Financial Risk Analysis

Team 9

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Agenda

- Problem Statement
- Data Set
- Approach
- Prediction Impacted Stocks, VAR

Problem Statement

 Estimate the VAR (Value at Risk) associated with the given portfolio of stocks for a specific time period. Also provide insights on the stocks that are most impacted during this time frame

Dataset

- Portfolio of 3000 Stocks
 - Open, Close, High, Low, Volume and Adj Close
 - These values are captured on a daily basis
 - Market factors (S&P 500, NASDAQ, Bonds, Oil)
 - ~ 9 Million Records

Additional Information

- The value of stocks are impacted by external factors (S&P 500, NASDAQ, Bonds, Oil)
- Financial Risk Analysis
 - Estimate the factor co-efficient associated with each of the stock by using the historical data
 - Using Monte Carlo simulation, estimate these external factors
 - Compute the VAR using estimated external factors and stock co-efficient

Environment Used

- Amazon EMR v3.8
 - 1 Master mx3 large instances
 - 4 Slaves mx3 large instances
- Spark 1.3.1
- Hue 0.17
- Hive
- Apache Zeppelin Bootstrapped
- Tableau

Approach

- 1. Load Data
- Hive
- Hue

- 2. Data Analysis
- Hue
- Tableau

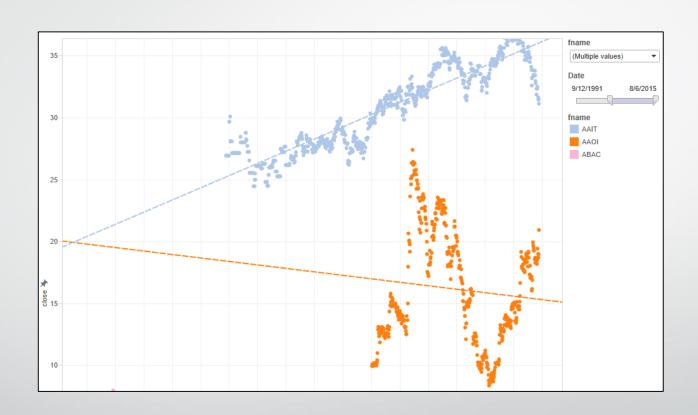
- 3. Data Preprocessing
- Spark
- Zepplin

- 6. Simulate External Factors
- Spark Multivariate Normal Distribution
- 5. Predict coefficient for stocks
- Spark Mlib Regression Algorithms
- 4. Data
 Transformation
- Spark

- 7. Estimate VAR
- Spark Using predictions from 6 & 7

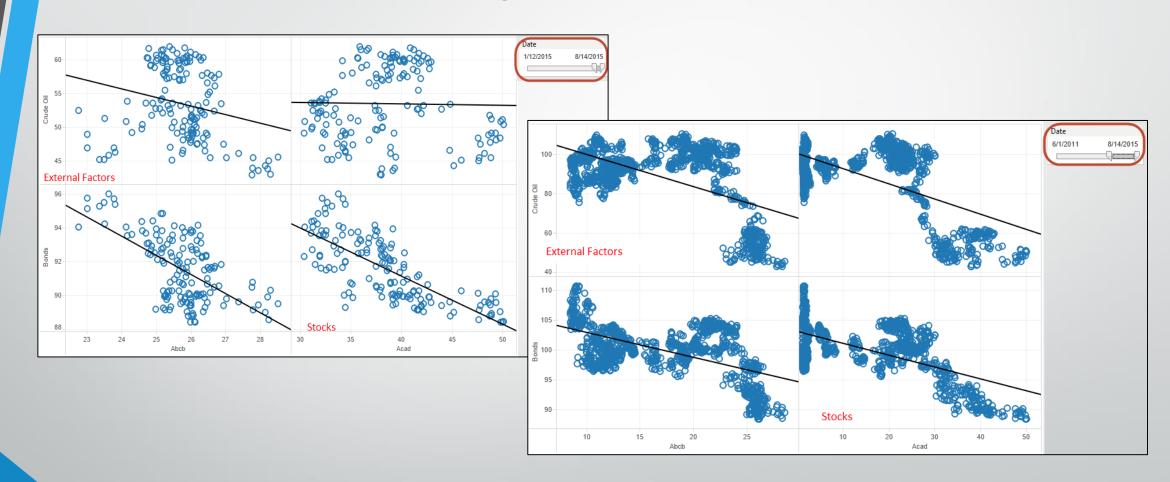
- 8. Summarization
- Tableau

Data Analysis – Missing Data Handling



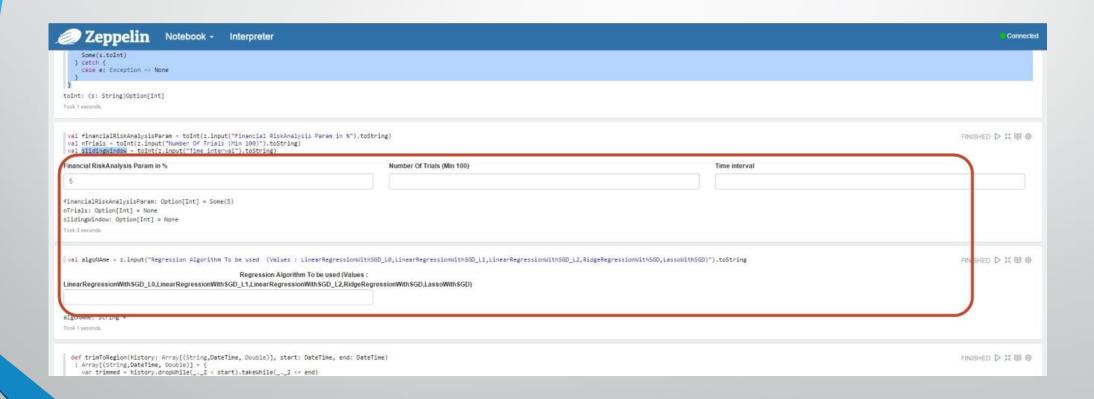
 Note: The missing data was filled with observations from nearest neighbor as latest records are more relevant in time series data that using mean.

Data Analysis – Correlation

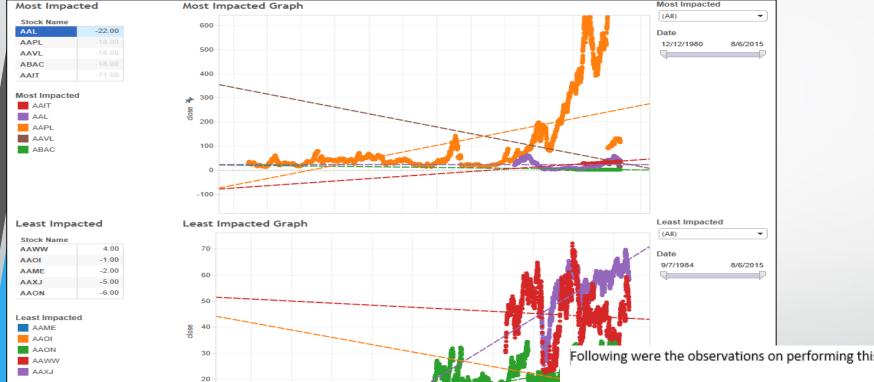


Note: It was observed that there was no direct relationship between stocks and external factors as they vary across time

Zeppelin – Dynamic Form



Prediction – Impacted Stocks



Following were the observations on performing this financial risk analysis

- Value @ Risk with 95 % Confidence Interval: 0.11
- Expected Shortfall with 95% Confidence Interval: 0.152

A back testing of value at risk and expected shortfall was performed by computing the confidence intervals using Kupiec testing and the numbers were acceptable

- VaR Confidence Interval: (-0.121, -0.07)
- ES Confidence Interval: (-0.1649, -0.080)

Thanks !!!