

حرفه. f, f', f'' به ترتیب اول، دوم و سوم
در انتگرال قرار می‌دهیم.

$$1) F_s \{ f'' \} = \frac{2h}{\pi} [f'(0) - (-1)^n f'(n)] - n^2 F_s \{ f \}$$

$$2) F_c \{ f'' \} = \frac{2}{\pi} [(-1)^n f'(n) - f'(0)] - n^2 F_c \{ f \}$$

$$F_s \{ f' \} = F_c \{ f' \} = 0$$

$$F_s \{ f' \} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi f'(x) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[\cancel{f \sin(nx)} \Big|_0^\pi - n \int_0^\pi f \cos(nx) dx \right]$$

$$= -n F_c \{ f \}$$

$$F_c \{ f' \} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi f'(x) \cos(nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[f \cos(nx) \Big|_0^\pi + n \int_0^\pi f \sin(nx) dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[(-1)^n f(n) - f(0) \right] + n F_s \{ f \}$$

نتیجه گیری