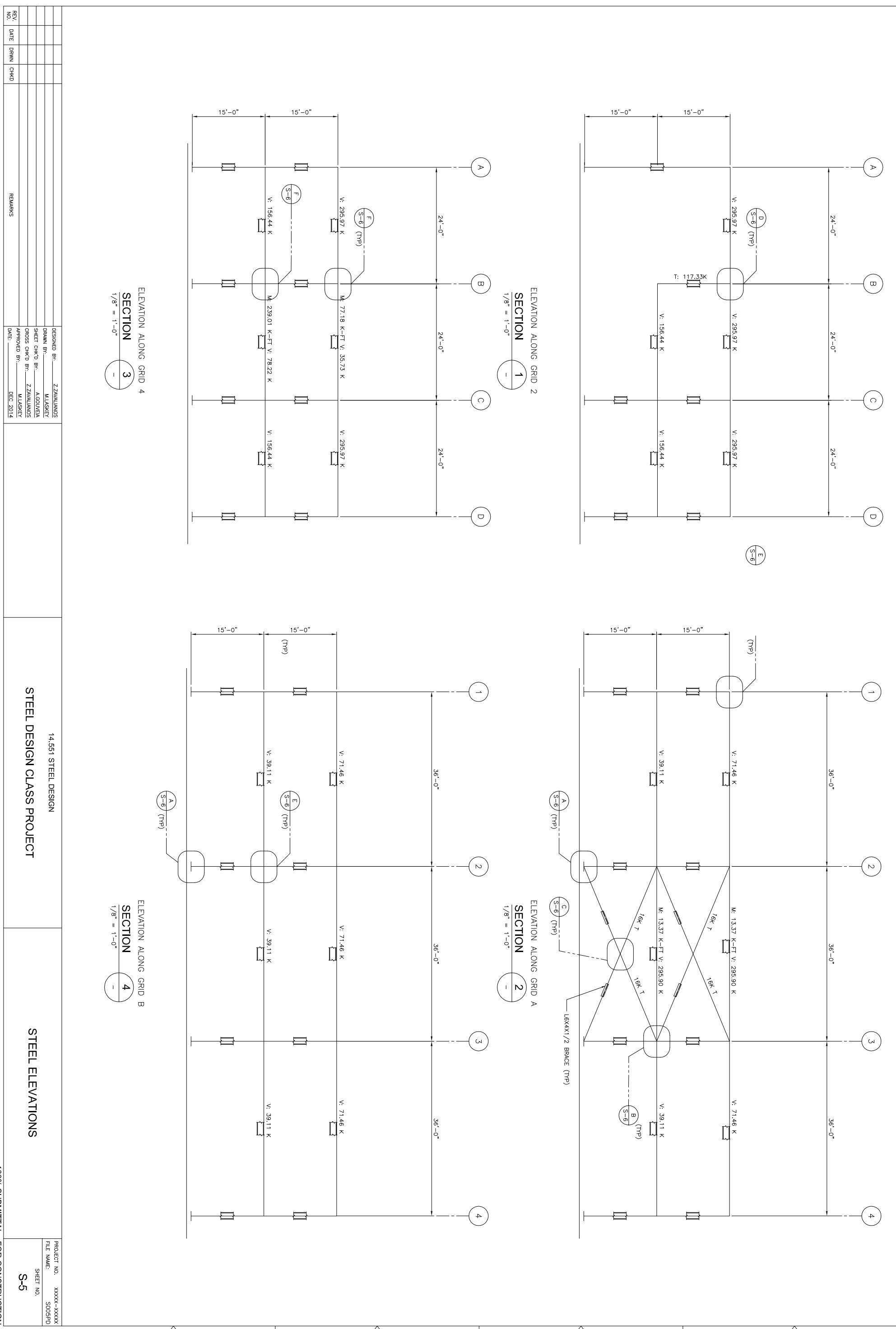
- 1.21 Composite Deck Design
- 1.22 Floor Vibration
- 1.23 Roof Joists & Girders Design

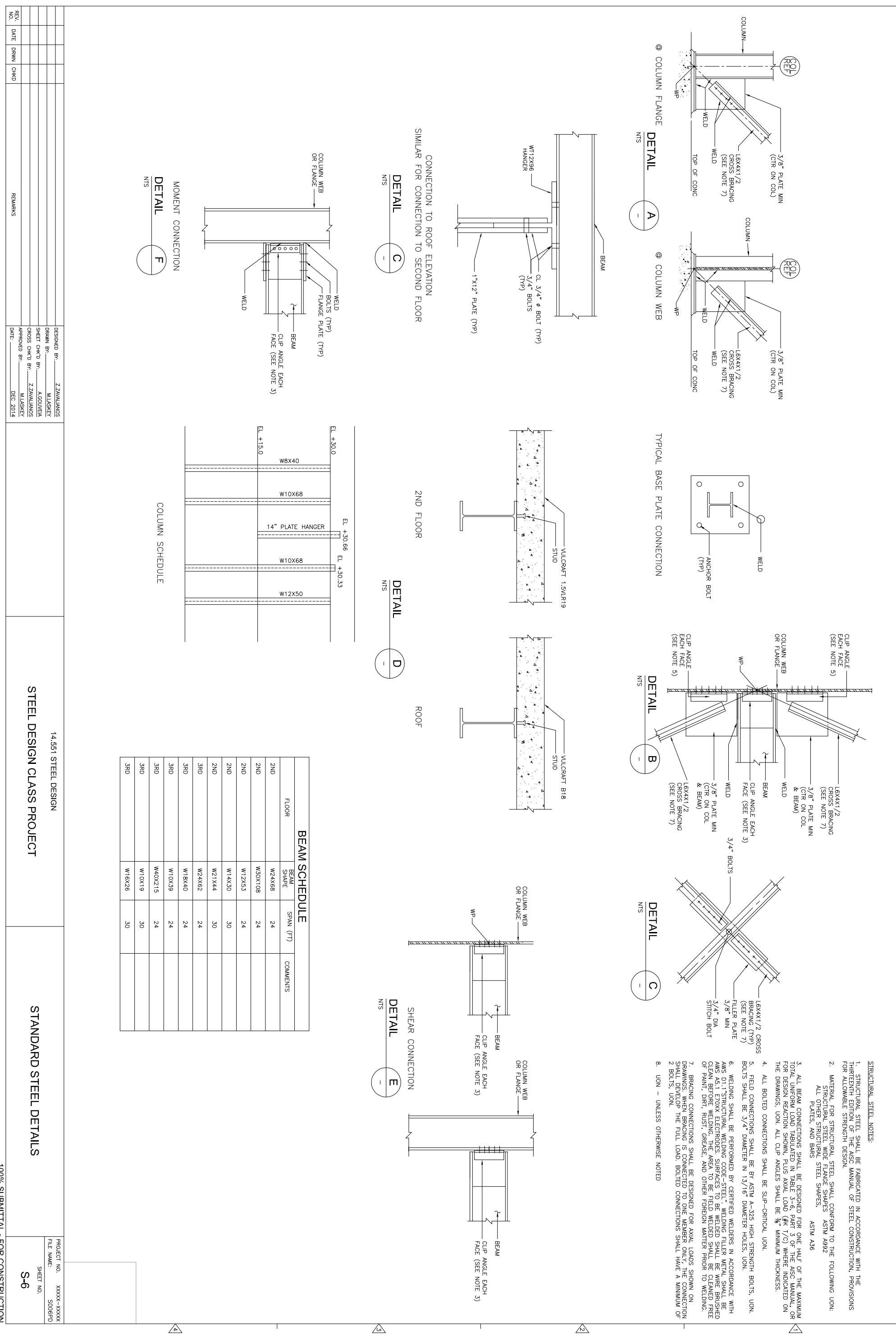


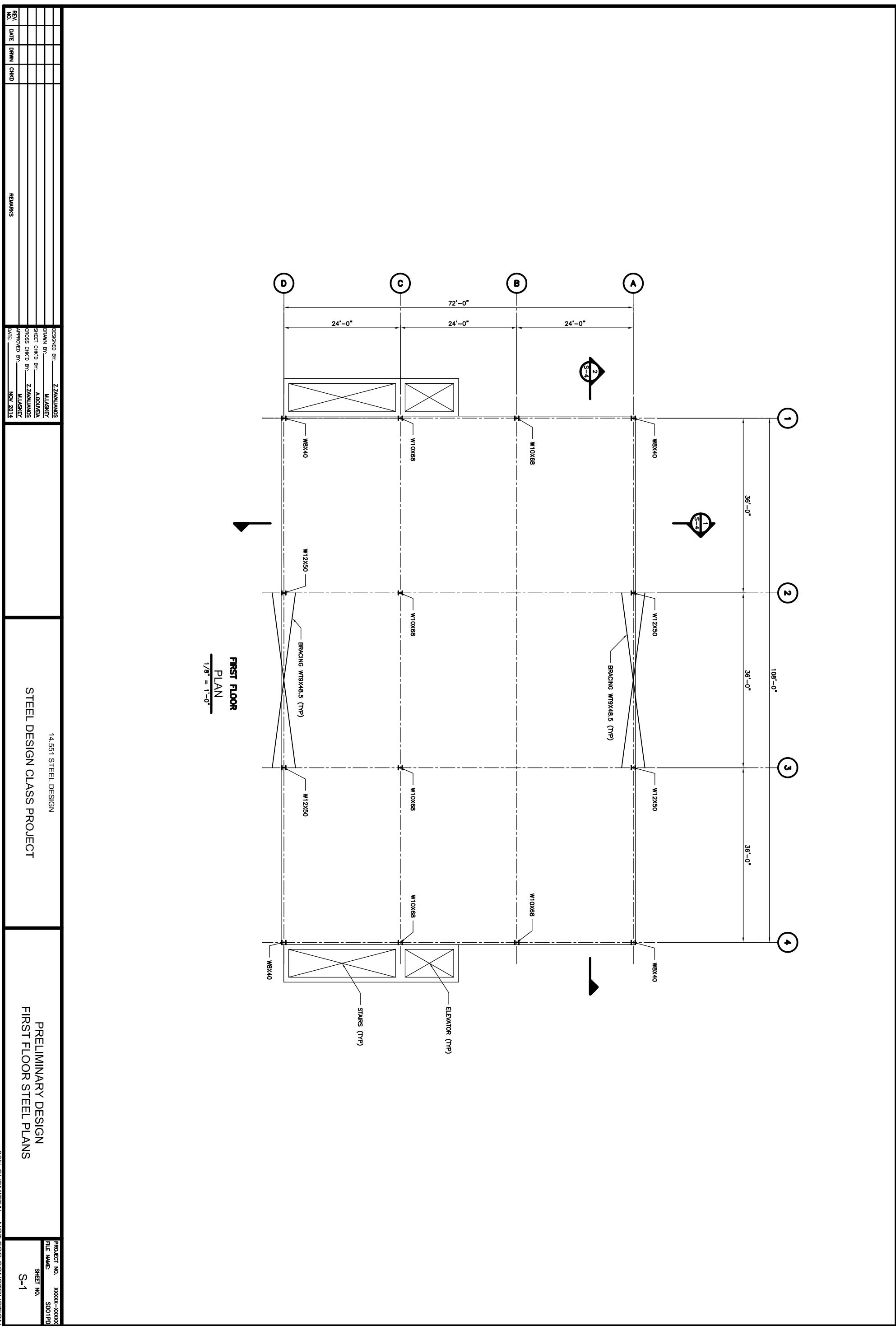


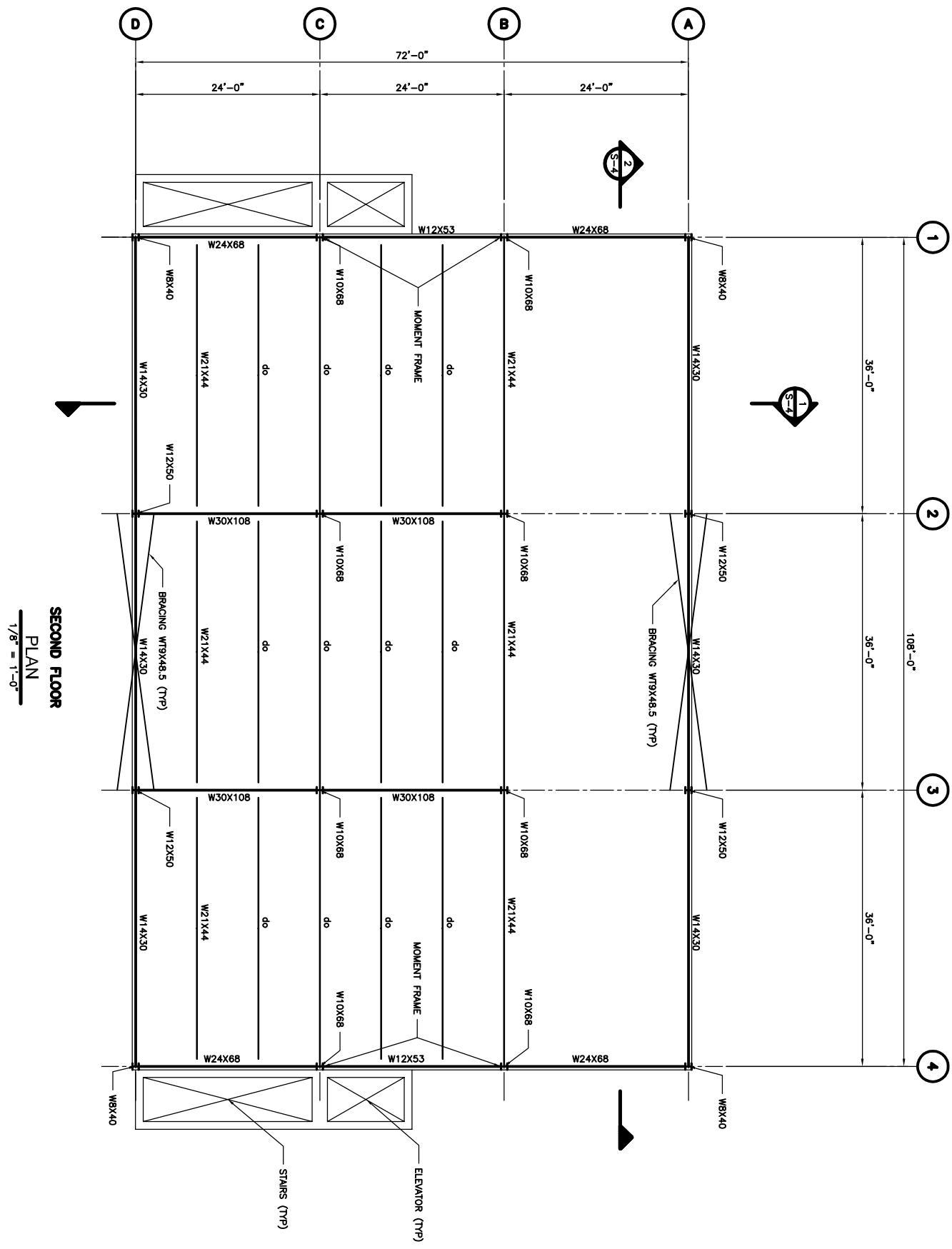












			DESIGNED BY: <u>Z.ZVALANOS</u>	14.551 STEEL DESIGN
			DRAWN BY: <u>M.JASKY</u>	
			SHEET CHK'D BY: <u>A.GOUVIA</u>	
			CROSS CHK'D BY: <u>Z.ZVALANOS</u>	
			APPROVED BY: <u>M.JASKY</u>	
			DATE: <u>NOV 2014</u>	
REV. NO.	DATE	DRW#	CHKD	REMARKS

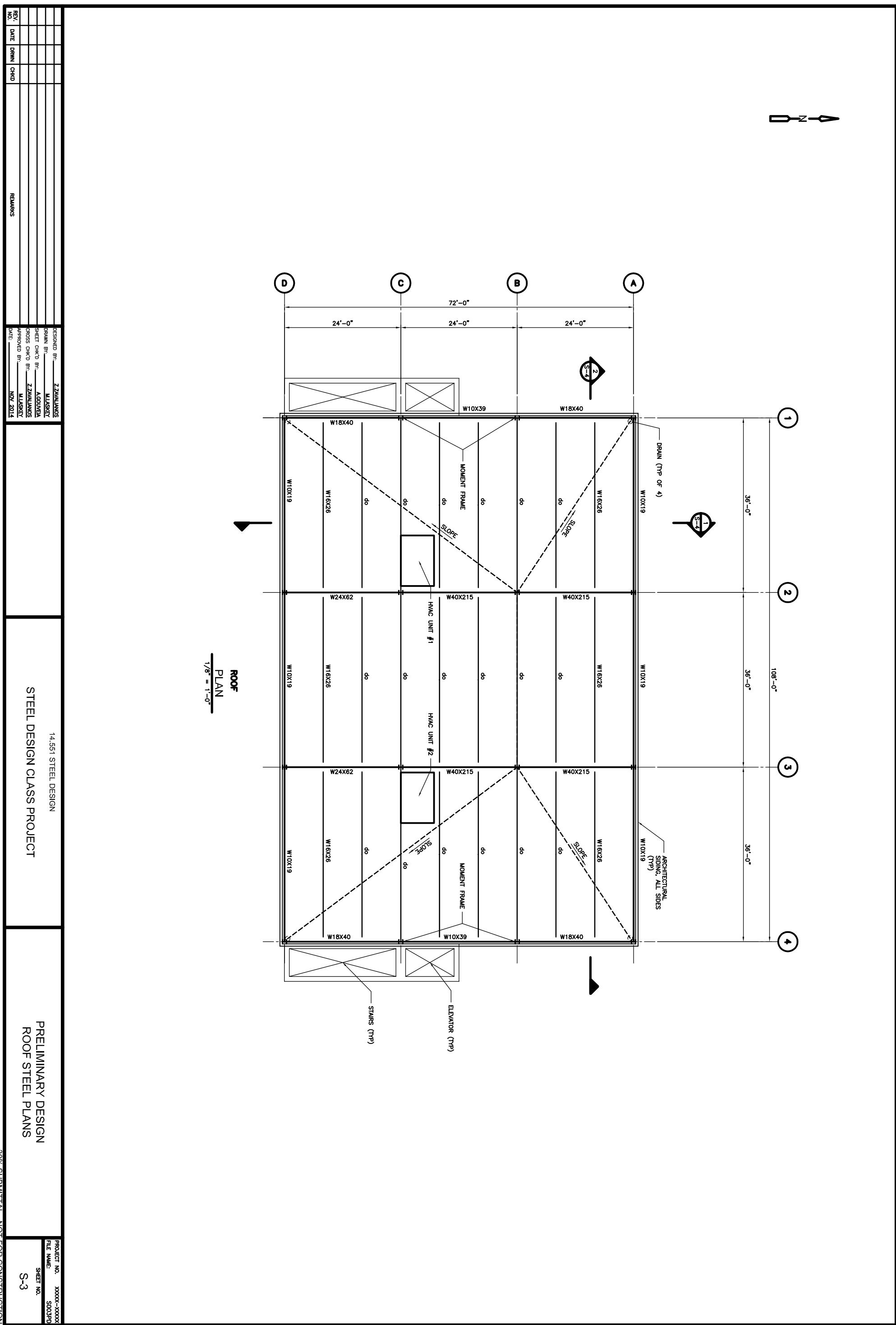
STEEL DESIGN CLASS PROJECT

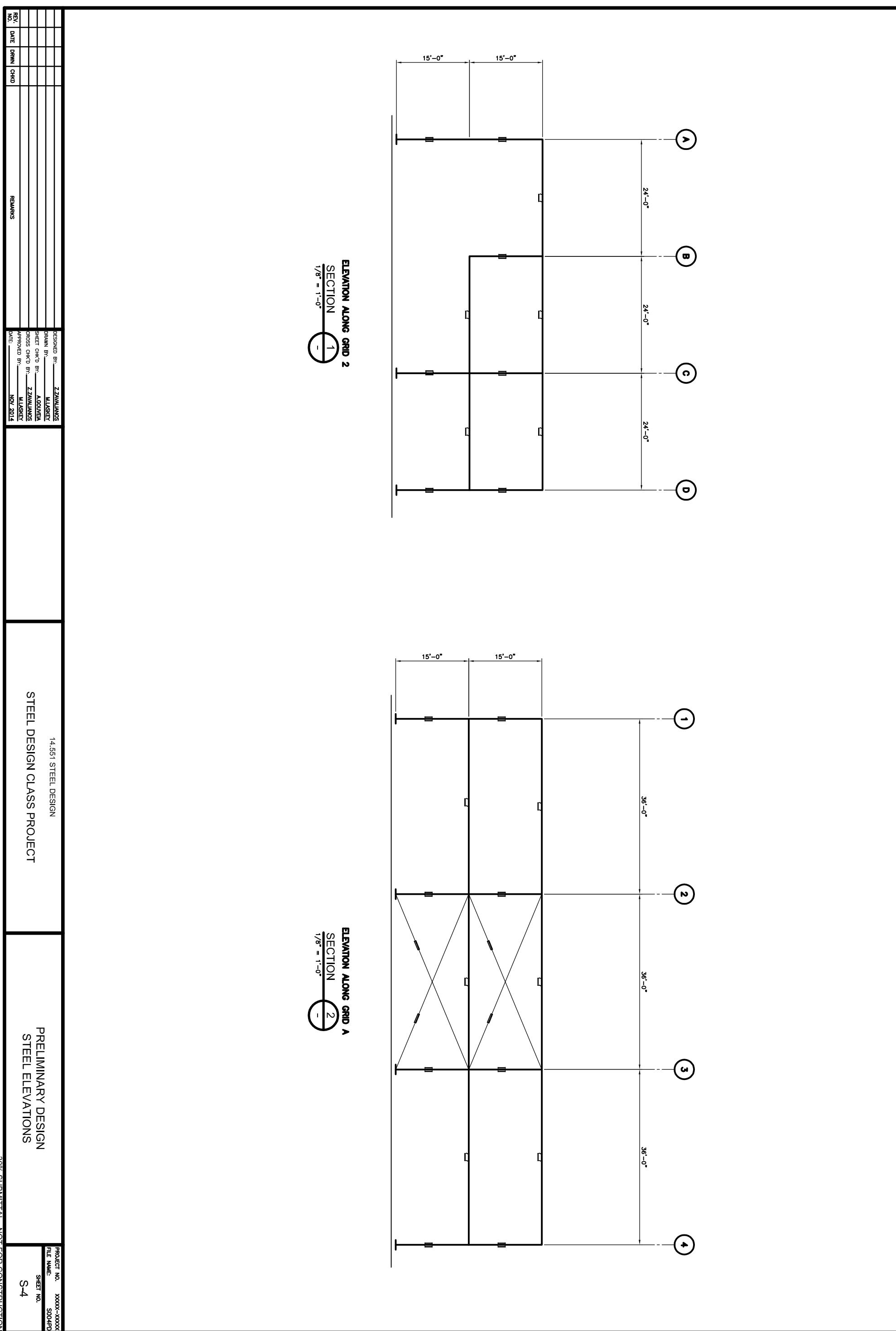
STEEL DESIGN CLASS PROJECT

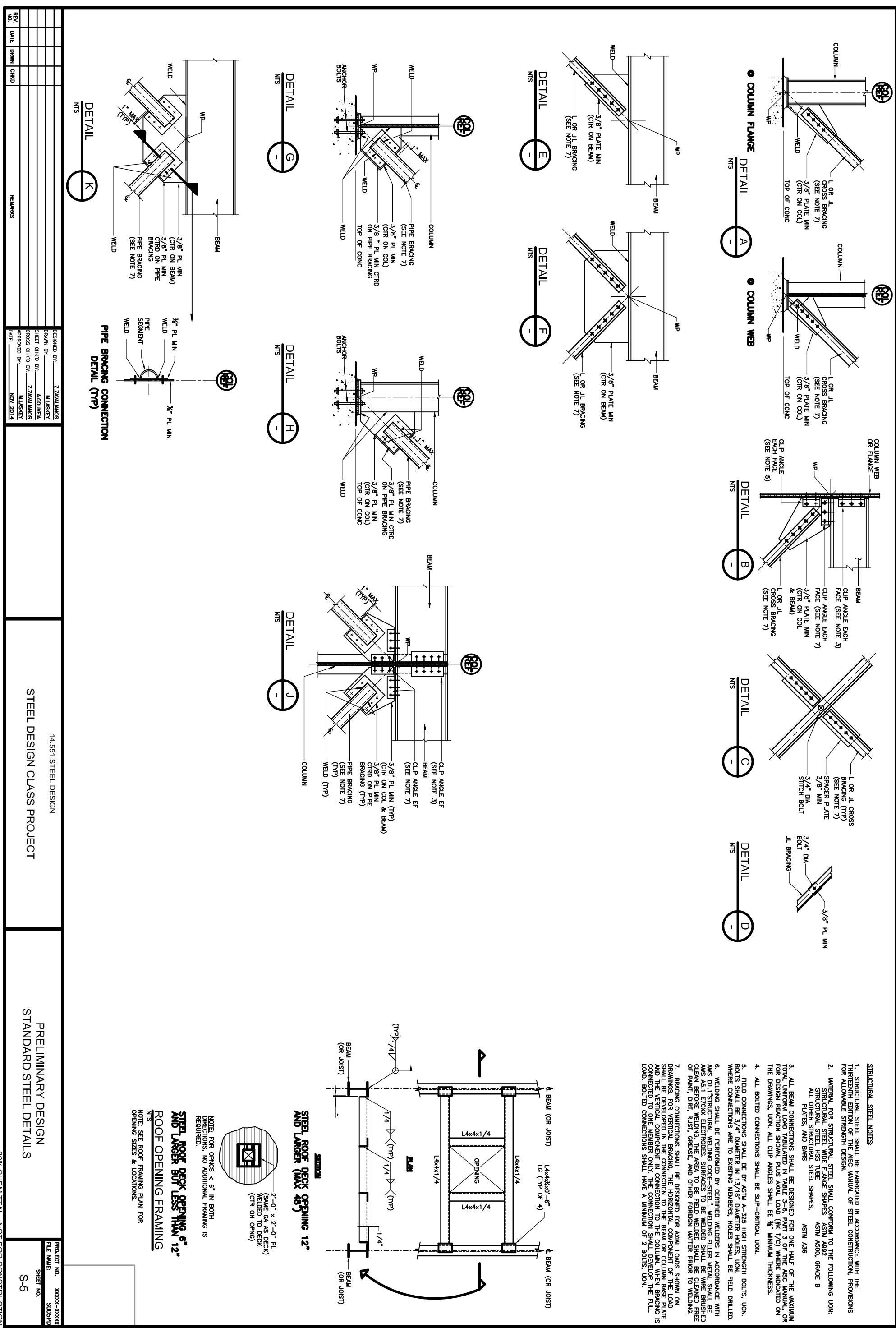
14.551 STEEL DESIGN

PRELIMINARY DESIGN SECTION PLANS

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## APPENDIX C: CONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE

### Appendix C: Construction Estimate

## COST ESTIMATE

### Level 2-Beams/Girders

Beams:		Girders:	
Beam Length	36 ft	Girder Length	24 ft
Interior Beams	W21x44	Interior Girders	W30x108
Weight	44 plf	Weight	108 plf
Weight/beam	1584 lbs/beam	Weight/girder	2592 lbs/girder
# of Beams	18	# of girder	4
Total (Interior)	28512 lbs	Total (Interior)	10368 lbs
Exterior Beams	W14x30	Exterior Girders	
Weight	30 plf	Girder 1	W24x68
Weight/beam	1080 lbs/beam	Weight	68 plf
# of Beams	6	Weight/girder	1632 lbs/girder
Total (Exterior)	6480 lbs	# of girders	4
		Total (G1)	6528 lbs
		Girder 2	W12x53
		Weight	53 plf
		Weight/girder	1272 lbs/girder
		# of girders	2
		Total (G2)	2544 lbs
Total Level 2 Beam	34992 lbs	Total Level 2 Girder	9072 lbs
<b>Total (Level 2)</b>	<b>44064 lbs</b>		

## Roof Level-Joists/Girders

## Joists:

Joist Length 36 ft

Joist	26KCS3
Linear Weight	12.5 plf
Weight/joist	450 lbs/beam
# of Joists	30
Total (Joists)	13500 lbs

## Girders:

Interior Girders	
Girder 1	W40x215
Girder Length	48 ft
Weight	215 plf
Weight/girder	10320 lbs/girder
# of girders	2
Total (G1)	20640 lbs

Girder 2	W24x62
Girder Length	24 ft
Weight	62 plf
Weight/girder	1488 lbs/girder
# of girders	2
Total (G2)	2976 lbs

## Exterior Girders

Girder 1	W18x40
Girder Length	24 ft
Weight	40 plf
Weight/girder	960 lbs/girder
# of girders	4
Total (G1)	3840 lbs

Girder 2	W10x39
Girder Length	24 ft
Weight	39 plf
Weight/girder	936 lbs/girder
# of girders	2
Total (G2)	1872 lbs

Total (Joists) 13500 lbs

Total (Girders) 29328 lbs

Total (Roof Level) 42828 lbs

**Columns**

---

Interior/Corner Columns W8x40  
 Column Height 30 ft  
 Linear Weight 40 plf  
 Weight/column 1200 lbs/column  
 # of columns 6  
 Total (int/ext) 7200 lbs

Moment Frame Columns W10x68  
 Column Height 30 ft  
 Linear Weight 68 plf  
 Weight/column 2040 lbs/column  
 # of columns 4  
 Total (int/ext) 8160 lbs

Braced Frame Columns W12x50  
 Column Height 30 ft  
 Linear Weight 50 plf  
 Weight/column 1500 lbs/column  
 # of columns 4  
 Total (int/ext) 6000 lbs

Total (Columns) 21360 lbs

**Bracing**

---

Bracing L6x4x0.5  
 Bracing Length 39 ft  
 Linear Weight 16.2 plf  
 Weight/brace 631.8 lbs/brace  
 # of braces 6  
 Total (Bracing) 3790.8 lbs

**Hangers**

---

Plate  
 thickness 1 in  
 width 14 in  
 Height 15 ft  
 # plates 2  
 Volume 2.92 ft<sup>3</sup>  
 Steel Unit Weight 490 pcf  
 Total (Hanger) 2858.333 lbs

*Material (Steel) Cost*

Total Main Structural Steel	57.45 tons
Add 20% for connections/miscellaneous details	68.94 tons
Steel Rate	2500 \$/ton
<b>Total Material Cost</b>	<b>\$ 172,351.70</b>

*Labor/Equipment Cost*

Crew Unit Cost	1100 \$/ton
	\$ 75,834.75
20% for equipment	\$ 15,166.95
<b>Total Labor/equipment cost</b>	<b>\$ 91,001.70</b>
<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>\$ 187,518.65</b>
O&P (25%)	\$ 46,879.66
<b>Total Project Cost</b>	<b>\$ 234,398.31</b>