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$$\Rightarrow$$
 general form:  $F(x, y, u, u_x, u_y) = 0$   
Ly for  $u(x,y)$ 

$$\times$$
 quasi-linear PDE:  $\alpha(n,y,u) u_{x} + b(n,y,u) u_{y} = c(n,y,u)$ 

## Special Cases:

selution:

$$u(x,t) = f(x-rt)$$

where f is any differentiable function of one variable

$$u(\alpha, y) = f(y)$$

where 
$$\psi(n_2y) = C$$
 is the solution of  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \rho(n_1y)$  and f is any differentiable function of one variable

3) more generalized: 
$$u_{n} + \rho(n, y) u_{y} = c(u, y, u)$$

$$\Rightarrow solution: f(\phi, \psi) = 0$$

where 
$$\emptyset = C_1$$
 is the solution of  $\frac{dy}{dn} = p(n, y)$   
and  $\psi = C_2$  is the solution of  $\frac{du}{dn} = C(n, y, u)$