

MAX78000 Keyword Spotting Demo v.3.1

Overview

The Keyword Spotting Demo software demonstrates recognition of a number of keywords using MAX78000 EVKIT.

A new option `-DSEND_MIC_OUT_SDCARD` has been added to [project.mk](#) to enable saving the detected sound snippets to SD card interface of the MAX78000 Feather board. This feature is not available for MAX7800 EVKIT.

The KWS20 demo software utilizes 2nd version of Google speech commands dataset which consists of 35 keywords and more than 100K utterances:

https://storage.cloud.google.com/download.tensorflow.org/data/speech_commands_v0.02.tar.gz

The following 20 keyword subset from the complete dataset is used for this demo:

```
['up', 'down', 'left', 'right', 'stop', 'go', 'yes', 'no', 'on', 'off', 'one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five',  
'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'zero']
```

Rest of keywords and unrecognized words fall into "**Unknown**" category.

Keyword Spotting Demo Software

Building firmware

Navigate directory where KWS20 demo software is located and build the project:

```
$ cd /Examples/MAX78000/CNN/kws20_demo  
$ make
```

If this is the first time after installing tools, or peripheral files have been updated, first clean drivers before rebuilding the project:

```
$ make distclean
```

To compile code for MAX78000 EVKIT enable **BOARD=EvKit_V1** in [project.mk](#):

```
# Specify the board used  
ifeq "$(BOARD)" ""  
BOARD=EvKit_V1  
#BOARD=FTHR_RevA  
endif
```

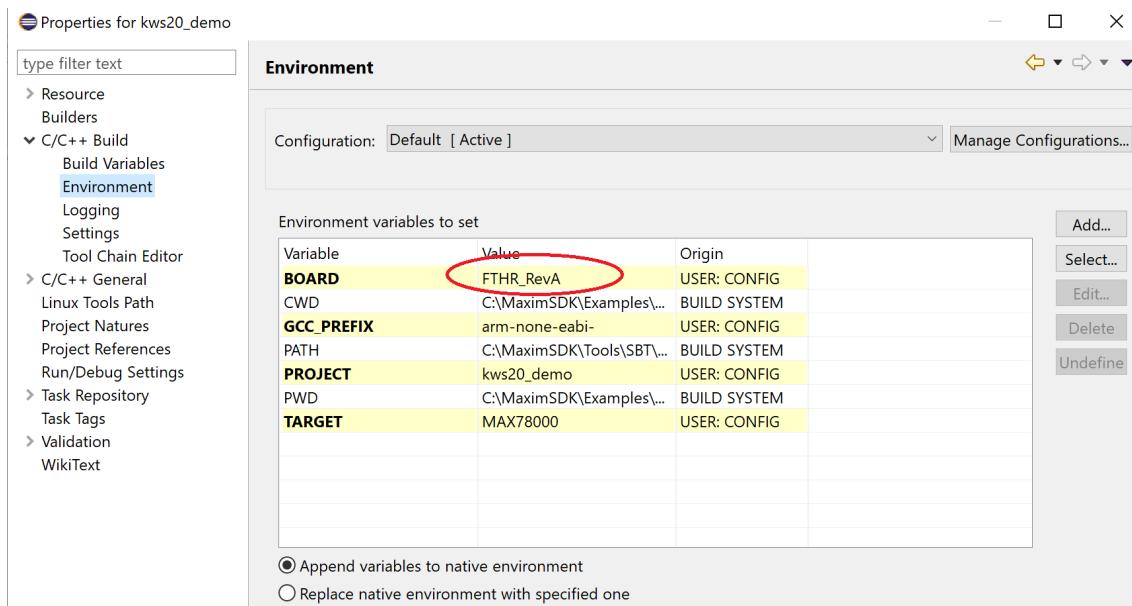
To compile code for MAX78000 Feather board enable **BOARD=FTHR_RevA** in [project.mk](#):

```

# Specify the board used
ifeq "$(BOARD)" ""
#BOARD=EvKit_V1
BOARD=FTHR_RevA
endif

```

Note: If you are using Eclipse, please also make sure to change the value of `BOARD` environment variable to `FTHR_RevA` by right clicking on "[project name] > Properties > C/C++ Build > Environment > BOARD"



Load firmware image to MAX78000 EVKIT

Connect USB cable to CN1 (USB/PWR) and turn ON power switch (SW1).

Connect PICO adapter to JH5 SWD header.

If you are using Windows, load the firmware image with OpenOCD in a MinGW shell:

```
openocd -s $MAXIM_PATH/Tools/OpenOCD/scripts -f interface/cmsis-dap.cfg -f target/max78000.cfg -c "program build/MAX78000.elf reset exit"
```

If using Linux, perform this step:

```
./openocd -f tcl/interface/cmsis-dap.cfg -f tcl/target/max78000.cfg -c "program build/MAX78000.elf verify reset exit"
```

Make sure to remove PICO adapter once firmware is loaded.

MAX78000 EVKIT jumper setting

Make sure to install jumper at JP20-CLK (INT position) as shown bellow:

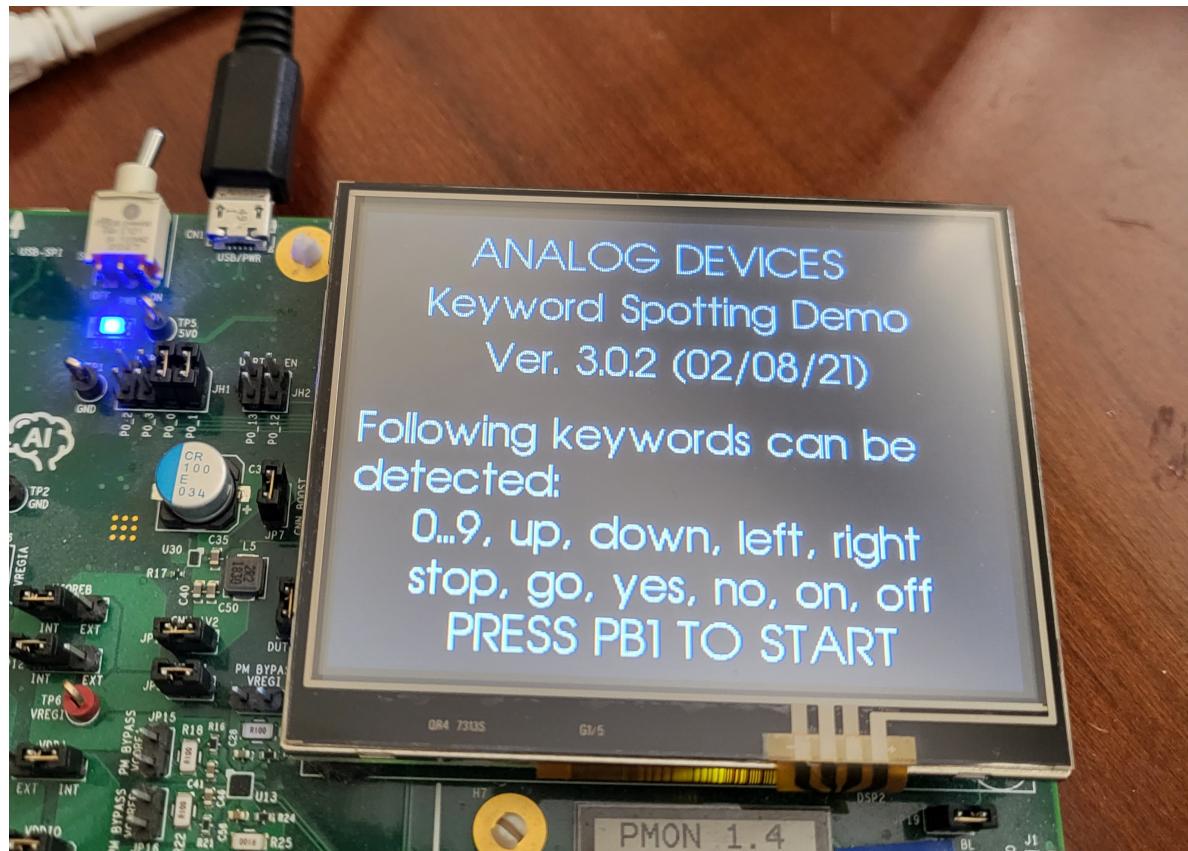


Note: On board external oscillator Y3 is used to generate I2S clock. The I2S sample rate is 16kHz to match speech samples of the dataset.

MAX78000 EVKIT operations

After power-cycle, if the TFT display is blank, or not shown properly as below, please press RESET (SW5).

The TFT display shows that it is ready. Press PB1 to start:



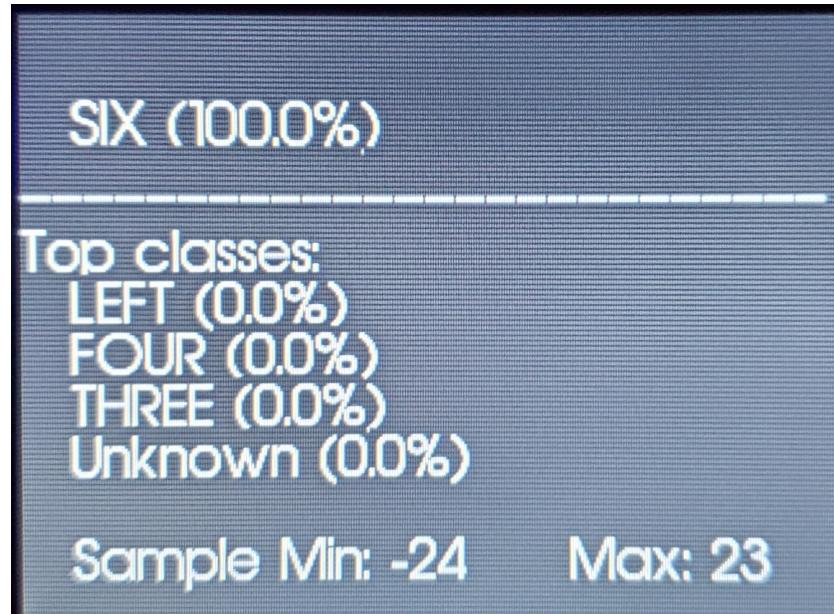
Once RED LED2 turns on, the initialization is complete and it is ready to accept keywords. If PICO adapter is still connected to SWD, disconnect it and power cycle.

Following words can be detected:

```
['up', 'down', 'left', 'right', 'stop', 'go', 'yes', 'no', 'on', 'off', 'one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five',  
'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'zero']
```

The MAX78000 KWS20 demo firmware recognizes keywords and reports result and confidence level.

The microphone (U15) is located between JH4 and JH5 headers on EVKIT, (MK1) between J5 and J7 audio connectors on MAX78000 Feather board.



Load firmware image to MAX78000 Feather

Connect USB cable to CN1 USB connector.

If you are using Windows, load the firmware image with OpenOCD in a MinGW shell:

```
openocd -s $MAXIM_PATH/Tools/OpenOCD/scripts -f interface/cmsis-dap.cfg -f  
target/max78000.cfg -c "program build/MAX78000.elf reset exit"
```

If using Linux, perform this step:

```
./openocd -f tcl/interface/cmsis-dap.cfg -f tcl/target/max78000.cfg -c "program  
build/MAX78000.elf verify reset exit"
```

MAX78000 Feather operations

The KWS20 demo starts automatically after power-up or pressing reset button (SW4).

The TFT display is optional and not supplied with the MAX78000 Feather board.

User should use PC terminal program to observe KWS20 demo result as described in "Using Debug Terminal" section.

The MAX78000 Feather compatible 2.4" TFT FeatherWing display can be ordered here:

<https://learn.adafruit.com/adafruit-2-4-tft-touch-screen-featherwing>

This TFT display comes fully assembled with dual sockets for MAX78000 Feather to plug into.

To compile code with enabled TFT feature use following setting in [project.mk](#):

```
ifeq "$(BOARD)" "FTHR_RevA"  
PROJ_CFLAGS += -DENABLE_TFT  
endif
```

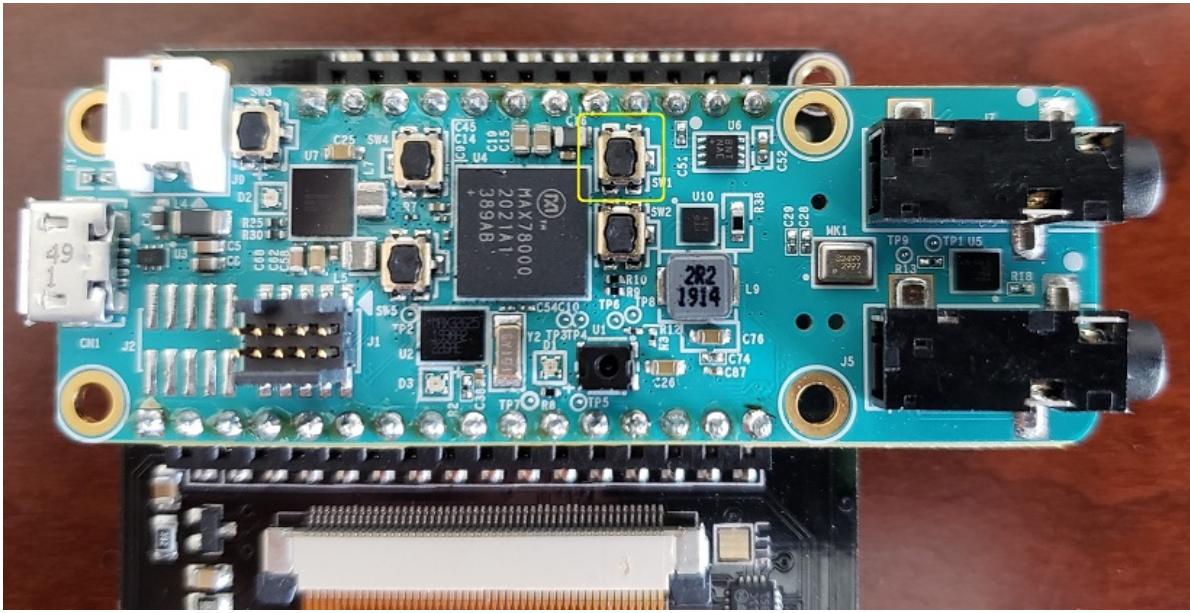
Note: If SD card option is enabled, the TFT support will automatically be disabled regardless of above setting.

While using TFT display keep its power switch in "ON" position. The TFT "Reset" button also can be used as Feather reset.

Press PB1 (SW1) button to start demo.



The PB1 (SW1) button is located as shown in picture bellow:

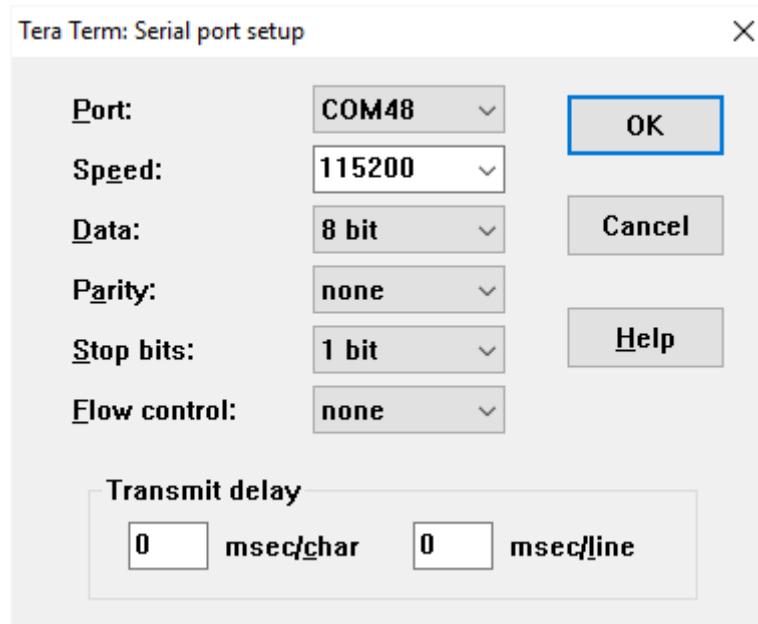


Using Debug Terminal

Debug terminal shows more information on status and detected words.

The USB cable connected to CN1 (USB/PWR) provides power and serial communication.

To configure PC terminal program select correct COM port and settings as follow:



After turning on power or pressing reset button the following message will appear in terminal window:

```

COM48 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help

***** Init *****
pChunkBuff: 128
pPreambleCircBuffer: 3840
pAI85Buffer: 16384

*** CNN Kernel load ***

*** I2S & Mic Init ***

```

Terminal display after detecting words:

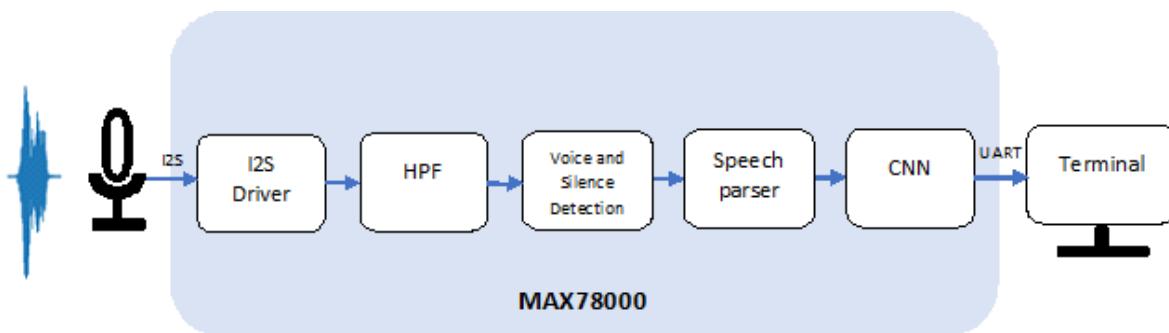
```

COM48 - Tera Term VT
File Edit Setup Control Window Help

1742208: Completes CNN: 14
CNN Time: 2320 us
-----
Detected word: ZERO <100.0%>
1772672 Word starts from index: 1768704, avg:374 > 350
1780864: Word ends, Appends 4352 zeros
1780864: Starts CNN: 15
Max: 88, min:-54
1780864: Completes CNN: 15
CNN Time: 2320 us
-----
Detected word: ONE <100.0%>
1810304 Word starts from index: 1806336, avg:358 > 350
1819648: Word ends, Appends 3200 zeros
1819648: Starts CNN: 16
Max: 41, min:-34
1819648: Completes CNN: 16
CNN Time: 2320 us
-----
Detected word: TWO <99.6%>
1860352 Word starts from index: 1856384, avg:484 > 350
1865472: Word ends, Appends 7424 zeros
1865472: Starts CNN: 17
Max: 116, min:-115
1865472: Completes CNN: 17
CNN Time: 2320 us
-----
LOW CONFIDENCE!: Detected word: STOP <38.0%>
2062464 Word starts from index: 2058496, avg:483 > 350
2066688: Word ends, Appends 8320 zeros
2066688: Starts CNN: 18
Max: 26, min:-30
2066688: Completes CNN: 18
CNN Time: 2320 us
-----
LOW CONFIDENCE!: Detected word: Unknown <18.1%>

```

The software components of KWS20 demo are shown in diagram below:



CNN Model

The KWS20 v.3 Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) model consists of **1D** CNN with 8 layers and one fully connected layer to recognize keyword from 20 words dictionary used for training.

```
class AI85Kws20Netv3(nn.Module):
    """
    Compound KWS20 v3 Audio net, all with Conv1Ds
    """

    # num_classes = n keywords + 1 unknown
    def __init__(self,
                 num_classes=21,
                 num_channels=128,
                 dimensions=(128, 1),  # pylint: disable=unused-argument
                 bias=False,
                 **kwargs
                ):
        super().__init__()
        self.drop = nn.Dropout(p=0.2)
        # Time: 128 Feature :128
        self.voice_conv1 = ai8x.FusedConv1dReLU(num_channels, 100, 1,
                                                stride=1, padding=0,
                                                bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T: 128 F: 100
        self.voice_conv2 = ai8x.FusedConv1dReLU(100, 96, 3,
                                                stride=1, padding=0,
                                                bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T: 126 F : 96
        self.voice_conv3 = ai8x.FusedMaxPoolConv1dReLU(96, 64, 3,
                                                       stride=1, padding=1,
                                                       bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T: 62 F : 64
        self.voice_conv4 = ai8x.FusedConv1dReLU(64, 48, 3,
                                                stride=1, padding=0,
                                                bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T : 60 F : 48
        self.kws_conv1 = ai8x.FusedMaxPoolConv1dReLU(48, 64, 3,
                                                      stride=1, padding=1,
                                                      bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T: 30 F : 64
        self.kws_conv2 = ai8x.FusedConv1dReLU(64, 96, 3,
                                              stride=1, padding=0,
                                              bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T: 28 F : 96
        self.kws_conv3 = ai8x.FusedAvgPoolConv1dReLU(96, 100, 3,
                                                      stride=1, padding=1,
                                                      bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T : 14 F: 100
        self.kws_conv4 = ai8x.FusedMaxPoolConv1dReLU(100, 64, 6,
                                                      stride=1, padding=1,
                                                      bias=bias, **kwargs)
        # T : 2 F: 128
        self.fc = ai8x.Linear(256, num_classes, bias=bias, wide=True, **kwargs)
```

```

def forward(self, x): # pylint: disable=arguments-differ
    """Forward prop"""
    # Run CNN
    x = self.voice_conv1(x)
    x = self.voice_conv2(x)
    x = self.drop(x)
    x = self.voice_conv3(x)
    x = self.voice_conv4(x)
    x = self.drop(x)
    x = self.kws_conv1(x)
    x = self.kws_conv2(x)
    x = self.drop(x)
    x = self.kws_conv3(x)
    x = self.kws_conv4(x)
    x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
    x = self.fc(x)

    return x

```

The CNN input is 128x128=16384 8-bit signed speech samples.

Network Training

To invoke network training execute the script:

```
(ai8x-training) $ ./scripts/train_kws20_v3.sh
```

If this is the first time, and the dataset does not exist locally, the script will automatically download Google speech commands dataset (1 second keyword .wav files , sampled at 16KHz, 16-bit) into /data/KWS/raw, and process it to make appropriate training, test and validation dataset integrated in /data/KWS/process/dataset.pt. The processing step expands training dataset by using augmentation techniques like adding white noise, random time shift and stretch to improve training results. In addition, each 16000 sample word example is padded with zeros to make it 128x128=16384 speech samples. The augmentation process triples the size of dataset and could take 30min to complete.

Details of network training methodology are described in [AI8X Model Training and Quantization](#)

After training unquantized network can be evaluated by executing script:

```
(ai8x-training) $ ./scripts/evaluate_kws20_v3.sh
```

Network Quantization

The CNN weights generated during training need to be quantized:

```
(ai8x-synthesis) $ ./scripts/quantize_kws20_v3.sh
```

Details of quantization are described in [AI8X Model Training and Quantization](#)

Network Synthesis

The network synthesis script generates a pass/fail C example code which includes necessary functions to initialize MAX78000 CNN accelerator, to load quantized CNN weights and input samples and to unload classification results. A sample input with the expected result is part of this automatically generated code to verify. Following script generates all example projects including **kws20_v3**:

```
(ai8x-synthesis) $ ./gen-demos-max78000.sh
```

The **kws20_v3** bare-bone C code is partially used in KWS20 Demo. In particular, CNN initialization, weights (kernels) and helper functions to load/unload weights and samples are ported from **kws20_v3** to KWS20 Demo.

KWS20 Demo Code

KWS20 demo works in two modes: Using microphone (real-time), or offline processing:

```
#define ENABLE_MIC_PROCESSING
```

Microphone Mode

In this mode, EVKIT I2S Mic is initialized to operate at 16KHz 32-bit samples. In the main loop, I2S buffer is checked and samples are stored in **pChunkBuff** buffer.

CODEC Mode

In this mode, the left channel (tip of the J5 3.5mm audio jack) of the line-in of MAX9867 audio CODEC (is used as the audio input source).

To enable using CODEC as the audio input source, make sure the `PROJ_CFLAGS" line is uncommented. This mode can only be enabled for the Feather board.

```
# If enabled, it captures audio from line input of MAX9867 audio codec instead of  
the on-board mic.  
# Note that SEND_MIC_OUT_SDCARD should be disabled in this mode  
PROJ_CFLAGS+=-DENABLE_CODEC_MIC
```

Offline Mode

If **ENABLE_MIC_PROCESSING** is not defined, a header file containing the 16-bit samples (e.g. **kws_five.h**) should be included in the project to be used as the input . To create a header file from a wav file, use included utilities to record a wav file and convert it to header file.

```
# record 1sec of 16-bit 16KHz sampled wav file  
$ python VoiceRecorder.py -d 1 -o voicefile.wav  
# convert to header  
$ python RealtimeAudio.py -i voicefile.wav -o voicefile.h
```

Saving Sound Snippets to SD Card

The following option has been add to [project.mk](#). To enable saving the detected sound snippets to SD card make sure the `PROJ_CFLAGS` line is uncommented.

```
# If enabled, it saves out the Mic samples used for inference to SDCARD  
PROJ_CFLAGS+=-DSEND_MIC_OUT_SDCARD
```

When this mode is enabled, a new sequential directory is created on the SD card on every power up or reset.

 000	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 001	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 002	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 003	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 004	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 005	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 006	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 007	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder
 008	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File folder

After a few moment, the green LED lights up and upon detecting a new word, the LED blinks and a file is created with 8-bit sample recorded audio. The file name includes an index and the detected word. If the detection has low confidence, the file name will have a "_L" suffix. (for example 0003_RIGHT_L)

 0000_ONE	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0001_LEFT	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0002_RIGHT	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0003_GO	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0004_UP	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0005_DOWN	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0006_ONE	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0007_TWO	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0008_THREE	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0009_FOUR	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0010_SIX	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File
 0011_NO	5/1/2017 12:00 AM	File

The LED

- stays *green* when it is listening
- blinks *green* if a keyword is detected
- blinks *yellow* if detection confidence is low or unknown keyword
- stays *red* if there is an error in the SD card interface

A utility (`bin2wav.py`) is provided in the `/utility` folder to convert these files into wave (.wav) format to listen to.

To convert individual files:

```
$ python bin2wav.py -i <sound snippet file>
```

To convert all the files in the current directory and all subdirectories:

```
$ python bin2wav.py -a
```

To convert all the files in a directory and all its subdirectories:

```
$ python bin2wav.py -a -d <folder name>
```

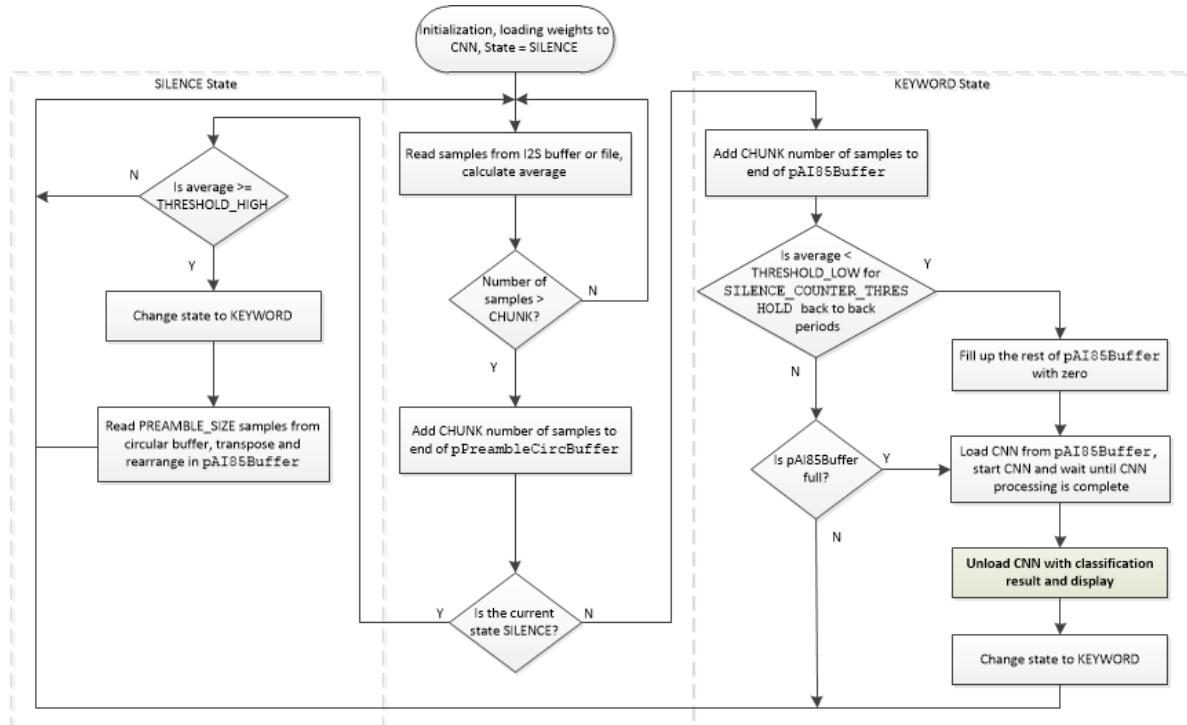
When option `-a` is used, each file is converted to wav file once and subsequent execution of the command skips all the files that have previously been converted to wave files.

Note 1: When `SEND_MIC_OUT_SDCARD` is selected, the Wake Up Timer (WUT) is disabled.

Note 2: When `SEND_MIC_OUT_SDCARD` is selected, the `ENABLE_TFT` is disabled regardless of make options.

KWS20 Demo Firmware Structure

The following figure shows the processing in KWS20 Demo firmware:



Collected samples from mic/file are 18/16 bit signed and are converted to 8-bit signed to feed into CNN. If Microphone mode, a high pass filter is used to filter out the DC level in captured samples. Scaled samples are stored in **pPreambleCircBuffer** circular buffer in chunks of 128 samples (bytes).

The following parameters in the firmware can be tuned:

```
#define SAMPLE_SCALE_FACTOR          4      // multiplies 16-bit samples by this  
scale factor before converting to 8-bit  
#define THRESHOLD_HIGH             350    // voice detection threshold to find  
beginning of a keyword  
#define THRESHOLD_LOW              100    // voice detection threshold to find  
end of a keyword  
#define SILENCE_COUNTER_THRESHOLD   20     // [>20] number of back to back  
CHUNK periods with avg < THRESHOLD_LOW to declare the end of a word  
#define PREAMBLE_SIZE              30*CHUNK// how many samples before beginning  
of a keyword to include  
#define INFERENCE_THRESHOLD        49     // min probability (0-100) to accept  
an inference
```

When the average absolute values of samples during the last 128 samples go above a threshold, the beginning of a word is marked.

The end of a word is signaled when the **SILENCE_COUNTER_THRESHOLD** back-to-back chunks of samples with an average absolute threshold lower than **THRESHOLD_LOW** is observed.

The CNN requires 1sec worth of samples (128*128) to start processing. This window starts at **PREAMBLE_SIZE** samples prior to the beginning of the word, and ends after 16384 samples. If the end of a word is determined earlier, the pAI85Buffer sample buffer is padded with zeros.

The CNN-related API functions are in **cnn.c**. They are used to load weights and data, start CNN, wait for CNN to complete processing, and unload the result.

If a new network is developed and synthesized, the new weight file and related API functions are needed to be ported from automatically generated kws20 example project. Furthermore, if the input layer or organization of 128x128 sample sets in the trained network is changed, **AddTranspose()** function should be changed to reflect the new sample data arrangement in CNN memory.

References

https://github.com/MaximIntegratedAI/MaximAI_Documentation