Compliant plugin

François Faure 2012

Abstract

1 Time integration

Implicit scheme:

$$\mathbf{v}_{n+1} = \mathbf{v}_n + h\mathbf{M}^{-1} \left(\alpha \mathbf{f}_{n+1} + (1-\alpha)\mathbf{f}_n\right) \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{n+1} = \mathbf{x}_n + h\left(\beta \mathbf{v}_{n+1} + (1-\beta)\mathbf{v}_n\right)$$
 (2)

where index n denotes current values while index n+1 denotes next values.

$$\Delta \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}_{n+1} - \mathbf{v}_n = h\mathbf{M}^{-1} \left(\alpha \mathbf{f}_{n+1} + (1 - \alpha)\mathbf{f}_n\right)$$
(3)

$$\Delta \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}_{n+1} - \mathbf{x}_n = h(v + \beta \Delta v) \tag{4}$$

Constraint violation ϕ and its Jacobian **J**:

$$\mathbf{J} = \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \tag{5}$$

$$\phi_{n+1} \simeq \phi_n + \mathbf{J}\Delta x = \phi_n + h\dot{\phi} + \mathbf{J}h\beta\Delta\mathbf{v}$$
 (6)

$$\dot{\phi}_{n+1} \simeq \phi_{n+1} + \mathbf{J}\Delta v \tag{7}$$

Forces:

$$\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{f}_{ext} + \mathbf{J}^T \lambda \tag{8}$$

$$\lambda_i = -\frac{1}{c_i}(\phi_i + d\dot{\phi}_i) \tag{9}$$

where subscript i denotes a scalar constraint.

Average Lagrange multipliers using equations 9, 6 and 7:

$$\bar{\lambda}_{i} = \alpha \lambda_{n+1} + (1-\alpha)\lambda_{n}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{c_{i}}(\alpha \phi + \alpha h \dot{\phi} + \alpha h \beta \mathbf{J} \Delta \mathbf{v} + \alpha d \dot{\phi} + \alpha d \mathbf{J} \Delta v + (1-\alpha)\phi + (1-\alpha)d \dot{\phi})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{c_{i}}(\phi + d \dot{\phi} + \alpha h \dot{\phi} + \alpha (h \beta + d) \mathbf{J} \Delta v)$$

We can rewrite the previous equation as:

$$\mathbf{J}\Delta v + \frac{1}{\alpha(h\beta + d)}\mathbf{C}\bar{\lambda} = -\frac{1}{\alpha(h\beta + d)}(\phi + (d + \alpha h)\dot{\phi}) \tag{10}$$

where values without indices denote current values. The complete equation system is:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\hbar} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{M} & -\mathbf{P} \mathbf{J}^T \\ J & \frac{1}{l} \mathbf{C} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Delta v \\ \bar{\lambda} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{f}_{ext} \\ -\frac{1}{l} (\phi + (d + \alpha h) \dot{\phi}) \end{pmatrix}$$
(11)

where $l = \alpha(h\beta + d)$ The system is singular due to matrix **P**, however we can use $\mathbf{PM}^{-1}\mathbf{P}$ as inverse mass matrix to compute a Schur complement:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \left(hJPM^{-1}PJ^T + \frac{1}{l}C\right)\bar{\lambda} & = & -\frac{1}{l}\left(\phi + (d+h\alpha)\dot{\phi}\right) - hJM^{-1}f_e \\ \Delta v & = & hPM^{-1}(f_e + J^T\bar{\lambda}) \\ \Delta x & = & h(v+\beta\Delta v) \end{array}$$